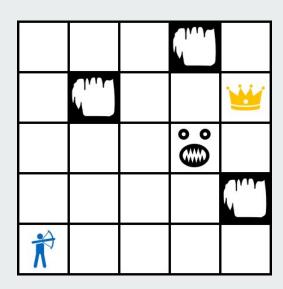
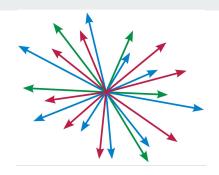
Hunt The Wumpus



Green Team

Marco Di Panfilo, Alessandra Lorefice, Denis Mugisha, Gianluigi Pellè



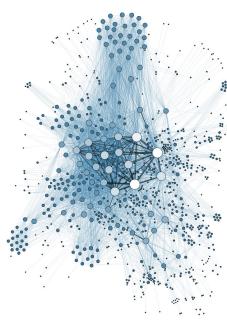


```
c linear_space.SmartCoordinate
m __init__(self, x=0, y=0)
m __neg__(self)
m __add__(self, other)
m __radd__(self, other)
m __sub__(self, other)
m __hash__(self)
m __eq__(self, other)
m __lt__(self, other)
m __str__(self)
m __repr__(self)
f x
f y
```

C	linear_space.SmartVector
m	from_coordinate(coordinate)
m	get_north()
m	get_east()
m	get_south()
m	get_west()
m	init(self, x=0, y=0)
m	neg(self)
m	add(self, other)
m	radd(self, other)
m	sub(self, other)
m	mul(self, other)
m	rmul(self, other)
m	hash(self)
m	eq(self, other)
m	str(self)
m	repr(self)
m	get_perpendicular_vector_clockwise(self)
m	get_perpendicular_vectors(self)
f	x
f	у

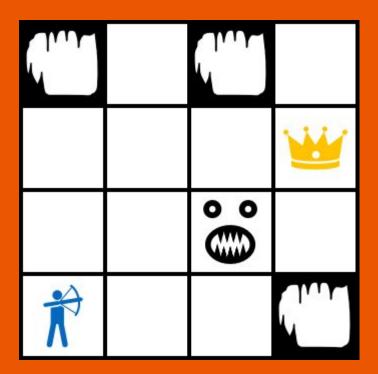
Architecture Design

- hybrid_agent_model_WIP.HuntWumpusHybridAgent
- m __init__(self)
- m get_next_action_from(self, *, percept)
- m plan_route(self, *, to_goal_locations, with_allowed_locations, ...)
- m astar_search(self, *, problem)
- f kb
- f plan_actions
- f previous_agent_action



hybrid_agent_model_WIP.KnowledgeBase m __init__(self) m __str__(self) m __repr__(self) m get_adjacent_locations_from(self, *, location) m filter_locations_from_unknown_world(self, *, from_locations) m update with(self, *, previous agent action, current percept) m update_wumpus(self, *, with_possible_wumpus_locations=set(), with_no_wumpus_locations=set(), scream=False) m get_safe_locations(self) m get_safe_unvisited_locations(self) m get_safe_from_pit_but_possible_wumpus_locations(self) m get_smt_bool_variables_from(self, *, locations, with_prefix) m add_assertions(self, *, for_variables, with_value, to_solver) m get_bool_value_if_certain(self, *, of_bool_variable, in_solver) m update pit locations(self) make_bayesian_proposition(self, *, with_name, and_values, and_probabilities) m make_evidence_bool_bayesian_proposition(self, *, with_name, and_values, and_evidence, with_bool_function) m make_bayesian_bool_propositions_dict(self, *, for_locations, with_name_prefix, and_probabilities) m get_bayesian_model(self) m get_evidence_dict(self) m check_pit_probability_of(self, *, location, bayesian_model, evidence_dict) m check_safe_probability_of(self, *, location, bayesian_model, evidence_dict) f) is arrow available f) pit SAT solver f known_wumpus_location f no_pit_locations f) is_wumpus_alive f has_agent_bumped_east f pit_locations f) visited locations f) possible_wumpus_locations f) has_agent_bumped_north f exit_locations f world_size_height f no_wumpus_locations agent_location world_size_width breeze locations agent_orientation fringe_locations no_breeze_locations

Our Strategy



Overall strategy

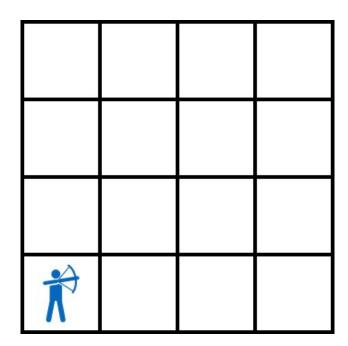
- 1) If perceive glitter: grab gold, go to exit and climb.
- 2) If there are safe cells: explore them.
- 3) Calculate lowest pit probability of cells in fringe:
 - a) Risk to go to nearest cell with lowest pit probability that is below risk threshold.
 - b) If all cells above risk threshold: go to exit.

Start with world size (1, 1) and increase each time a cell outside the known range is visited and no bump is perceived.

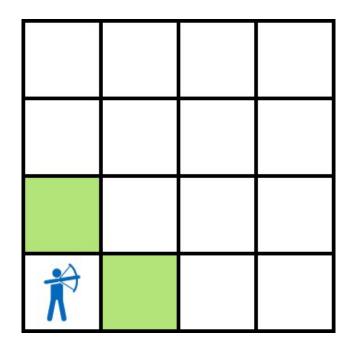
Wumpus strategy

- 1) Try to locate Wumpus when exploring safe cells and cells with a lower pit probability than possible Wumpus.
- 2) Once located, it behaves like other cells with a cost of +10 to shoot if an arrow is available.
- 3) If localisation is not possible and several locations may have a Wumpus, shoot the closer one.

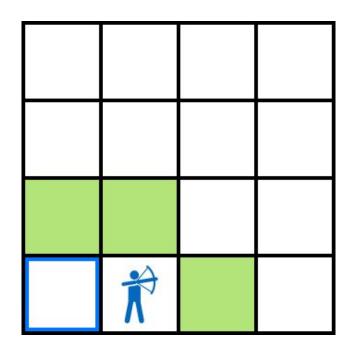
- Neighbours of cells with no stench and no breeze are safe
- If we identified the precise position of the wumpus we can consider it safe by shooting him



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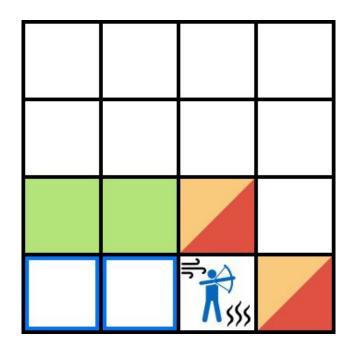


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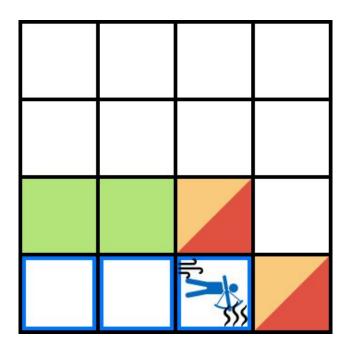


Found breeze and stench

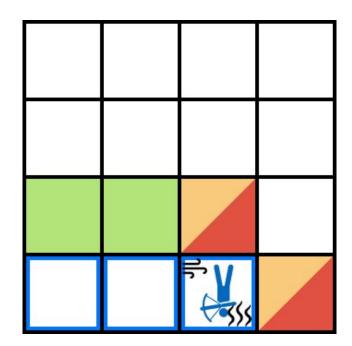
- When we perceive stench we add not visited neighbour cells to possible wumpus
- When we perceive breeze we only memorize that we perceived a breeze



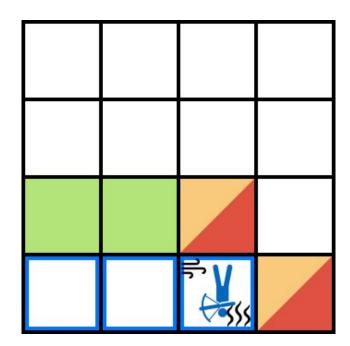
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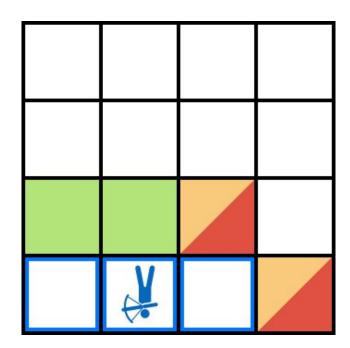
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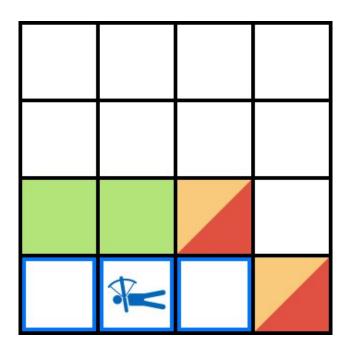
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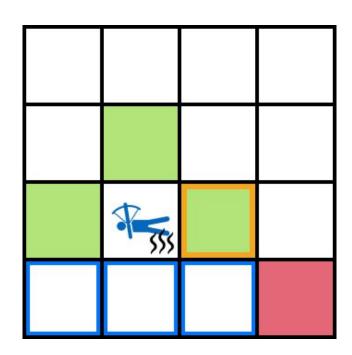


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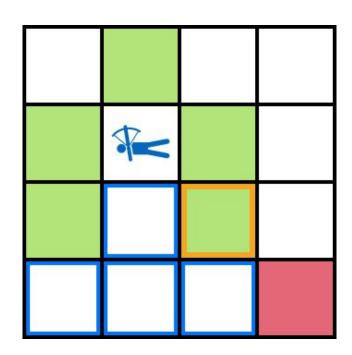


Found second stench

- When we perceive a **stench again**, we can do the **intersection** of current neighbours and the previous possible wumpus cells and **locate the wumpus** if there is only 1 common element (orange border).
- Wumpus can be considered safe, with a higher cost, if we still have the arrow to shoot him.

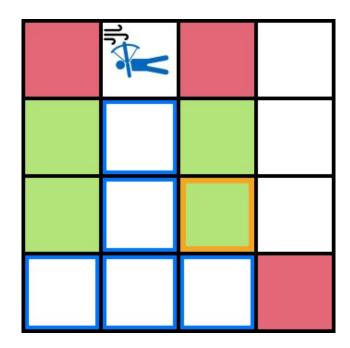


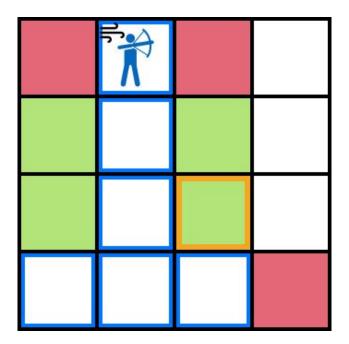
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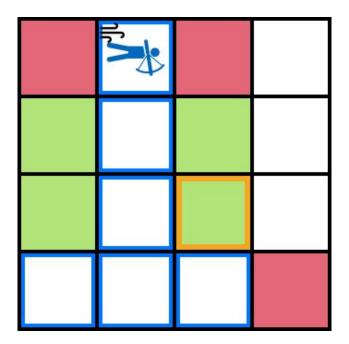


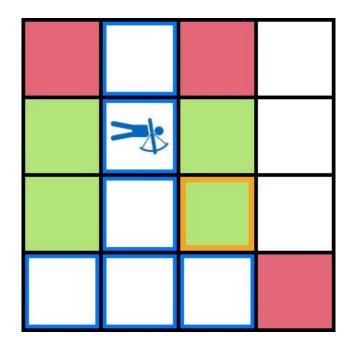
Found breeze

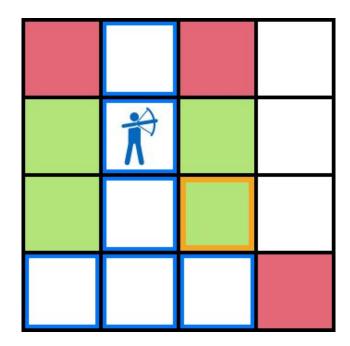
 When we feel breeze we don't add the neighbours to the safe cells and look for remaining safe cells to explore.





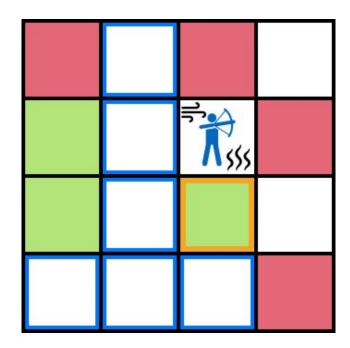


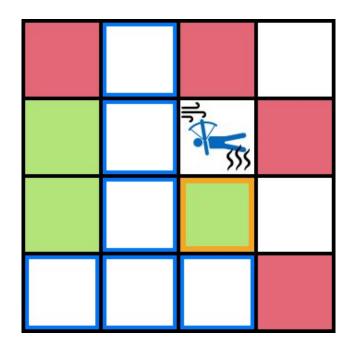


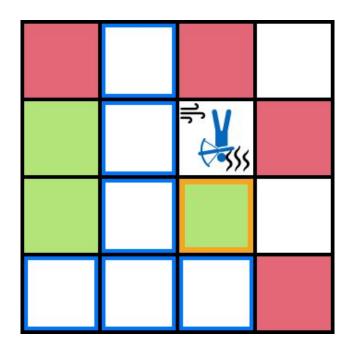


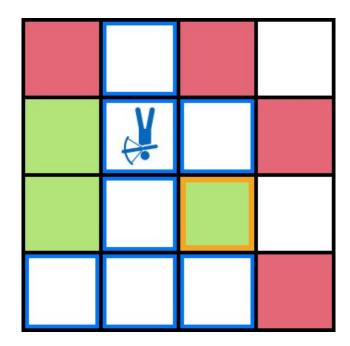
Found breeze and stench

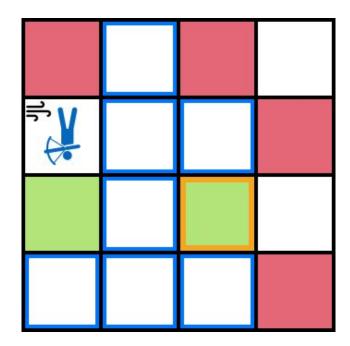
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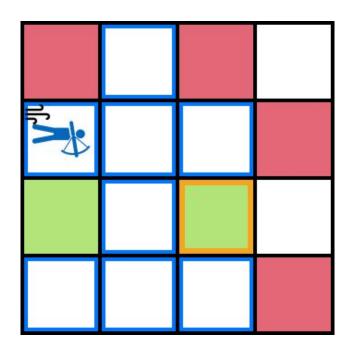


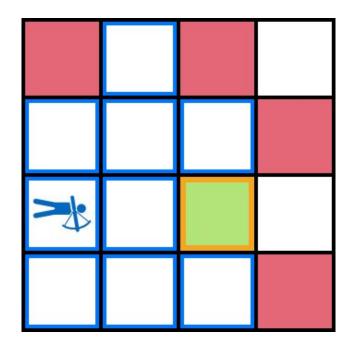


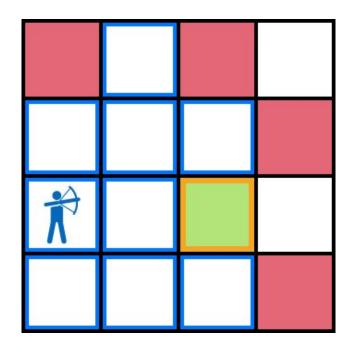


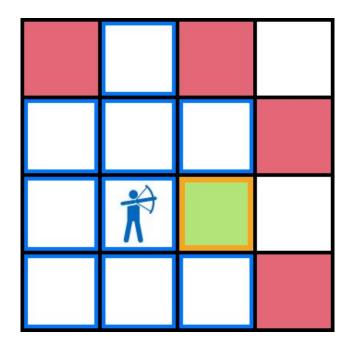


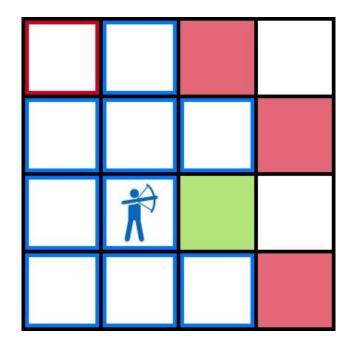


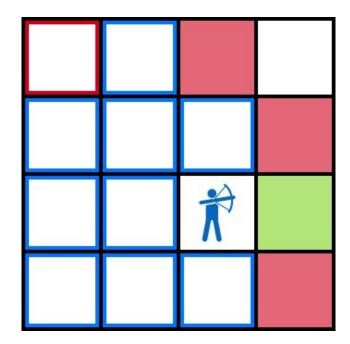






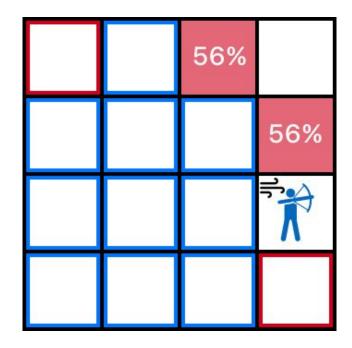






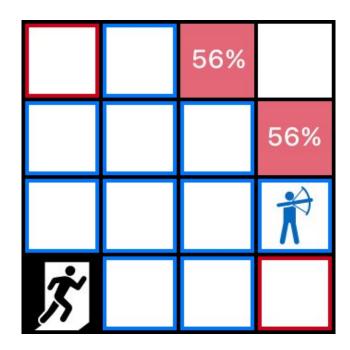
Search safest cell in fringe

- We calculate the certain pit on the corners with a SAT Solver and then we calculate the pit probability from the remaining cells in the fring by constructing a Bayesian Network.
- Since all the cells have a higher pit probability then the threshold the agent decides to go home.



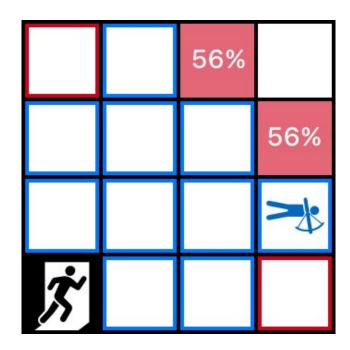
Going to exit

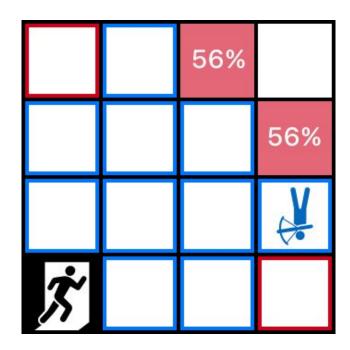
- Returning home without gold

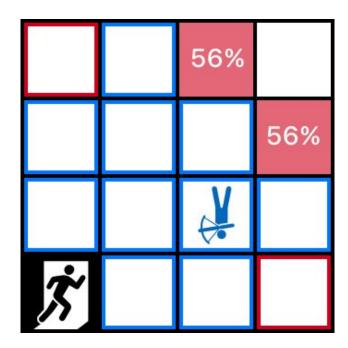


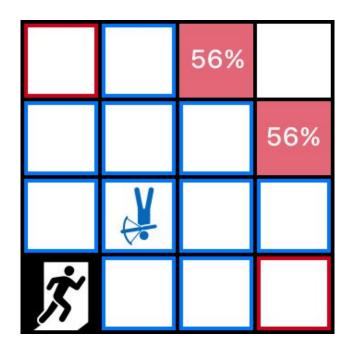
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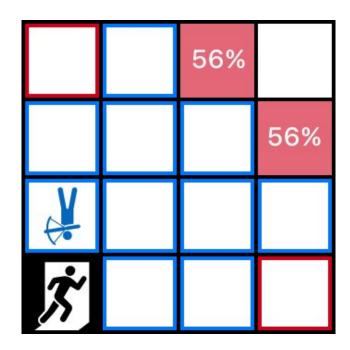
- Returning home without gold

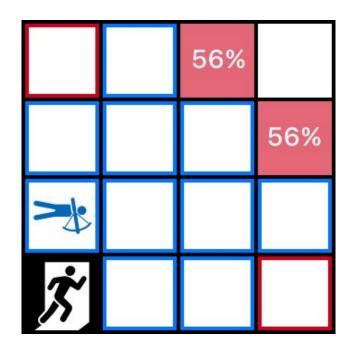


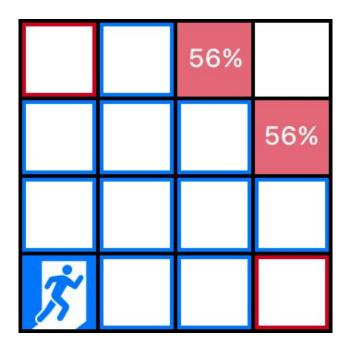












Offline search - A* search

- Three different search problems:
- We grabbed the gold and we need a way back to the exit
- 2. The best path to reach the closest safe location
- The best path to go and kill the most convenient wumpus location (if more than one are available)

- c offline_search_model.HuntWumpusProblem
- __init__(self, safe_locations, goal_locations, ...)
- m is_legal(self, location, *, for_state)
- m get_available_actions_for(self, state)
- m get_effective_actions_for(self, state)
- m get_best_actions_for(self, state)
- m get_successor_state_from(self, state, *, with_action)
- m get_child_from(self, node, *, with_action)
- m unwrap_solution(self, node)
- f action_costs
- f initial_state
- f is_goal_state
- f possible_actions
- f heuristic_func

We grabbed the gold and we need a way back to the exit

Safe_locations: all locations we are sure to be safe from pits (including the ones with possible wumpuses)

Goal_locations: exit location

Possible_actions: [MOVE, LEFT, RIGHT, SHOOT]

Is_goal_state: agent location is in the exit location

Heuristic_func: best: smart_manhattan(from: agent_location, to: exit_location)

Agent_location: agent_location

Agent_orientation: agent_orientation

Is_arrow_available: if the agent has the arrow available

Wumpus_locations: [possible_wumpus_locations]

Best path to reach the closest safe location

Safe_locations: all locations we are sure to be safe from pits (including the wumpus location if it is known)

Goal_locations: safe locations inside the fringe

Possible_actions: [MOVE, LEFT, RIGHT, SHOOT]

Is_goal_state: agent location is in a safe location inside the fringe

Heuristic_func: minimum smart_manhattan(from: agent_location, to: goal_location) of each goal location

Agent_location: agent_location

Agent_orientation: agent_orientation

Is_arrow_available: if the agent has the arrow available

Wumpus_locations: [possible_wumpus_locations]

Best path to go and kill the most convenient wumpus location

Safe_locations: all locations we are sure to be safe from pits (including the ones with the possible wumpuses

we are going to shoot)

Goal_locations: possible wumpuses we are going to shoot

Possible_actions: [MOVE, LEFT, RIGHT, SHOOT]

Is_goal_state: agent location is in one of the possible wumpuses we are going to shoot

Heuristic_func: minimum smart_manhattan(from: agent_location, to: of each possible wumpus location)

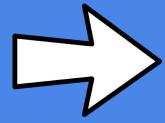
Agent_location: agent_location

Agent_orientation: agent_orientation

Is_arrow_available: if the agent has the arrow available

Wumpus_locations: [the possible wumpuses we are going to shoot]

Tests



Threshold

- Take a risk if probability to be safe > 0.8
- Chosen according to the highest average outcome
- Reduction does not influence strongly the outcome
- The lower is the threshold the longer is the run time (*)



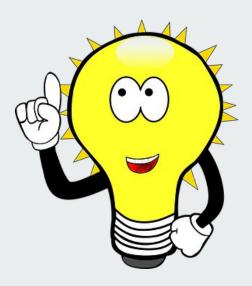
(*) we noticed that when running 200 episodes since the single episode execution only took 0.1 sec

Treshold/Size	4x4	5x5	6x6	7x7	8x8
0.55	avg = 314.135 alive = 96.8%	avg = 250.600 alive = 95.6%	avg = 164.610 alive = 94.8%	avg = 167.325 alive = 94.0%	avg = 86.140 alive = 92.4%
0.60	avg = 330.540 alive = 99.2%	avg = 238.015 alive = 97.6%	avg = 136.360 alive = 91.6%	avg = 167.325 alive = 94.0%	avg = 71.675 alive = 92.0%
0.65	avg = 310.960 alive = 98.8%	avg = 267.075 alive = 98.0%	avg = 149.980 alive = 95.2%	avg = 137.595 alive = 94.0%	avg = 92.400 alive = 92.4%
0.70	avg = 384.300 alive = 98.8%	avg = 206.285 alive = 95.2%	avg = 188.245 alive = 94.8%	avg = 200.990 alive = 95.6%	avg = 66.280 alive = 90.4%
0.75	avg = 376.810 alive = 98.8%	avg = 234.335 alive = 97.6%	avg = 132.640 alive = 91.6%	avg = 148.670 alive = 94.0%	avg = 16.045 alive = 90.4%
0.80	avg = 366.025 alive = 98.4%	avg = 317.870 alive = 97.6%	avg = 234.895 alive = 95.6%	avg = 133.555 alive = 94.8%	avg = 100.130 alive = 92.8%
0.85	avg = 335.865 alive = 99.2%	avg = 274.675 alive = 94.8%	avg = 176.350 alive = 94.8%	avg = 109.655 alive = 92.8%	avg = 58.100 alive = 88.4%

200 worlds tested for each combination of Threshold/Size

Treshold	Average		
0.55	192.562		
0.60	188.783		
0.65	191.602		
0.70	209.220		
0.75	181.700		
0.80	230.495		
0.85	190.929		

Conclusions



- the performance to get a high reward is influenced by the strategy and the risk threshold
- the calculation of the probability was very slow. SAT Solver showed a reduction in execution time of 5-10 %
- the combination of both the SAT Solver and the Bayesian Network inside the KnowledgeBase class was a good solution

