Oracle Casino

[SKKRYPTO] 11기 김여리, 서준, 홍석무 | 10기 강나현



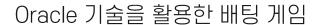
목차

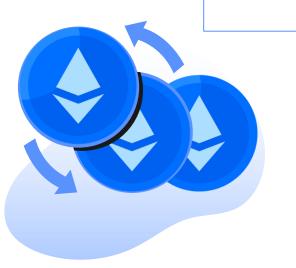


프로그램 소개



O'sino

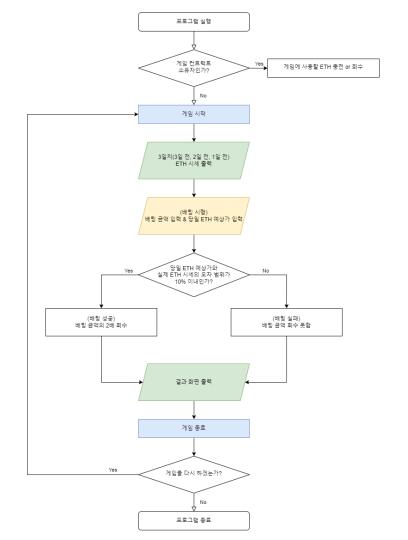


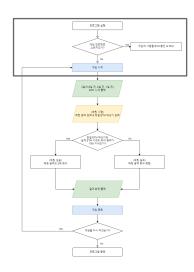


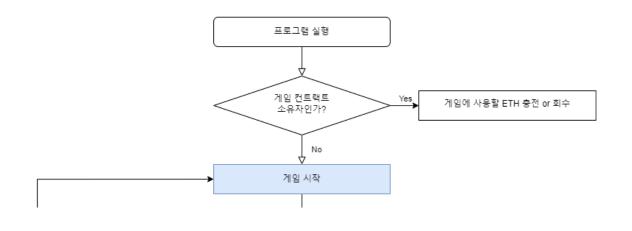
개발 일정

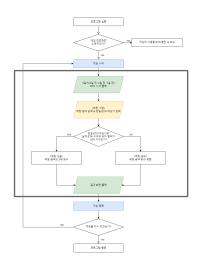
개발 일정

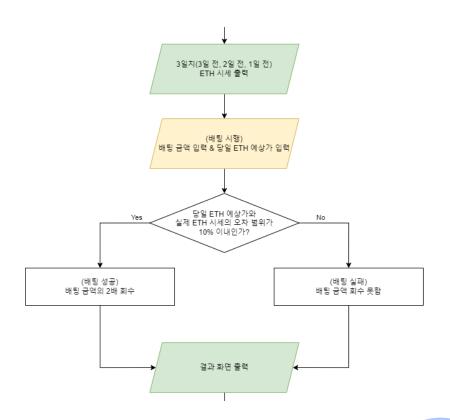
	1차호		2차 회]의 중	한 점검		세션
김여리		컨트랙트 작성 (API / 게임	임)	컨트랙트 확인		발표 자료 제작	
서준		컨트랙트 작성 (게임)		코드 합쳐서 컨트랙트 완·	성 _	콘솔 출력 구현	
홍석무		컨트랙트 작성 (API)		컨트랙트 확인		프론트엔드 구현	

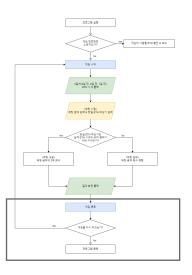


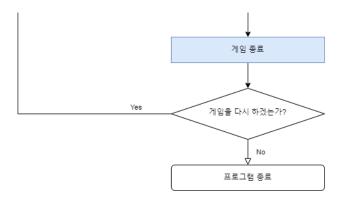












컨트랙트 구성

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01

DataConsumerV3.sol

Chain link로부터 ETH 시세 데이터를 가져오는 컨트랙트 02

OracleGame.sol

Oracle Casiono를 실행하는 컨트랙트

코드

https://github.com/giirafe/oracle_toyproject

코드

01

DataConsumerV3.sol

Chain link로부터 ETH 시세 데이터를 가져오는 컨트랙트

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.1;
import "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.8/interfaces/AggregatorV3Interface.sol";
contract DataConsumerV3 {
   AggregatorV3Interface internal dataFeed;
   constructor() {
                     639518 gas 614600 gas
       dataFeed = AggregatorV3Interface(
            0x694AA1769357215DE4FAC081bf1f309aDC325306 // * Network: Sepolia, * Data Feed: ETH/USD
   event ConsoleLog(
       string console
   function getLatestData() public view returns (uint80,uint256) { 

    infinite gas
           uint80 roundID,
           int answer,
        ) = dataFeed.latestRoundData();
       uint256 DECIMALS = 10 ** (dataFeed.decimals());
       uint256 answerUnsigned = uint256(answer);
       uint256 answerDecimalApplied = answerUnsigned / DECIMALS;
       return (roundID, answerDecimalApplied);
```

```
// roundID를 입력하면 ETH/USD를 출력하는 함수
function GETROUNDDATA(uint80 _roundID) public view returns (uint256) { ■ infinite gas
       int256 answer,
   ) = dataFeed.getRoundData(_roundID);
   uint256 DECIMALS = 10 ** (dataFeed.decimals());
   uint256 answerUnsigned = uint256(answer);
   uint256 answerDecimalApplied = answerUnsigned / DECIMALS;
   return answerDecimalApplied;
// 이전 데이터 충력
function getFormerPrice() public view returns (uint256, uint256, uint256) { ■ infinite gas
       uint80 roundID,
    ) = getLatestData();
   return (GETROUNDDATA(roundID-3), GETROUNDDATA(roundID-2), GETROUNDDATA(roundID-1));
```

```
// 예상가 입력, 결과 출력
function inputExpectedPrice(uint256 userExpect) public returns(uint256, bool) {
       infinite gas
        uint256 currentRoundAssetPrice
    ) = getLatestData();
    uint256 positiveTenPercentFigure = (currentRoundAssetPrice + (currentRoundAssetPrice*10)/100);
    uint256 negativeTenPercentFigure = (currentRoundAssetPrice - (currentRoundAssetPrice*10)/100);
    emit ConsoleLog("tenPercentFigure Set");
    bool win;
    if(_userExpect >= positiveTenPercentFigure) {
        win = false;
    else if( userExpect <= negativeTenPercentFigure) {</pre>
        win = false;
    else{
        win = true;
    return (currentRoundAssetPrice, win);
```

코드

02

OracleGame.sol

Oracle Casino를 실행하는 컨트랙트

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity >=0.8.3;
import "./DataConsumerV3.sol"; // 외부가격 가져오는 ChainLink Contract Import
contract OracleGame {
   address payable public owner;
   uint256 constant oracleFee = 0.01 ether;
   // 각 회차는 gameId를 key로 저장되며 새로운 회차가 진행될 시 gameId를 증가시켜준다.
   mapping(uint256 => mapping(address => Bet)) public betsHistory;
   event GameResult(
       address indexed gamePlayer,
       uint256 currentAssetPrice,
       bool win,
       uint256 winnings
   event PreviousPrices(
       uint256 threeDaysBefore,
       uint256 twoDaysBefore,
       uint256 oneDayBefore
   event ConsoleLog(
       string consoleMsg,
       uint256 value
   uint256 public gameId; // gameId의 Increment를 통해 한 회차의 베팅 종료시 다음 회차의 베팅으로 넘어가게끔 한다
   uint public assetPrice; // 현재는 임의로 assetPrice를 설정(추후에 ChainLink를 통해 1일전,2일전,3일전,현재의 assetPrice를 가져몬다)
   bool public bettingOpen; // Betting 활성화 상태
```

```
DataConsumerV3 internal ChainLinkOracle;
struct Bet {
   uint amount;
   uint prediction;
   bool exists;
constructor(address ChainLinkOracleAddress) {
   owner = payable(msg.sender);
   bettingOpen = true;
   gameId = 0;
   ChainLinkOracle = DataConsumerV3( ChainLinkOracleAddress);
gameId++; // GameId Increment
   bettingOpen = true; // Betting 활성화
function getThreeDaysPrices() public view returns(uint256,uint256,uint256) { ■ 48838 gas
       uint256 threeDaysBefore,
       uint256 twoDaysBefore,
       uint256 oneDayBefore
   ) = ChainLinkOracle.getFormerPrice();
   return (threeDaysBefore, twoDaysBefore, oneDayBefore);
```

```
// 현재의 gameId를 key로 뮤저는 Betting을 시행한다
function placeBet(uint _prediction) public payable {
    Bet storage betInstance = betsHistory[gameId][msg.sender]; // betsHistory에서 gameId와 msg.sender의 정보를 통해 Bet structure 객체를 가져온다.
    require(bettingOpen, "Betting is closed");
    require(!betInstance.exists, "User already placed a bet");
    require(msg.value > 0, "User should bet more than 0");

    // 사용자가 보낸 ETH양 만큼 베팅 금액 설정
    betInstance.amount = msg.value; 의 75512 gas
    betInstance.prediction = _prediction;
    betInstance.exists = true;
```

```
function redeemResult() public {
   Bet storage betInstance = betsHistory[gameId][msg.sender];
   address payable payableMsgSender = payable(msg.sender);
   require(betInstance.exists, "User's bet doesn't exist");
   uint256 winnings;
   uint256 currentAssetPrice;
   bool win;
       currentAssetPrice.
       win
    ) = ChainLinkOracle.inputExpectedPrice(betInstance.prediction);
   if(win){
       winnings = betInstance.amount * 2;
       emit ConsoleLog("Winning Amount", winnings);

infinite gas
       require(address(this).balance > winnings, "This Service Smart Contract doesn't have enough Balance to pay user");
       payableMsgSender.transfer(winnings);
       betInstance.exists = false;
       emit GameResult(msg.sender, currentAssetPrice, win, winnings);
    } else {
       winnings = 0;
       betInstance.exists = false;
       emit GameResult(msg.sender, currentAssetPrice, win, winnings);
```

```
// ChainLink 가격 조회 수수료 위해 필요한 Eth 수급
function fillInEth() public payable {
   require(msg.sender == owner, "Only the owner can fill in ETH for this Smart Contract");
   require(msg.value > 0, "You should fill in ETH larger than 0");
// 서비스 owner가 해당 Smart Contract에 저장된 ETH를 모두 출급하는 function
function withdrawAllEth() public {
   require(msg.sender == owner, "Only the owner can withdraw");
   owner.transfer(address(this).balance);
```

참고 자료

참고 자료

Chainlink Overview | Chainlink Documentation

https://docs.chain.link/gettingstarted/conceptual-overview

Price Feed Contract Addresses | Chainlink Documentation

https://docs.chain.link/data-feeds/price-feeds/addresses

Chainlink Any API Documentation | Chainlink Documentation

https://docs.chain.link/any-api/introduction

Smart Contract Kit Chainlink | Github

https://github.com/smartcontractkit/chainlink/blob/develop/contracts/src/v0.8/interfaces/ AggregatorV3Interface.sol











