## MSO205A PRACTICE PROBLEMS SET 10

Question 1. Let  $X = (X_1, X_2, X_3)$  be a continuous random vector with joint p.d.f.

$$f_X(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \begin{cases} \frac{\alpha}{x_1 x_2}, & \text{if } 0 < x_3 < x_2 < x_1 < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

for some constant  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ . Find the value of  $\alpha$  and identify the marginal p.d.f.s of  $X_1, X_2$  and  $X_3$ . Are  $X_1, X_2, X_3$  independent? If not independent, find the conditional DF and conditional p.d.f. of  $X_2$  given  $(X_1, X_3) = (x_1, x_3)$  with  $0 < x_3 < x_1 < 1$ .

Question 2. Let  $X = (X_1, X_2)$  be a bivariate continuous random vector with joint p.d.f. given by

$$f_X(x_1, x_2) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 < |x_2| \le x_1 < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the marginal p.d.f.s of  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  and show that  $X_1, X_2$  are not independent.

Question 3. Let  $X \sim Exponential(\lambda)$  for some  $\lambda > 0$ . For r, s > 0, show that

$$\mathbb{P}(X > r + s \mid X > r) = \mathbb{P}(X > s).$$

Note: This property is usually referred to as the 'no memory' property of the Exponential distribution.

<u>Question</u> 4. Let  $X_i \sim Gamma(\alpha_i, \beta), i = 1, 2, \dots, n$  be independent RVs, with  $\alpha_i > 0, \forall i$  and  $\beta > 0$ . Show that  $X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n \sim Gamma(\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i, \beta)$ .

<u>Question</u> 5. Let  $X \sim Gamma(\alpha_1, \beta), Y \sim Gamma(\alpha_2, \beta)$  be independent RVs, for some  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \beta > 0$ . Identify the distribution of  $\frac{X}{X+Y}$ .

<u>Question</u> 6. If  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  are independent RVs with  $X_i \sim N(\mu_i, \sigma_i^2)$ , then find the distribution of  $X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n$ .

<u>Question</u> 7. Let X and Y be i.i.d. N(0,1) RVs. Fix  $a \neq 0, b \neq 0$  and set U := aX + bY, V := bX - aY. Find the joint p.d.f. of U, V. Are U and V independent?