Lab #7 Fall 2023

Requirements

In this lab, you will cover creating and maintaining a Stack ADT. You are only given a partial definition of the Stack implementation, and you must derive the remainder of the implementation from the given complexity requirements. Note that you may need to define extra helper functions or struct types to complete this lab, and that these extra definitions must go in your **lab7.c** file.

In this lab you are given the following struct definitions:

```
// This is a partial type, you must complete it in your lab7.c file.
 // Note that you cannot change lab7.h
 typedef struct _ Info Info;
 typedef struct _ Stack Stack;
 struct _ Stack {
           Info *info;
 };
 1.1 initStack
// 0(1)
 Stack * initStack()
   Info: This function will initialize a Stack and return a pointer to it. Your grade for this function
   will also include your stack implementation.
 1.2 getSize
// 0(1)
 int getSize(Stack *s)
   Info: This function takes a stack pointer, and returns the number of elements on the stack.
 1.3 peekStack
// 0(1)
 void * peekStack(Stack * s)
   Info: This function takes a stack pointer, and returns the element at the top of the stack without
   removing it.
 1.4 pushStack
// 0(1)
 int push Stack (Stack *s, void *data)
    Info: This function takes a stack pointer, as well as a data item. It will push the item onto the top of
    the stack, and return 0 if insertion was successful, or 1 if it was not.
```

1.5 popStack

// 0(1)

void * popStack(Stack * s)

0

Info: This function takes a stack pointer, and pops the data item from the top of the stack. It returns the item popped from the stack, or **NULL** if the stack is empty.

1.6 stackContains

// O(n)

int stackContains(Stack *s, void *data)

0

Info: This function takes a stack pointer, as well as a data item. It returns $\mathbf{1}$ if the given data exists on the stack, or $\mathbf{0}$ if it does not.

1.7 freeStack

// O(n)

void freeStack(Stack * s)

0

Info: This function takes a stack pointer, and frees all memory allocated to the stack. Remember that data which have been inserted onto the stack are not considered part of the memory allocated to the stack.

Submission Information

Submit your lab7.c file by using the mucsmake command.

Use the following submit command on tc.rnet:

mucsmake <assignment> <filename>

For example:

mucsmake lab7 lab7.c

Rubric: 24 points

- 1. Write required initStack function
 - * 10 points
- 2. Write required getSize function
 - * 1 points
- 3. Write required peekStack function
 - * 2 points
- 4. Write required pushStack function
 - * 2 points
- 5. Write required *popStack* function
 - * 2 points
- 6. Write required stackContains function
 - * 4 points
- 7. Write required freeStack function
 - * 3 points

Notice:

- 1. All of your lab submissions **must** include documentation in the form of code comments to receive full points. In addition, your program is expected to have a **comment header** at the top that includes your name, pawprint, the course you are taking, and the lab that you solved.
- 2. All of your lab submissions must compile under GCC using the *-Wall* and *-Werror* flags (or alternatively, the *compile* command on tc.rnet.missouri.edu) to be considered for a grade.
- 3. Do NOT change the given function prototype or anything else in the provided .h file. #include statements (e.g. for required C libraries) are expected to go into the source file you submit.
- 4. In your submission, please reference the source of any code that was not created independently by yourself. For example, if you used code which was presented in class lectures, the source would be something like "CS 2050 Course Notes by Jim Ries".