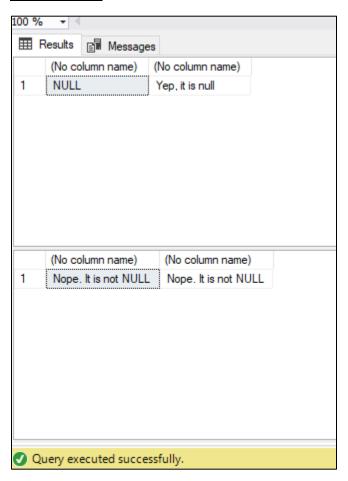
#### Part 1 Introduce Functions, Views, and Stored Procedures

#### Is Null Function



#### **Abstracting Routine Calculation**

Essentially what lines 49-53 are doing is:

- 1. Apply the newly created function, dbo.vc\_VidCastCount, to each of the UserID's in the vc\_User table and add the result of that function as a new column in that table.
- 2. Sort the table in descending order by the new colum, i.e. the number of VidCasts that each user has created, in other words this will be from greatest to least starting with greatest at the top
- 3. Lastly, now that we have our column created and a sorted table, the SQL command only spits out the first 10 rows of that table because that's what we specified for in line 49 of the code.
- 4. Since we used the \* in our select clause, it is going to return all columns in the table.

The code knows that, for example userID 20, has 22 VidCasts because that's exactly what the purpose of the function is. The function tells us how many vidcasts a user has, and we called on that function for each userID in the vc\_User table.

#### Performing Data Lookups

Lines 75 and 76 are two different examples of testing out the function that was created. It will take each parameter, which in this case is 'Music' and 'Tunes', and plug that into the function and run it. Music is a match and returns us back that the tagID for the tagText of 'Music' is 4. With 'Tunes', however, we get a null back which means that it was not a match and therefore 'Tunes' does not exist anywhere in the tagText attribute in the database.

#### Most Prolific Users View

This select statement looks familiar, because it is, it is the same one that we used earlier just wrapped in a view. Now that we have this saved as a view, we can call upon it at any time and it will show us that result without having to retype all of the code for the select statement. Views are kind of like shortcuts in a way.

## Stored Procedure Update Email

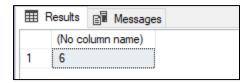
This code is first building the stored procedure to change an email address, there are two parameters that need to be entered and that is the userName and the new email address that is desired. We are already familiar with an update statement from previous coursework, but this just gets wrapped in a beign and end clause so that SQL knows it is an individual block of code that needs to be run. Lastly, we use the built in exec function to actually execute the stored procedure we just made and then we run a select statement to make sure that it was in fact successful.

#### Stored Procedure User Login TimeStamp

The timestamp is different because it is taken at the time that a user logs in, which in this case is at the time when the stored procedure was executed. To make this simpler, we could even create a function that processes all of the code to execute the stored procedure.

# Part 2 Introduce Functions, Views, and Stored Procedures

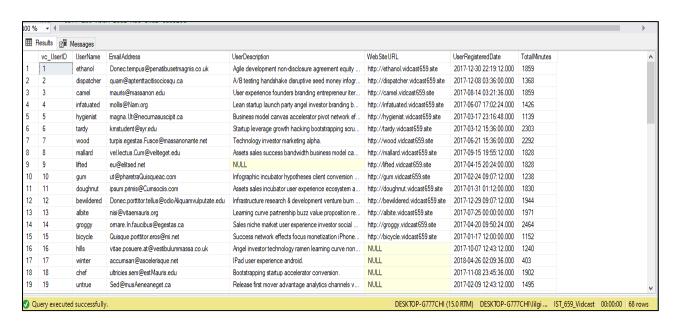
#### vc UserIDLookup function



# Count the VidCastID's for a given TagID function

	TagText	VidCasts
1	Art 256	
2	Audio Recording 266	
3	Baseball 242	
4	Basketball 236	
5	Cat Videos 0	
6	Collectibles	258
7	Consoles	260
8	Fashion	240
9	Football	259
10	Games 254	
11	Motors 0	
12	Music	237
13	Personal	263
14	Professional	264
15	Sports - General 235	

## Count VidCast minutes per User ID



# vc\_TagReport View

	TagText	VidCasts		
1	Audio Recording			
2	Professional 264			
3				
4	Consoles 260			
5	Football 259			
6	Collectibles	258		
7	Art	256		
8	Games	254		
9	Baseball 242			
10	Fashion 240			
11	Music	237		
12	Basketball	236		
13	Sports - General	235		
14	Motors	0		
15	Cat Videos	0		
<ul> <li>Query executed successfully.</li> </ul>				

# Alter view vc MostProlificUsers

	UserName	VidCastCount	TotalMinutes
1	ecstatic	22	2682
2	principle	19	3413
3	canadian	18	1928
4	metacarpal	18	3053
5	przewalski	17	2664
6	silly	17	2851
7	archives	16	2374
8	doughnut	16	1830
9	groggy	16	2464
10	sines	16	2316

#### Stored procedure to add a new tag

1 16 SQL Finally a SQL Tag		vc_TagID	TagText	TagDescription
. To our rinding a our rag	1	16	SQL	Finally, a SQL Tag

# Stored Procedure to update VidCast status

```
Results Messages

        vc_VidCastID
        VidCastTitle
        StartDateTime
        EndDateTime
        Sche

        863
        Finally done with sprocs
        2020-11-19 23:20:05.740
        NULL
        45

                                    EndDateTime ScheduleDurationMinutes RecordingURL vc_UserID vc_StatusID
1 863
                                                        NULL 6
   vc_VidCastID VidCastTitle
                                    EndDateTime
                       Start Date Time
                                                 ScheduleDurationMinutes RecordingURL vc_UserID vc_StatusID
1 863 Finally done with sprocs 2020-11-19 23:20:05.740 2020-11-20 00:05:05.817 45
                                                                      DESKTOP-G777CHI (15.0 RTM) | DESKTOP-G777CHI\lilqi ... | IST_659_Vidcast | 00:00:00 | 2 row
        Course: IST 659
        Term: Fall 2020
*/
-- Declare a variable (we'll talk about variables in a minute)
declare @isThisNull varchar(30) -- Starts out as NULL
SELECT @isThisNull, ISNULL(@isThisNull, 'Yep, it is null') -- See?
-- Set the variable to something other than NULL
SET @isThisNull = 'Nope. It is not NULL'
SELECT @isThisNull, ISNULL(@isThisNull, 'Yep, it is null') -- How about now?
go
--our first user defined function
create function dbo.AddTwoInts (@firstNumber int, @secondNumber int) -- create the
function, name, and parameters
returns int as begin declare @returnValue int
         -- First, declare the variable to temporarily hold the result
set @returnValue = @firstNumber + @secondNumber
do whatever needs to be done to set that variable to the correct value
return @returnValue end
                          -- return the value to the calling statement
go --call on the first user defined function
select dbo.AddTwoInts(5, 10)
go -- function to count the vidcasts made by a given user
create function dbo.vc VidCastCount(@userID int)
returns int as begin declare @returnValue int
/* get the count of the vidcasts for the provided userID and
assign that value to @return value. Note that we use the
@userID parameter in the where clause to limit our count
```

```
to that user's vidcast records. */
select @returnValue = count(vc_UserID) from vc_VidCast
where vc_VidCast.vc_UserID = @userID
return @returnValue end
go -- call the function that we just created
select top 10 *,
dbo.vc_VidCastCount(vc_UserID) as VidCastCount
from vc_User
order by VidCastCount desc
go -- function to retrieve the vc TagID for a given tag's text
create function dbo.vc TagIDLookup(@tagText varchar(20))
returns int as begin declare @returnValue int
select @returnValue = vc_TagID from vc_Tag
where TagText = @tagText
return @returnValue end
go -- execute the function that was just created
select dbo.vc TagIDLookup('Music')
select dbo.vc TagIDLookup('Tunes')
go -- create a function to retrieve a vc UserID for a given user name
create function dbo.vc UserIDLookup(@userName varchar(20))
returns int as begin declare @returnValue int
select @returnValue = vc_UserID from vc_User
where UserName = @userName
return @returnValue end
go -- test function to retrieve a vc UserID for a given user name
select dbo.vc UserIDLookup('tardy')
go -- create a function to count the VidCastID's for a given TagID
create function dbo.vc_VidCastsPerTag(@tagID int)
returns int as begin declare @returnValue int
select @returnValue = count(vc_VidCastID) from vc_VidCastTagList
where vc TagID = @tagID
return @returnValue end
go -- test the function to count the VidCastID's for a given TagID
select vc_Tag.TagText, dbo.vc_VidCastsPerTag(vc_Tag.vc_TagID) as VidCasts from vc_Tag
go -- Code function called vc VidCastDuration to count vidcast minutes per user
create function dbo.vc_VidCastDuration (@userID int)
returns int as begin declare @returnValue int
select @returnValue = sum(datediff(n, StartDateTime, EndDateTime))
from vc VidCast
join vc_Status on vc_Status.vc_StatusID = vc_VidCast.vc StatusID
where vc_Status.StatusText = 'Finished' and vc_UserID = @userID
return @returnValue end
go -- test function called vc_VidCastDuration to count vidcast minutes per user
select * , dbo.vc_VidCastDuration(vc_UserID) as TotalMinutes from vc_User
go --create a view to retrieve the top 10 vc Users and their VidCast counts
create view vc_MostProlificUsers as select top 10 *,
dbo.vc_VidCastCount(vc_UserID) as VidCastCount
```

```
from vc User order by VidCastCount desc
go --call the view that was just created
select * from vc_MostProlificUsers
go -- alter view vc MostProlificUsers to add a column called totalMinutes
alter view vc MostProlificUsers as select top 10 *,
dbo.vc_VidCastCount(vc_UserID) as VidCastCount,
dbo.vc_VidCastDuration(vc_UserID) as TotalMinutes
from vc User order by VidCastCount desc
go --call the view that was just created
select UserName, VidCastCount, TotalMinutes from vc MostProlificUsers
go -- create a view called vc TagReport
create view vc_TagReport as select vc_Tag.TagText,
dbo.vc_VidCastsPerTag(vc_Tag.vc_TagID) as VidCasts
from vc Tag
go -- call the view that was just created
select * from vc TagReport order by VidCasts desc
go /*create a procedure to update a vc User's email address
the first parameter is the user name for the user to change
the second is the new email address*/
create procedure vc_ChangeUserEmail (@userName varchar(20), @newEmail varchar(50)) as
update vc User set EmailAddress = @newEmail where UserName = @userName end
go -- call the stored procedure that was just created
exec vc_ChangeUserEmail 'tardy', 'kmstudent@syr.edu'
go -- check that the statement worked and change was made
select * from vc_User where UserName = 'tardy'
go -- the @@identity property assigns any added values here
insert into vc_Tag (TagText) values ('Cat Videos')
select * from vc_Tag where vc_TagID = @@identity
/*Start walk through of stored procedure insert*/
go /* create a procedure that adds a row to the UserLogin table
this procedure is run when a user logs in and we need to
record who they are and from where they're logging in*/
create procedure vc AddUserLogin(@userName varchar(20), @loginFrom varchar(50)) as begin
/*we have the user name, but we need the ID for the login table
first, declare a variable to hold the ID*/
declare @userID int
/*get the vc UserID for the UserName provided and store it in @userID
select @userID = vc UserID from vc User*/
where UserName = @userName
/*now we can add the row using an insert statement*/
insert into vc_UserLogin (vc_UserID, LoginLocation)
values (@userID, @loginFrom)
/*now return the @@identity so the calling code knows where the data ended up*/
return @@identity end
go -- execute the stored procedure
declare @addedValue int
exec @addedValue = vc_AddUserLogin 'tardy', 'localhost'
```

```
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Lab 8
select vc User.vc UserID, vc User.UserName,
vc_UserLogin.UserLoginTimestamp,
vc_UserLogin.LoginLocation
from vc_User
join vc UserLogin on vc User.vc UserID = vc UserLogin.vc UserID
where vc UserLoginID = @addedvalue
/*End walk through of stored procedure insert*/
go -- create a stored procedure to add a new tag to the database inputs
create procedure vc AddTag(@tagText varchar(20), @description varchar(100)=NULL)
as begin insert into vc Tag (TagText, TagDescription)
values (@tagText, @description)
return @@identity end
go -- execute the stored procedure and add a new tag to the vc Tag table
DECLARE @newTagID int
EXEC @newTagID = vc AddTag 'SQL', 'Finally, a SQL Tag'
SELECT * FROM vc Tag where vc TagID = @newTagID
go/*Code a stored procedure called vc FinishVidCast that accepts an int as a parameter
that
will be a vc VidCastID that we will need to mark as finished. The act of finishing a
VidCast means we must change its EndDateTime to be the current Date and Time (think
GetDate()) and change the vc_StatusID to the vc_StatusID for the 'Finished' status.
All the work can be done in a single UPDATE statement inside the stored procedure. Be
sure to code the WHERE clause!*/
create procedure vc_FinishVidCast (@vidCastID int) as begin
update vc VidCast set EndDateTime = getdate()
where vc_VidCastID = @vidCastID
update vc_VidCast set vc_StatusID = 3 end
DECLARE @newVC int
INSERT INTO vc VidCast
(VidCastTitle, StartDateTime, ScheduleDurationMinutes, vc UserID,
vc_StatusID)
VALUES (
'Finally done with sprocs'
, DATEADD(n, -45, GETDATE())
, (SELECT vc_UserID FROM vc_User WHERE UserName = 'tardy')
, (SELECT vc_StatusID FROM vc_Status WHERE StatusText='Started'))
SET @newVC = @@identity
SELECT * FROM vc VidCast WHERE vc VidCastID = @newVC
```

EXEC vc FinishVidCast @newVC

SELECT \* FROM vc\_VidCast WHERE vc\_VidCastID = @newVC