<u>CS344</u>

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Class web page, assignments, final:

-Only available on Canvas

Who are you?

 Make an introduction on Canvas -> Discussions -> Introductions!

CS344 Structure

 Please see the Syllabus for Grading, assignments, these videos, etc.

 More importantly, see the Syllabus for a listing of course objectives.

Tools versus Theory

C++? Java? *nix? Apple?

You're CS majors, not *nix majors!

We'll stress the practical applications

Linux

- Why *nix?
 - Stable: good luck crashing it
 - Powerful: dense commands
 - Standard: used everywhere
- How we'll use Linux
 - Access via SSH:
 - flip.engr.oregonstate.edu
 - Server we're running things on:
 - eos-class.engr.oregonstate.edu
 - Use this server only!

What is an Operating System?

 A software program that sits between software applications and the computational hardware

Why are OSs Important?

Most applications interact with the OS

 As a programmer, understanding the capabilities, policies, and limitations of the OS == more effective programmer

Goals of an Operating System

Universal

- Provide convenient software interface to hardware resources
- Maximize utilization of hardware
- Solve contention
- Provide services

Common

- Provide security
 - Protect against other buggy applications/crashes
 - Control access to your data by others
- Support software development
- Provide standardized software libraries
 - Including a standardized user interface

Definitions

- Program
 - A stored algorithm or plan of execution

- Process
 - A program that has been loaded into memory and is executing
- Thread
 - A line of execution in a process

Standard OS Services

That we're covering!

- 1. Process and thread management
 - Starting a new program (becomes a process & thread)
 - Ending a process/thread
 - Debugging programs/processes
- 2. File and input/output management
 - Organizing bits into meaningful structures: Files
 - Providing interfaces for reading and writing to files
 - Communicating with external devices
 - Organizing files: Directories

Standard OS Services

That we're covering!

- Interprocess communication (IPC)
 - Signals, pipes, network sockets (TCP/IP)
 - Including between two different computers
- 4. Process coordination
 - Contention management == Shared access

Interacting With the OS

- Users
 - via Graphical User Interface (GUI)
 - via Command Line Shell (|-|4><0|2\$)
- Programs
 - via Functions
 - System calls
 - Application Programming Interface (API) Functions
 - via Network communication
 - Message-based
 - Connection-based

Enjoy!

• If you're not having Fun, you're doing it Wrong.

