



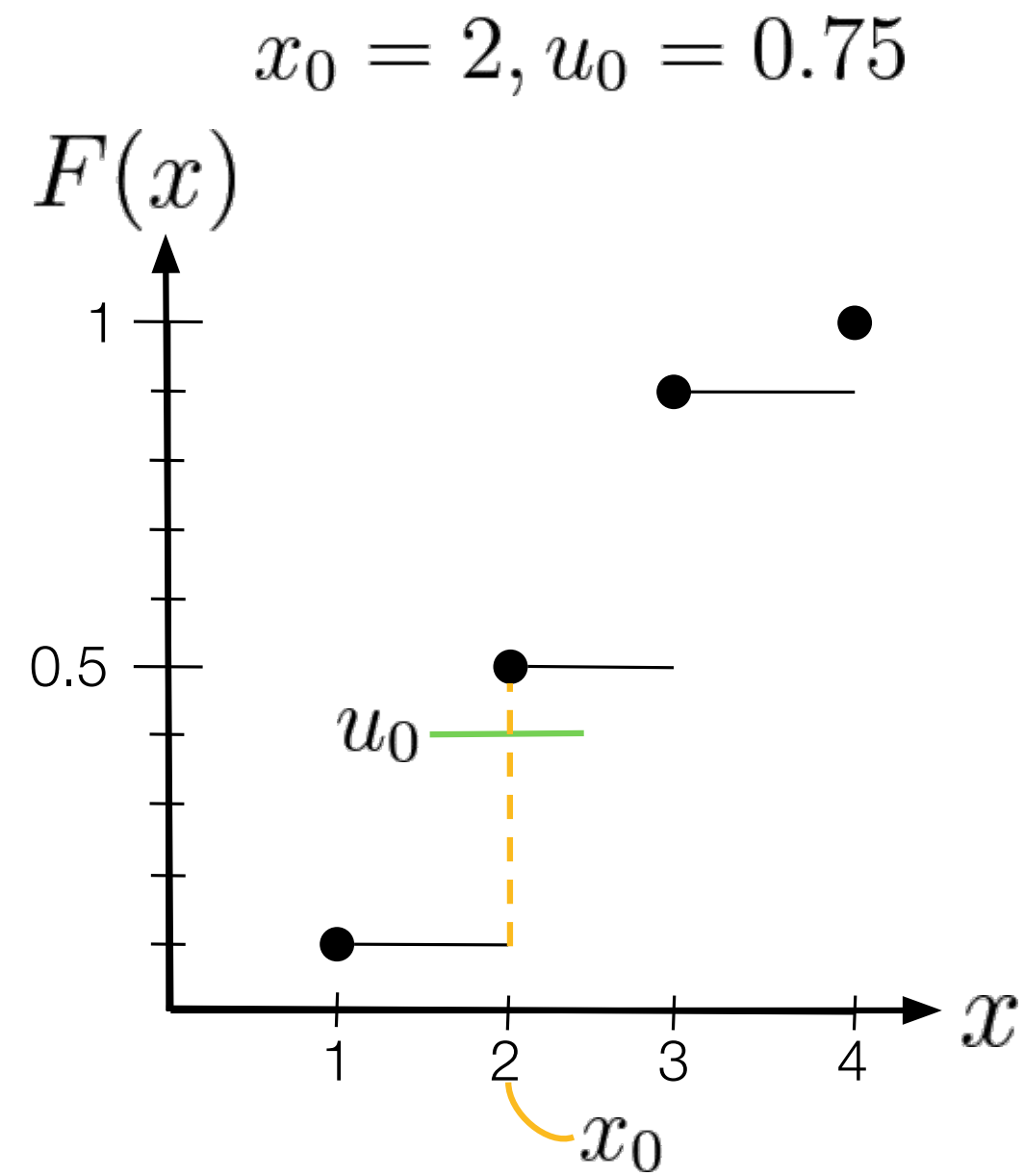
Measure-preserving And Discrete (MAD) map



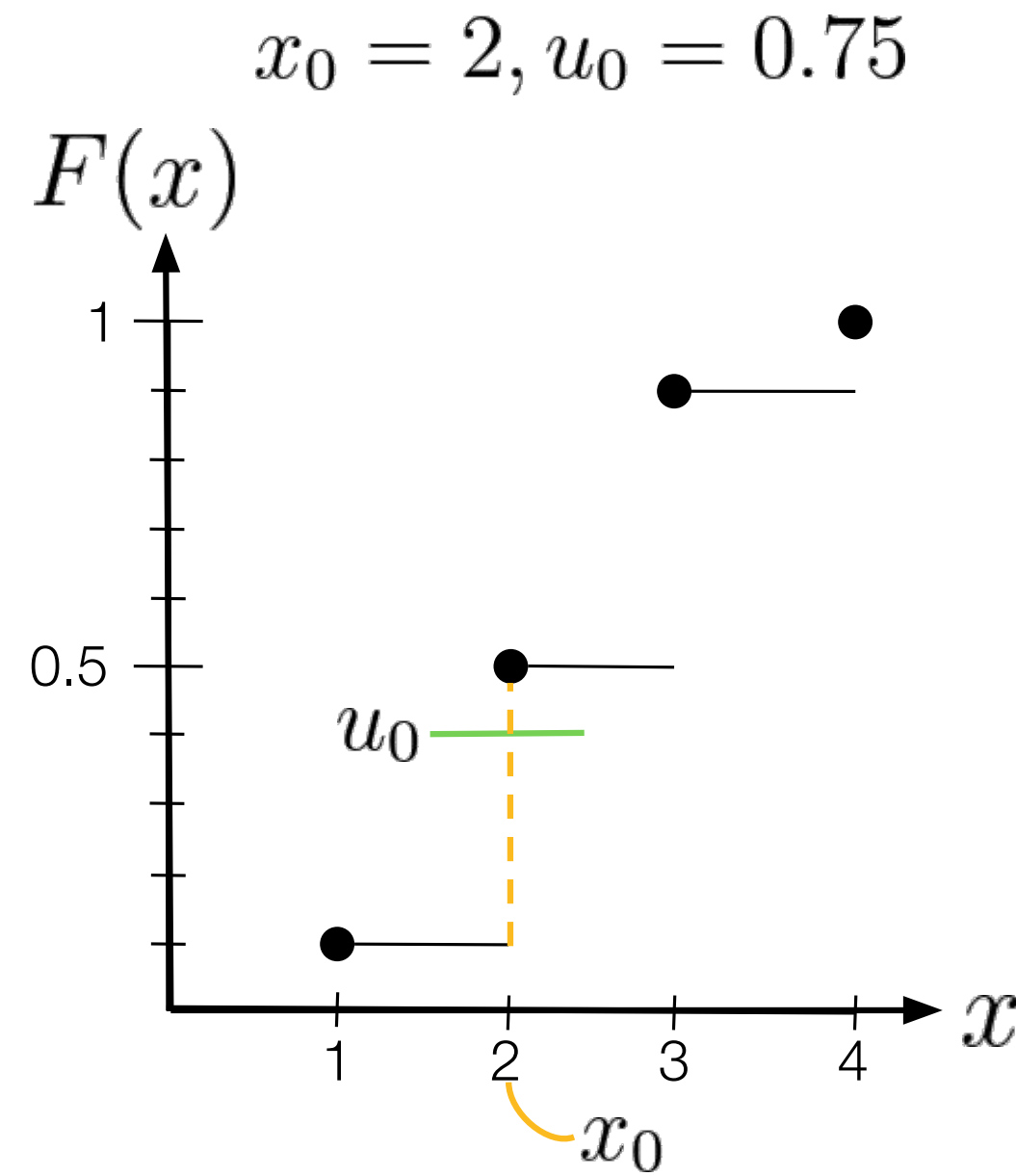
**goal:** approximate *univariate* discrete posterior  $p(x)$ ,  $x \in \mathcal{N}$

augmented target:  $\tilde{p}(x, u) = p(x) \cdot 1_{[0,1]}(u)$

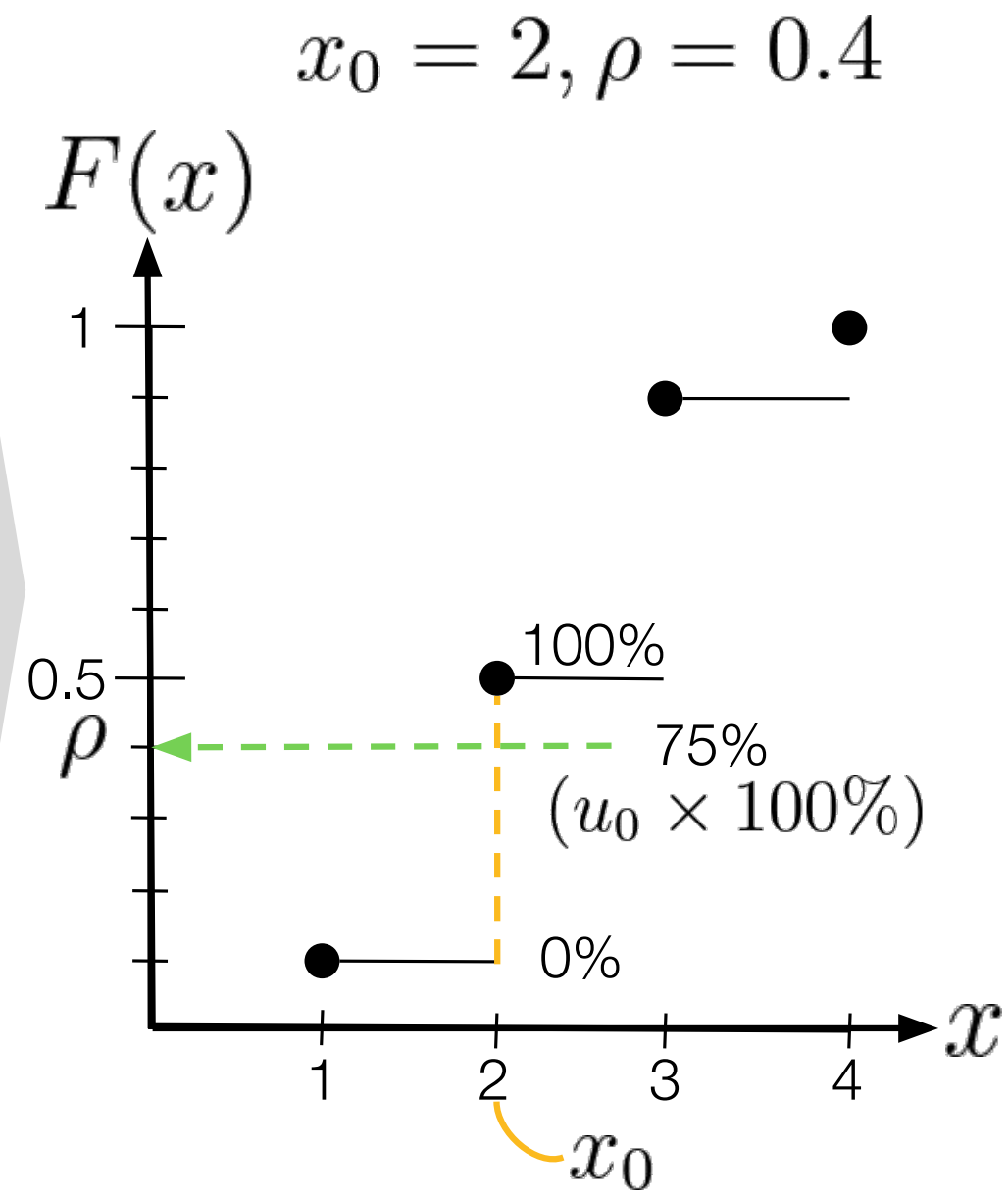
idea: use  $u$  in inverse-CDF moves to update  $x$



(0) Initial state

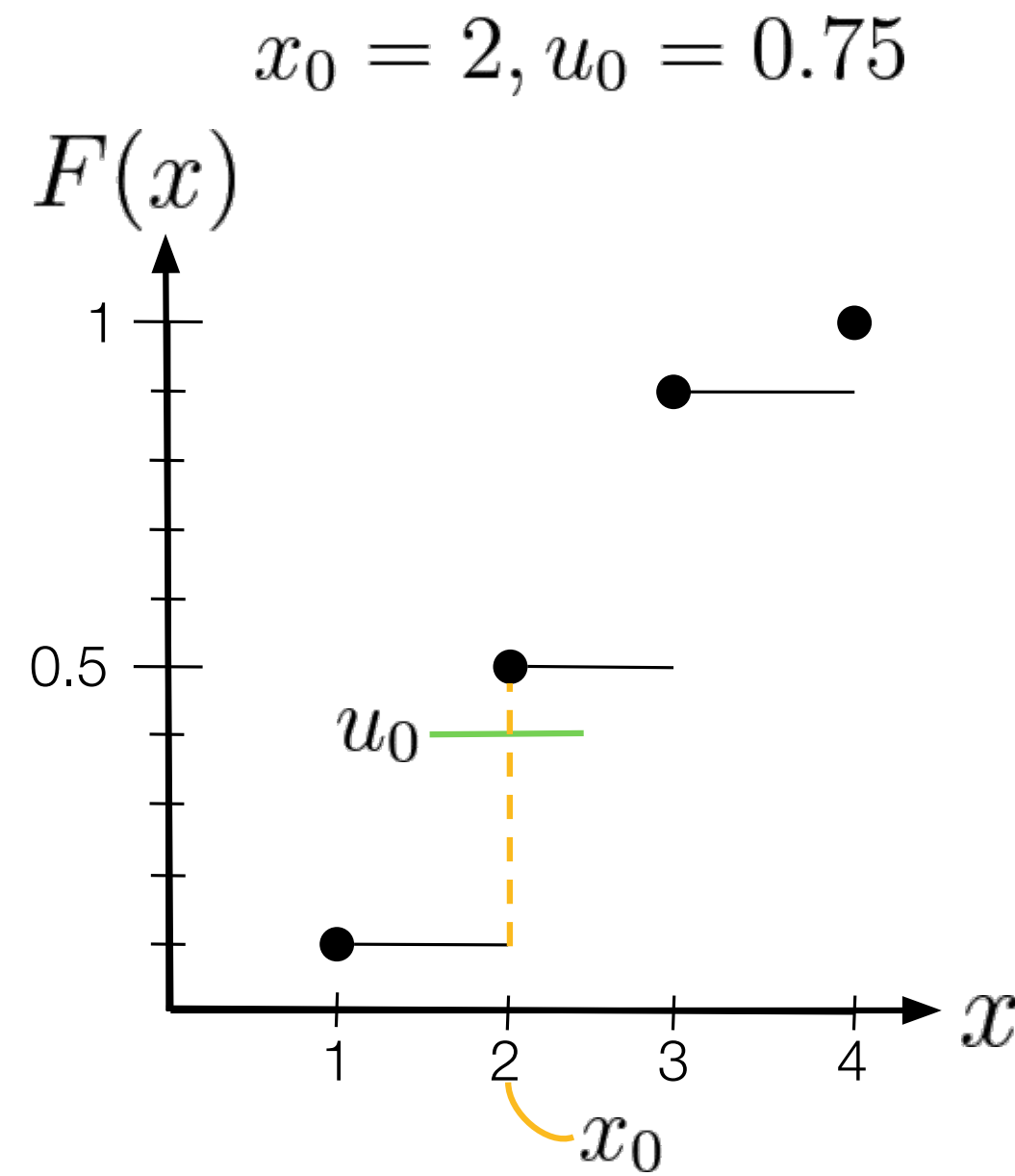


(0) Initial state

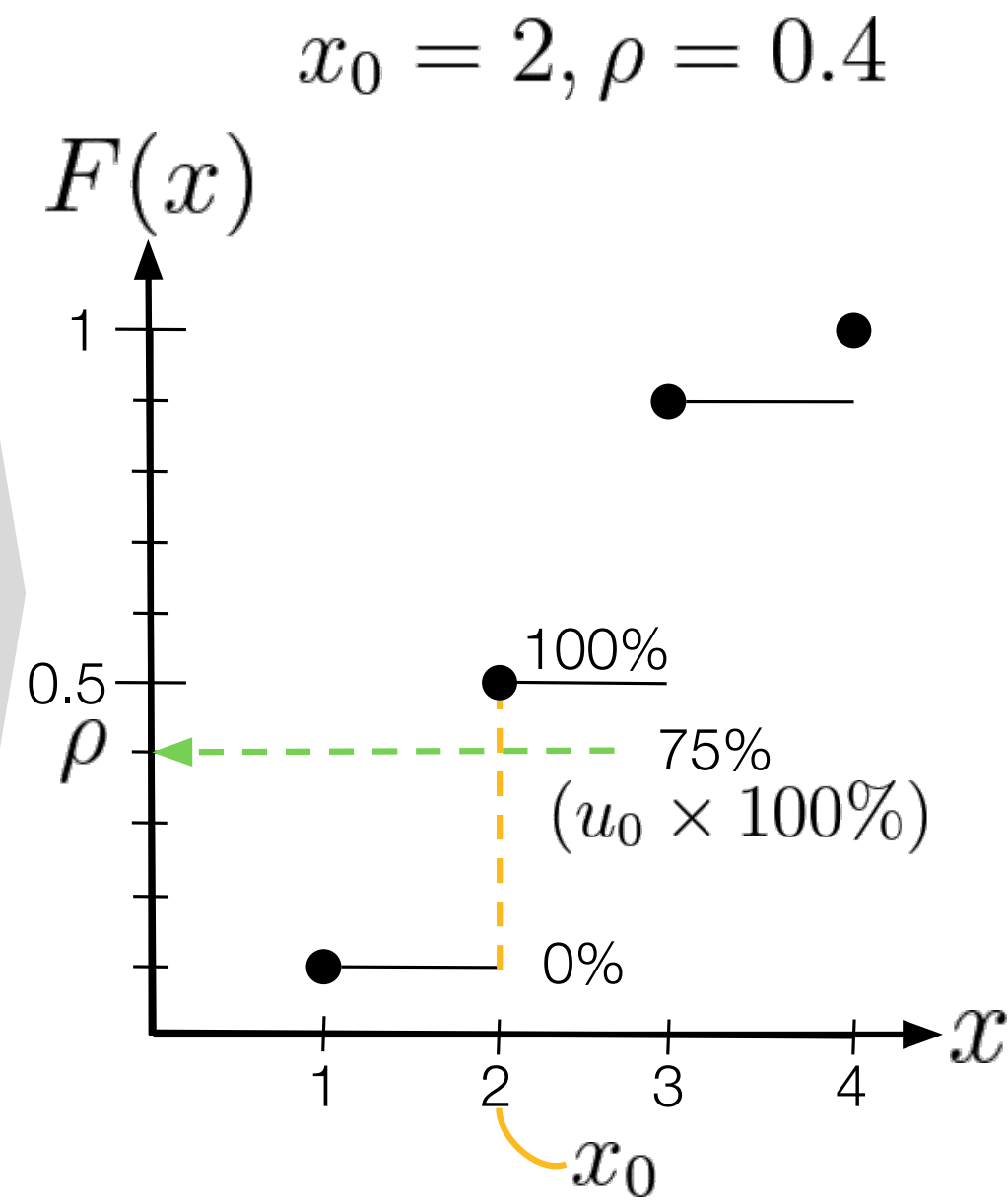


(1)  $u$ -space to  $\rho$ -space

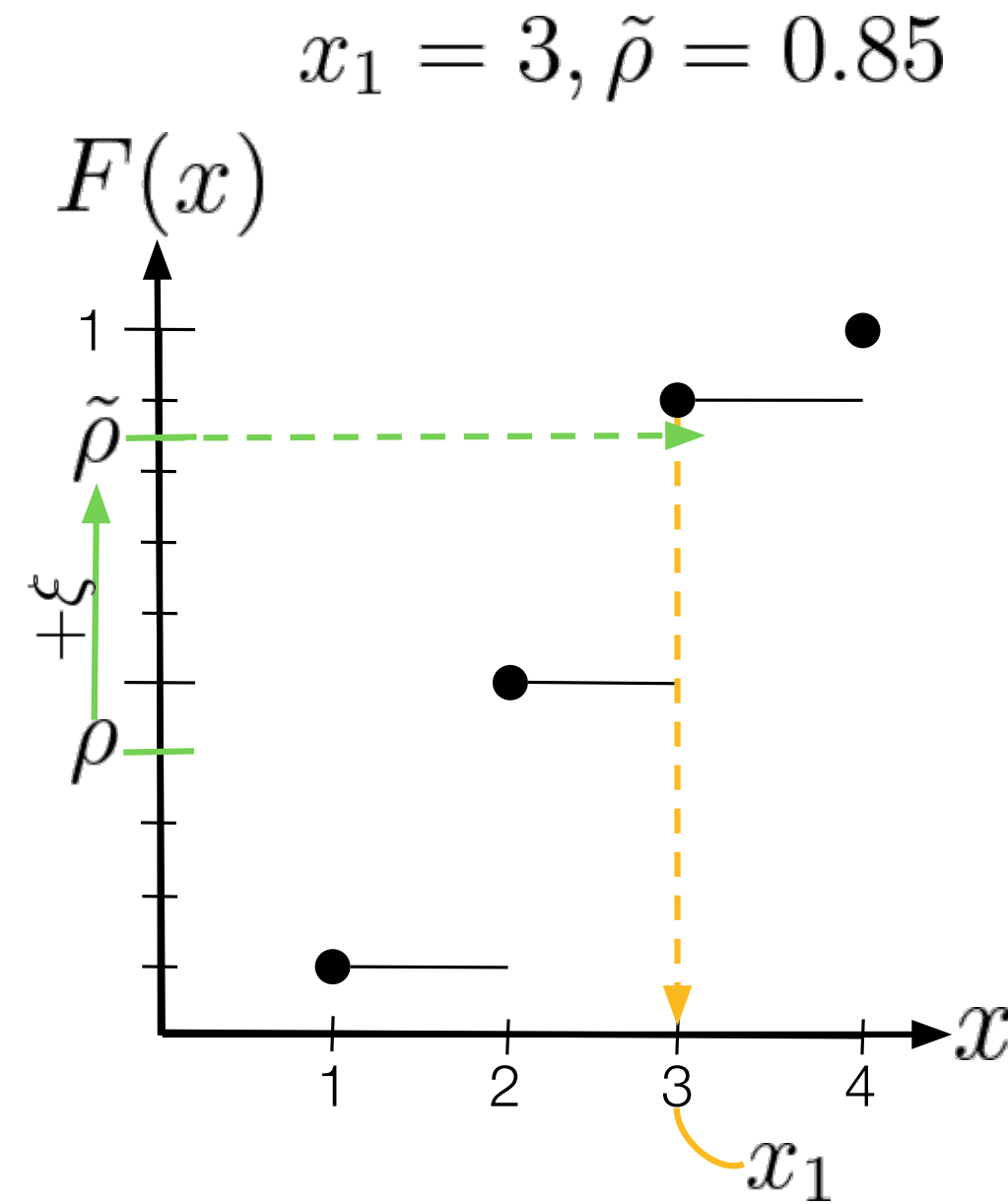




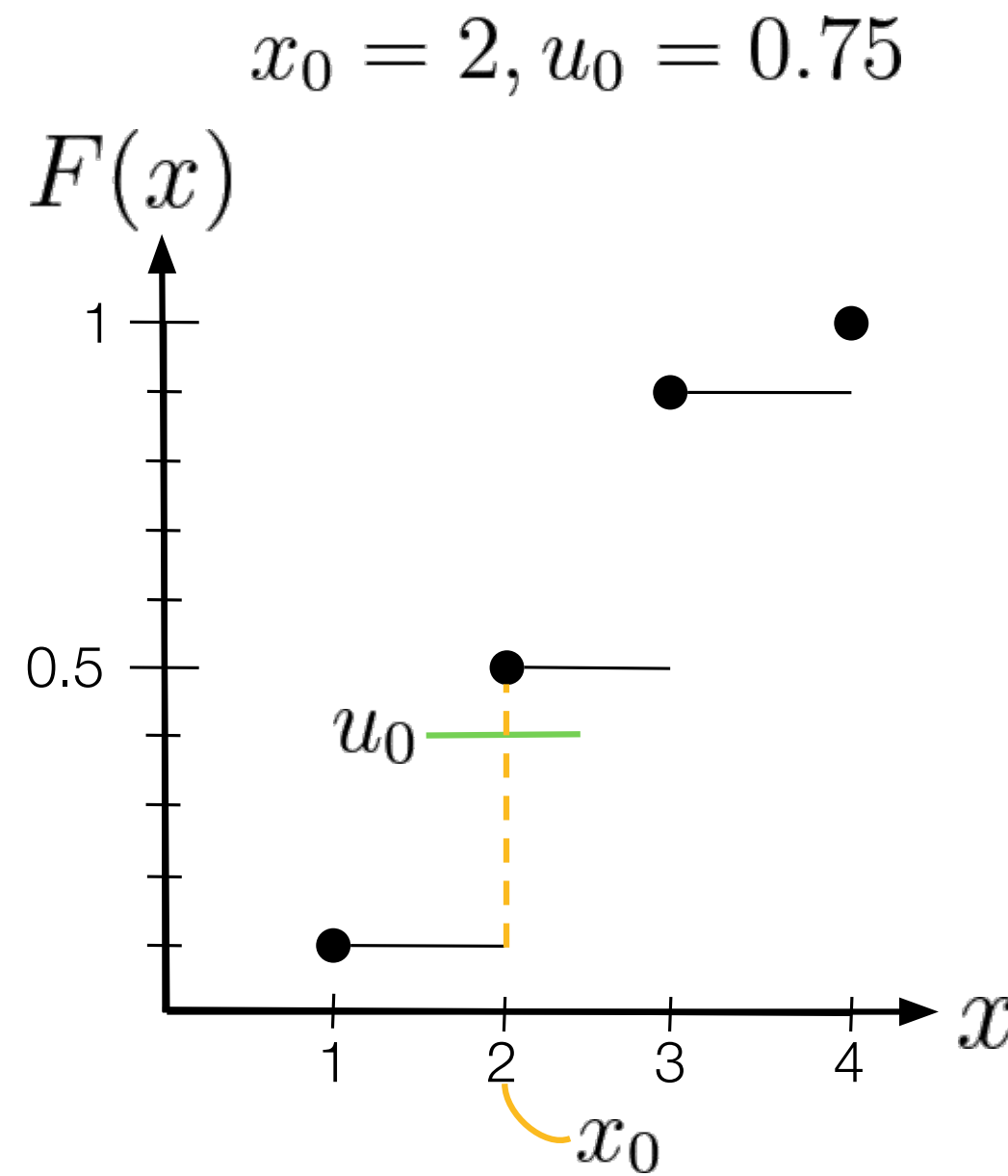
(0) Initial state



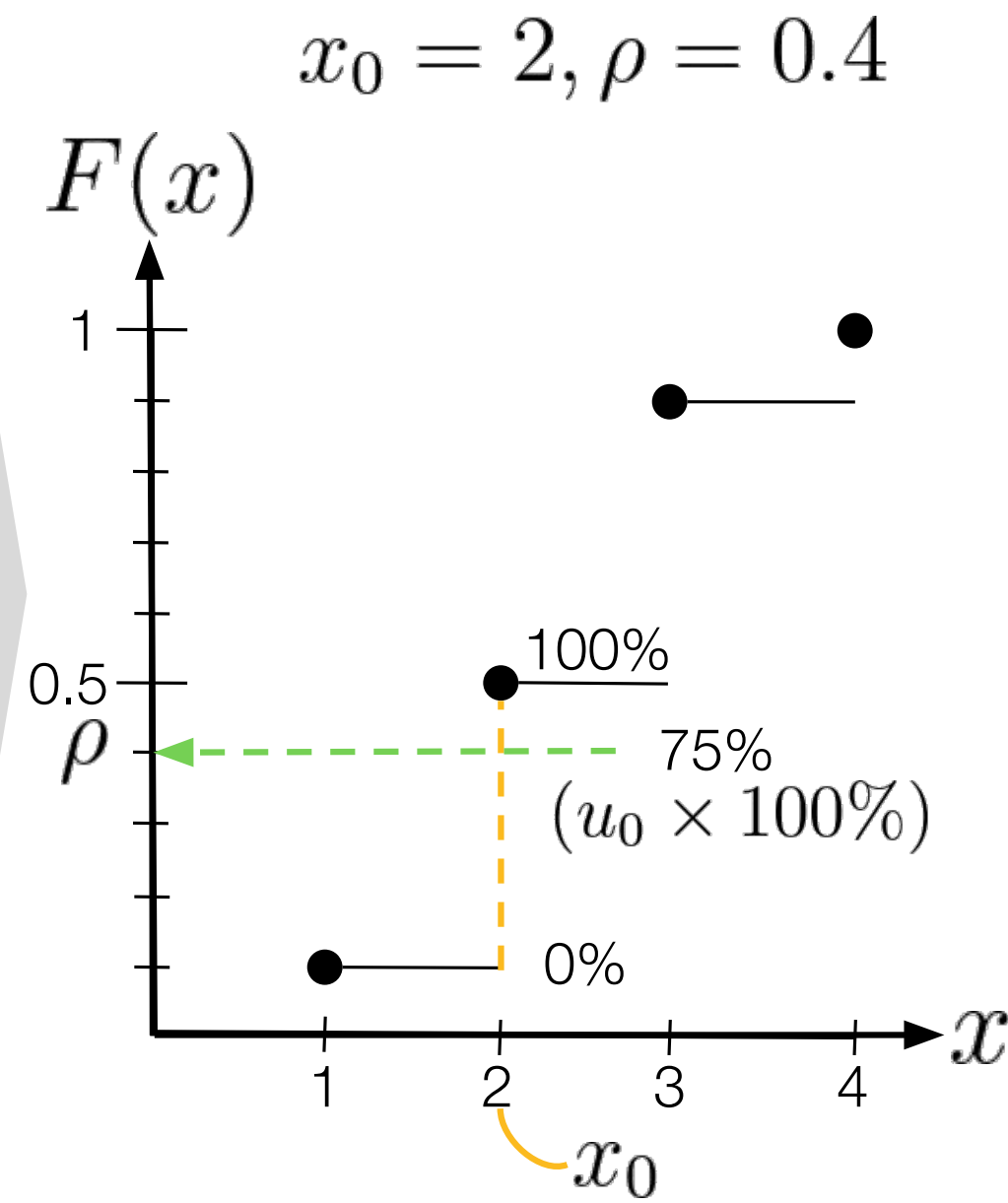
(1)  $u$ -space to  $\rho$ -space



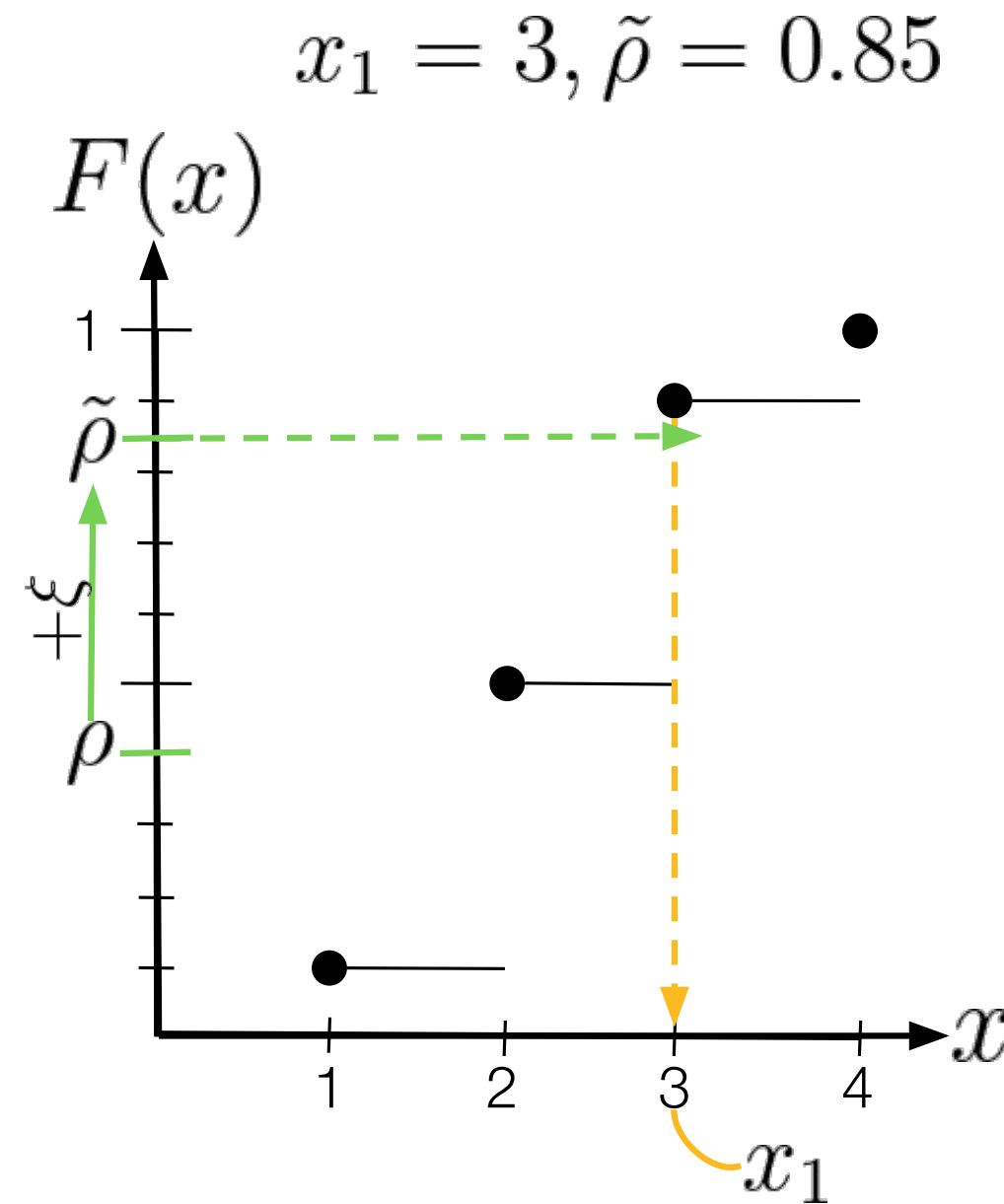
(2)  $x$  update



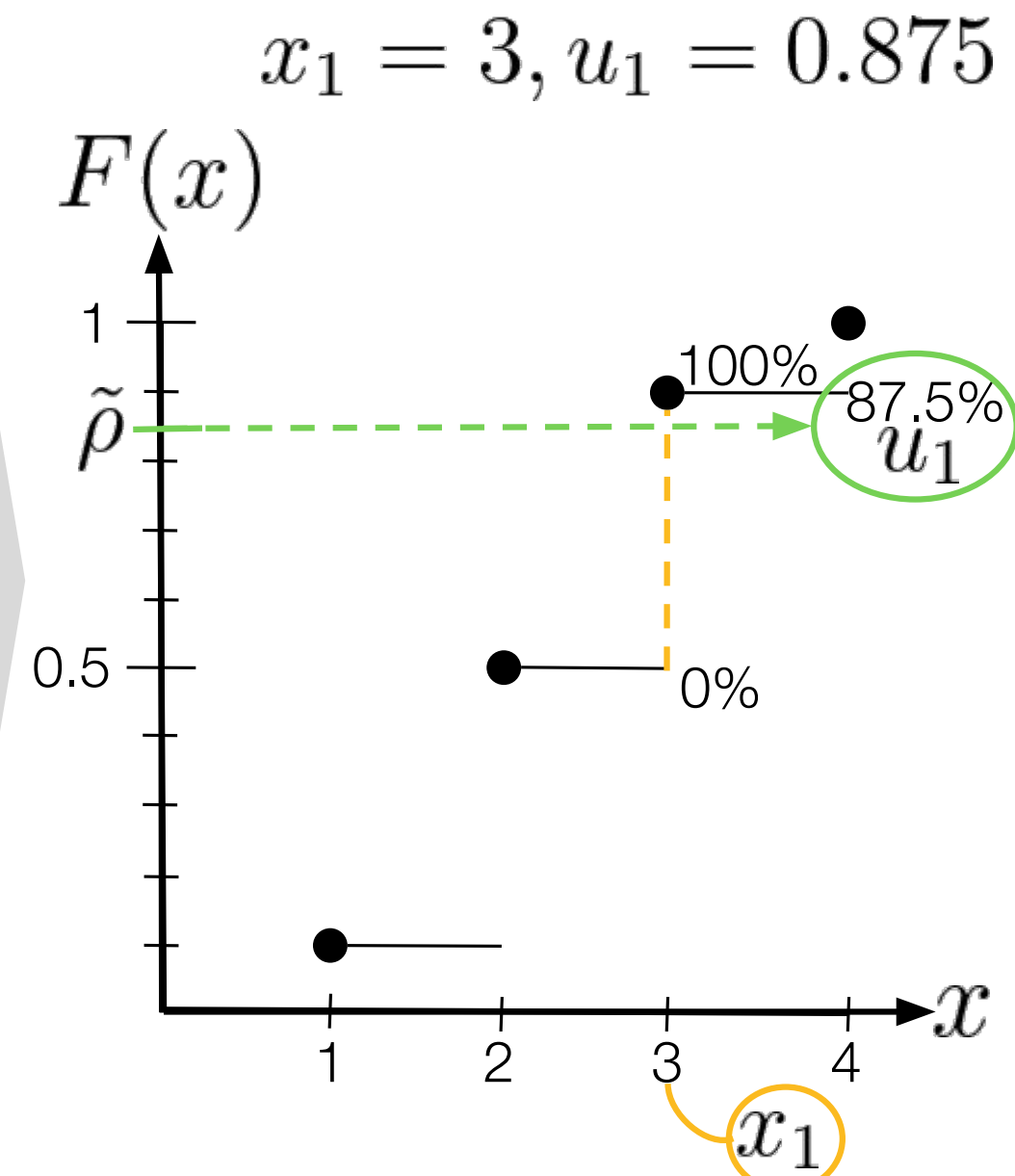
(0) Initial state



(1)  $u$ -space to  $\rho$ -space

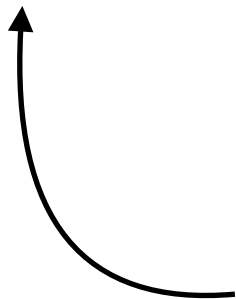


(2)  $x$  update



(3)  $\rho$ -space to  $u$ -space

$$T_{\text{MAD}}(x_0, u_0) = (x_1, u_1)$$



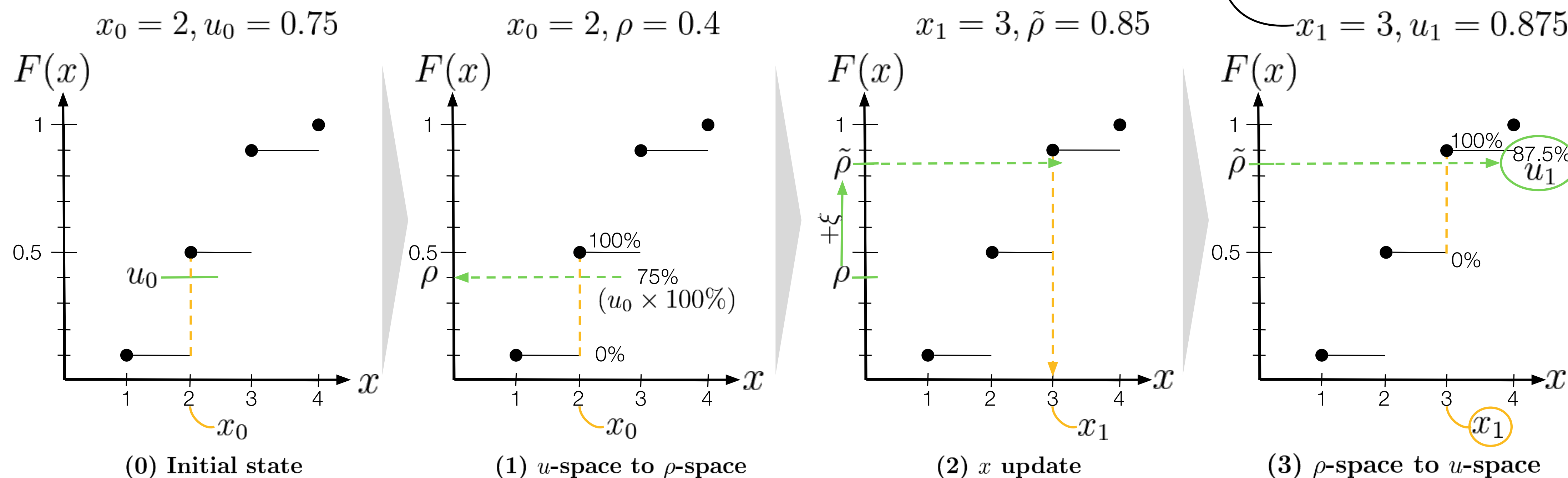
# Measure-preserving And Discrete (MAD) map

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**idea:** use  $u$  in inverse-CDF moves to update  $x$

$$T_{\text{MAD}}(x_0, u_0) = (x_1, u_1)$$



# MAD map for multivariate discrete distributions

**goal:** approximate *multivariate* discrete posterior  $p(x)$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{N}^M$