C++ Basic Exercises

Exercise 1: Print "Hello, World!"

Code:

```
#include <iostream> // Includes the standard library for input and output
using namespace std; // Allows us to use names from the standard library without`std::`
int main() {
   cout << "Hello, World!" << endl; // Outputs "Hello, World!" to the console
   return 0; // Ends the program
}</pre>
```

Exercise 2: Print Your Name

Code:

```
#include <iostream> // Includes the standard input/output library
using namespace std; // Simplifies the code by allowing us to write `cout` instead of `std::cout`
int main() {
    cout << "My name is Alex." << endl; // Prints "My name is Alex." and moves to a new line
    return 0; // Ends the program successfully
}</pre>
```

Exercise 3: Print Two Lines

Code:

```
#include <iostream> // Includes the library for input and output
using namespace std; // Simplifies code by allowing `cout` instead of `std::cout`

int main() {
    cout << "Hello!" << endl; // Prints "Hello!" and moves to a new line
    cout << "Welcome to C++ programming." << endl; // Prints "Welcome to C++ programming."
    return 0; // Ends the program
}</pre>
```

Exercise 4: Print a Number

Code:

```
#include <iostream> // Includes the standard input/output library
using namespace std; // Allows us to use names like `cout` without `std::`

int main() {
   cout << 100 << endl; // Outputs the number 100 and moves to a new line
   return 0; // Ends the program successfully
}</pre>
```

Exercise 5: Print a Message with a Variable

Code:

```
#include <iostream> // Includes the library for input and output
using namespace std; // Simplifies code by allowing `cout` instead of `std::cout`

int main() {
   int number = 50; // Declares an integer variable called `number` and assigns it the value 50
   cout << "The number is " << number << endl;
   return 0; // Ends the program
}</pre>
```

Exercise 6: Simple Math Output

Code:

```
#include <iostream> // Includes the library for input and output
using namespace std; // Allows us to use `cout` without `std::`

int main() {
   cout << "5 + 3 = " << (5 + 3) << endl;
   return 0; // Ends the program successfully
}</pre>
```

Exercise 7: Storing and Printing Your Age

Code:

```
#include <iostream> // Includes the library for input and output
using namespace std; // Allows us to use `cout` without `std::`

int main() {
   int age = 20; // Declares an integer variable called `age` and sets it to 20

   cout << "I am " << age << " years old." << endl;

   return 0; // Ends the program
}</pre>
```