Folder Arduino

3 printable files

Arduino\DAQ\DAQ.ino
Arduino\RTCInit\RTCInit.ino
Arduino\RTCInit\arduino secrets.h

Arduino\DAQ\DAQ.ino

```
* Arduino DAQ Code
    * Created:
    * 7/26/2023 by Siem Yonas
    * Last Modified:
    * 8/7/2023 by Siem Yonas
10 #include <ArduinoBLE.h>
   #include <SPI.h>
   #include <SD.h>
12
13
   #include "Arduino.h"
14 #include "uRTCLib.h"
15
  #include <UnixTime.h>
16
   #define USE ARDUINO INTERRUPTS false
17
18
   #include <PulseSensorPlayground.h>
19
20
    // Global vars and constants
21
   // BLE
22
23
    BLEService hrvService("180F"); // BLE HRV service
24
25
   BLECharacteristic hrvChar("2A19", BLERead | BLENotify, 8); // Bluetooth Low Energy Characteristic to send HRV records
26
    BLEByteCharacteristic errorChar("2A1A", BLERead | BLENotify); // Bluetooth Low Energy Characteristic to send error codes to device application
   BLECharacteristic requestChar("2A1B", BLERead | BLEWriteWithoutResponse, 4); // Bluetooth Low Energy Characteristic to receive data requests from device
27
28
29
   bool transferInProgress; // Whether a data transfer is currently in progress
30
    unsigned long lastTransferTime; // Millisecond of last transfer
   const unsigned long TRANSFER_TIMEOUT = 250; // Number of milliseconds between each data transfer
31
32
33
   File transferFile; // Current file used in data transfer
34
   uint16_t transferDate[3]; // Current transfer date
35
   char transferFilename[13]; // Current transfer filename
   uint32_t transferFilePosition; // Current read position in the current transfer file
36
37
   uint8 t* last val = 0;
38
39
40
   BLEDevice connectedDevice; // Current connected device central device, which should be the device application
41
42
43
   const int CHIP SELECT = 10; // Digital pin for the SD card's chip select
44
45
   uRTCLib rtc(0x68); // uRTCLib library object
46
47
    UnixTime stamp(0); // Unix timestamp converter
48
49
   // Pulse Sensor
   const int PULSE_INPUT = A0; // Analog pin for pulse sensor
50
51
   const int THRESHOLD = 550; // Threshold for pulse sensor signal for the PulseSensorPlayground library
   PulseSensorPlayground pulseSensor; // PulseSensorPlayground library object
53
54
    // HRV Calculation
   float rmssd; // The calculated RMSSD in ms (the "HRV Metric")
55
   \textbf{float rrDiffSquaredTotal; // Intermediate value for calculating RMSSD (numerator under the radical)}\\
57
    int numRRDetected; // Counter for the number of RR intervals found in the measurement period
58
   const int MINUTES_IN_WINDOW = 1; // The number of minutes to be used in a measurement window
```

```
const int BEATS_TIL_MEASURE = 5; // Number of heartbeats to detect before measurement
 60
 61
    int beatsRemaining; // Current number of heartbeats remaining before starting a measurement
 62
 63
     unsigned long hrvStartTime; // Millisecond where the HRV measurement began
 64
     unsigned long lastPeakTime; // Millisecond where the last peak was found
    int lastRRInterval; // Duration of the last RR interval in milliseconds.
65
 66
 67
68
 69
     // Resets all HRV variables to their initial values.
 70
     void resetHrv() {
 71
       // Reset beats remaining to its starting value.
 72
      beatsRemaining = BEATS_TIL_MEASURE;
 73
 74
       // Zero out all integer values
 75
      lastRRInterval = 0;
 76
      lastPeakTime = 0;
 77
      numRRDetected = 0;
 78
      hrvStartTime = 0;
 79
 80
      // Set floats to -1
 81
      rmssd = -1.0;
      rrDiffSquaredTotal = -1.0;
 82
 83 }
 84
    // Gets Unix Timestamp from the RTC module
 85
 86 uint32_t getUnixEpochTime() {
 87
      // Set the timestamp converter's current date in UTC
 88
      rtc.refresh();
 89
      stamp.setDateTime(2000 + rtc.year(), rtc.month(), rtc.day(), rtc.hour(), rtc.minute(), rtc.second());
 90
      return stamp.getUnix(); // Return the corresponsing unix timestamp
 91
 92
 93 // Sets the filename character array to the current date data file.
 94
     void setFilename(char* filename) {
95
      rtc.refresh(); // Update the RTC
 96
      setFilename(filename, 2000 + rtc.year(), rtc.month(), rtc.day()); // Pass RTC values into the general setFilename function
97
98
    // Sets the filename character array to the selected date's data file.
99
100
    void setFilename(char* filename, uint16_t year, uint8_t month, uint8_t day) {
      snprintf(filename, 13, "%04d%02d%02d.txt", year, month, day); // Format year, month, and day into the HRV record format (see requirement 3.3.2.2.3)
101
102 }
103
104
     // Sends HRV records to the device application. Returns 1 on failure to open, and 0 for no errors.
105
    int sendRecords() {
106
107
      if (!connectedDevice.connected()){
108
         transferInProgress = false;
109
        transferFile.close();
110
        Serial.println("Disconnect!");
111
        return 1;
112
113
       uint32 t now = getUnixEpochTime();
114
115
116
       // If the transferFile is not open, open the next available day
117
       while (!transferFile){
118
         // Get the next date time stamp
119
120
         setFilename(transferFilename, transferDate[0], transferDate[1], transferDate[2]);
121
         stamp.setDateTime(transferDate[0], transferDate[1], transferDate[2], 0, 0, 0);
122
123
         stamp.getDateTime(stamp.getUnix() + 86400);
124
125
         transferDate[0] = stamp.year;
         transferDate[1] = stamp.month;
126
127
         transferDate[2] = stamp.day;
128
         uint32_t next_day = stamp.getUnix();
129
130
131
         if (SD.exists(transferFilename)){
132
           transferFilePosition = 0;
133
           transferFile = SD.open(transferFilename);
134
         }
135
136
         else {
137
           \ensuremath{//} If no more days exist, end file transfer and return.
138
           if (next day > now) {
139
             transferInProgress = false;
             Serial.println("Data transfer Done!");
140
```

```
141
             return 1;
142
           }
143
        }
144
       }
145
       // Read the next record from the transferFile
146
147
       transferFile.seek(transferFilePosition);
148
       char record[19];
149
150
       transferFile.read(record, 18);
151
152
       // Parse record
       uint32_t unix;
153
154
       float transferRmssd;
155
       sscanf(record, "%d %f", &unix, &transferRmssd);
       transferRmssd = atof(record+11);
156
157
       // Pack record into HRV format and write to hrvChar
158
159
       uint8 t hrvValue[8];
160
       *((uint32_t*) hrvValue) = unix;
161
       *((float*) (hrvValue+4)) = transferRmssd;
162
163
       hrvChar.writeValue(hrvValue, 8);
       lastTransferTime = millis();
164
165
       // Undate transferFilePosition
166
167
       transferFilePosition = transferFile.position();
168
169
       // Check if EOF, close file if so % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) ^{2}
170
       if (transferFilePosition+10 >= transferFile.size()) {
        transferFile.close();
171
172
173
174
      return 0;
175
176
177
     // Stores current HRV record to the SD card.
178
     void storeRecord() {
179
       // Close transferFile, since only one file can be open at a time from {\sf SD}
180
      if (transferInProgress)
181
        transferFile.close();
182
183
       // Get the current Unix timestamn
184
      uint32_t unix = getUnixEpochTime();
185
186
       // Get the current day data filename
187
       char storageFilename[13];
       setFilename(storageFilename);
188
189
190
       // Open current day data file for writing
191
       File storageFile = SD.open(storageFilename, FILE_WRITE);
192
193
       // Format a record
194
       char record[19];
195
       snprintf(record, 19, "%10d %6.2f\n", unix, rmssd);
196
       // Write record to file and close the file
197
198
       storageFile.write(record, 18);
199
200
       storageFile.close();
201
       // Pack record into HRV format and write to hrvChar
202
203
       uint8_t hrvValue[8];
204
       *((uint32_t*) hrvValue) = unix;
205
       *((float*) (hrvValue+4)) = rmssd;
206
207
       hrvChar.writeValue(hrvValue, 8);
208
209
       lastTransferTime = millis();
210
211
       // Reopen transferFile
212
       if (transferInProgress)
213
         transferFile = SD.open(transferFilename);
214 }
215
216
     // Handles updating the HRV variables on each heartbeat.
217
     void updateHrv() {
218
219
       // Get the currentMillisecond as the current peak time.
       unsigned long currentPeakTime = millis();
220
221
```

```
222
       // If there was a peak before this
223
       if (lastPeakTime != 0){
224
         int currentRRInterval = pulseSensor.getInterBeatIntervalMs(); // Get the interbeat interval between the two peaks
225
         numRRDetected++; // Increment the number of RR Intervals seen
226
227
         // If there was an RR interval before this
228
         if (lastRRInterval != 0) {
229
          // Get the squared difference of the RR Intervals and add this to rrDiffSquaredTotal
           float rrDiff = currentRRInterval - lastRRInterval:
230
231
           rrDiffSquaredTotal += rrDiff * rrDiff;
232
233
         lastRRInterval = currentRRInterval; // Update last RR Interval.
234
      }
235
236
       lastPeakTime = currentPeakTime; // Update last peak time.
237
238 }
239
     // Parses requestChar value and sets transferFile
240
241
    void filenameFromRequestChar() {
242
      // Read the request characteristic
243
      const uint8_t* rawRequest = requestChar.value();
244
245
      // Variables to extract from the characteristic
246
       uint16_t year = *(uint16_t *) rawRequest;
      uint8 t month = *(uint8 t *) (rawRequest+2);
247
248
      uint8_t day = *(uint8_t *) (rawRequest+3);
249
250
      transferDate[0] = year;
251
      transferDate[1] = month;
      transferDate[2] = day;
252
253
254
      // setFilename to the requested date
255
      setFilename(transferFilename, year, month, day);
256
257
258
    // Sets up BLE, RTC, SD, Pulse Sensor, and HRV values.
259
     void setup() {
260
261
      // For Debugging, use the Serial
262
      Serial.begin(115200);
263
      //while (!Serial);
264
265
      // BLE
266
       // Start BLE library
267
      if (!BLE.begin()) {
268
        Serial.println("starting BLE failed!");
269
270
271
        // Hang Execution if BLE fails to start
272
        while(1);
273
274
275
       Serial.println("BLE began!");
276
277
       // Set the BLE name to Tranquil+
       BLE.setLocalName("Traquil+");
278
279
280
       // Add all BLE services and characteristics
      BLE.setAdvertisedService(hrvService);
281
282
       hrvService.addCharacteristic(hrvChar);
283
       hrvService.addCharacteristic(errorChar);
      hrvService.addCharacteristic(requestChar);
284
285
       BLE.addService(hrvService);
286
287
       // Write null values to characteristics
288
       hrvChar.writeValue("");
289
       errorChar.writeValue(0);
290
       requestChar.writeValue("");
291
292
       // Advertise the BLE Device
293
       BLE.advertise();
294
295
296
297
       // Start SD card library
       Serial.print("Initializing SD card...");
298
299
       if (!SD.begin(CHIP_SELECT)) {
300
        Serial.println("Card failed, or not present");
301
302
         // Hang Execution if SD card fails to initialize
```

```
303
        while (1);
304
305
       Serial.println("card initialized.");
306
307
       // RTC
308
       // Start RTC module
309
310
       #ifdef ARDUINO_ARCH_ESP8266
        URTCLIB_WIRE.begin(0, 2); // D3 and D4 on ESP8266
311
312
313
        URTCLIB_WIRE.begin();
314
       #endif
315
      //rtc.set(0, 42, 16, 6, 2, 5, 15);
316
317
      Serial.println("RTC began!");
318
319
320
      // Pulse Sensor
321
322
      // Setup pulseSensor variables
323
      pulseSensor.analogInput(PULSE INPUT);
324
       pulseSensor.setThreshold(THRESHOLD);
325
326
      // Start pulseSensor
327
       if (!pulseSensor.begin()) {
        Serial.println("Pulse Sensor failed to begin");
328
329
330
         // Hang execution if pulseSensor fails to begin
331
        while (1);
332
333
334
       Serial.println("Pulse Sensor began!");
335
336
       // HRV
337
       resetHrv(); // Set all initial values of the HRV variables
338
339
       // Initialize all transferFile variables
340
       setFilename(transferFilename);
341
       transferFile = SD.open(transferFilename, FILE_WRITE);
342
343
      transferFile.close();
344
      transferFilePosition = 0;
345
346
      lastTransferTime = 0;
347
       transferInProgress = false;
348
349
      transferDate[0] = 2000 + rtc.year();
350
      transferDate[1] = rtc.month();
351
      transferDate[2] = rtc.day();
352
353 }
354
    // Polls pulse sensor for new beats and handles nonblocking data transfers
355
356
    void loop() {
      connectedDevice = BLE.central();
357
358
      // If a new transfer request comes in
359
360
      if (requestChar.written() && !transferInProgress) {
361
        // Set transferFilename and transferFilePosition according to the requestChar value
362
363
         Serial.println("New request");
364
         filenameFromRequestChar();
365
366
367
         Serial.println(transferDate[0]);
368
         Serial.println(transferDate[1]);
369
         Serial.println(transferDate[2]);
370
371
         transferInProgress = true; // Set transferInProgress to true
372
373
374
       \ensuremath{//} If there is a current transfer in progress, send records.
375
376
       if (transferInProgress && millis() - lastTransferTime > TRANSFER_TIMEOUT) {
        Serial.println("Sending records");
377
378
         sendRecords();
379
380
381
       // If an hrv measurement has begun and MINUTES_IN_WINDOW of minutes has passed
      if (beatsRemaining <= 0 && millis() - hrvStartTime > 60000 * MINUTES_IN_WINDOW) {
382
383
         float bpm = (numRRDetected+1)/MINUTES_IN_WINDOW; // Calculate BPM
```

```
384
385
         // If bpm is in range, store and send the rmssd measurement, else, send an error code.
386
         if (bpm > 40 && bpm < 240) {
387
           rmssd = sqrt(rrDiffSquaredTotal/(numRRDetected-1));
388
           Serial.print("RMSSD: ");
389
           Serial.println(rmssd);
390
           storeRecord();
391
392
         else {
393
          errorChar.writeValue(1);
394
395
         // Reset HRV variables for next window
396
397
        resetHrv();
398
399
400
       \ensuremath{//} If a new heart beat is detected
401
      if (pulseSensor.sawNewSample() && pulseSensor.sawStartOfBeat()) {
402
        // If the measurement window hasn't begun
403
        if (beatsRemaining > 0) {
           // Decrement beatsRemaining. If this value reaches 0, begin measurements
404
405
           if (--beatsRemaining <= 0) {</pre>
406
            Serial.println("Started Window");
407
             hrvStartTime = millis();
408
            updateHrv();
409
410
411
         else {
412
          // Else, handle HRV variables
           updateHrv();
413
414
415
416 }
417
```

Arduino\RTCInit\RTCInit.ino

```
* Arduino RTC Initialization Code
3
    * Created:
   * 8/2/2023 by Siem Yonas
    * Last Modified:
    * 8/5/2023 by Siem Yonas
8
10 #include "Arduino.h"
12 #include <UnixTime.h>
13 #include <SPI.h>
14 #include <WiFiNINA.h>
15
16 #include "arduino_secrets.h"
17 /////please enter your sensitive data in the Secret tab/arduino_secrets.h
18
19 // WiFi
20 char ssid[] = SECRET_SSID; // The WiFi network's SSID (name)
    char pass[] = SECRET_PASS; // The WiFi network's password
21
   int status = WL_IDLE_STATUS; // the WiFi radio's status
22
23
24 // RTC
25
   uRTCLib rtc(0x68); // uRTCLib library object
26
   UnixTime stamp(0); // Unix timestamp converter
27
28
    // Handles WiFi communication RTC initialization.
29
   void setup() {
30
     Serial.begin(9600);
31
     while (!Serial);
32
33
34
35
     // Start RTC module
     #ifdef ARDUINO_ARCH_ESP8266
36
37
       URTCLIB_WIRE.begin(0, 2); // D3 and D4 on ESP8266
38
       URTCLIB_WIRE.begin();
39
     #endif
```

```
41
       Serial.println("RTC began!");
 42
 43
 44
       // WiFi
 45
       // check for the WiFi module:
 46
       if (WiFi.status() == WL_NO_MODULE) {
 47
        Serial.println("Communication with WiFi module failed!");
 48
 49
        while (true);
 50
 51
 52
       String fv = WiFi.firmwareVersion();
       if (fv < WIFI_FIRMWARE_LATEST_VERSION) {</pre>
 53
        Serial.println("Please upgrade the firmware");
 54
 55
 56
 57
       \ensuremath{//} While the device is not connected to WiFi, attempt to connect to the WiFi
 58
       while (status != WL_CONNECTED) {
 59
         Serial.print("Attempting to connect to WPA SSID: ");
 60
         Serial.println(ssid);
 61
         // Connect to WPA/WPA2 network:
 62
         status = WiFi.begin(ssid, pass);
 63
 64
         // wait 10 seconds for connection:
 65
        delay(10000);
 66
 67
 68
      Serial.println("Connected to the network");
 69
 70
      // Retrieve Epoch from WiFi network
 71
       unsigned long epoch; // The unix time from WiFi network;
 72
       int numberOfTries = 0, maxTries = 6; // Variables for the number of tries to retrieve the Wifi Epocj
 73
 74
       do {
 75
        epoch = WiFi.getTime();
        numberOfTries++;
 76
 77
      } while ((epoch == 0) && (numberOfTries < maxTries));</pre>
 78
 79
       if (numberOfTries == maxTries) {
        Serial.println("NTP unreachable!!");
 80
        while (1);
 81
 82
 83
 84
       Serial.print("Epoch received: ");
 85
       Serial.println(epoch);
 86
 87
       // Initialize the RTC with the epoch
 88
      stamp.getDateTime(epoch);
 89
 90
       rtc.set(stamp.second,
 91
               stamp.minute,
 92
               stamp.hour,
 93
              stamp.dayOfWeek,
 94
               stamp.day,
 95
               stamp.month,
 96
               (uint8_t)(stamp.year-2000)
 97
98
 99
      Serial.println("RTC intialized!");
100
101 }
102
    // Prints out current time each second
103
104
     void loop() {
      // Update the RTC
105
106
      rtc.refresh();
107
      // Print the current DateTime
108
109
       Serial.print("RTC DateTime: ");
      Serial.print(rtc.year());
110
111
      Serial.print('/');
112
      Serial.print(rtc.month());
113
       Serial.print('/');
114
      Serial.print(rtc.day());
115
116
       Serial.print(' ');
117
118
      Serial.print(rtc.hour());
119
       Serial.print(':');
      Serial.print(rtc.minute());
120
121
      Serial.print(':');
```

```
122
      Serial.print(rtc.second());
123
      Serial.print(" DOW: ");
124
125
      Serial.print(rtc.dayOfWeek());
126
127
      Serial.println();
128
129
     // Wait a second
130
     delay(1000);
131 }
132
```

Arduino\RTCInit\arduino_secrets.h

```
1  #define SECRET_SSID "syhsop7p"
2  #define SECRET_PASS "lifeisgood"
3
```