## TUGAS BESAR A MACHINE LEARNING

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### Membaca Data dan Model

```
# Membaca data
In [ ]:
         import csv
         def readData():
             data = []
             target_class = []
             dataFile = open('data.csv', "r")
             reader = csv.DictReader(dataFile)
             for row in reader:
                 data.append([int(row["x1"]), int(row["x2"])])
                 target_class.append(int(row["f"]))
             return data, target_class
         # Membaca Model
         # filename ex: modelsigmoid.txt
         def readModel(filename):
             file = open(filename, "r")
             lines = file.readlines()
             # init array
             activation = []
             weigth = []
             bias = []
             num_atr = int(lines[0])
             i = 1
             while i < len(lines):</pre>
                 splitline = lines[i].strip("\n").split(" ")
                 # baris yang mengandung fungsi aktivasi
                 if(("sigmoid" in splitline) or ("relu" in splitline) or ("linear" in splitline) or "softmax" in splitline):
                     activation.append(splitline[1])
                     i +=1
```

```
splitline = lines[i].strip("\n").split(" ")
bias.append(list(map(int, splitline)))

i+=1
else:
    w = []
    for num in range(num_atr):
        splitline = lines[i].strip("\n").split(" ")
        w.append(list(map(int, splitline)))
        i +=1

    weigth.append(w)

return bias, weigth, activation
```

```
# Fungsi Aktivasi
In [ ]:
         import math
         import numpy as np
         def linear(x, kwargs=None):
              return x
         def sigmoid(x):
              value = float(1 / (1 + math.exp(x * -1)))
              threshold = 0.1
              if value < threshold:</pre>
                  return 0
              else:
                  return 1
         def relu(x):
              alpha = 0.0
              max_value = 1.0
              threshold = 0.0
              if x < threshold:</pre>
                  if x > x*alpha:
                      return x
                  else:
                      return x*alpha
              else:
                  return min(x, max_value)
         def softmax(arr):
              arr_exp = np.exp(arr)
              return arr_exp / arr_exp.sum()
```

# **Neural Network Class and Layer Class**

```
In [ ]:
         class Layer:
             def init (self,bias:list[int], weight:list[list[int]], activation:str):
                  self.weight = weight
                  self.bias = bias
                  self.activation = activation
             def get sigma(self, input:list[int]) -> list[int]:
                 if(len(self.weight) == len(bias)):
                      result = []
                     for i in range(len(self.bias)):
                          res = 1*self.bias[i]
                         for j in range(len(input)):
                             res = res + input[j]*self.weight[j][i]
                          result.append(res)
                      return result
             def get_result(self, input:list[int]):
                 sigma = self.get_sigma(input)
                 result = []
                 for i in range(len(sigma)):
                     result.append(self.activate_function(sigma[i]))
                 return result
             def activate_function(self, x):
                 if(self.activation == "linear"):
                      return linear(x)
                 elif(self.activation == "sigmoid"):
                     return sigmoid(x)
                 elif(self.activation == "relu"):
                      return relu(x)
                 elif(self.activation == "softmax"):
                     return softmax(x)
             def getDiGraph(self, index, max):
                 # untuk visualisasi Digraph
                 arr = []
                 # bias
                 i = 1
                 for bs in self.bias:
                     a = f'b{index}'
                      b = f'h\{index+1\} \{i\}'
                      if(index+1 == max):
```

```
b = f'y'
        arr.append([a, b, bs])
        i += 1
    # weight
    i = 1
   for x in self.weight:
        j = 1
        for w in x:
            a = f'x\{index\} \{i\}'
            if(index>0):
                a = f'h\{index\} \{i\}'
            b = f'h{index+1} {j}'
            if(index+1 == max):
                b = f'y'
            arr.append([a, b, w])
            j += 1
        i += 1
    return arr
def solve(self, input:list[int]):
    print("= = = = = = = ")
    print(f"Input \t\t: {input}")
    print(f"weight \t\t: {self.weight}")
    print(f"Activation\t: {self.activation}")
    print(f"Sigma \t\t: {self.get_sigma(input)}")
    print()
    print(f"Result \t\t: {self.get_result(input=input)}")
    print("= = = = = = = =")
```

#### **Neural Network Class**

```
In [ ]: class FNNN:
    def __init__(self, bias:list[list[int]], weight:list[list[int]], activation:list[str], input:list[list[int]]):
        self.layers = []
        self.input = input
        # layer paling awal index 0
        i = 0
        j = 0
        for i in range(len(activation)):
            layer = Layer(bias=bias[i], weight=weight[i], activation=activation[i])
            self.add_layer(layer)

def add_layer(self, layer:Layer):
```

```
self.layers.append(layer)
def resolve(self):
   result = []
   i = 1
   for x in self.input:
       print(f"\n#### INPUT {i} ####")
        input = x
       for layer in self.layers:
           idx = self.layers.index(layer)
           print(f"\n====LAYER {idx}====")
           layer.solve(input)
           input = layer.get_result(input)
        result.append(input[0])
       i += 1
   print()
   print(f"RESULT ==> {result}")
def get_results(self):
   result = []
   for x in self.input:
       input = x
       for layer in self.layers:
           input = layer.get_result(input)
        result.append(input[0])
   return result
```

## Eksekusi

```
if(result == target):
     print("Result: GOOD PREDICT")
     print("GOOD")
 else:
     print("Result: BAD PREDICT")
     print("NO GOOD")
 ### VISUALIZATION
 from graphviz import Digraph
 dGraph = Digraph("FNNN: XOR", filename="model relu-linier.gv")
 max = len(fnnn.layers)
 for layer in fnnn.layers:
     idxL = fnnn.layers.index(layer)
     edges = layer.getDiGraph(idxL, max)
    for ed in edges:
        dGraph.edge(ed[0], ed[1], str(ed[2]))
 dGraph.view()
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
# Feed Forward Neural Network : XOR #
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
#### INPUT 1 ####
====| AYFR 0====
= = = = = = = =
       : [0, 0]
Input
       : [[1, 1], [1, 1]]
weight
Activation : relu
Sigma
               : [0, -1]
Result : [0, -0.0]
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
====LAYER 1====
= = = = = = = =
```

: [0, -0.0]

: linear

: [[1], [-2]]

: [0.0]

: [0.0]

Input weight

Sigma

Result

Activation

= = = = = = = =

#### INPUT 2 ####

```
====LAYER 0====
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
Input
                : [0, 1]
weight
                : [[1, 1], [1, 1]]
Activation
                : relu
Sigma
                : [1, 0]
Result
                : [1, 0]
= = = = = = = =
====LAYER 1====
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
                : [1, 0]
Input
weight
                : [[1], [-2]]
Activation
               : linear
Sigma
                : [1]
Result
                : [1]
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
#### INPUT 3 ####
====LAYER 0====
= = = = = = = =
                : [1, 0]
Input
weight
                : [[1, 1], [1, 1]]
               : relu
Activation
Sigma
                : [1, 0]
                : [1, 0]
Result
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
====LAYER 1====
= = = = = = = =
                : [1, 0]
Input
weight
                : [[1], [-2]]
Activation
                : linear
Sigma
                : [1]
Result
                : [1]
_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
#### INPUT 4 ####
====LAYER 0====
= = = = = = = =
                : [1, 1]
Input
weight
                : [[1, 1], [1, 1]]
Activation
                : relu
Sigma
                : [2, 1]
                : [1.0, 1]
Result
```

= = = = = = = =

====LAYER 1====

= = = = = = = =

Sigma : [-1.0]

Result : [-1.0]

= = = = = = = =

RESULT ==> [0.0, 1, 1, -1.0]

TARGET CLASS : [0, 1, 1, 0]

RESULT CLASS : [0.0, 1, 1, -1.0]

\_\_\_\_\_

Result: BAD PREDICT

NO GOOD

Out[]: 'model relu-linier.gv.pdf'