

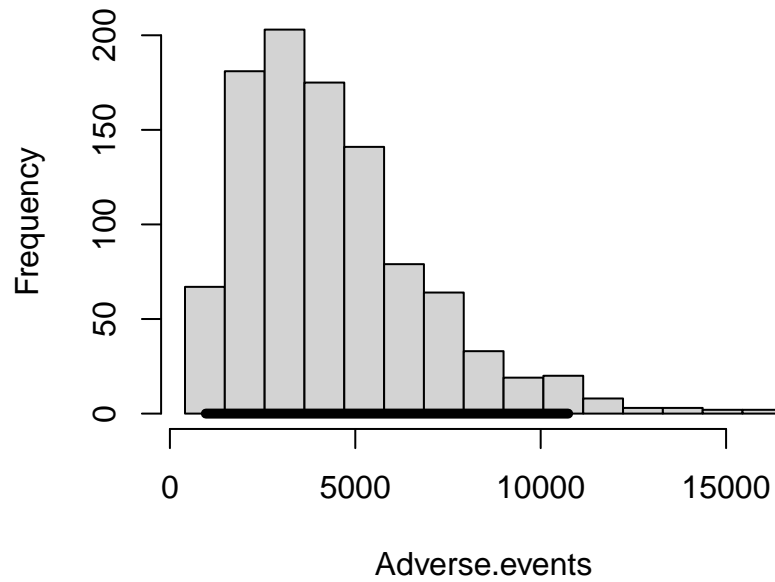
Auto-generated report from BCEAweb

Version: 13 September, 2025

Distributional assumptions

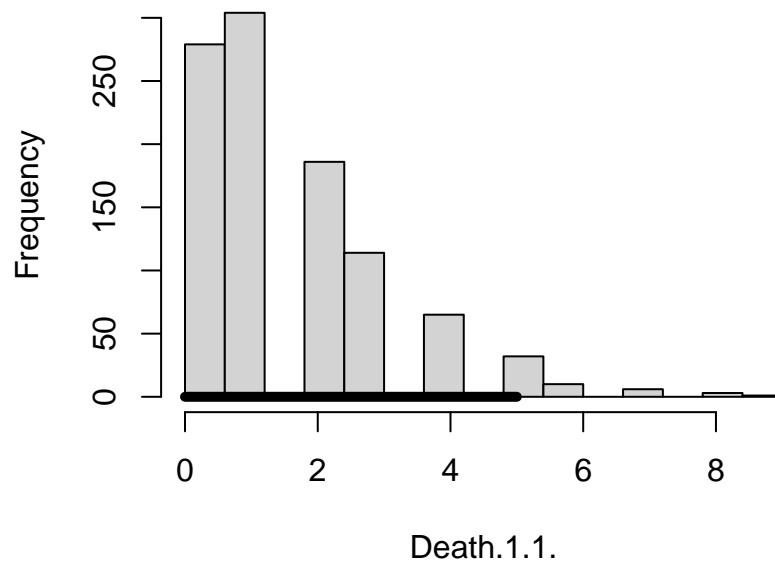
This sections presents graphical and tabular summaries to check the distributional assumptions used for the $n = 77$ parameters included in the economic model. For each parameter, a histogram of the distribution is presented together with a summary table, reporting some relevant statistics.

Histogram of Adverse.events



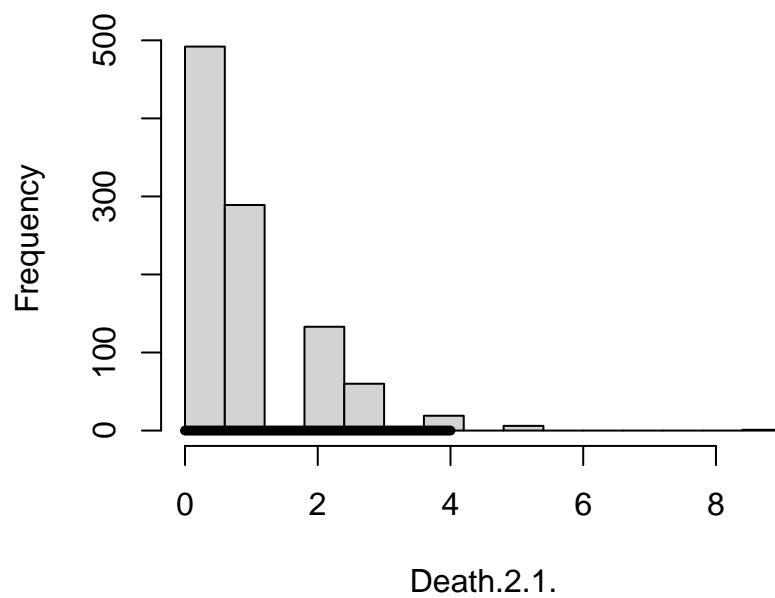
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
4384.479	2518.102	969.425	3874.5	10740.8	79.58956

Histogram of Death.1.1.



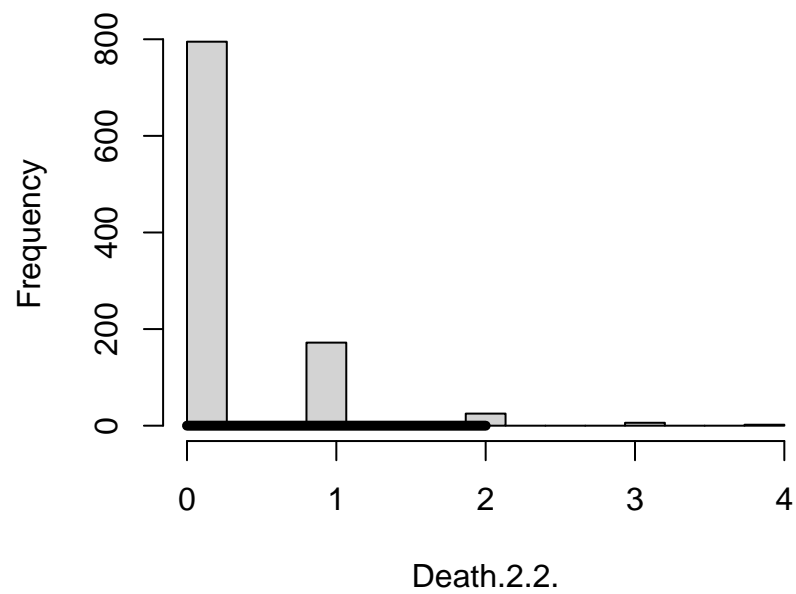
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
1.573	1.539169	0	1	5	0.0486484

Histogram of Death.2.1.



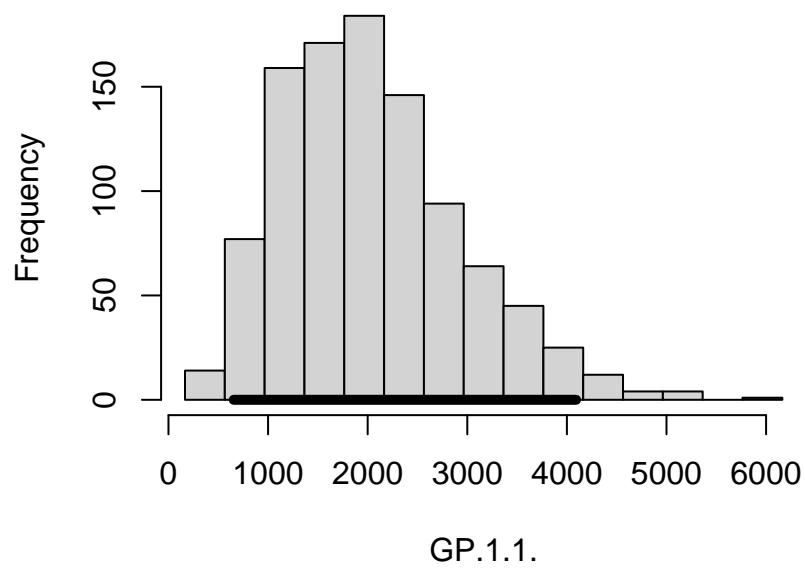
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.85	1.083824	0	1	4	0.0342564

Histogram of Death.2.2.



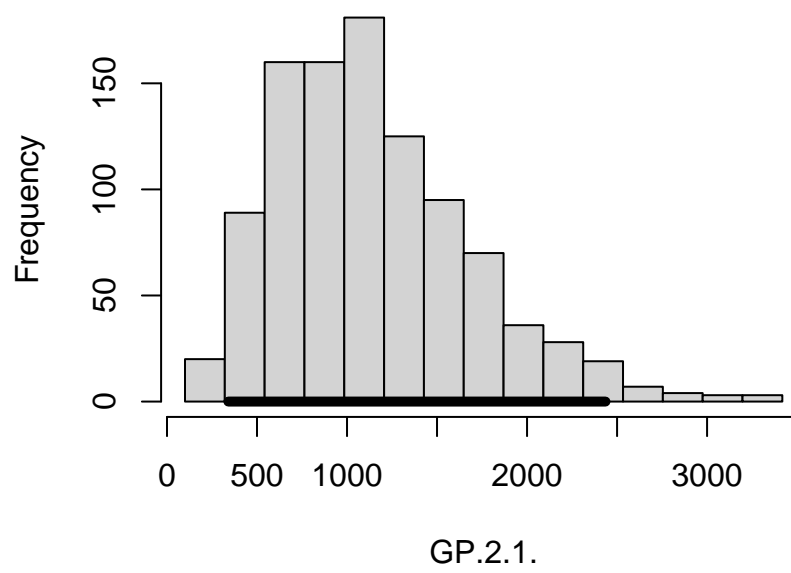
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.248	0.5447869	0	0	2	0.0172191

Histogram of GP.1.1.



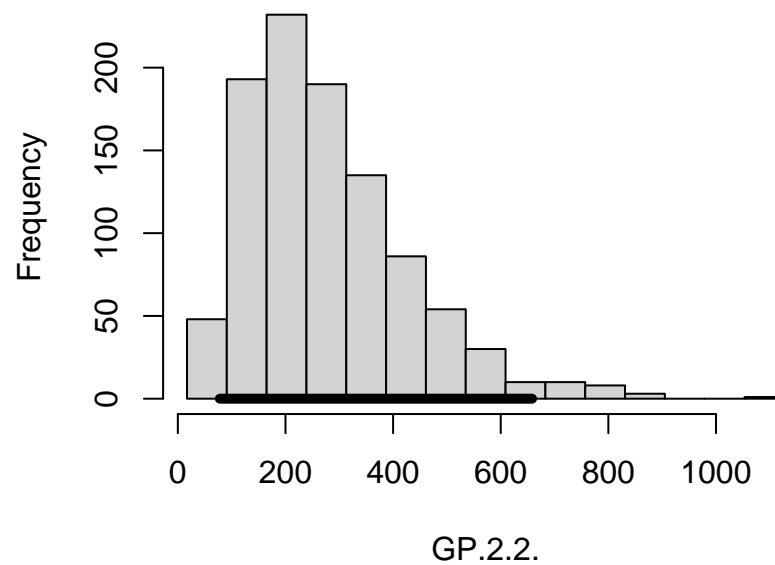
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
2045.987	896.964	654.925	1938.5	4092.15	28.35031

Histogram of GP.2.1.



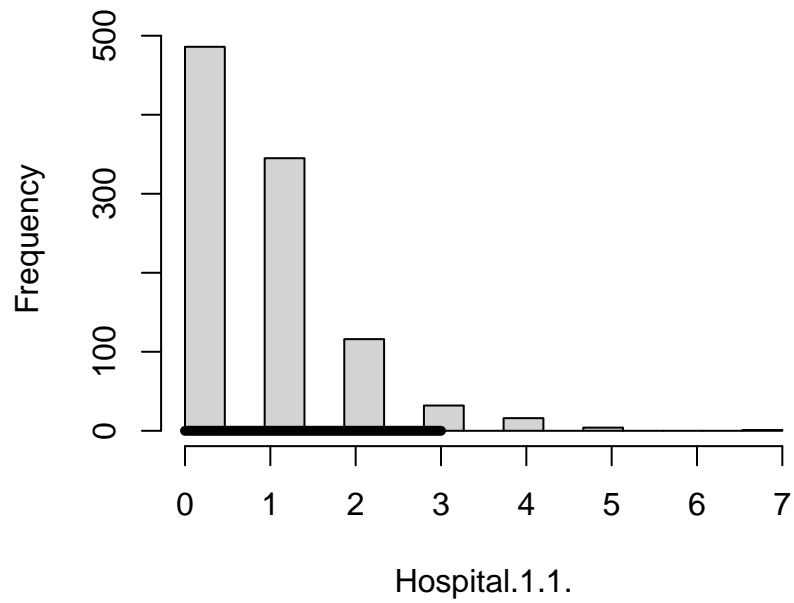
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
1148.308	543.1979	340.925	1083	2435.475	17.16883

Histogram of GP.2.2.



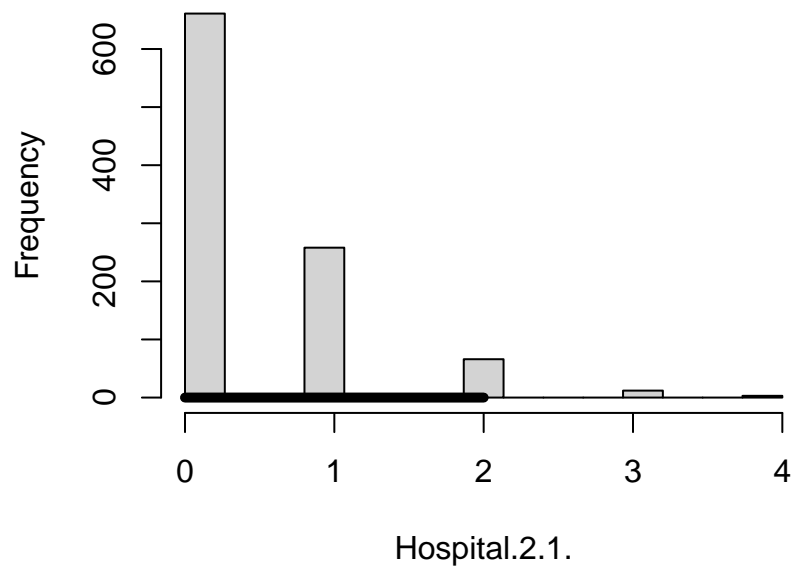
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
279.658	151.5797	78	249.5	658.325	4.790975

Histogram of Hospital.1.1.



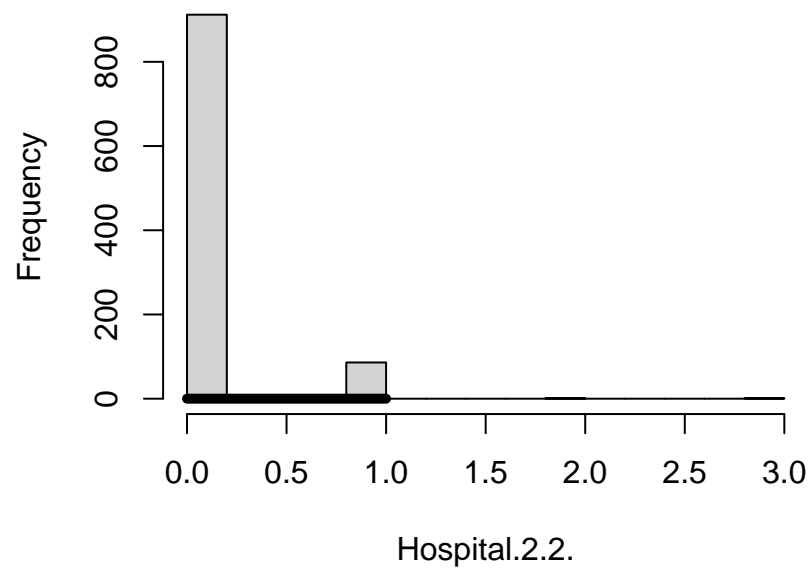
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.764	0.9587613	0	1	3	0.0303035

Histogram of Hospital.2.1.



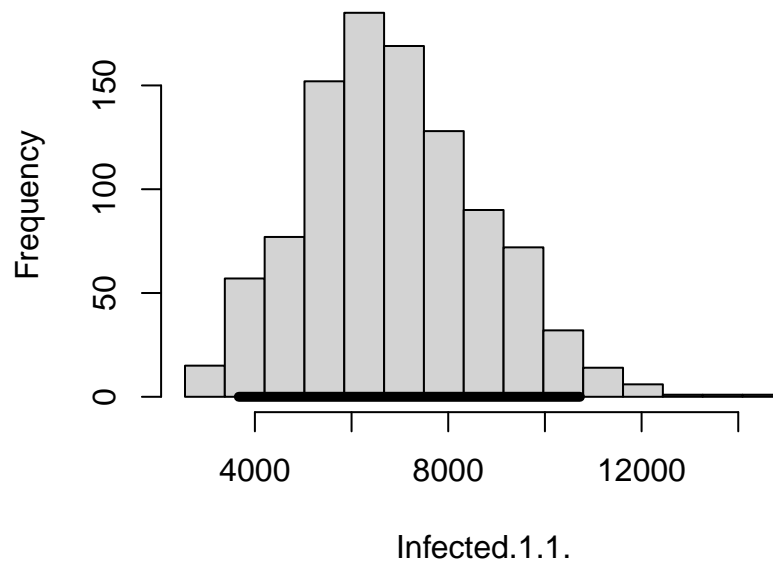
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.438	0.6975978	0	0	2	0.0220489

Histogram of Hospital.2.2.



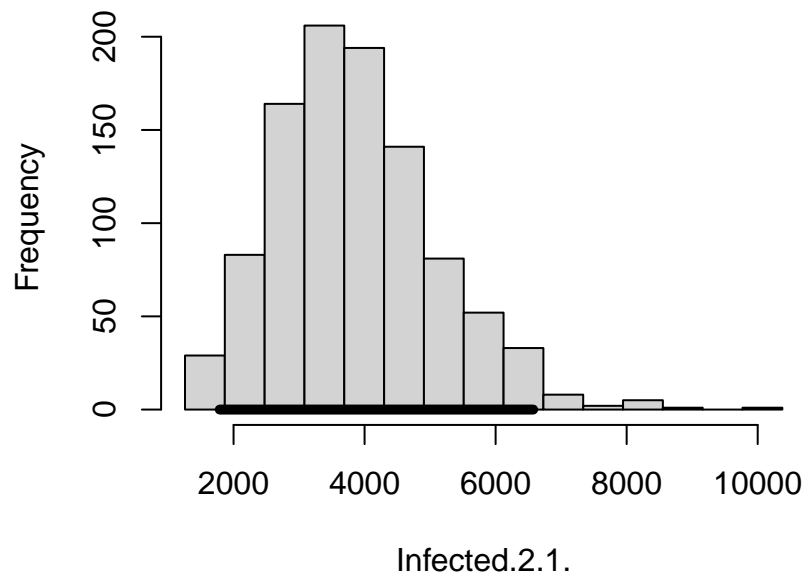
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.091	0.3013467	0	0	1	0.0095247

Histogram of Infected.1.1.



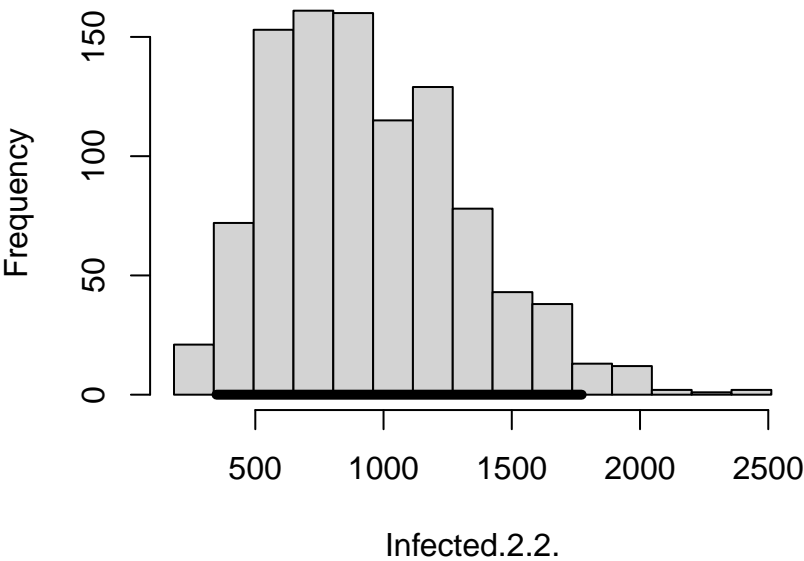
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
6904.96	1850.256	3667.9	6763	10724.17	58.48097

Histogram of Infected.2.1.



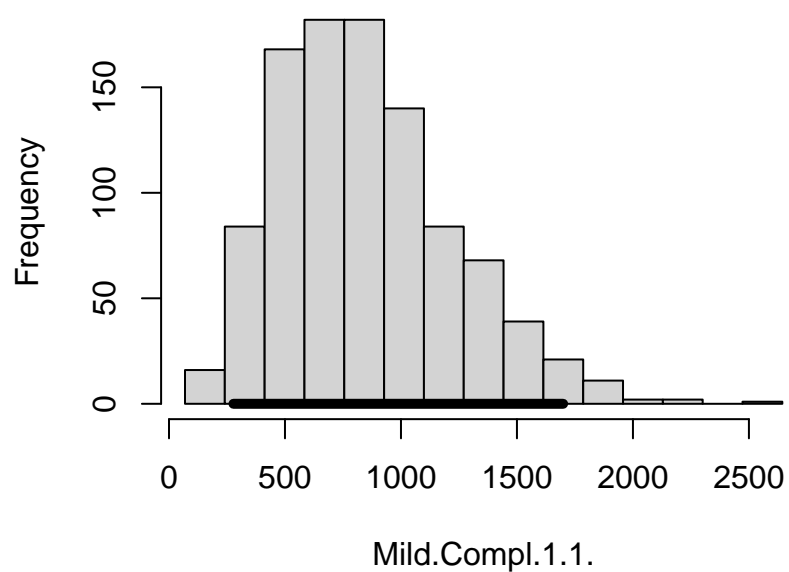
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
3874.547	1236.974	1789.575	3744	6573.125	39.097

Histogram of Infected.2.2.



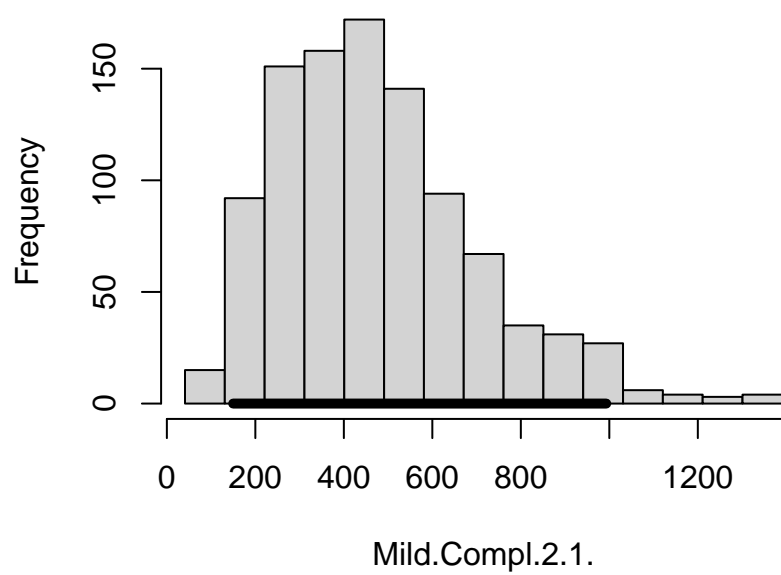
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
944.874	378.7866	348.875	895	1772.5	11.97229

Histogram of Mild.Compl.1.1.



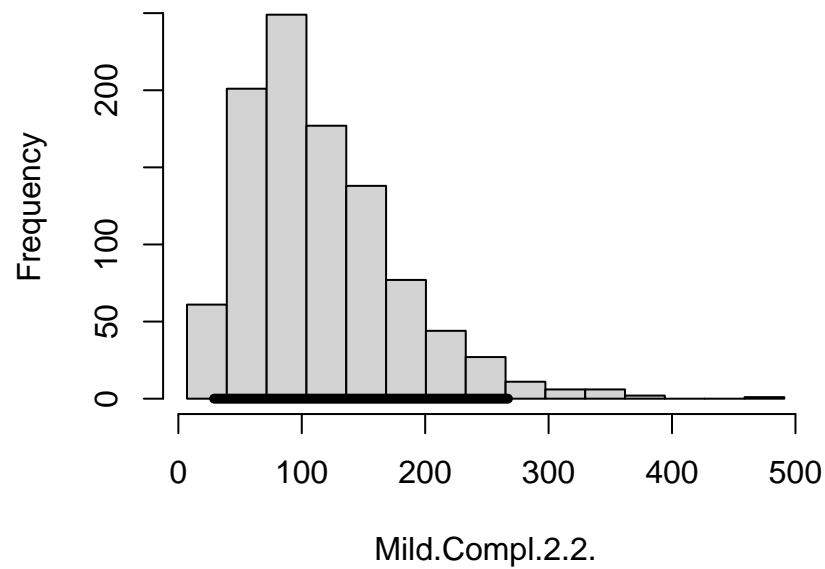
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
847.747	374.6328	277.9	800	1699.1	11.841

Histogram of Mild.Compl.2.1.



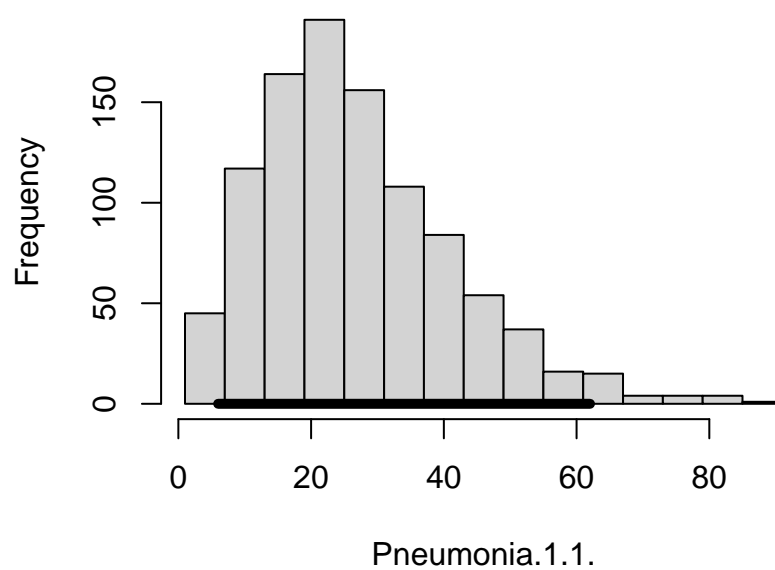
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
476.486	225.2089	149.875	446	993.075	7.118168

Histogram of Mild.Compl.2.2.



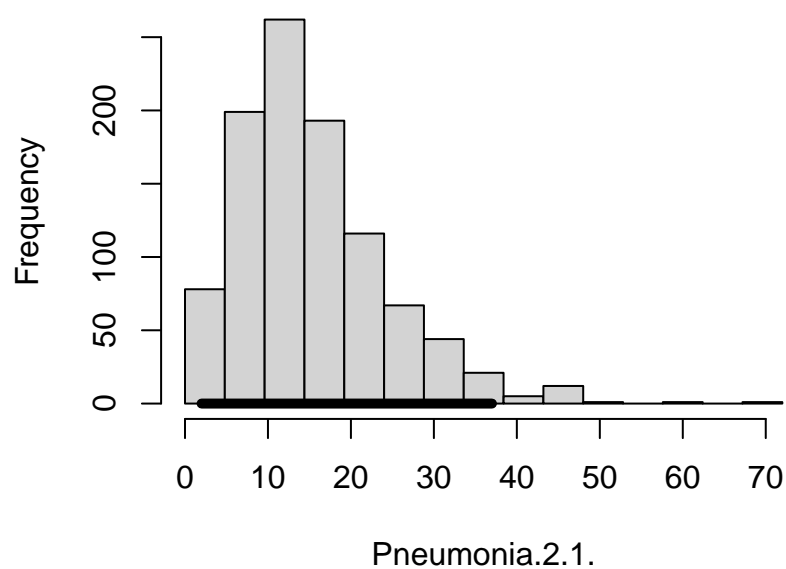
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
115.59	63.15335	29	102	267.05	1.996086

Histogram of Pneumonia.1.1.



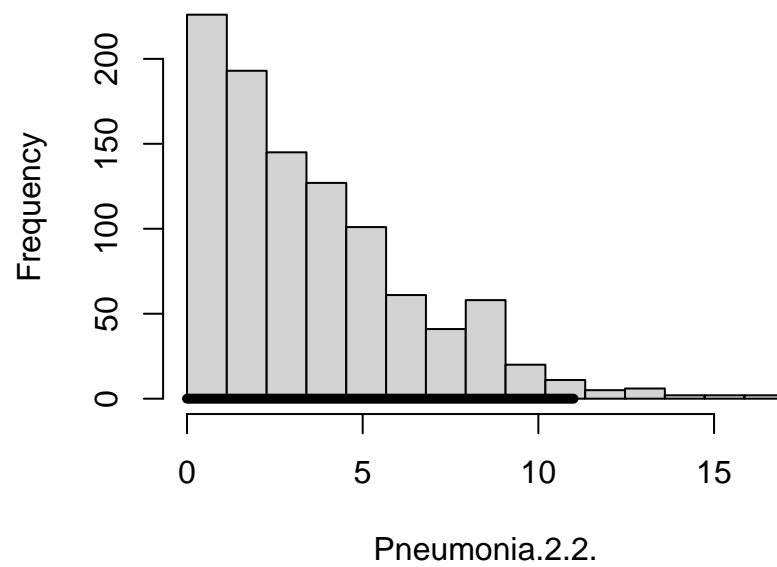
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
27.438	14.51919	6	25	62.025	0.4589076

Histogram of Pneumonia.2.1.



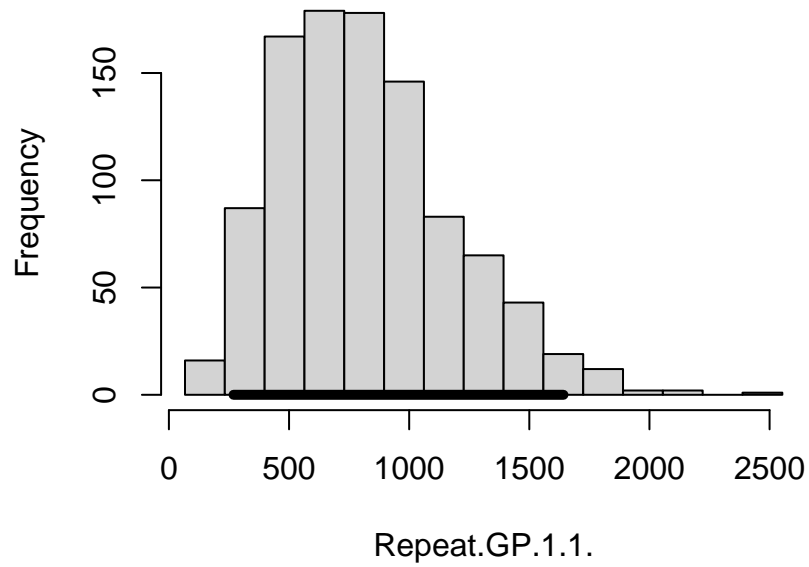
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
15.353	9.095555	2	14	37	0.2874829

Histogram of Pneumonia.2.2.



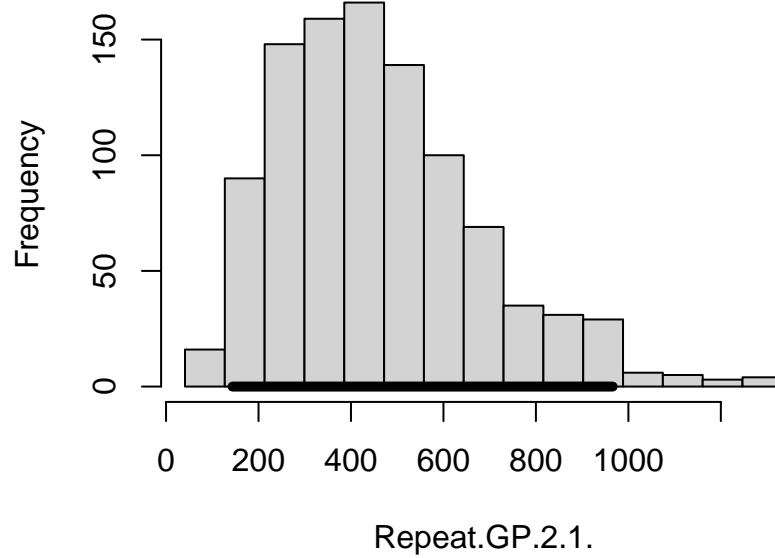
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
3.672	2.859824	0	3	11	0.0903904

Histogram of Repeat.GP.1.1.



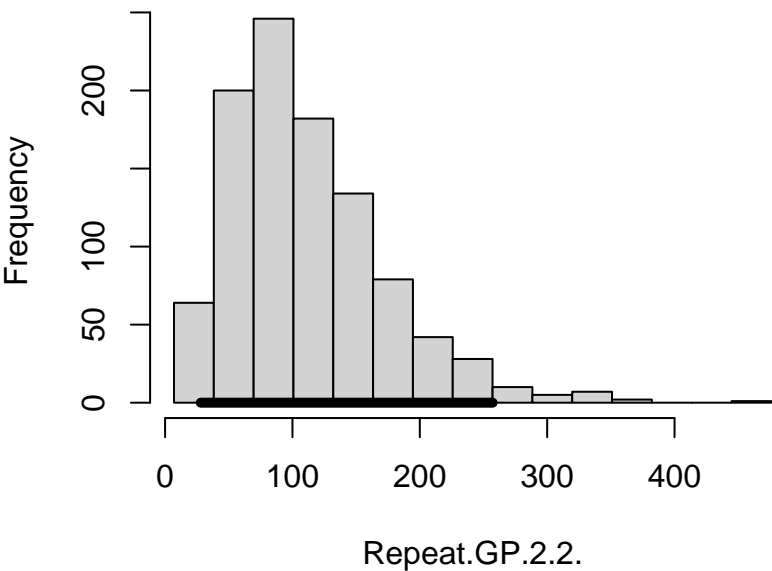
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
820.309	362.7582	269	773	1642.1	11.46568

Histogram of Repeat.GP.2.1.



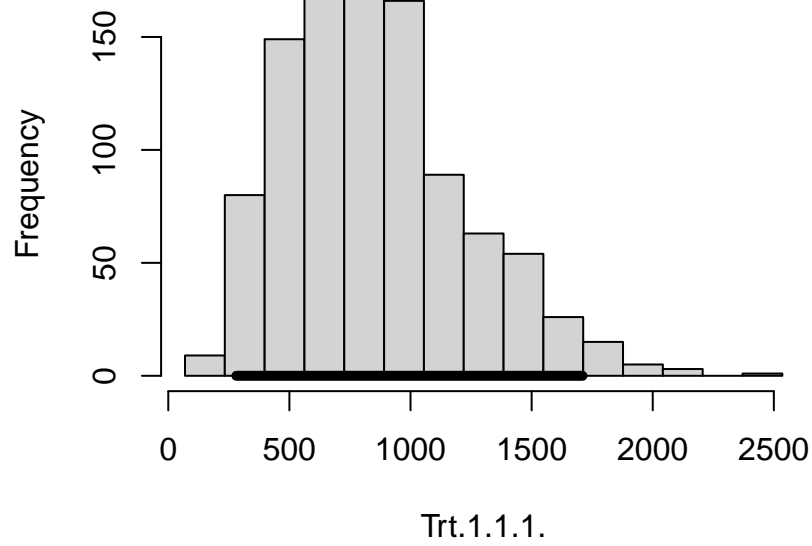
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
461.133	217.8635	143.85	432	966.075	6.886004

Histogram of Repeat.GP.2.2.



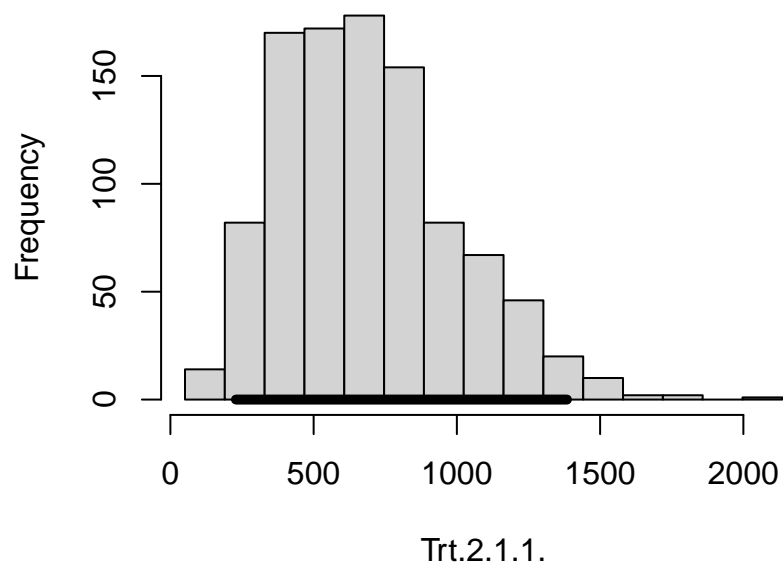
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
111.918	61.17493	27.975	98	257.175	1.933553

Histogram of Trt.1.1.1.

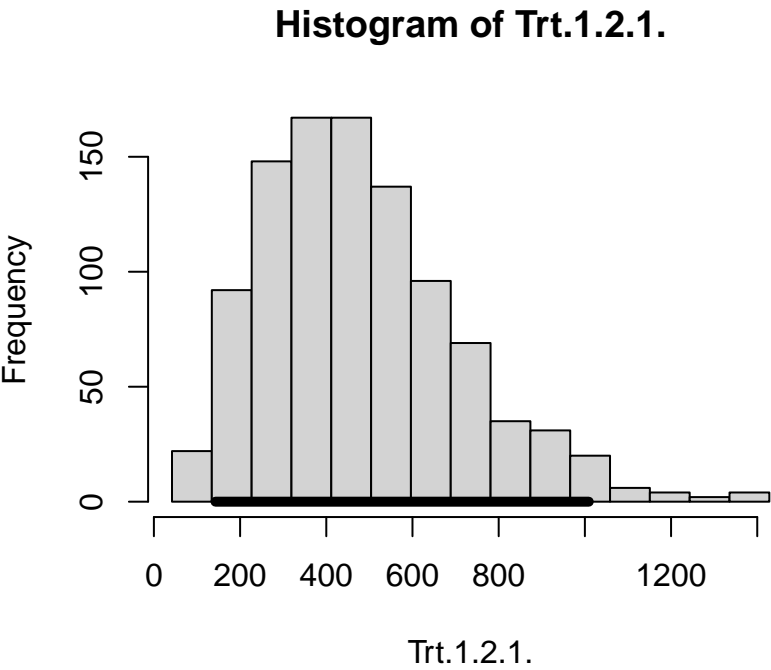


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
859.031	375.9444	281	816	1710.025	11.88246

Histogram of Trt.2.1.1.

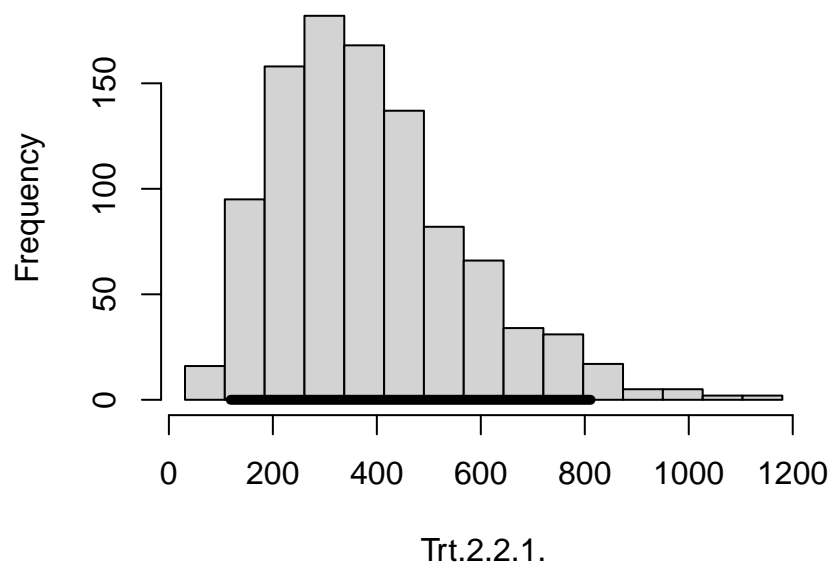


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
689.768	303.9169	228.875	653	1384.2	9.605891



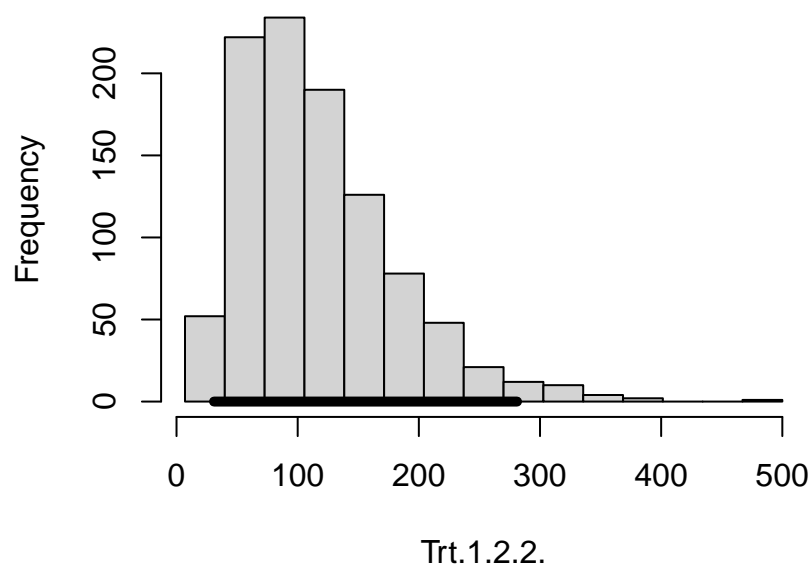
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
481.877	227.604	143	455	1009.075	7.19387

Histogram of Trt.2.2.1.



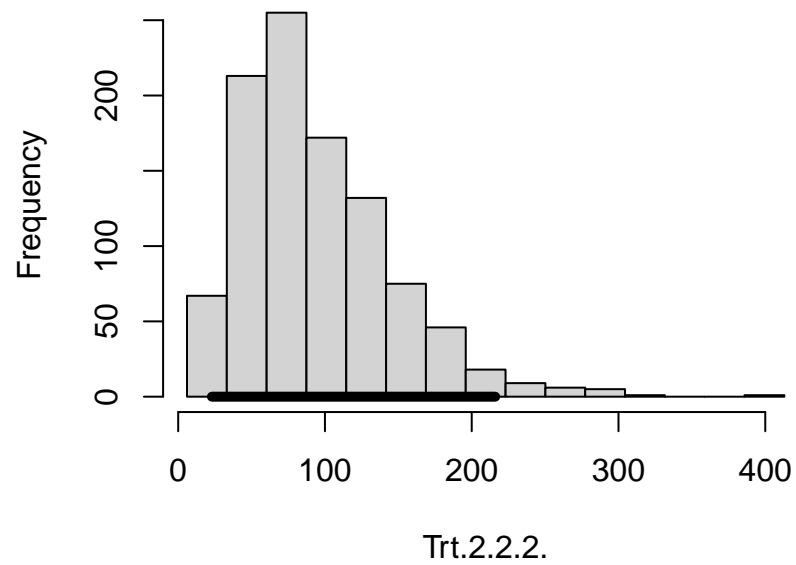
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
388.103	183.2891	118.975	364	811.05	5.793213

Histogram of Trt.1.2.2.



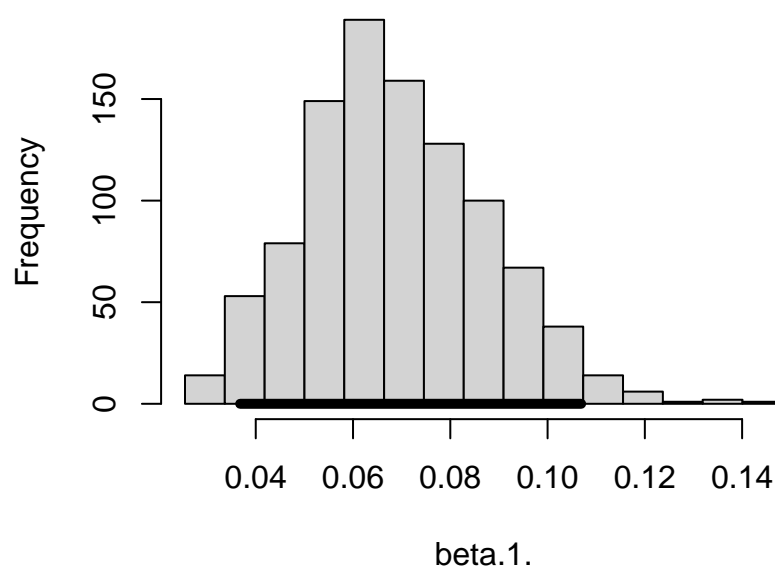
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
117.33	64.61155	30.975	105	281.025	2.042175

Histogram of Trt.2.2.2.



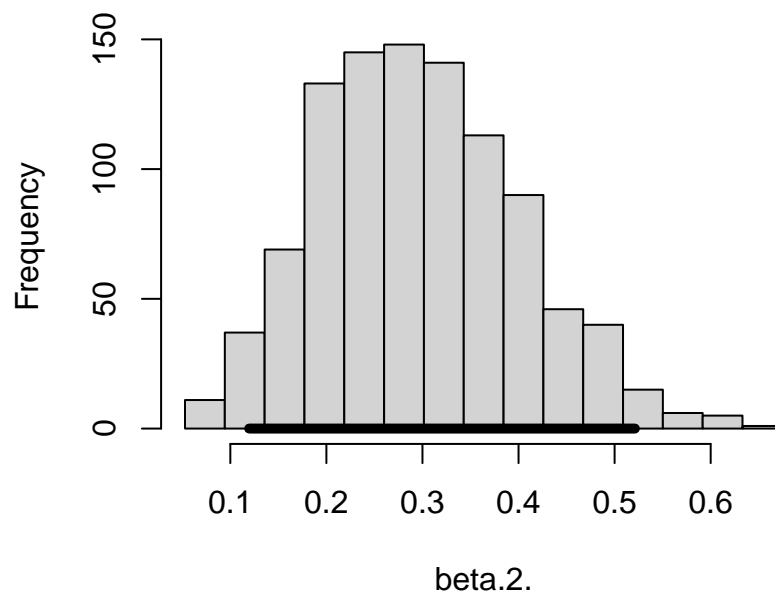
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
94.158	51.4585	22.975	83	216	1.626447

Histogram of beta.1.



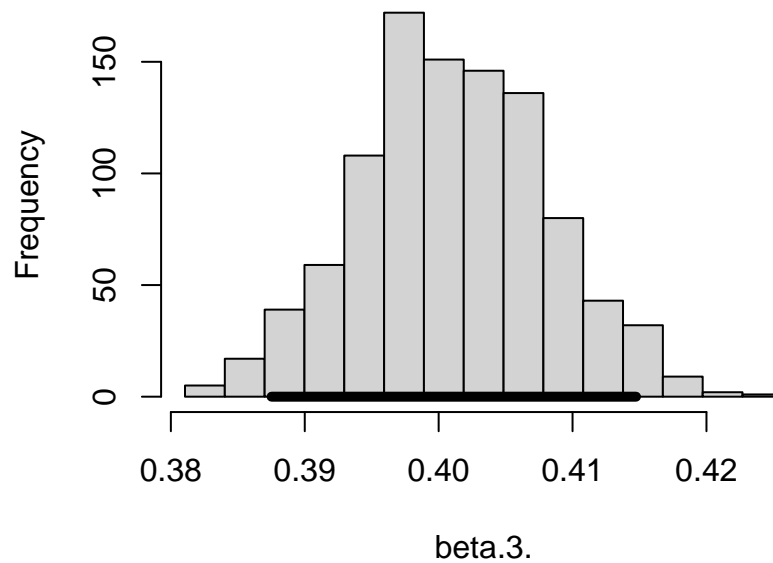
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0690728	0.0185195	0.0367975	0.0676216	0.1069079	0.0005853

Histogram of beta.2.



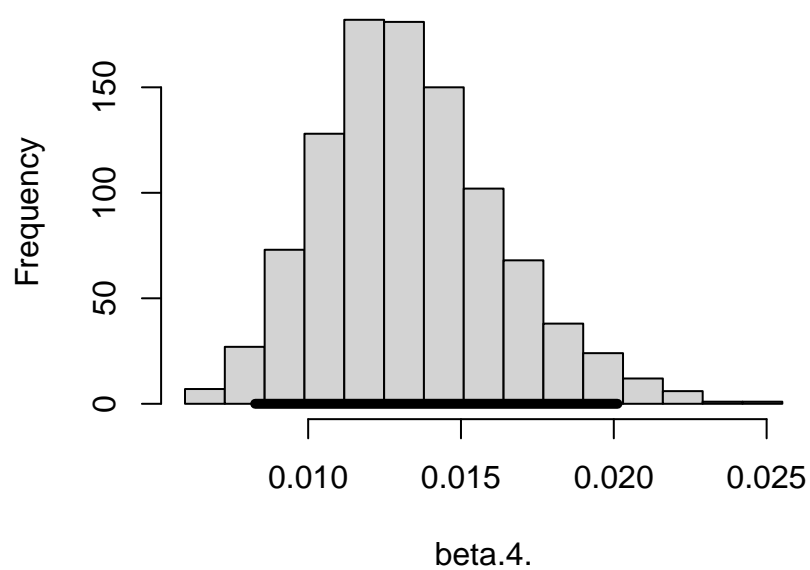
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.2971902	0.1047984	0.1196443	0.2898017	0.5211321	0.0033124

Histogram of beta.3.



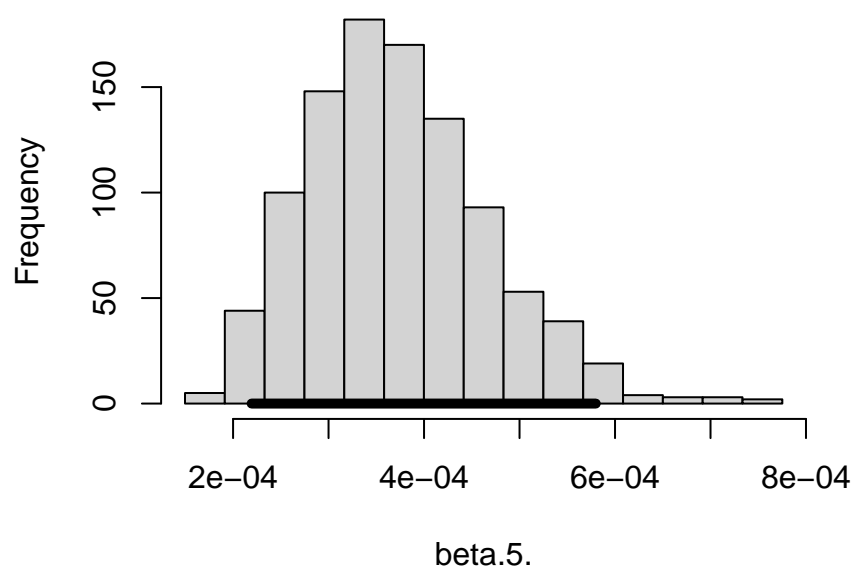
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.4010433	0.00703	0.3875232	0.4009802	0.4147382	0.0002222

Histogram of beta.4.



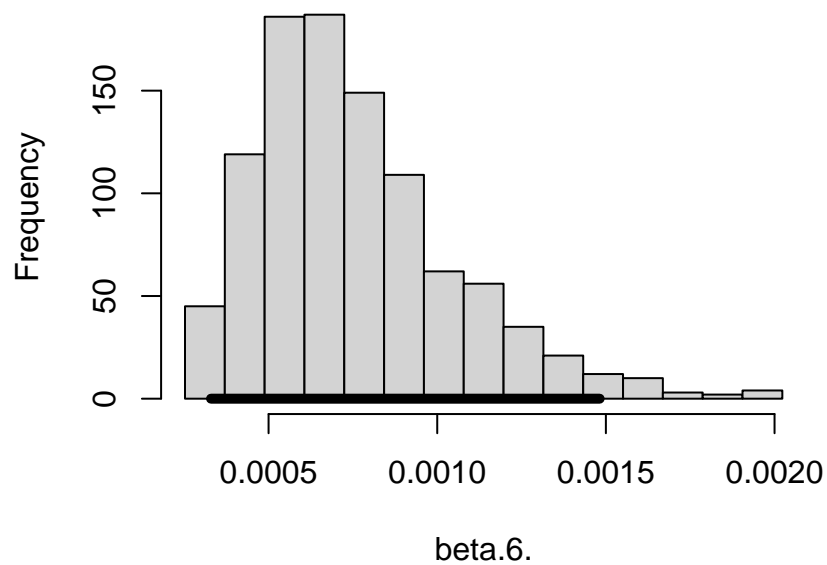
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.013347	0.0029279	0.0082679	0.0130898	0.020119	9.25e-05

Histogram of beta.5.



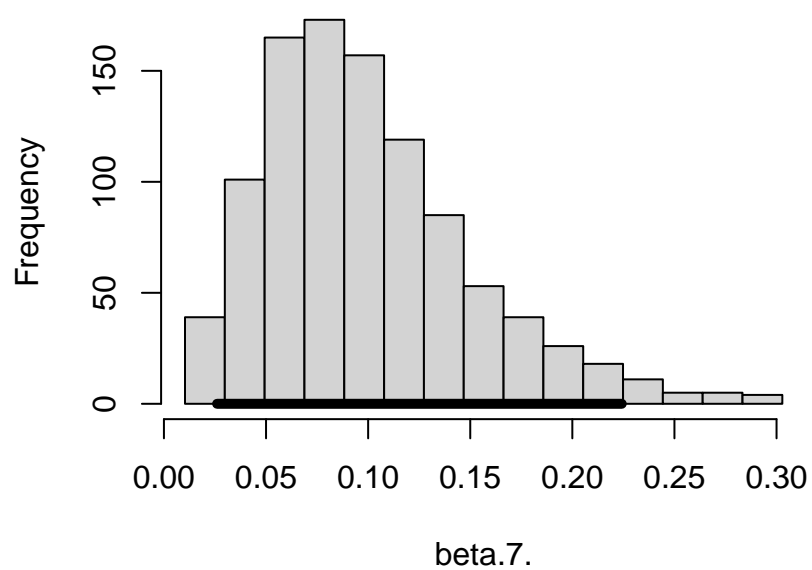
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0003727	9.44e-05	0.0002194	0.0003636	0.0005799	3e-06

Histogram of beta.6.



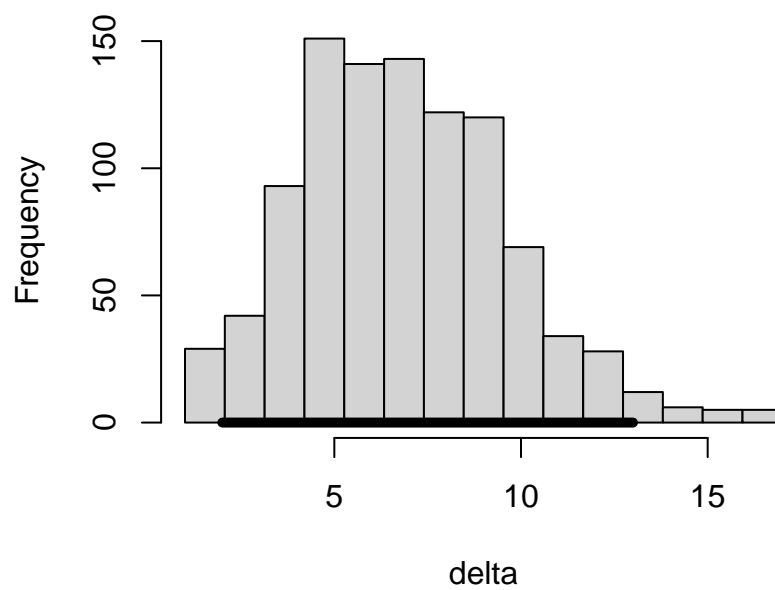
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0007564	0.0002967	0.0003294	0.0007006	0.0014815	9.4e-06

Histogram of beta.7.



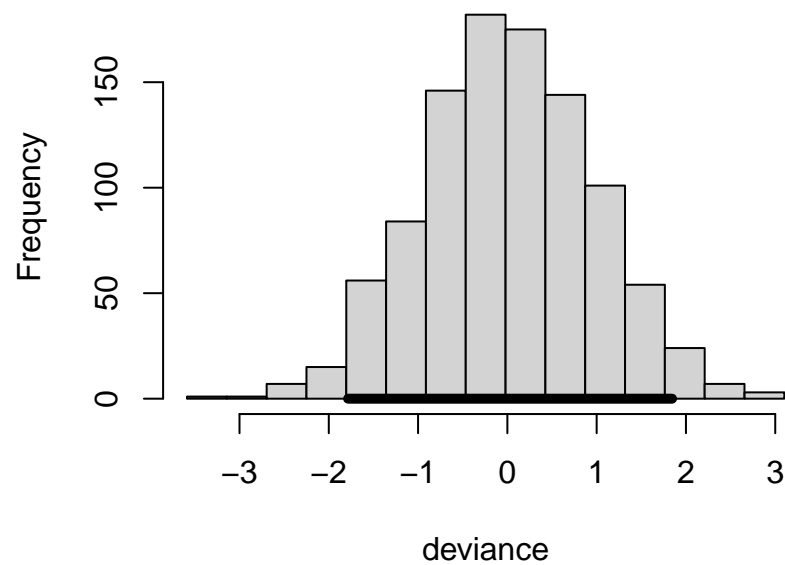
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0997926	0.051201	0.0260358	0.0906289	0.2241951	0.0016183

Histogram of delta

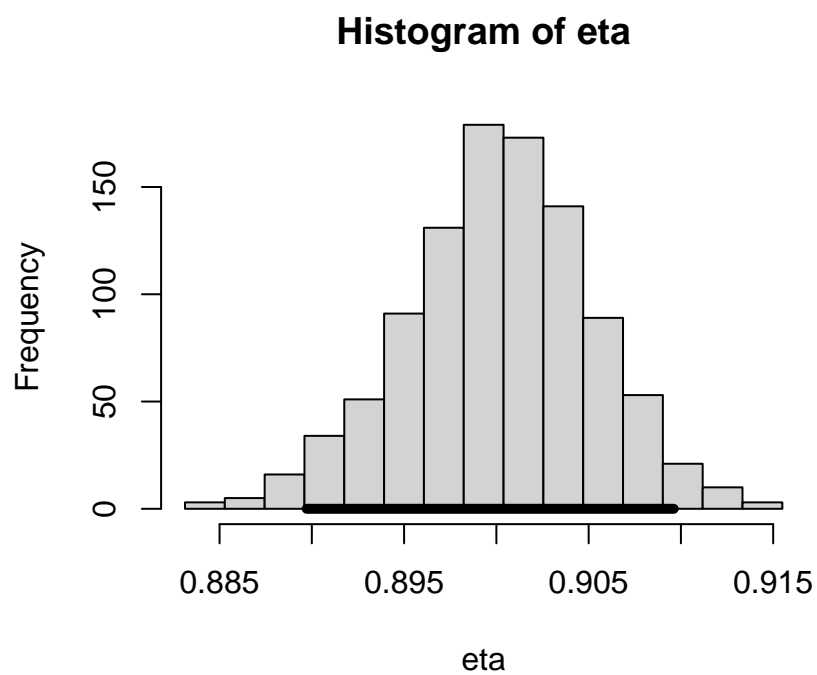


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
7.004	2.643667	2	7	13	0.0835583

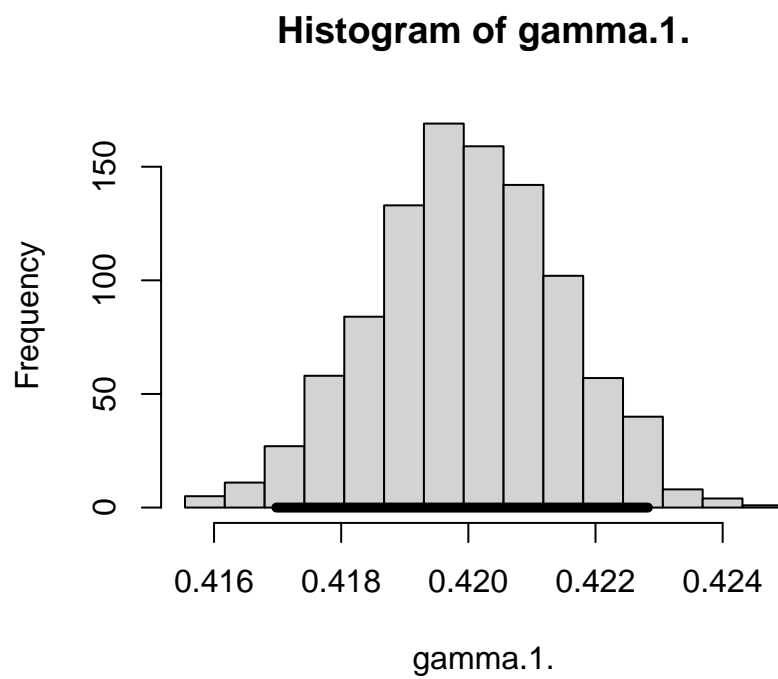
Histogram of deviance



Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0065729	0.9573016	-1.784163	0.0010277	1.844494	0.0302574

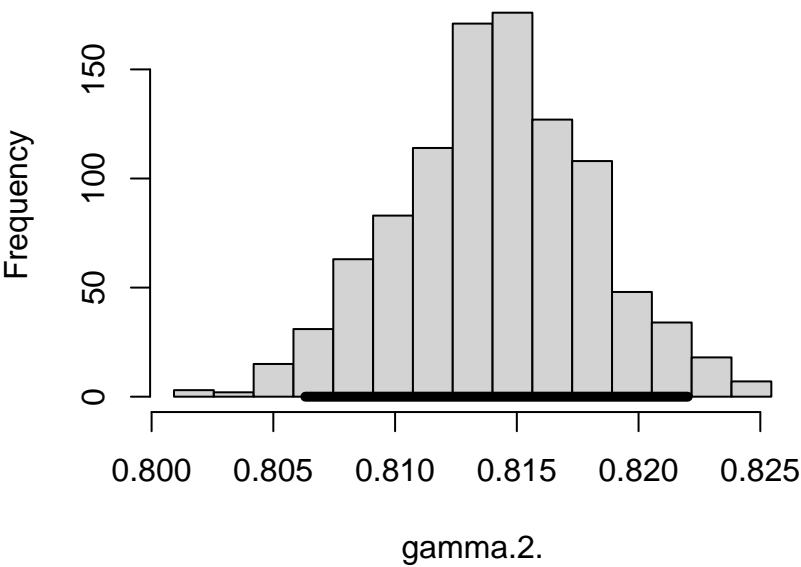


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.9001309	0.0050356	0.8897217	0.9002975	0.9096117	0.0001592



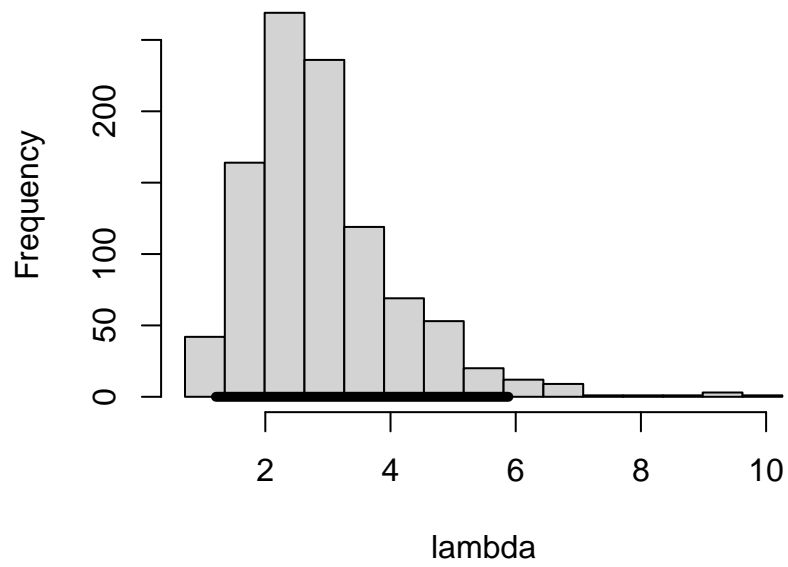
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.4199825	0.0014766	0.4169795	0.4199816	0.4228245	4.67e-05

Histogram of gamma.2.



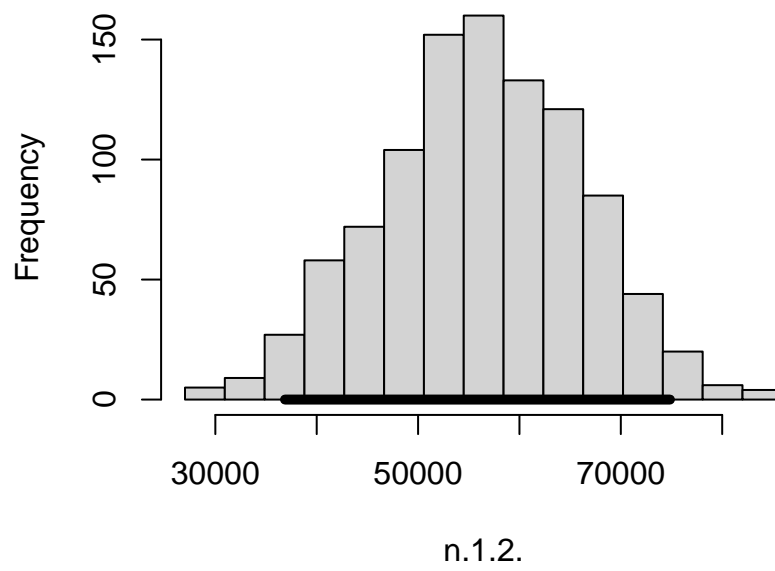
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.8141167	0.004001	0.8063162	0.8141551	0.822019	0.0001265

Histogram of lambda

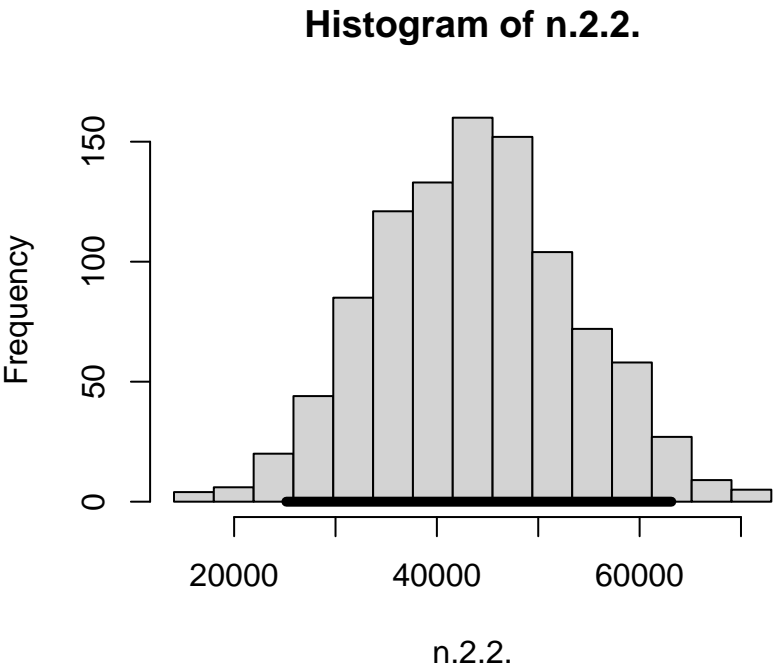


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
2.905089	1.225704	1.211919	2.681323	5.88241	0.0387408

Histogram of n.1.2.

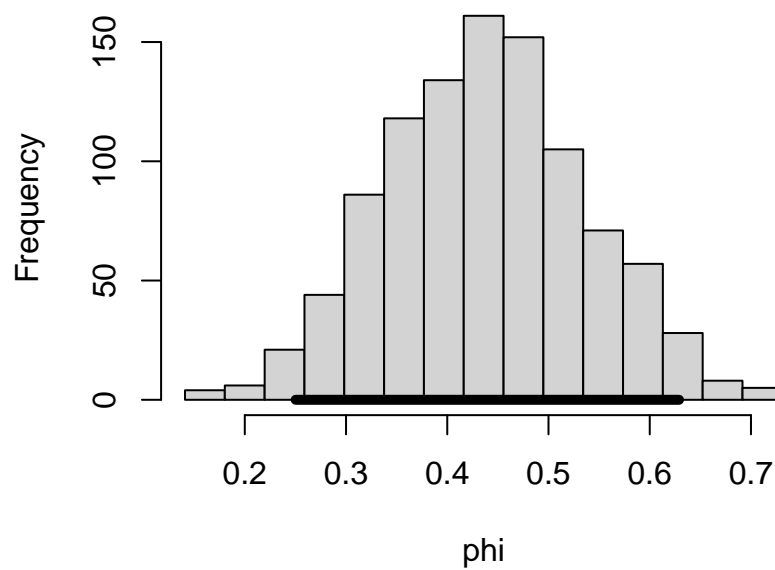


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
56170.33	9860.615	36874.55	56216.5	74843.7	311.6641



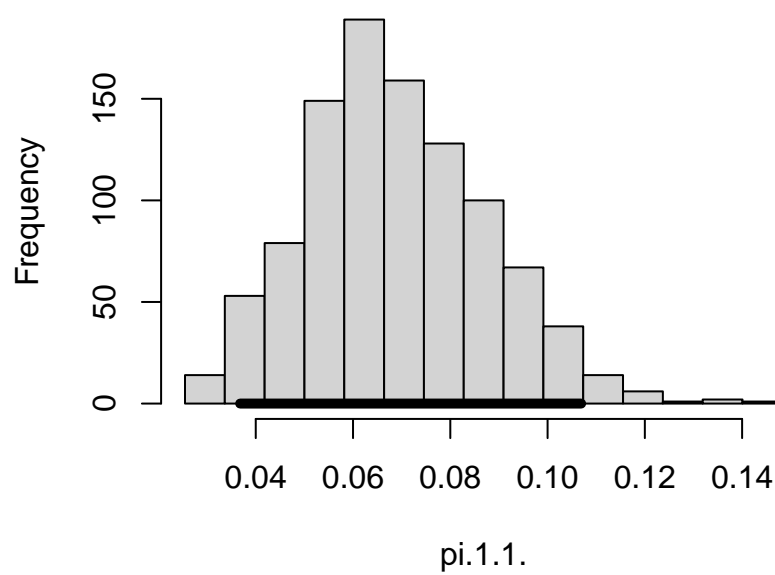
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
43829.67	9860.615	25156.3	43783.5	63125.45	311.6641

Histogram of phi

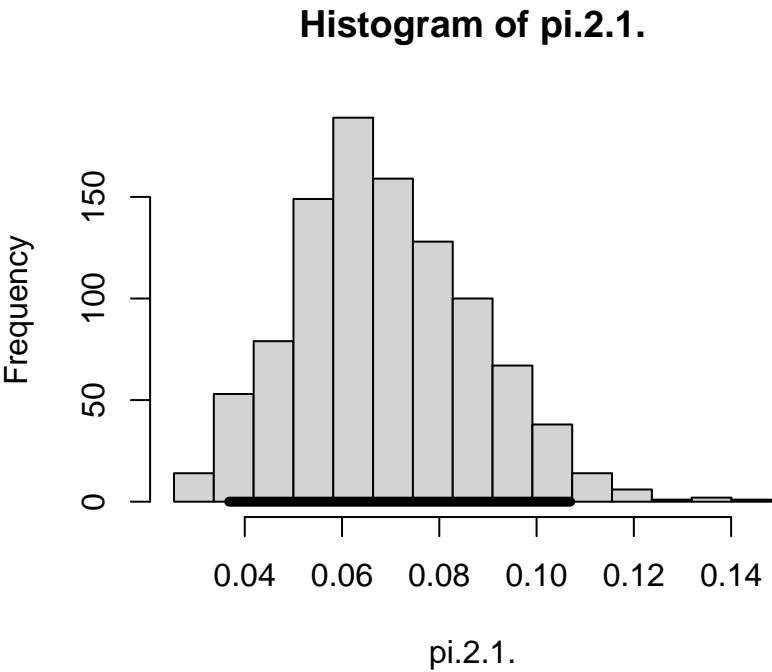


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.4382939	0.098694	0.2502404	0.4381762	0.6289504	0.0031194

Histogram of pi.1.1.

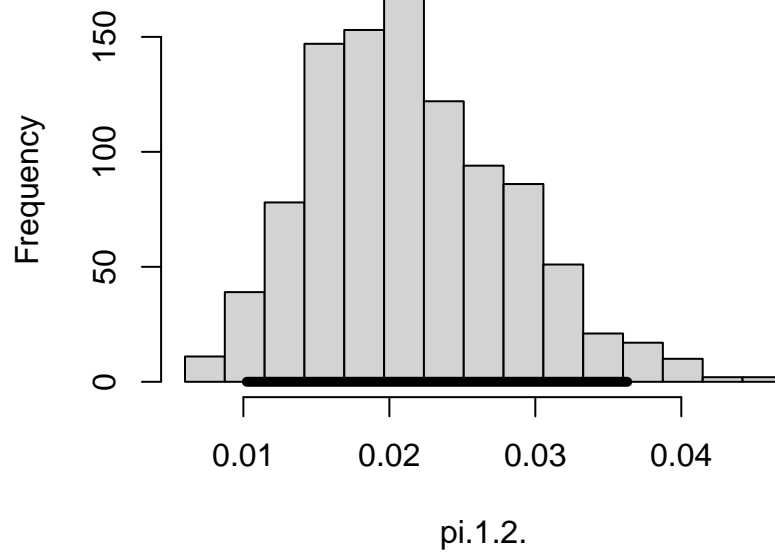


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0690728	0.0185195	0.0367975	0.0676216	0.1069079	0.0005853



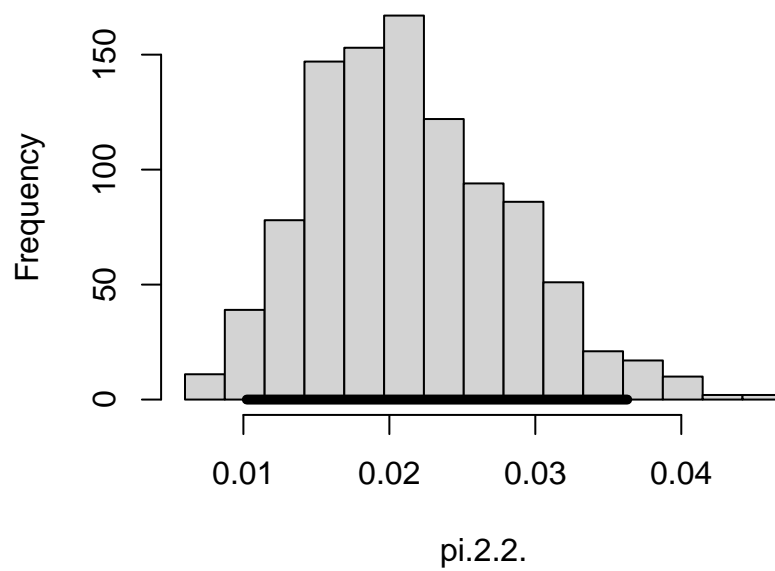
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0690728	0.0185195	0.0367975	0.0676216	0.1069079	0.0005853

Histogram of pi.1.2.

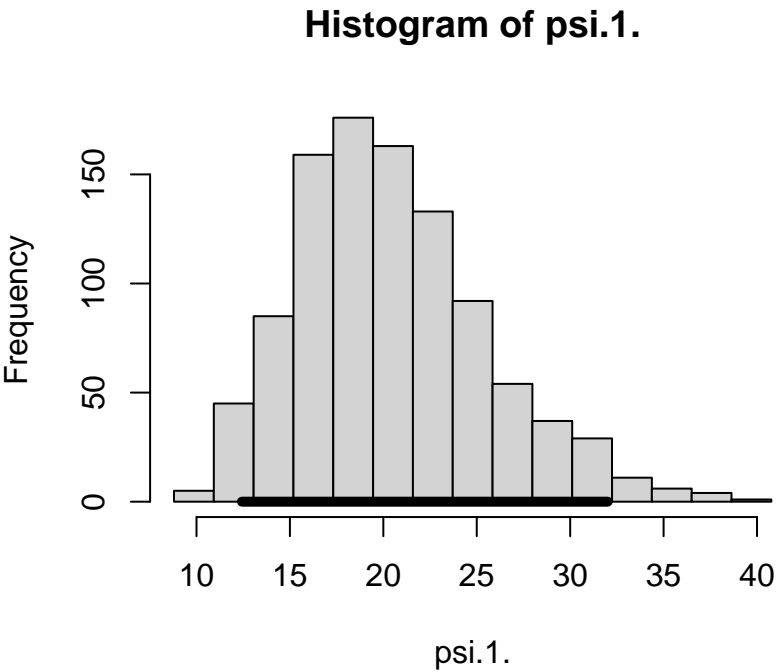


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0215133	0.0068073	0.0102327	0.0207813	0.0362975	0.0002152

Histogram of pi.2.2.

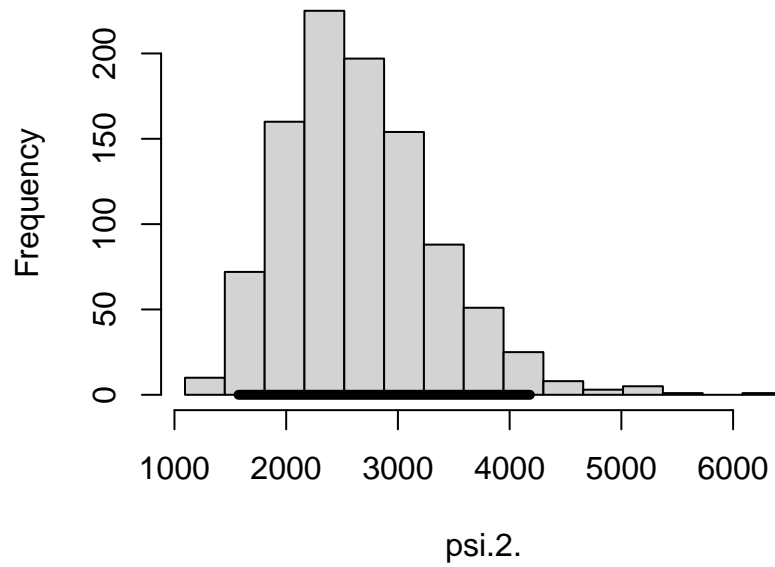


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.0215133	0.0068073	0.0102327	0.0207813	0.0362975	0.0002152



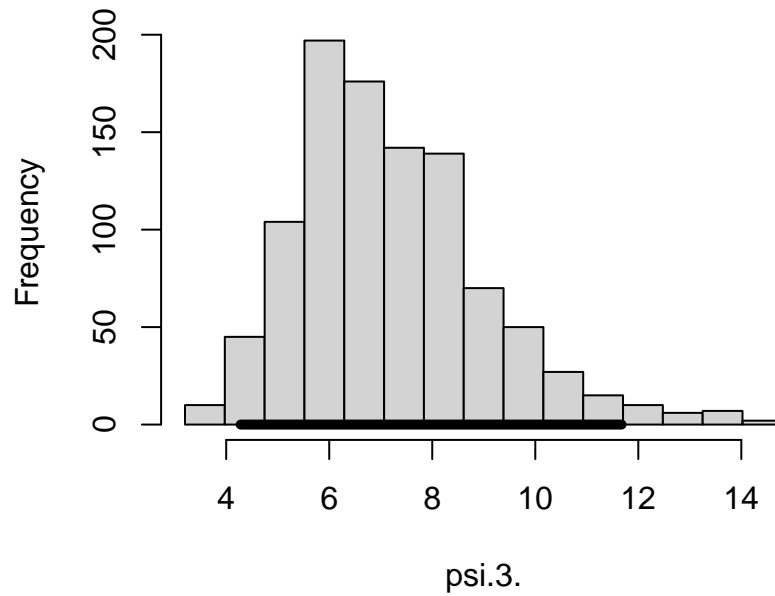
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
20.50602	5.086617	12.4331	20.01152	32.00584	0.1607725

Histogram of psi.2.

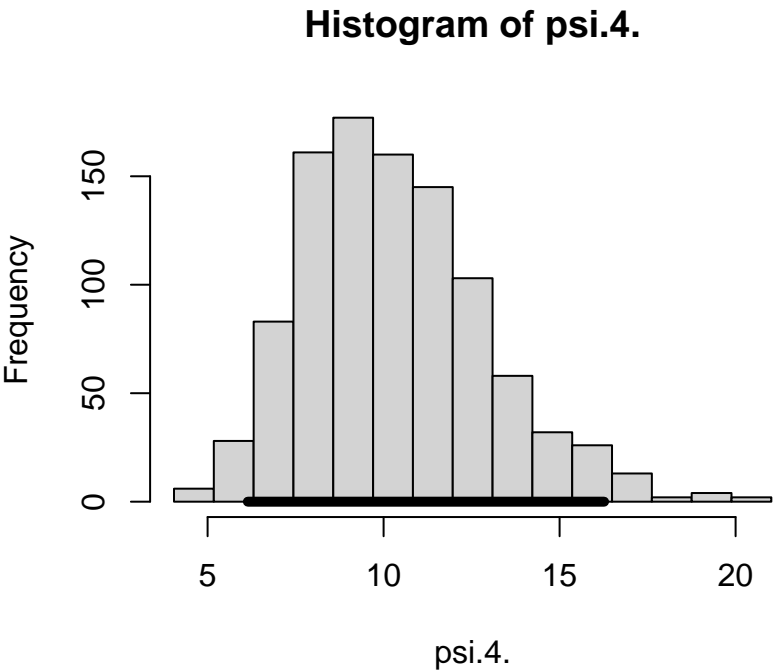


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
2661.843	684.1538	1573.676	2583.913	4181.041	21.62402

Histogram of psi.3.

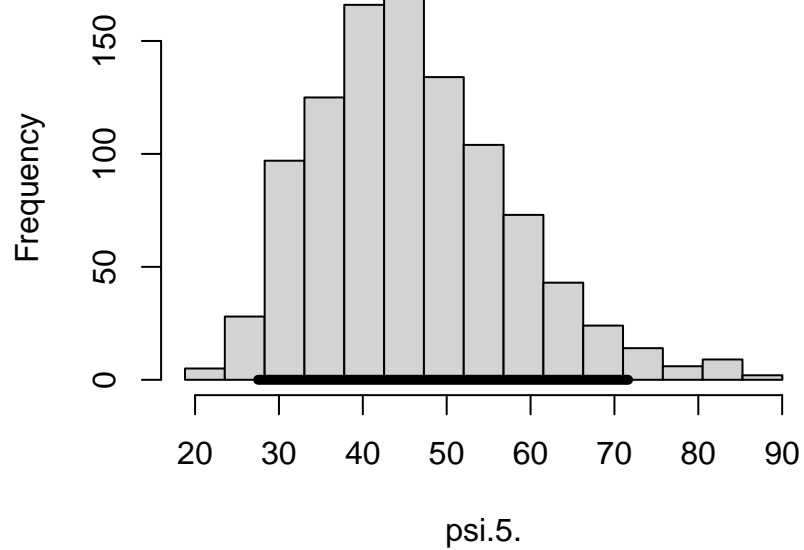


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
7.199515	1.83873	4.279942	6.90417	11.67563	0.0581167



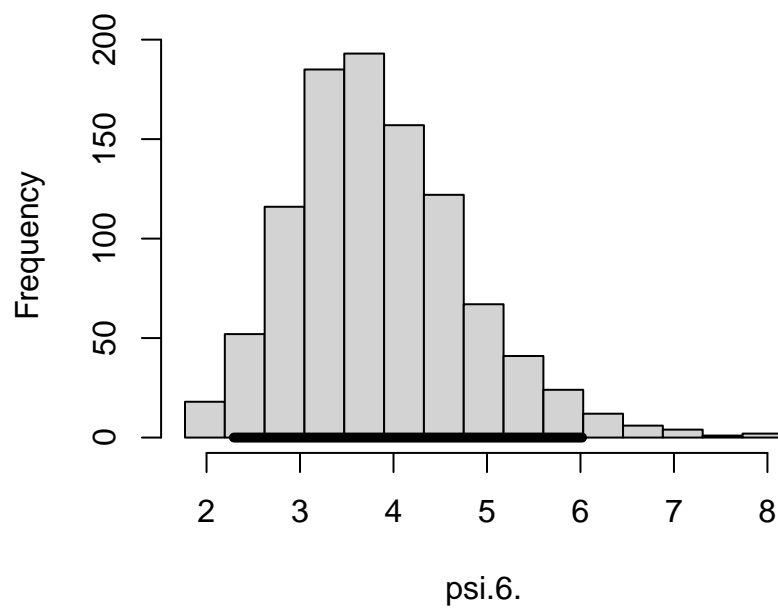
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
10.29213	2.607787	6.143624	9.955699	16.26332	0.0824242

Histogram of psi.5.

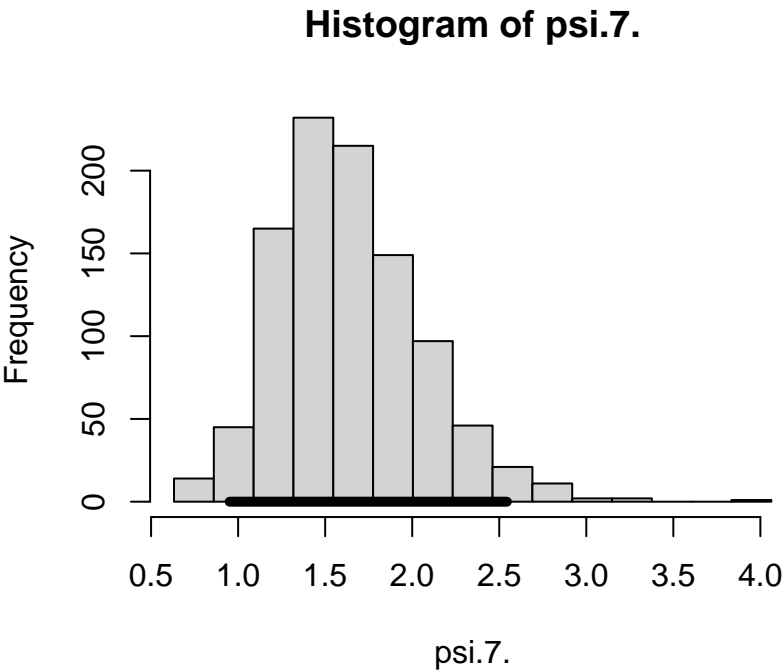


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
45.91777	11.68489	27.51898	44.53583	71.62707	0.3693238

Histogram of psi.6.

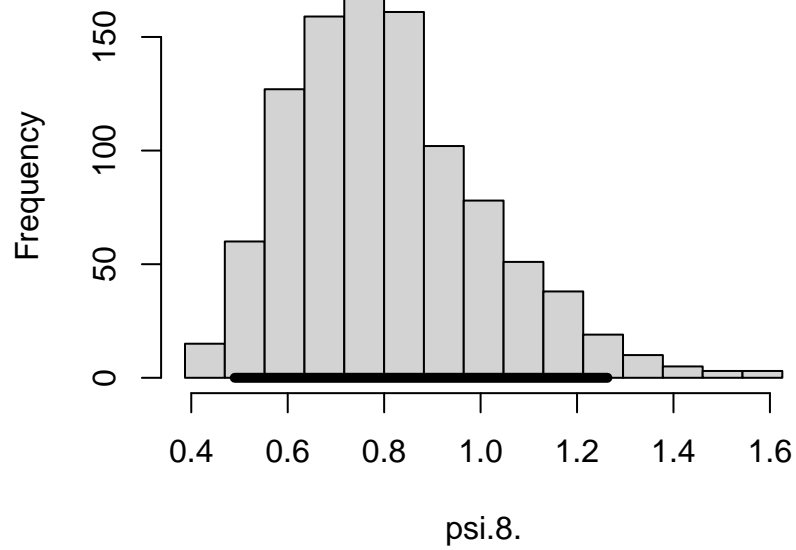


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
3.854695	0.9479262	2.292722	3.755557	6.017339	0.0299611



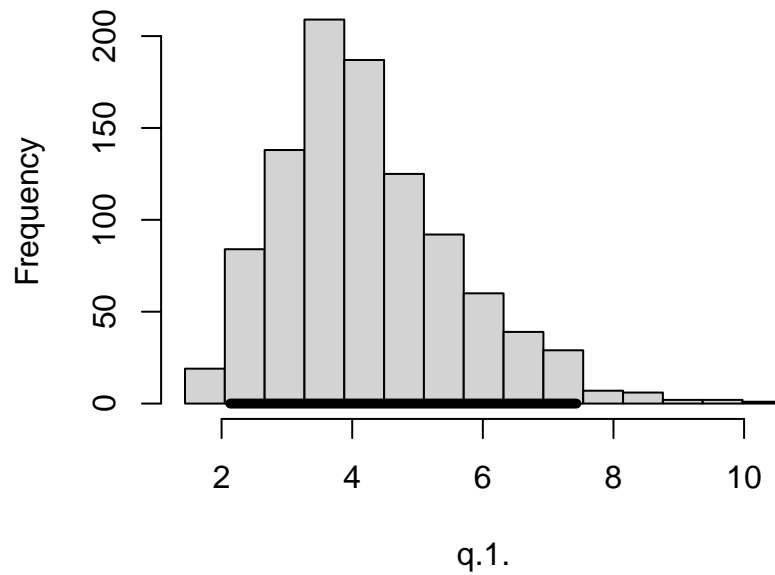
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
1.635824	0.4130969	0.9513184	1.591567	2.543868	0.0130567

Histogram of psi.8.

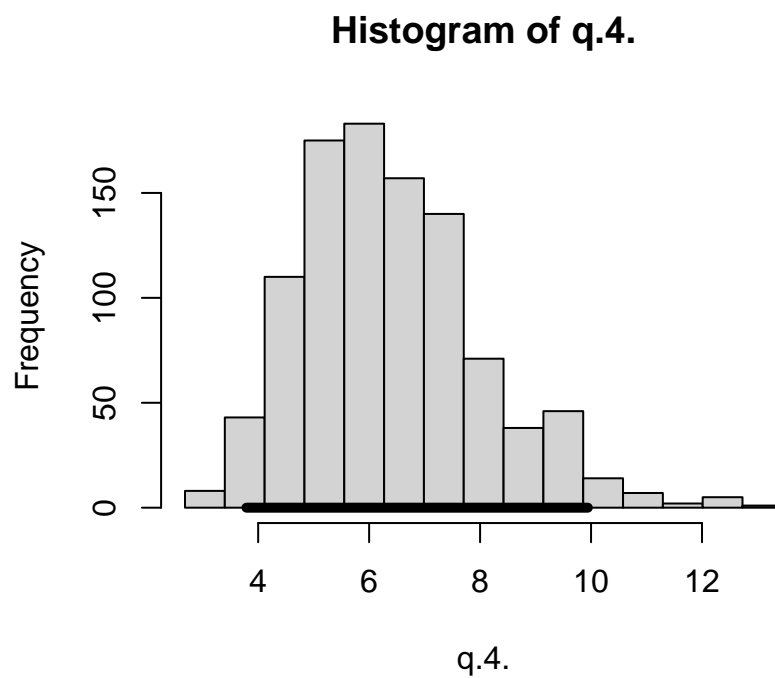


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.8108407	0.2026673	0.4901607	0.7876551	1.262942	0.0064057

Histogram of q.1.

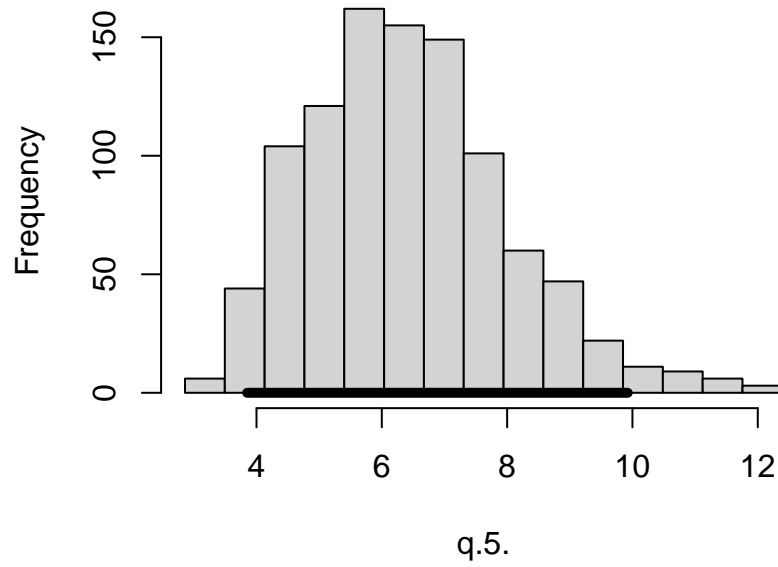


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
4.245515	1.380328	2.133401	4.020643	7.43128	0.043628



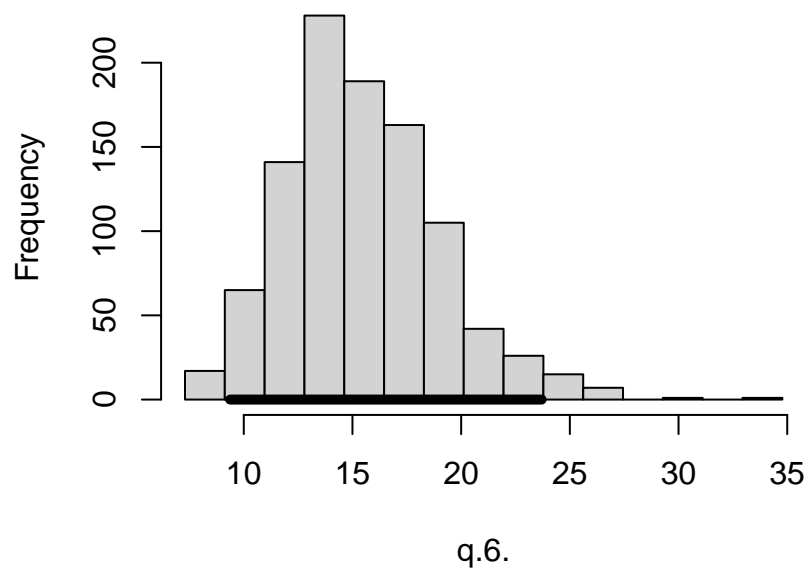
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
6.414003	1.640791	3.78795	6.185502	9.942465	0.0518604

Histogram of q.5.

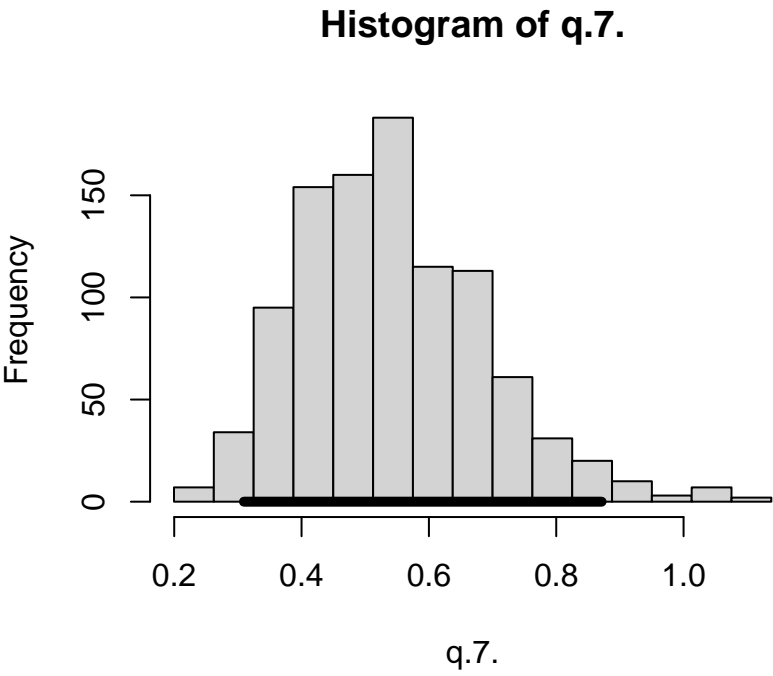


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
6.42076	1.584056	3.850581	6.285484	9.924699	0.0500672

Histogram of q.6.

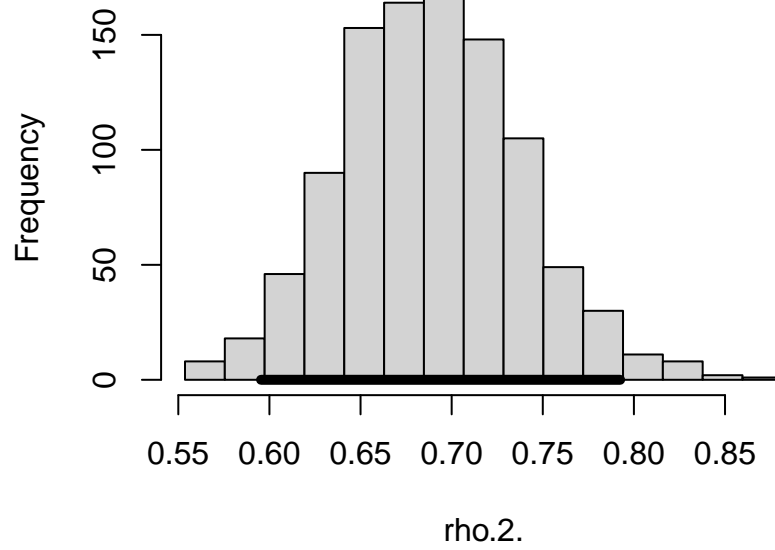


Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
15.48614	3.549163	9.37079	15.09543	23.70509	0.1121783



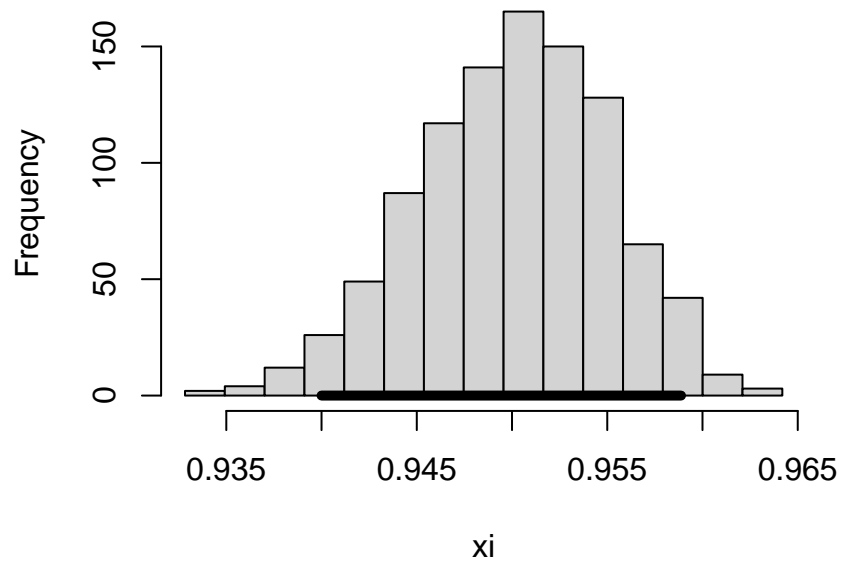
Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.5424171	0.1463549	0.3095674	0.528529	0.8712211	0.0046258

Histogram of rho.2.



Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.6888042	0.0496164	0.5954323	0.6872181	0.7924515	0.0015682

Histogram of xi



Mean	Standard deviation	2.5%	Median	97.5%	Monte Carlo SE
0.9500773	0.0049722	0.9400008	0.9502989	0.9588729	0.0001572

Economic Analysis

This section contains a summary of the economic evaluation.

Cost-effectiveness analysis

This sub-section presents a summary table reporting basic economic results as well as the optimal decision, given the selected willingness-to-pay threshold $k = 25000$.

Cost-effectiveness analysis summary

Reference intervention: Intervention1

Comparator intervention: Intervention2

Optimal decision: choose Intervention1 for $k < 20100$ and Intervention2 for $k \geq 20100$

Analysis for willingness to pay parameter $k = 25000$

	Expected net benefit
Intervention1	-36.054
Intervention2	-34.826

	EIB	CEAC	ICER
Intervention1 vs Intervention2	-1.2284	0.471	20098

Optimal intervention (max expected net benefit) for $k = 25000$: Intervention2

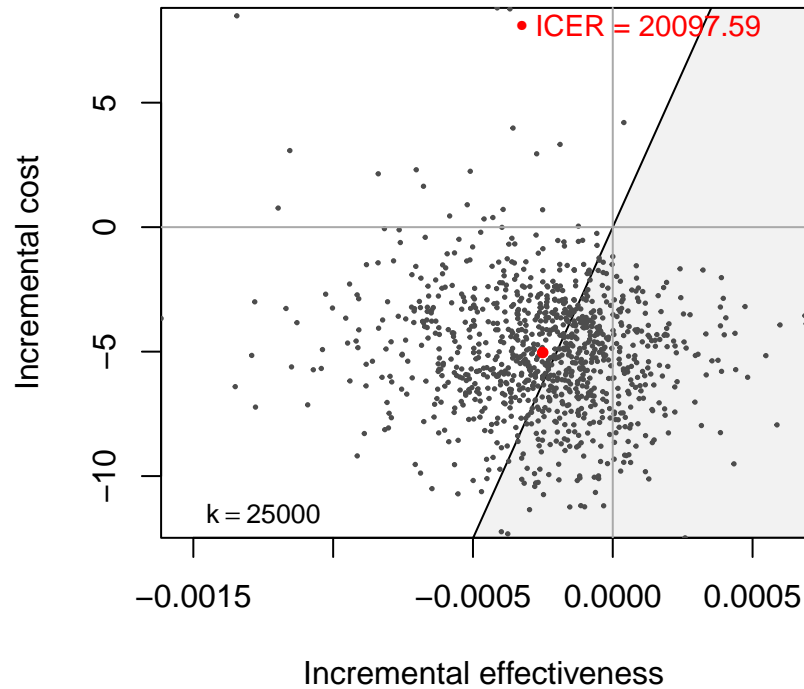
EVPI 2.4145

Cost-effectiveness plane

The following graph shows the cost-effectiveness plane. This presents the joint distribution of the population average benefit and cost differential, (Δ_e, Δ_c) .

Each point in the graph represents a ‘potential future’ in terms of expected incremental economic outcomes. The shaded portion of the plane is the ‘*sustainability area*’. The more points lay in the sustainability area, the more likely that the reference intervention will turn out to be cost-effective, at a given willingness to pay threshold, k (in this case selected at $k = 25000$)

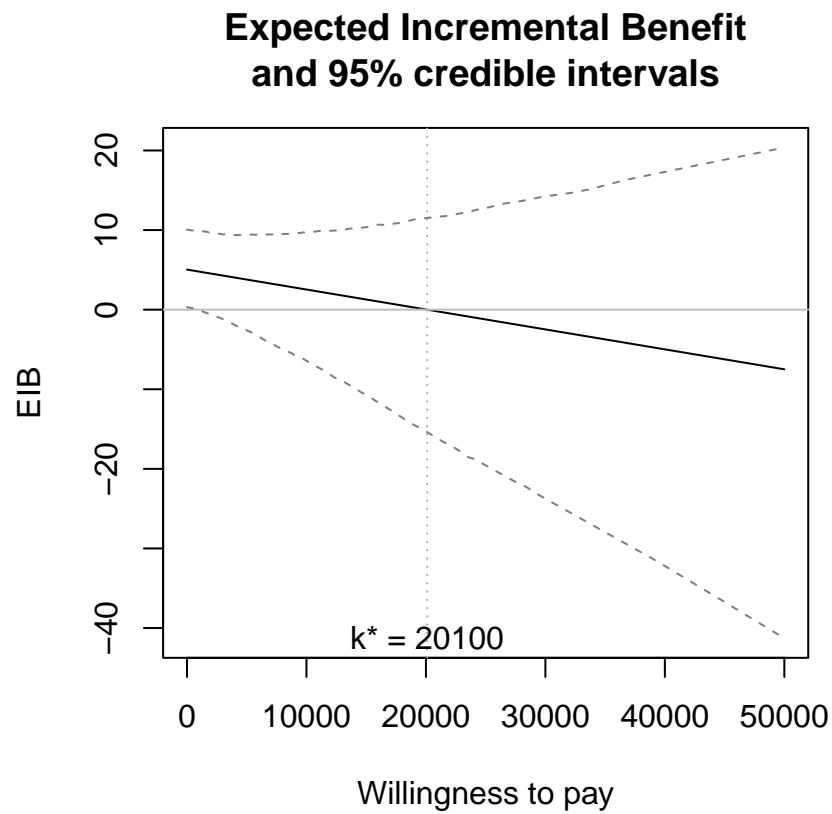
Cost-Effectiveness Plane Intervention1 vs Intervention2



Expected Incremental Benefit

The following graph shows the Expected Incremental Benefit (EIB), as a function of a grid of values for the willingness to pay k (in this case in the interval 0 - 50000).

The value for k in correspondence of which the line crosses the x -axis is termed the '*break-even point*' and represents the point(s) at which the optimal decision changes. The graph also reports the 95% credible limits around the EIB.



Cost-effectiveness efficiency frontier

Cost-effectiveness efficiency frontier summary

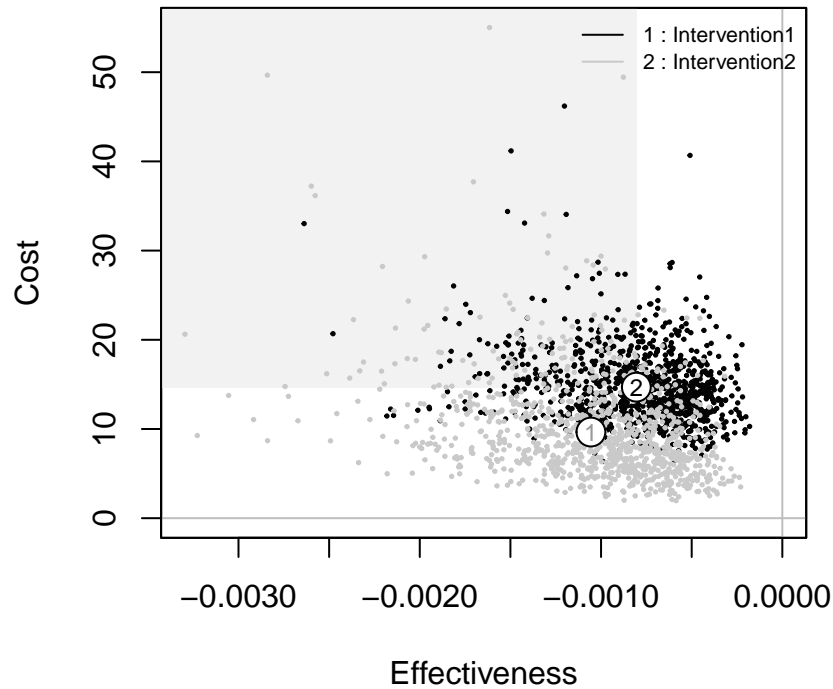
Interventions on the efficiency frontier:

	Effectiveness	Costs	Increase slope	Increase angle
Intervention2	-0.00080537	14.691	NA	NA

Interventions not on the efficiency frontier:

	Effectiveness	Costs	Dominance type
Intervention1	-0.0010559	9.6555	Extended dominance

Cost-effectiveness efficiency frontier



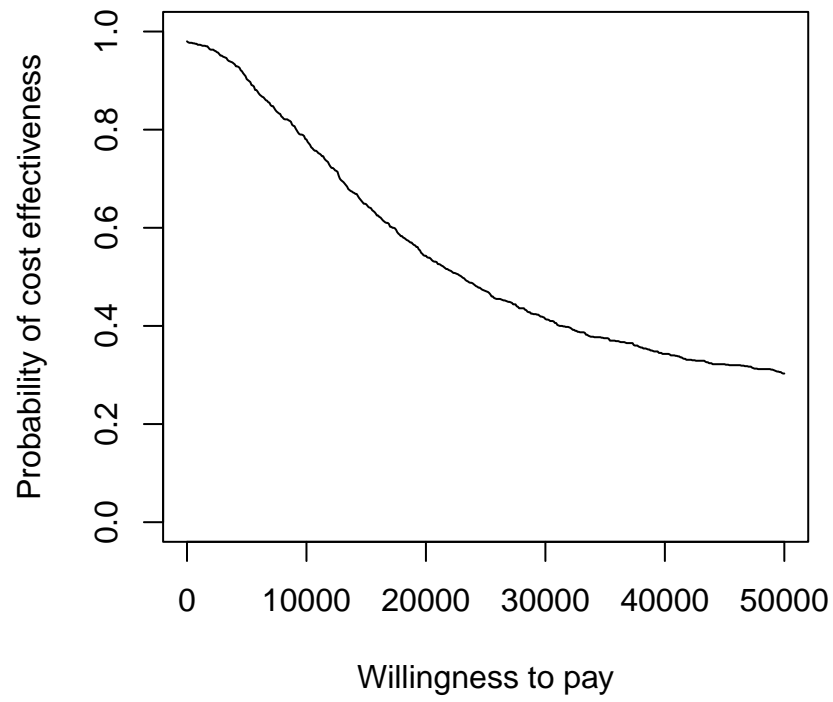
Probabilistic Sensitivity Analysis

This section presents the results of Probabilistic Sensitivity Analysis (PSA). PSA is used to assess the impact of parameter uncertainty on the decision-making process.

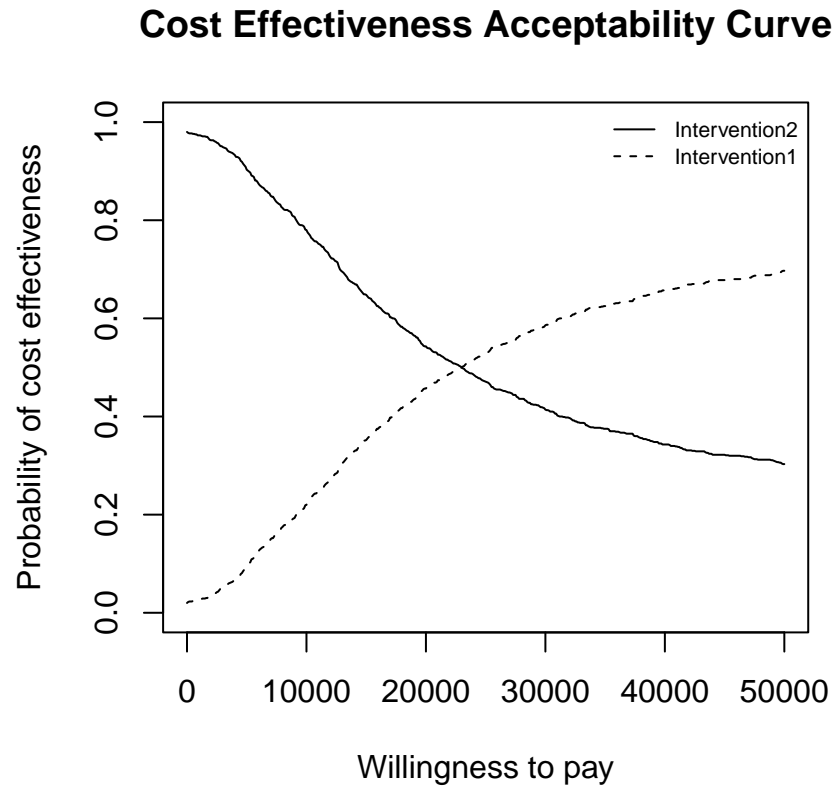
Cost-effectiveness acceptability curve

The following graph shows the cost-effectiveness acceptability curve (CEAC). The CEAC represents the proportion of 'potential futures' in which the reference intervention is estimated to be more cost-effective than the comparator. Thus, it can be interpreted as the 'probability of cost-effectiveness'.

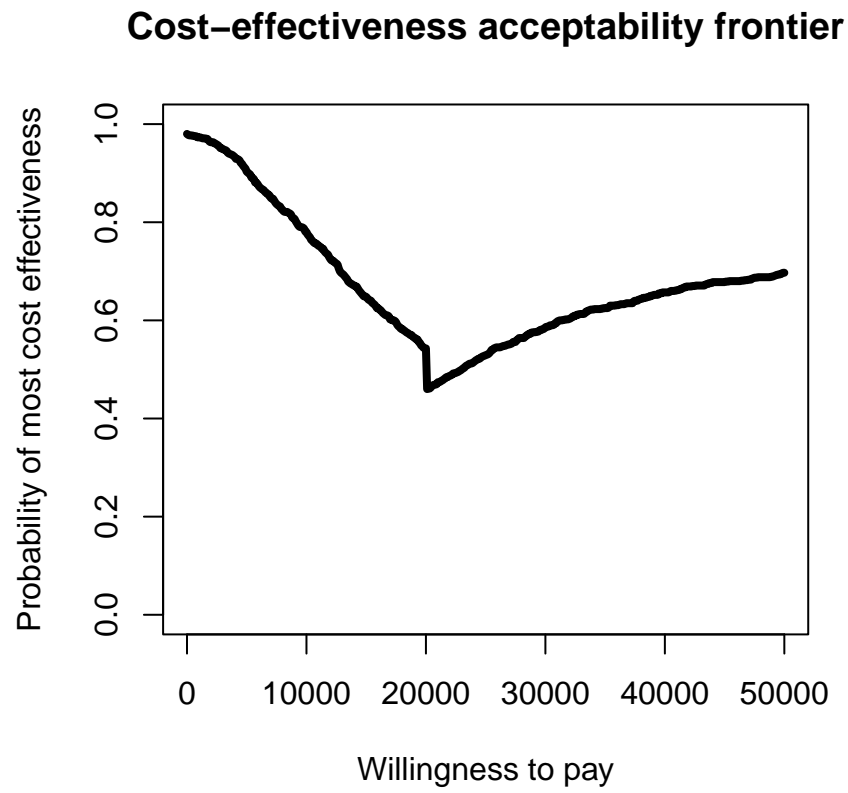
Cost Effectiveness Acceptability Curve



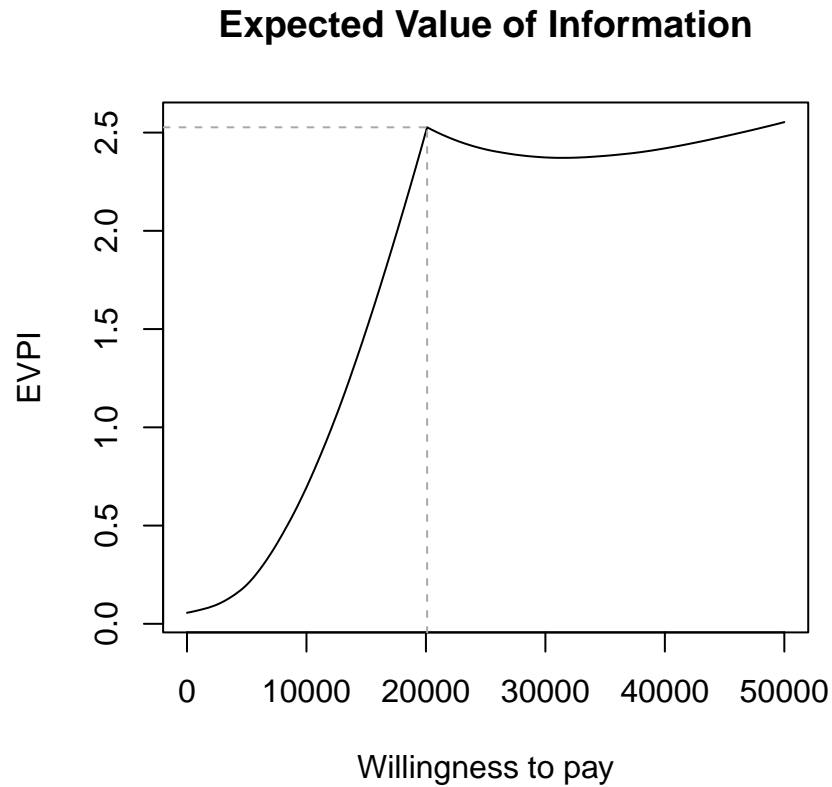
Multi-comparison Cost-effectiveness acceptability curve



Cost-effectiveness acceptability frontier



Expected value of perfect information

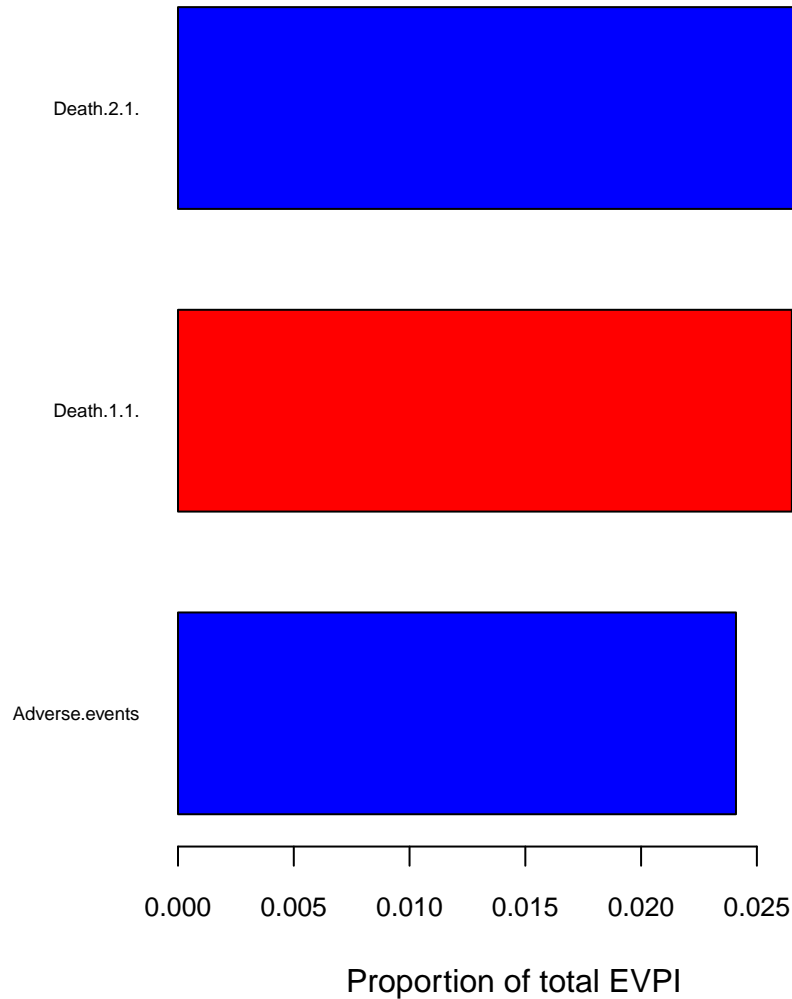


Info-rank plot

This section presents the results of the Info-rank plot. This is an extension of the Tornado plot, which is used to identify the most important parameters. Instead of using deterministic sensitivity analysis, however, the Info-rank plot is based on the analysis of the Expected Value of Partial Perfect Information (EVPPI).

For each parameter and value of the willingness-to-pay threshold k , a barchart is plotted to describe the ratio of EVPPI (specific to that parameter) to EVPI. This represents the relative ‘importance’ of each parameter in terms of the expected value of information.

Info–rank plot for willingness to pay = 20100



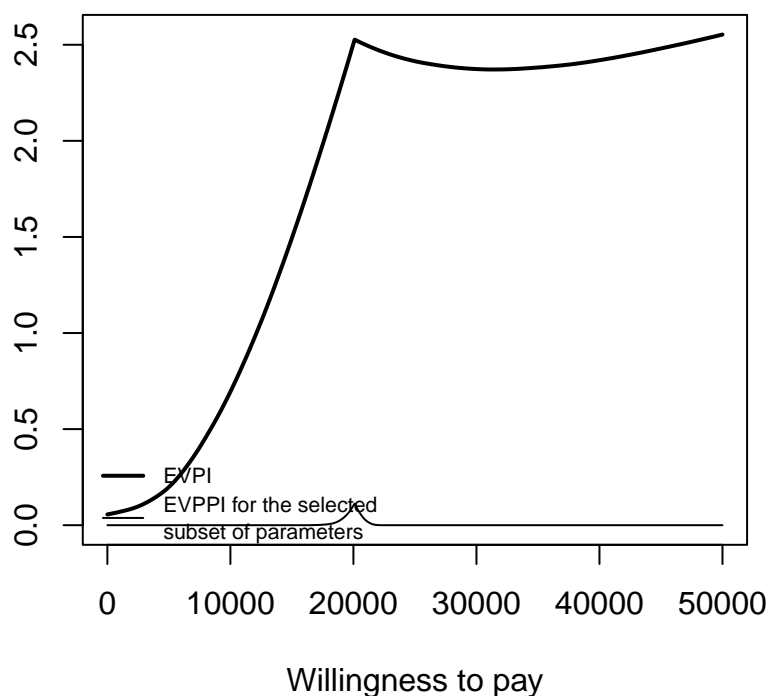
Expected value of perfect partial information

This section presents the results of the analysis of the Expected Value of Partial Perfect Information (EVPPI). The analysis considers specifically the set of *important* parameters $\phi = (\text{Death.2.1.}, \text{Death.1.1.}, \text{Adverse.events})$. The resulting EVPPI describes the value of learning about ϕ , while all the other parameters remain uncertain at the current level of knowledge.

Estimation of the EVPPI

The EVPPI has been estimated using Gaussian Process regression with a total running time of 0 seconds. The following graph shows the EVPPI as a function of the willingness-to-pay k .

Expected Value of Perfect Partial Information

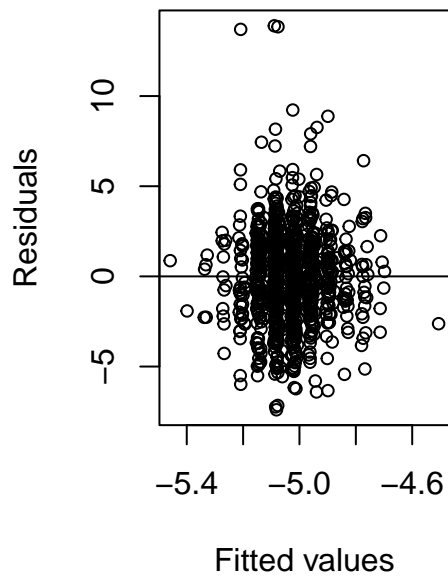


Diagnostics

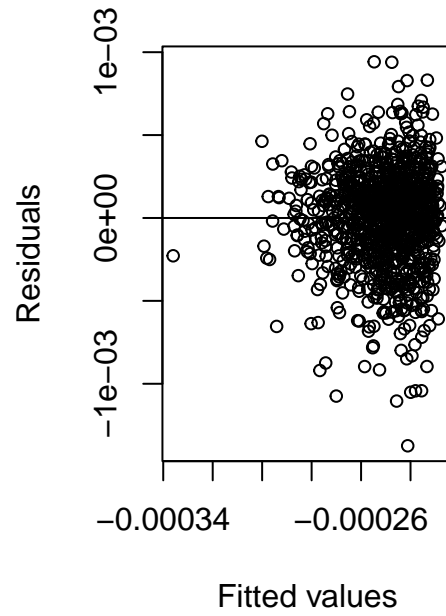
The following graphs can be used to assess the model and method used to perform the calculations. The *Residual Plot* shows the model residuals, separately for the costs and the effects. A scatter plot with no evident pattern indicates satisfactory fit.

Since the calculation methods are based on some form of underlying normality of the process describing the distribution of the Net Benefits, the *Q-Q Plot* for both costs and effects should show points lying on top of the 45 degrees line. Substantial departure from linearity in this graph indicate poor model fitting.

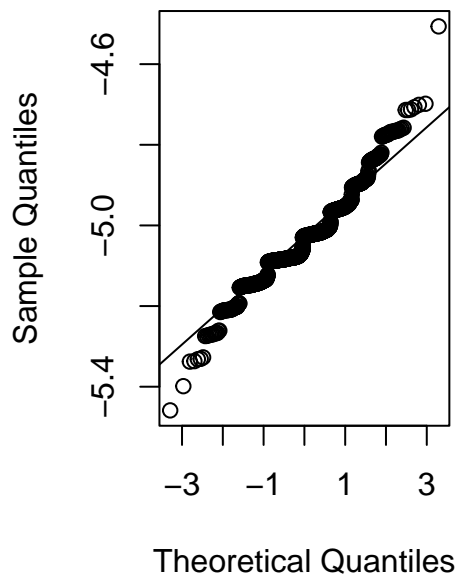
Residual plot for costs



Residual plot for effects



**Normal Q-Q plot
(costs)**



**Normal Q-Q plot
(effects)**

