

**MTH 517: Time Series Analysis**  
**Mid Semester Examination**  
**Full Marks 60**

[1] (a) Let  $\{X_t\}$  be a covariance stationary ARMA process given by

$$X_t = \phi_1 X_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t - (\phi_1 + \phi_2) \varepsilon_{t-1} + \phi_1 \phi_2 \varepsilon_{t-2},$$

$\varepsilon_t \sim WN(0, \sigma^2)$ . Find the smallest integer  $k$ , if any, such that  $\gamma_X(h) = 0, \forall |h| > k$ .

(b) Let  $X_t = U_t + iV_t$  be a complex valued stationary process with  $\{U_t\}$  and  $\{V_t\}$  real valued stationary processes. **Prove or disprove** " $\gamma_X(h) = \gamma_X(-h); \forall h$ ".

**10 (5+5) Marks**

[2] Let  $\{\varepsilon_t\}$  be an i.i.d. sequence of  $N(0,1)$  random variables. Define a new time series

$$Y_t = -\frac{3}{2} + \varepsilon_t^2 + \frac{1}{2} \varepsilon_{t-1}^2. \text{ **Prove or disprove** the following statements}$$

(a)  $\{Y_t\}$  is covariance stationary.

(b)  $\{Y_t\}$  is such that  $\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^j Y_{t-j} = \eta_t$ , where  $\{\eta_t\}$  is a white noise sequence.

(c)  $\{Y_t\}$  is a Gaussian time series.

**(3+4+3) 10 Marks**

[3] Let  $\{X_t\}$  be a time series given by  $X_t = \mu + \varepsilon_t + \phi \varepsilon_{t-1}$ ,  $\varepsilon_t \sim WN(0, \sigma^2)$ . Consider  $\delta_1 = \frac{2X_2 + X_4}{3}$ ,  $\delta_2 = \frac{X_3 + X_4 + X_5}{3}$  and  $\delta_3 = \frac{X_1 + X_2}{2}$  as estimators of  $\mu$ . Find the

value (s) of  $\phi$ , if any, such that

(i)  $Var(\delta_1) \geq Var(\delta_2)$ ,

(ii)  $Var(\delta_1) \geq Var(\delta_3)$

**10 Marks**

[4] Let  $\{Z_t\}$  be a covariance stationary AR(1) process given by  $Z_t = \theta Z_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$ ,  $\varepsilon_t \sim WN(0, \sigma^2)$  and  $X_t = Z_t + b Z_{t-1}$ . Verify whether  $\{X_t\}$  is a covariance stationary ARMA process of appropriate order. Further, find the relationship between  $\theta$  and  $b$  such that  $\{X_t\}$  is a white noise process.

**8 Marks**

[5] Suppose  $\{X_t\}$  is a covariance stationary ARMA(1,1) process given by  $X_t = \phi X_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t + \theta \varepsilon_{t-1}$ ,  $\varepsilon_t \sim WN(0, \sigma^2)$ ,  $|\phi| < 1$  and  $|\theta| < 1$ . Find

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} E \left( X_t - \varepsilon_t - (\theta + \phi) \sum_{j=1}^N (-\theta)^{j-1} X_{t-j} \right)^2.$$

**12 Marks**

[6] Let  $\{X_t\}$  be an AR(1) process  $X_t = \frac{1}{2} X_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$ ,  $\varepsilon_t \sim WN(0, \sigma^2)$  and  $\{Y_t\}$  be MA(1) process  $Y_t = \eta_t + \eta_{t-1}$ ,  $\eta_t \sim WN(0, \sigma^2)$ . Furthermore,  $\{\varepsilon_t\}$  and  $\{\eta_t\}$  are independent. Express the ACGF of  $U_t = X_t - X_{t-1} + Y_t - Y_{t-2}$  in terms of ACGFs of  $\{\varepsilon_t\}$  and  $\{\eta_t\}$ .

**10 Marks**