# **HOMEWORK 1**

100 points DUE DATE: September 15<sup>th</sup> 11:59pm.

# This homework contains 4 problems.

Warning: For any homework assignment that contains a programming segment please read the following very carefully.

Your code must compile and run on Black server. If your code does not work on Black server as submitted the grade for that problem is 0 regardless of its quick fix(es). Always test your code on Black, even if it is incomplete, make sure to get your code to compile and run on our Servers.

### General Definition of Problem 1

Suppose you have a group of N numbers and would like to determine the k<sup>th</sup> largest. This problem is a very common programming problem. Since you have a background in programming, this should not be too difficult to solve. Write a program to solve this problem.

There are several ways to approach to solve this problem. In this homework You will apply 3 different ways to solve this problem

- 1. <u>Approach 1:</u> One way to solve it to read all N numbers into an array (or a vector), sort the array in decreasing order by some simple sorting algorithm (bubble sort), and return the element in position k. We will call this method: **select1**
- 2. Approach 2: Since we are solving a problem to find the k<sup>th</sup> largest element from an array[0...n-1] (or a vector v). Better approach might be to use of a temporary array (or a vector) and store the first k elements into a temp array (or a vector) and find its min element(you can use std::min). Remaining element from the array[k] to array[n-1] will be checked against this min. When the program finds that array[i]th element is greater than the current min, then it must override this value onto that **temparray** where the min value was found. When the algorithm finishes executing, the element in the k<sup>th</sup> position is returned as the answer.
  - See explanation below to understand this selection problem. This example contains a very small data file(unsorted) to demonstrate the point. The program chooses k<sup>th</sup> largest val( using Approach1 or Approach2). Value for K will be generated randomly

```
Small Input file
                                         19459
 Small Input file
                                         14309
 19459
                                         20013
 14309
 20013
                                         15680
                                         23348
15680
 23348
                                         31998
 31998
                                         11548
11548
                                         772
 772
                                         6771
 6771
                                         25819
25819
                                        K th val is: 8
K th val is: 4
                                        Print the kth largest element
Print the kth largest element
4 th largest value in array --> 20013
                                        8 th largest value in array --> 11548
```

With your requirements document you are given:

1. An incomplete KthLargest.h

Complete KthLargest.h. Save your work.

- 2. main.cpp
- 3. makefile And
- 4. inputfile

Please do not modify: main.cpp, make and inputfile for Problem1.

# Problem 1

```
You will be completing the following methods:

"Devoid sort(vector<Comparable> &vec)...

"Devoid sortDec(vector<Comparable> &vec)...

"Devoid select1(vector<Comparable> nums, int kthval)...
```

sort method: uses a simple sort such as bubble. It sorts data in increasing order.

sortDec: uses a simple sort such as bubble. It sorts data in decreasing order.

■ void select2(const vector<Comparable> &nums, int kthvalue)

select1: Uses the sort method for finding the k<sup>th</sup> largest value in a given array( or vector)

select2: Uses a temp array for finding the kth largest value in a given array.

Feel free to write your own print method to display your result. You can call your print method from select1 or select2. You can use the size function if you are using a vector.

#### For the documentation:

Please place a comment box at the top of KthLargest.h stating your name, hw 1, and its due date. See image below for guidance:

```
19 /*
    * KthLargest.h
2
3
4
          Created on: September 6th 2016
5
          Author: Sebnem Onsay
6
          Homework 1
          Due: September 15th
7
    */
8
100 #ifndef KTHLARGEST_H_
11 #define KTHLARGEST_H_
12
13
14 #include <iostream>
15 #include <ctime>
16 #include <cmath>
17 #include <vector>
18 #include <algorithm>
19 using namespace std;
20
21 template <typename Comparable>
22 void simpleprint(const vector<Comparable> &nums)
```

# Compiling using make file and testing work on Black Server

Test your code using main.cpp. Please do not modify the main file when you are testing for Problem1.

Make sure that your code compiles and run on Black Server (C++ 11).

For testing your code you will need to use the make file. This file simply compiles your code. Here are the steps on how to use the make file:

```
[onsayse:~/CSE331_F16/H0MEW0RK/HW1]$ make
g++ -std=c++11 -g -03 -c main.cpp
g++ main.o -o kthsearch
[onsayse:~/CSE331_F16/H0MEW0RK/HW1]$
```

k<sup>th</sup>search executable is created after make command

```
[[onsayse:~/CSE331_F16/HOMEWORK/HW1]$ ls -l
total 1904
-rw----@ 1 onsayse staff
                              411239 Jul 7 14:50 HW1 Collection.pptx
                              119397 Jul 18 18:41 HW1_Requirements.docx
-rw----@ 1 onsayse staff
-rw-r--r-- 1 onsayse staff
                                3779 Jul 18 18:44 KthLargest.h
-rw-r--r-- 1 onsayse staff
                                 142 Jul 18 18:59 Makefile
-rwxr-xr-x@ 1 onsayse staff 133142 Sep 8 2015 input.in
                               37108 Jul 18 19:00 kthsearch
-rwxr-xr-x 1 onsayse staff
                                2466 Jul 18 18:55 main.cpp
-rw-r--r-- 1 onsayse staff
-rw-r--r-- 1 onsayse staff 243716 Jul 18 19:00 main.o
drwxr-xr-x 3 onsayse staff
                                 102 Jul 18 18:57 sol
-rw----@ 1 onsayse staff
                                 162 Jul 18 11:53 ~$1 Requirements.docx
now run your program
[[onsayse:~/CSE331_F16/H0MEW0RK/HW1]$ ./kthsearch
Approach 1: Using Bubble Sort
Print the kth largest element
8 th largest value in array --> 32756
Size of the vector: 20000
Bubble Search method took 667 milliseconds
Approach 2: Using Temp Array
Print the kth largest element
8 th largest value in array --> 32756
Size of the vector: 20000
26516 nanoseconds
Inneaventa/CSE331 F16/HOMEWORK/HW11¢
```

### Problem 2

In this segment you are allowed to modify the **main.cpp** to test your methods for different input sizes since you will be running it for different data sizes to collect data. Draw a table showing the running time of your program for select1 and select2 methods for the following N values 2000,4000,6000,8000,10000,12000,14000. Use any program to be able chart your data. Copy your chart and paste it on a text document and convert this document to PDF for submission. We will only accept PDF format. Make sure to convert your document to PDF prior to submission.

#### Problem 3

Using Proof by Induction: Prove that the derivative of  $x^n$  w.r.t. x is  $nx^{n-1}$  for  $n \ge 1$  using — the chain rule, and

$$(x)' = 1$$

You can complete this problem on paper or using a text editor with equation editor. However, if you are using a paper, make sure to place your name on the top of the paper, place the Problem number and scan your paper to turn it into PDF for submission. If you are using a text editor, make sure to convert your file into PDF prior to submission.

Use Lecture 0 Math review slides to help you solve this problem.

# Problem 4

Using Proof by Induction: Prove that

$$\ln(n!) \le n \ln(n)$$

for integer values of  $n \ge 1$ 

– When n = 1:

$$\ln(1!) = \ln(1) = 0 = 1 \cdot \ln(1)$$

– Assume that:

$$\ln(n!) \le n \ln(n)$$

You can complete this problem on paper or using a text editor with equation editor. However, if you are using a paper, make sure to place your name on the top of the paper, place the Problem number and scan your paper to turn it into PDF for submission. If you are using a text editor, make sure to convert your file into PDF prior to submission.

Use Lecture 0 Math review slides to help you solve this problem.

# Homework 1 Deliverables:

The following files must be submitted via Handin no later than September 15<sup>th</sup> 2016 by 11:59pm

1. KthLargest.h

- 2. Problem 2: DataTable with a Graph in PDF format (Table.PDF)
- 3. Problem 3 and 4 in PDF format.