CO324 Lab 05: Datagram Sockets

Outcomes

At the end of this lab you should be able to,

- Describe the difference between stream and datagram communication.
- Send and receive datagram packets in Java.
- · Calculate round-trip time and, throughput.

References

http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/net/DatagramSocket.html http://tutorials.jenkov.com/java-networking/udp-datagram-sockets.html

Exercises

Run the provided simple UDP client and server (UDPClient.java, UDPServer.java) programs. For these exercises you should run UDPServer and UDPClient on two different machines via ssh.

- 1. Why doesn't datagram communication use Java's Input/Output streams?
- 2. Modify the code to calculate the throughput between client and server.

Throughput = No of Packets Received per second

3. Modify the client and server to calculate the average **round-trip time (RTT)** between client and server (time the client's request takes to reach the server plus the time the server's response takes to reach the client.)

Hint: you can use System.currentTimeMillis() to add a timestamp to packets.

- 4. Run your RTT program with a large (>8 kb) packet size and see if you notice anything unusual.
- 5. What assumption(s) have you made in answering guestions 2 & 3?