

ALP

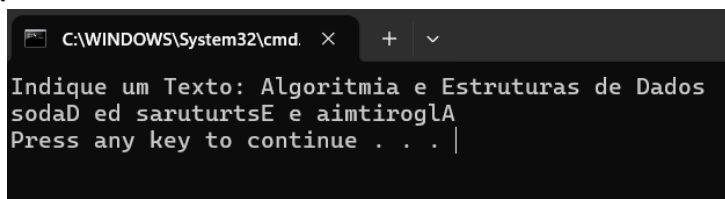
EXERCISE SHEET TEACHING ACTIVITY

Algorithms and Data Structures

CURRICULAR UNIT

Sheet 03 - Strings & Functions

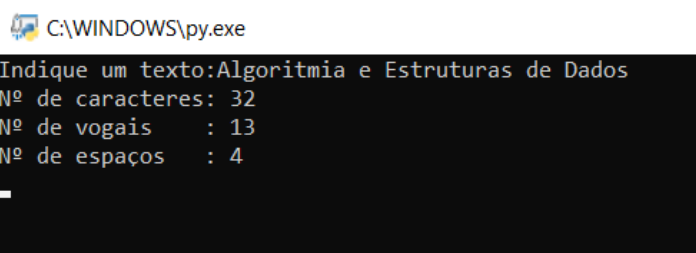
1. Implement the **invertText(text)** function. The function should receive a text (string), based on an input, and should print the same text but in reverse order.



```
C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd. X + v
Indique um Texto: Algoritmia e Estruturas de Dados
sodaD ed saruturtsE e aimtiroglA
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

2. Implement the **countText(text)** function. The function should receive a text, based on an input, and should print:
 - The number of characters
 - The number of spaces
 - The number of vowels

Included in this text.



```
C:\WINDOWS\py.exe
Indique um texto: Algoritmia e Estruturas de Dados
Nº de caracteres: 32
Nº de vogais : 13
Nº de espaços : 4
```

3. Create the function **capicua(text)** that **receives** a text as an input parameter and **returns** True or False, depending on whether the text is a capicua or not.

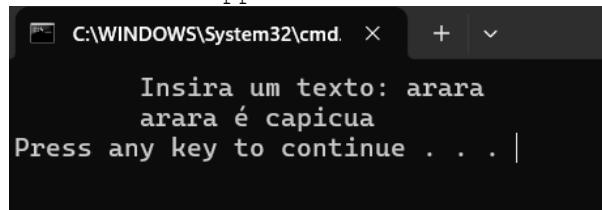
A *capicua* or *palindrome* word consists on text that can be read from left to right as from right to left.

Examples of palindromes words: *osso*, *asa*, *ana*, *arara*

Examples of the usage of capicua function:

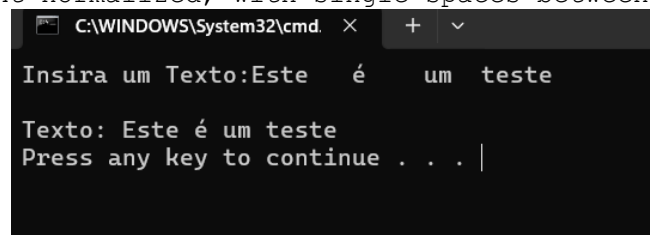
```
capicua('osso') => returns True
capicua('roma') => returns False
```

Depending on the value returned by the function (True or False), you should print in the console application if the word is capicua or not.



```
C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd. X + v
Insira um texto: arara
arara é capicua
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

- Write the **removeSpaces**(text) function that **receives** a text and replaces sequences of two or more spaces with a single space. The function should **return** the text normalized, with single spaces between words.

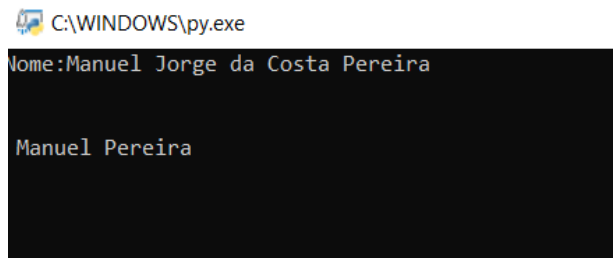


```
C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd. X + v
Insira um Texto:Este é um teste
Texto: Este é um teste
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

- Write the function **shortName**(name) that should **receive** a full name (based on an input) and **return** a string with the first and last name (first given name and last surname).

Example:

shortName('Manuel Jorge da Costa Pereira') => Manuel Pereira



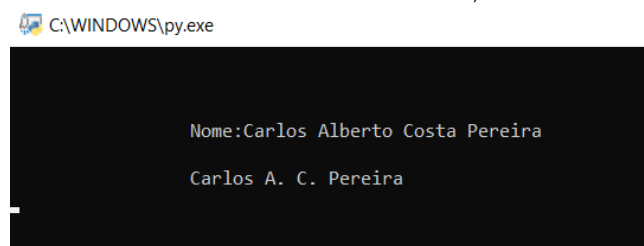
```
C:\WINDOWS\py.exe
Nome:Manuel Jorge da Costa Pereira

Manuel Pereira
```

- Create the function **standardName**(name) that should **receive** a full name (based on as input) and **returns** a string with the normalized name: it should include the first and last name (as in the previous exercise) and abbreviations of all other intermediate names, such as in the example bellow:

Example:

standardName('Carlos Alberto Costa Pereira') => Carlos A. C. Pereira



```
C:\WINDOWS\py.exe

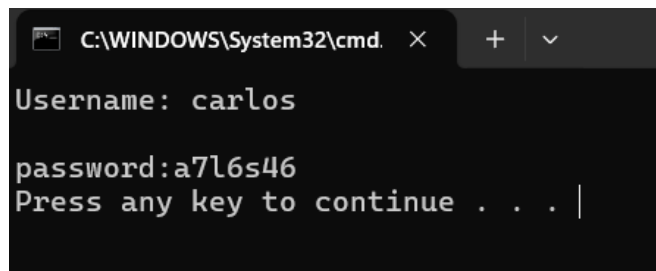
Nome:Carlos Alberto Costa Pereira

Carlos A. C. Pereira
```

- Implement the **generatePassword**(userName) function that works as a password generator: the function must **receive** a username, and based on that

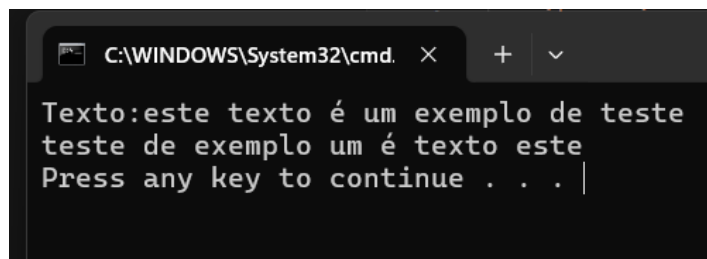
name it must generate and **return** a password which is generated as follows:

- The password consists of the characters from the **even positions of the username**, interspersed by a random number between 1 and 9 (inclusive).
- The password **ends** with the number of characters included in the username.
- If the userName includes any spaces, the function should return the message "username is invalid" as an alternative to the password.



```
C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd. X + v
Username: carlos
password:a7l6s46
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

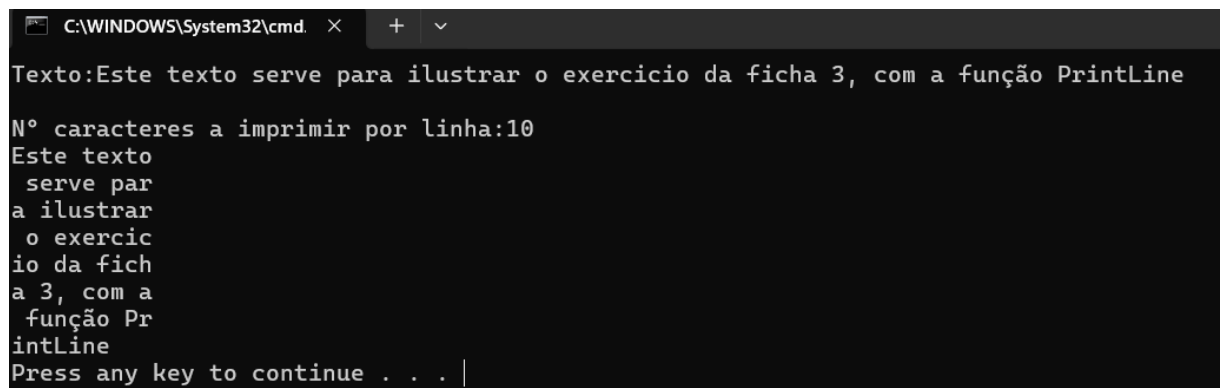
8. Write the function **reverseWords(text)** that **receives** a text and returns the same text, but with the words in reverse order.



```
C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd. X + v
Texto:este texto é um exemplo de teste
teste de exemplo um é texto este
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

9. Implement the function **printCharLine(text,numberChar)** that **receives two arguments**: a text, and the number of characters you want to print per line.

Your function should print the text based on this number of characters, as shown in the image below.



```
C:\WINDOWS\System32\cmd. X + v
Texto:Este texto serve para ilustrar o exercicio da ficha 3, com a função PrintLine
Nº caracteres a imprimir por linha:10
Este texto
serve par
a ilustrar
o exercic
io da fich
a 3, com a
função Pr
intLine
Press any key to continue . . . |
```