

# Immigration Shocks and (Mis)Concerns about Crime: Evidence from Chile<sup>1</sup>

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## Abstract

The world has experienced unprecedented migration movements since 2010. In this context, unsubstantiated claims about a causal connection between immigration and crime have become common in politics. In this research note, we examine whether people's concerns about crime are affected by rapid and large demographic changes (i.e., immigration shock). To answer this question, we take advantage of rich administrative data in Chile, a country that has experienced a historic influx of migrants in the past few years. Using survey data, we estimate the effect of an immigration shock at the municipality level on concerns about crime. Our analysis shows that a rapid shift in Haitian migration at the local level leads to greater concerns about crime. However, we do not find evidence that immigration shocks are affecting crime rates. People's misperceptions about immigration and crime can have relevant consequences such as contributing to the negative stereotyping of migrant communities.

**Keywords:** Immigration, Race, Crime.

## Introduction

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