

Theater Management System

Web Application Course – AY 2019/2020

#### **DEVELOPED BY**

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#### RUZZANTE TMS: Main Features



THE RELEVANT INFORMATION.

NO BACKEND FRAMEWORKS



USER-BASED AUTHORIZATION FOR A PERSONALIZED EXPERIENCE.

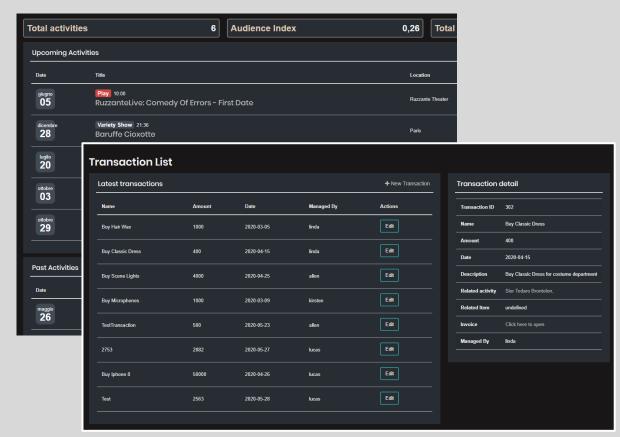


ON THE FLY COMPANY STATS COMPUTED IN REAL-TIME.

# Mixed page-building techniques

The "Activity" and "Transaction" section of the website uses two data retrieval strategies:

- Dedicated servlets for the page structure and for stats computation
- AJAX calls to a custom-built REST API for dynamic, frequently-updated content.

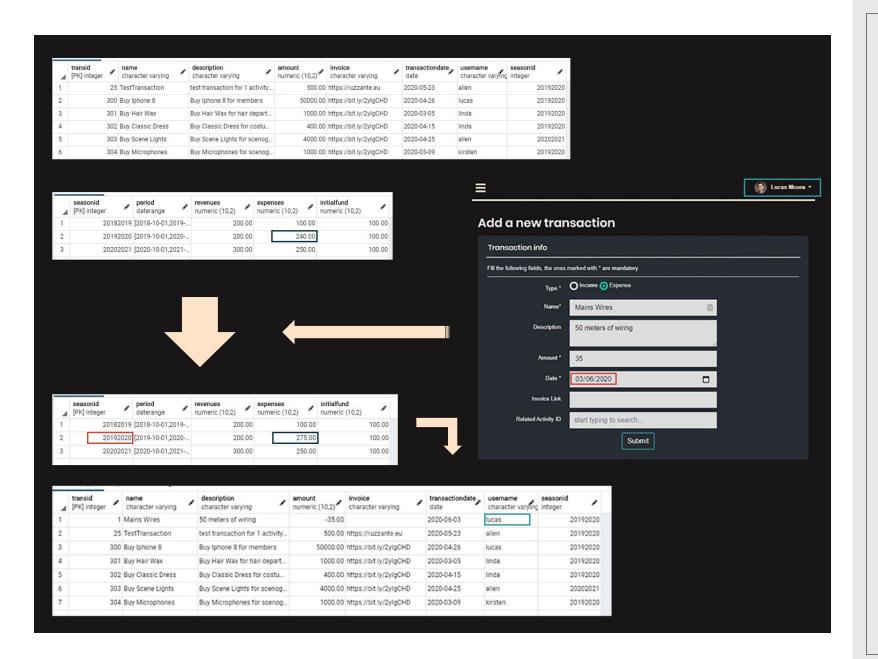




# Server-side consistency management

In "Transaction" the season is <u>computed</u> at the insertion time in the Java JDBC class. At the same time the overall season income and expenses are updated.

User information is obtained from the authenticated session.



#### Layout

We started using .jsp pages right from the beginning through a very basic layout structure as it eased developing by importing common parts of the layout. The fact that we didn't had to touch this part in the 2nd homework proves that it was a sensible choice even if quite trivial and simple.

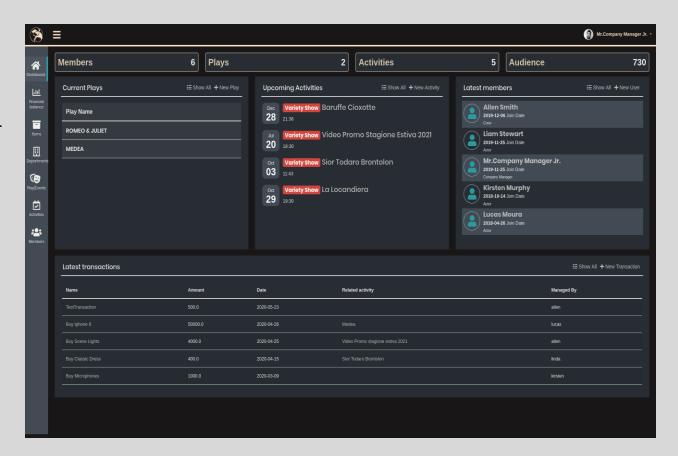
#### Common layout files:

- assets\_footer.jsp holds all the theme's JavaScript plugins
- assets\_header.jsp holds all the theme's CSS files
- footer.jsp <footer> area
- header.jsp <head> area
- sidebar.jsp sidebar navigation
- top\_navigation top header and navigation

#### Main Dashboard: /dashboard

The main dashboard serves as the entry point in the administration interface after an user has logged-in. Its purpose is to give the user a higher-level view of the application and quick shorcut links to the rest of the app.

The page is server-side rendered. The **DashboardServlet** builds it up fetching all the required resources (most recent 5 of each): plays, upcoming activities, members, transactions + current stats.



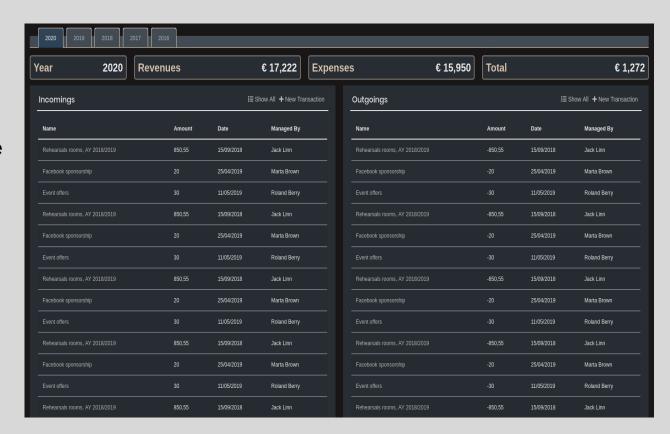
#### Financial Dashboard: /financial

The financial dashboard follows the same principle but applied to only one category: the financial transactions.

By default, it displays the current year's most recent financial transactions with the ability to navigate to previous years through the tab navigation in the upper part.

It's rendered through a standard GET request that can also pass a 'year' parameter in order to query and fetch a specific year transactions.

/financial?year=2019

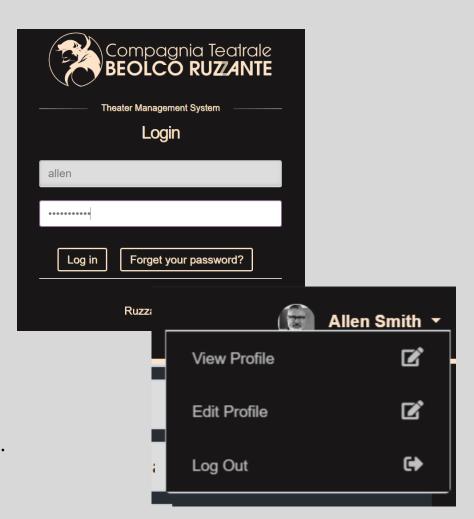


#### Authentication and Authorization

The whole website, except for the login and the forgot password pages, is protected by the filter ProtectedResourceFilter.java.

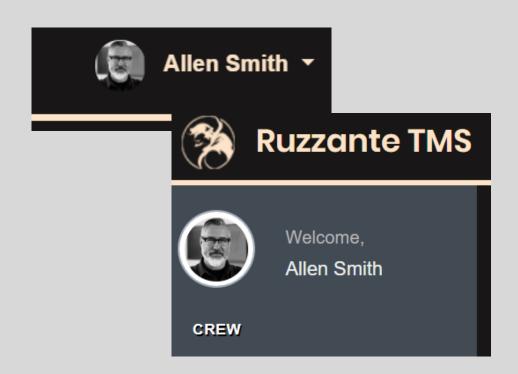
#### Performed tasks:

- Override the init and the doFilter methods of the basic authentication;
- Hide pages to users that do not have the privileges to access to them (through URL exclusion);
- Authenticate the user through a check of its credentials;
- Logout the user when the session times out from back-end;
- Send an authentication challenge each time the inserted credentials are empty or wrong (401 code - Unauthorized ).



#### Authentication and Authorization

- The filter stores some temporary session variables (name, surname, photo and role) that are displayed to the user on the top navigation bar and on the sidebar, and that are used through many other pages;
- These values are discarded once the session is killed (redirecting to login page) with click on the logout button;
- The LogoutServlet.java invalidate the session and redirect the user to the login page.

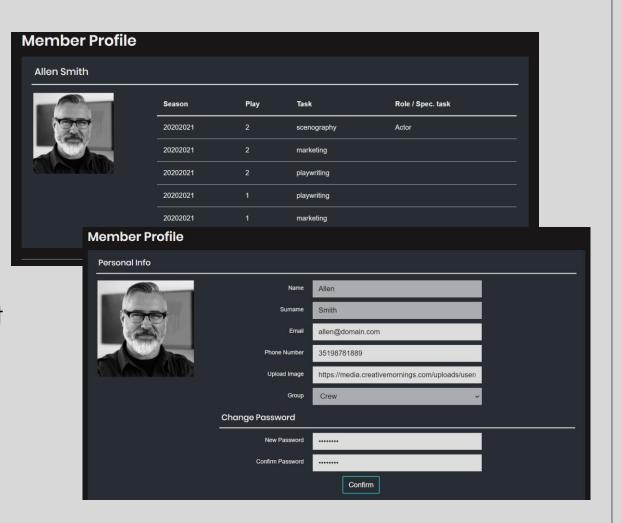


## View and edit user profile

The "View Profile" and "Edit Profile" pages are accessible from the top-right dropdown menu for the user.

They both work using AJAX for data retrieval, since:

- View Profile exploits userviewplays.js
- Edit Profile uses ajax\_useronly.js to collect user information, and it uses an internal script which perform data and password update ('PUT').

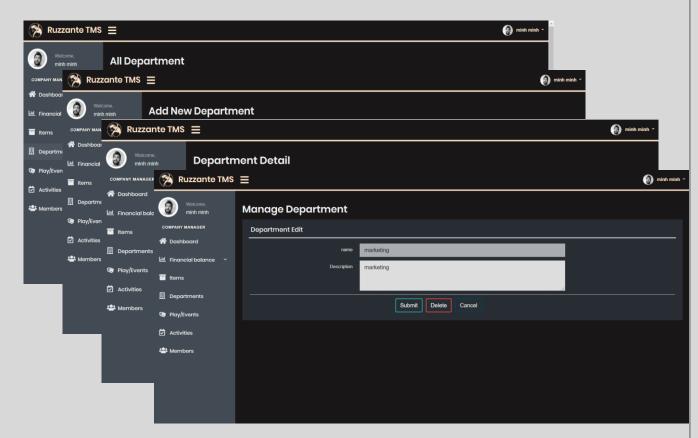


### Department

The department pages are responsible for managing the list and description of the departments in the theater. It includes functions to add, edit, delete and view details. By clicking the Department option in the side-bar, you can go to this part.

Department list, detail and edit pages are server-side rendered. Dedicated servlets for each page structure and for stats computation.

With each function, they are rendered through standard GET, POST, PUT and DELETE requests.



#### Department

The data of department are sorted by the department name (Primary Key). The addresses displaying for each department are.

All Department:

./departmentlist

New Department:

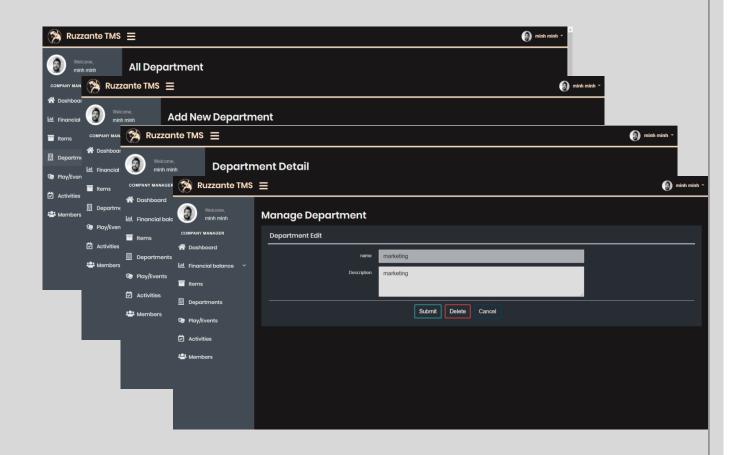
./addnewdepartment

Department Detail:

./departmentdetail?name=hair

Department Edit:

./editdepartment?name= hair

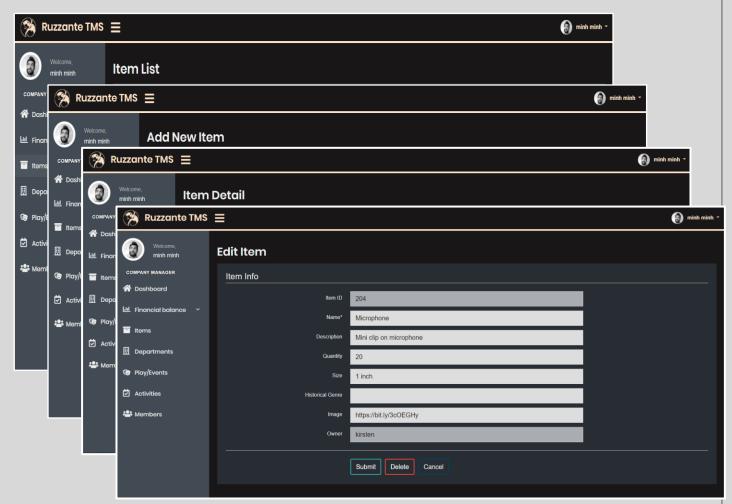


#### Item

The item pages control the information of the items. It includes functions to add, edit, delete and view details. To enter to item section, you can click to the "Items" option in the sidebar.

Different from department part, item uses AJAX to call custom-built REST API for dynamic, frequently-updated contents.

With each function, they are also rendered through standard GET, POST, PUT and DELETE requests.



#### Item

The data of items are managed by the item ID (Primary Key).

The addresses showing for each item are:

All Items:

./itemlist

New Item:

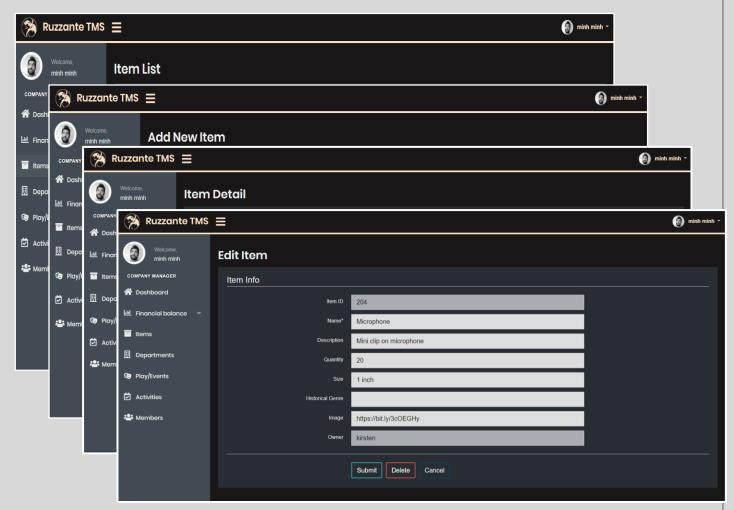
./addnewitem

Item Detail:

./itemdetail?itemid=204

Item Edit:

./edititem?itemid=204



## Play/Event

Play/Events and its characteristics are needed in order to manage them and to get the Company aims. Play/Events has used the .jsp files, as it has been concluded the html and css part according to the requirements of the homework 1, they are as follows:

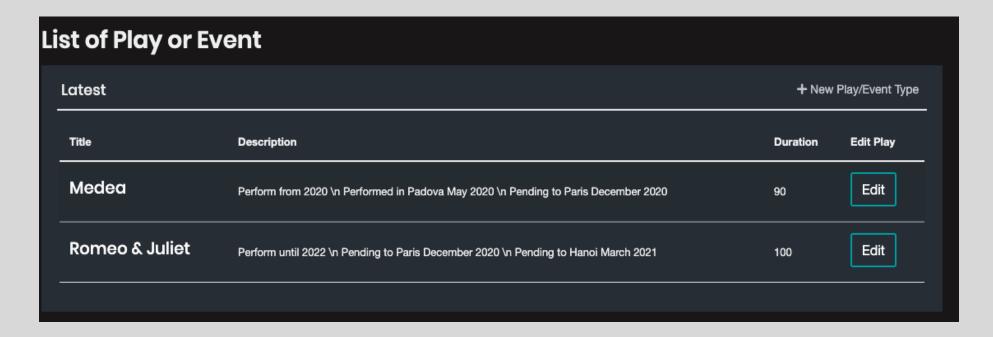
- new.jsp
- playlist.jsp
- playedit.jsp
- playview.jsp

These html pages helped us to implement the Ajax procedure in each one and have the connection with the database and java part.

# Main Play: /playlist

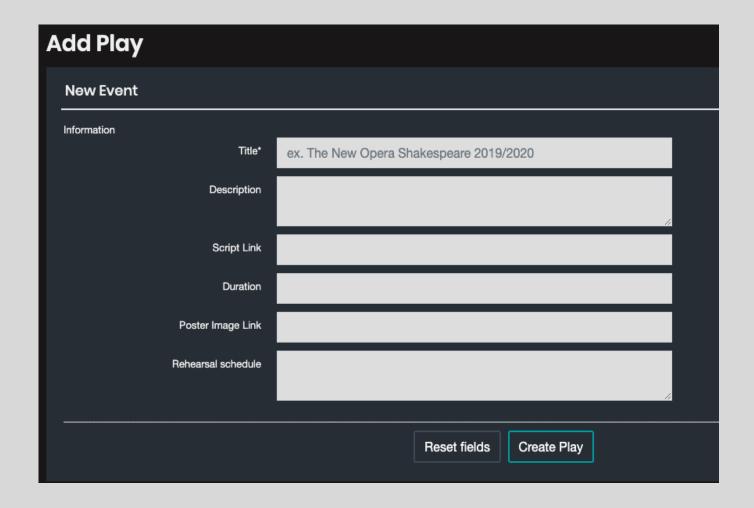
The playlist shows the last plays that the company has managed. Also it is possible to add an new play and edit each one of the list.

The page is server-side rendered and it is supported by the **PlayListServlet** that builds all the resources in order to display the list.

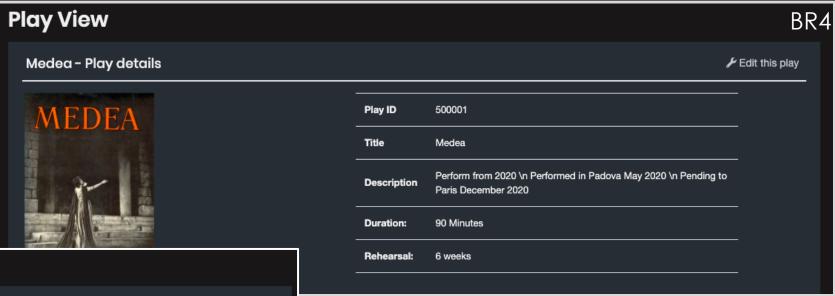


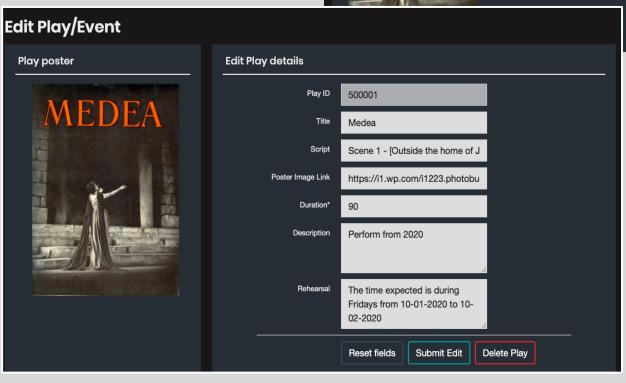
# New Play: /new, /playedit, /playview

These pages are the extension of the principal page (playlist) and permit to the user the creation, editing and viewing of each of the plays.



# Play Edit And Play View





 They are being supported by PLayEditServlet and PlayViewServlet.

Also they are linked on the **RestManagerServlet** in order to implement the requirements of the user interactions.

#### Member REST resources

All the methods for listing/reading/editing member data, assignments of roles in plays and belonging to departments are made accessible in RESTful style with the URL scheme: /content/member/{username}/{ userrole | ispartof }

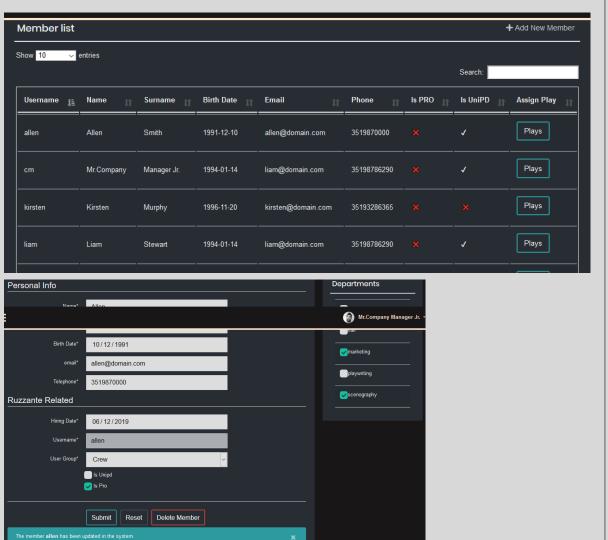
The format for data exchange is JSON and the requests are fullfilled only if sent by authenticated users; belonging to the admin usergroup is required for write operations.

#### User management: /members

By clicking on the «Members» link on the sideboard, the administrator lands on the list of the company members, which is sortable and searchable.

From here the admin can insert a new member or, by clicking on the desidered row, open the form for editing/deleting the selected user.

The error/success state of an operation is displayed by a red/green message appearing just below the submit buttons.

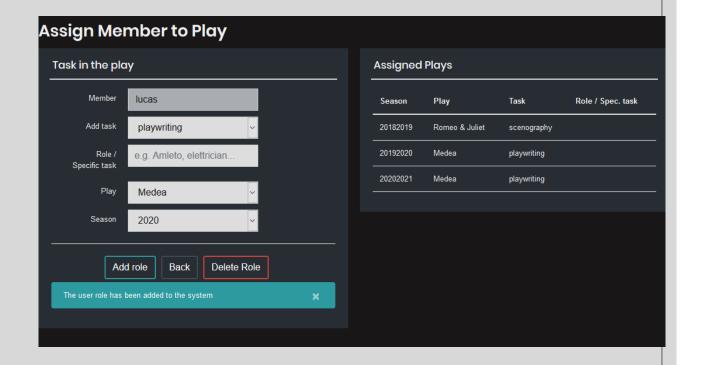


# Play assignment: /user2play

This page allow for assigning new task in a play.

The current and past assignments are listed in the right table, upon clicking on a row the data is loaded in the form on the left, allowing for deleting, editing or inserting a new task.

These operations are carried out by AJAX calls so the table is updated without reloading the whole page.



# Thanks for listening – Q&A Time

Project made in collaboration with:

