OREGON STATE UNIVERSITY

Computer Science Senior Software Engineering Project (CS461) Fall 2016

Head-Up Display Alignment System Progress Report

Authors:
Krisna Irawan
Jiongcheng Luo
Drew Hamm

Abstract

A Head-up Display (HUD), is a transparent display that presents all necessary data that pilots need in their flight environment. This project is a proof concept to explore a potential technological innovation for HUD system that present critical flight information to pilots. The primary objective of this project is to reduce the cost and time required to precisely align flight information to the HUD by introducing additional sensor to the system to make the alignment process more dynamic. The product being developed is a demonstration system that looks to include a MEMS IRU mounted onto the HUD and a new alignment algorithm that utilizes this additional sensor to determine accurate HUD alignment. This document will cover the progress that we made since the beginning of the term. In this document we include the project goal, purpose, where we are currently, some codes that we have been working on, and the retrospective of the past ten weeks.

1

I. GOALS AND PURPOSE

We are working with Rockwell Collins through a proof of concept that explores a potential technological innovation for their Head-Up Display (HUD) systems that present critical flight information to pilots. Specifically, our focus is on the installation of the HUD system in regards to HUD alignment. The HUD system needs to be precisely aligned with the aircraft's sensors in order to meet the desired standards when presenting flight information to pilots. The current alignment process is costly, time consuming and requires specialized equipment and epoxy during HUD installation.

Our primary goal is to build a demonstration system that explores the idea of mounting an additional sensor to the HUD. We hope to show that the initial alignment offset can be calculated by taking the output of the HUD sensor and comparing it to the known reference of the aircraft sensor. With a successful demonstration system we will be able to show an alternative method for HUD installation. This alternative method has the expectations of costing less, requiring less time as well as alleviating the need for specialized equipment and epoxy.

Our secondary goal is to include in our demonstration system the ability to find the dynamic alignment offset as it relates to airframe droop. Airframe droop is a real problem in which the HUD becomes shifted from its precisely aligned position during flight. By including a sensor mounted to the HUD, we hope to find the alignment offset dynamically. By finding the dynamical alignment offset, Rockwell Collins could improve the accuracy of the information being displayed during flight.

II. CURRENT STAGE

At this moment, we are on the stage of hardware setup and preparing for implementation, which we have been spending time on analyzing the problem, clarifying necessary requirement for the project, sorting out the technologies we are applying the project and the planning for design details. Hence, we have moved on to the current stage that we will first acquire all necessary hardware for the setup and get familiar with all specification of the real hardware devices such as the Microcontrollers.

III. PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

•••

IV. SAMPLE CODE

Our demonstration system of project uses a Metro Mini 328 board as the microcontroller, which is imbedded with an Atmega328 core chip. Following is a piece of sample code in C language about implementing an Triple Axis Accelerometer as the model MMA8452Q on an Arduino UNO R3 microcontroller that uses Atmega328 core chip as well [1]. Specifically, this sample code demonstrates a basic program for setting up the accelerometer for the microcontroller as well as reading data from the accelerometer.

```
#include <Wire.h>
                        // Arduino Wire library for I2C protocol
#include <SFE_MMA8452Q.h> // Includes the SFE_MMA8452Q library, this library depends on the in using IMU
MMA8452Q accel; // creating an instance for the IMU class
               // necessary set up function for Arduino program
void setup(){
        Serial.begin(9600);
        accel.init();
        "accel.init()" initializes the scale setting for the accelerometer, MMA8452Q supports SCALE_2G,
            SCALE\_4G and SCALE\_8G, they represent the scale of +/-2g, 4g, and 8g respectively, so for
            instance, using 2g scale will be a function like "accel.init(SCALE_2G)"
}
                // a Loop function for continuously updating data from the accelerometer
void loop{
        if (accel.available()){
            accel.read();
                // The function "accel.read()" will update two sets of variables:
                // 1. (int) x,y,z will store signed 12-bit values read from the accelerometer
                // 2. (float) cx, cy, cz
                By calling the "accel.read" function, variables x,y,z,cx,cy,cz in "accel" class have been
                     updated, the following code allows the program to print out all data continuously on
                     the Arduino Serial monitor, and these variables would be the data to be processed by
                     the aligned algorithm in our system.
```

```
serial.print(accel.x, 3);
Serial.print(accel.y, 3);
Serial.print(accel.z, 3);
Serial.print(accel.cx, 3);
Serial.print(accel.cx, 3);
Serial.print(accel.cy, 3);
Serial.print(accel.cz, 3);
}
```

V. RETROSPECTIVE OF THE PAST 10 WEEKS

The first week of the class was dedicated for projects presentation. Then, in the second week of the class, we give our project preferences for the year. Our teacher assign us to our project and group at the beginning of week 3. The work as a group start at week 3. Thus, this section will cover the retrospective of week 3 to week 7.

Week	Postive	Deltas	Action
3	We had the first encounter with our	We had to start working on the prob-	We had to do more research on
	clients this week. We had first touch	lem statement.	quaternion, sensors, and head-up dis-
	with the project detail and we had a		play alignment system.
	greater understanding of this project.		
4	We got some tips from our teacher on	We had a communication breakdown	We had to be cautious and mindful
	resolving the communication break-	with our clients.	when sending material to our clients,
	down with our clients.		make sure it is proofread and looks
			good.
5	We had the second meeting with our	We had to work on the requirement	We had to think deeply about the
	clients. This helped us to get started	document.	requirement for this project and do
	with our requirement documents.		more research on the hardware that
	XX. 1 1	XX 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	we might use for this project.
6	We had our requirement document	We had to work on the technical	We had to do research on nine main
	signed by our clients. Our clients	review document.	technologies that critical to imple-
	were really satisfied with our require-		ment this project.
7	ment document. We finished our technical review doc-	W. L. La de de de la la contra de la contra dela contra de la contra dela contra de la contra del la contra de la contra del l	W. b. late to be seen to the first
/		We had to start thinking about the	We had to do research on the tech-
	ument on Wednesday.	design document.	nologies that was not covered in our technical review document.
8	This is a short week because of the	We had to start and diagram the design	***************************************
٥	thanksgiving break.	We had to start working on the design document.	We had to work on the design doc-
	thanksgiving break.	document.	ument during break to keep on track with the deadline of the document.
9	We had a great foundation to work on	We had to finish the design document.	We had to get together as a group and
9	the design document. We got a better	we had to finish the design document.	tackle the document together.
	idea about the progress report.		tackie the document together.
10	We submitted our design document.	We had to work on the progress	We had to think about what we did
10	we submitted our design document.	report document and presentation	in the last 10 weeks. We had to learn
		video.	how to do screen capture presenta-
		video.	tion.
			uon.

REFERENCES

[1] J. Lindblom, "Sfe_mma8452q library basic example sketch," InvenSense Inc, 2012. [Online]. Available: https://github.com/sparkfun/MMA8452_Accelerometer