

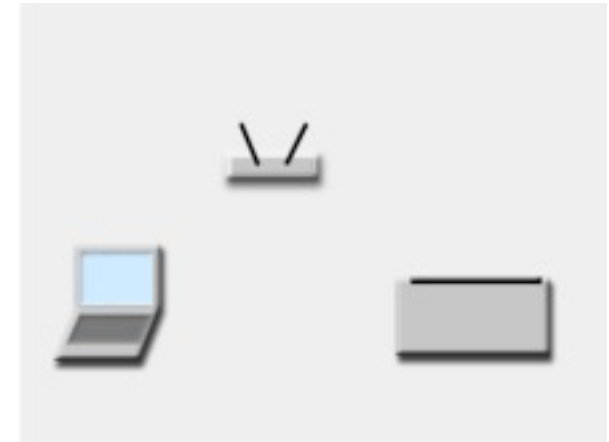


SIMULATION OF WI-FI SIGNAL

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INTRODUCTION

- Wireless network protocol
- Exchange data by radio waves
- Radio frequency: 2.4 5 6 GHz
- Bit rate: 1 – 461200 Mbit/s



SIGNAL PROPAGATION

- Power transmitted/ power received:

$$\frac{P_r}{P_t} = D_r \cdot D_t \cdot \left(\frac{\lambda}{4\pi d}\right)^2$$

Where:

- D_t is the directivity of the transmitting antenna
 - D_r is the directivity of the receiving antenna
 - λ is the signal wavelength
 - D is the distance between the antennas
- Free space path loss formular:

$$FSPL = \left(\frac{4\pi f}{c}\right)^2$$

WIFI FREE-SPACE PATH LOSS IN DECIBELS

- Free space path loss in decibels:

$$\begin{aligned}FSPL(dB) &= 20 * \log(d) + 20 * \log(f) + 20 * \log\left(\frac{4\pi}{c}\right) \\ &= 20 * \log(d) + 20 * \log(f) - 147.55\end{aligned}$$

- SI unit with metre for d and hertz for f → GHz for f:

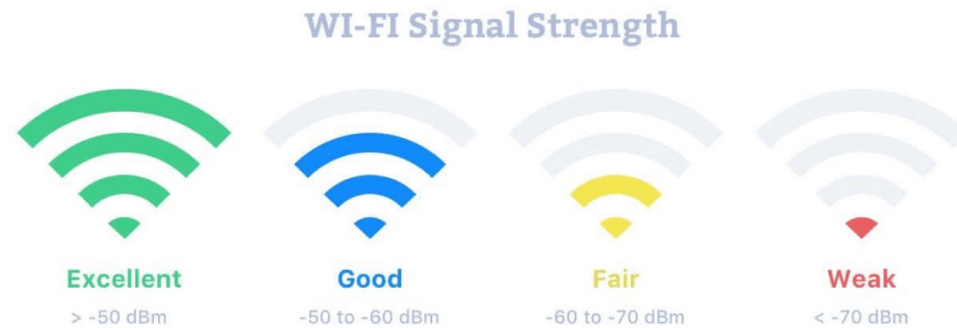
$$FSPL(dB) = 20 * \log(d) + 20 * \log(f) + 32.45$$

- * $\log(10^9) = 180$

WIFI SIGNAL

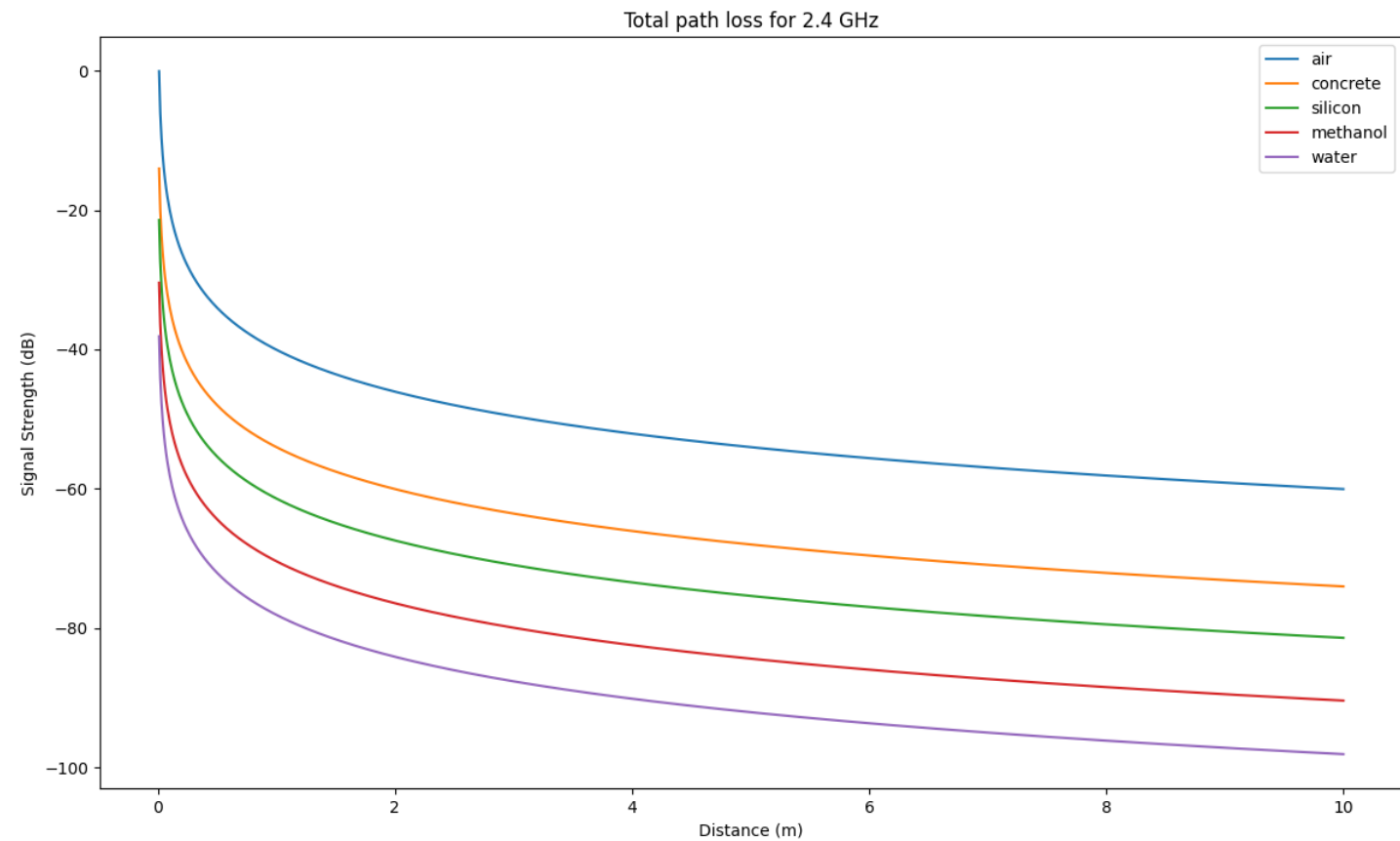
- Power received = Power transmitted – FSPL – material reduction.

$$= \text{PowerTransmitted} - 20 * \log(d) - 20 * \log(f) - 32.45 - 20 * \log(\text{RelativePermittivity})$$



RELATIVE PERMITTIVITY

Air: 1
Concrete: 4.5
Silicon: 11.7
Methanol: 33
Water: 80



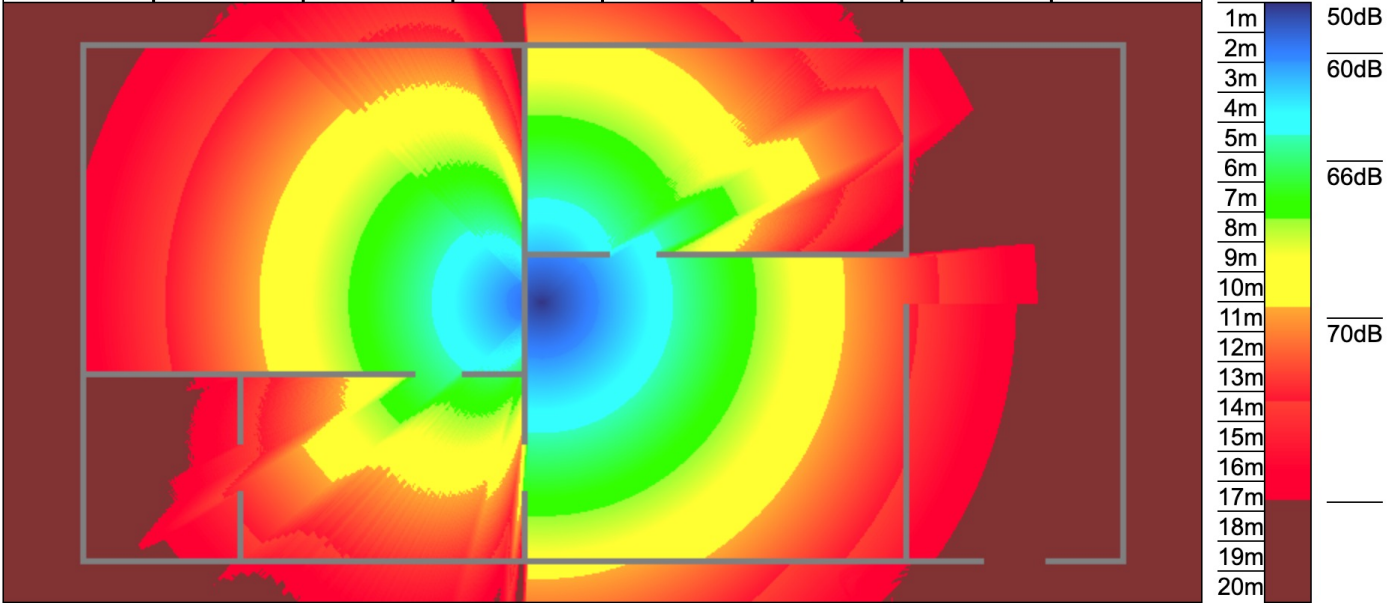
SIMULATION

Canvas Width:

Canvas Height:

Transmission Power:

Transmission Frequency:



house.txt