

## CAP 2017, HW 7 due March 14

Each question is worth 5 points.

1. (a) Calculate the following integrals

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$$\int_{1/3}^3 \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^2 + x} dx$$

•

$$\int \frac{\cos(x)}{\sin^2(x) + \sin(x)} dx$$

•

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 + 1} dx$$

- (b) Determine whether the following integrals are convergent or divergent, and evaluate those that are convergent.

•

$$\int_{-\infty}^0 2^r dr$$

•

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \cos(\pi t) dt$$

2. Astronomers use a technique called *stellar stereography* to determine the density of stars in a star cluster from the observed (two-dimensional) density that can be analysed from a photograph. Suppose that in a spherical cluster of radius  $R$  the density of stars depends only on the distance  $r$  from the centre of the cluster. If the perceived star density is given by  $y(s)$ , where  $s$  is the observed planar distance from the centre of the cluster, and  $x(r)$  is the actual density, it can be shown that

$$y(s) = \int_s^R \frac{2r}{\sqrt{r^2 - s^2}} x(r) dr.$$

If the actual density of stars in a cluster is  $x(r) = \frac{1}{2}(R - r)^2$ , show that the perceived density is

$$y(s) = s^2 R \left[ \ln(s) - \ln(R + \sqrt{R^2 - s^2}) \right] + \sqrt{R^2 - s^2} \left( \frac{2}{3}s^2 + \frac{1}{3}R^2 \right).$$

3. Use the comparison theorem to determine whether the integral

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\arctan(x)}{2 + e^x} dx$$

is convergent or divergent.

4. (a) Find the number  $a$  such that the line  $x = a$  bisects the area under the curve  $y = 1/x^2$ ,  $1 \leq x \leq 4$ .  
(b) Find the number  $b$  such that the line  $y = b$  bisects the area in part (a).