Experimental Validation of Reference Spreading by Robotic Manipulation of Unmodeled Objects

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Abstract—Exploiting impacts can speed up robotic object manipulation. However, when using traditional control approaches, impacts are paired with peaks in joint torques and contact forces that may damage the robot or its environment. Reference spreading (RS) is an impact-aware control approach that addresses these peaks without significantly compromising on tracking performance. Numerical studies have validated the benefits of RS controllers for object manipulation tasks, but these controllers rely on knowledge regarding the robot's contact state and accurate object models – information that is not easily available in a real-life setup.

To facilitate experimental validation of RS for object manipulation, this work describes an impact detection algorithm and a model-free trajectory planner using teleoperation. Furthermore, a soft end effector is designed. These components are implemented on a dual-arm robotic setup to evaluate RS in a usecase that is relevant to industry, namely grabbing a box. Experiments show that RS reduces control effort – and therefore joint torques and contact forces – without inhibiting tracking performance. Consequently, impacts at higher velocities become feasible, meaning that RS can contribute to faster object manipulation.

I. INTRODUCTION

Automation has historically played a crucial role in the logistics industry. Our current way of living depends on autonomous systems for global transportation and warehousing. The growing labor shortage and increasing demand for online retail motivate further developments in the logistics sector [1].

A logistical aspect where machines struggle to fully compete with humans is object manipulation. A practical examples of this is depalletizing. While robots are strong and consistent when manipulating objects, humans are versatile and swift. Robots are held back from faster performance because they must often slow down prior to making contact; establishing contact at a high velocity – an event referred to as an impact – could cause damage to the robot or its environment. On the contrary, humans intrinsically exploit impacts in the form of grabbing, bouncing and hitting.

The field of impact-aware control aims to better equip robots for making contact at high velocities. These impacts are paired with large contact forces that could damage the system. Previous work describes control using the maximum allowable impact velocity that complies with safety constraints such as limits for the contact force [2, 3]. This was combined with a compliant cover for the robot that reduces contact forces at impact, facilitating higher feasible impact velocities. Rather than using a soft cover, low impact forces may also be achieved by designing a robot with low inertia and high backdrivability as was done in [4].

In addition to the large contact forces, a subject of interest is the velocity jump at the time of impact. Time misalignments between velocity jumps in the reference and in the actual system cause the velocity tracking error to peak[5]. This error peak results in undesired control effort and consequently increased joint torques and contact forces, which may damage the robot or its environment. Increased control effort due to error peaking should thus be avoided.

In [6], the robot's velocities are projected into an impact-invariant subspace based on the expected point of impact. As a result, impact-driven peaks in the velocity tracking error are reduced significantly. It is not always possible to describe a point of impact, however. Often times, impacts occur between surfaces rather than just points. Furthermore, corners of the surface may impact at diverging intervals in uncertain order during what is called near-simultaneous impacts.

The impact-aware control scheme called Reference Spreading [7] also adresses error peaking caused by misaligned impacts. It operates on the basis of a tracking error that switches from an ante- to a post impact reference once an impact is detected. Near-simultaneous impacts can be accounted for by an intermediate impact mode as was done in [8]. By addressing the peaking error, reference spreading facilitates faster object manipulation, making it interesting to industry if its effectivity can be proven in practice.

Experimental validations of reference spreading have been limited to interaction with a fixed environment [9, 10]. In numerical studies, it has already been shown that reference spreading can also benefit object manipulation [8, 11]. These works use models of the environment to formulate a trajectory with impact-driven velocity jumps that are coherent with the system's dynamics. A lack of sufficiently accurate object models in the real world means that a different approach to trajectory formulation is required. Furthermore, the controllers used in simulation rely on information, such as contact state or object location, that often is not available on an experimental setup.

The goal of this work is to **evaluate reference spreading for practical object maniulation tasks on an experimental setup.** To this end, a soft end effector is designed to increase friction during object manipulation. This end effector also reduces peaks in contact forces upon impact. Furthermore, since the lack of acurate environment models does not allow for model-based trajectory planning, a motion planner that utilizes teleoperation is formulated. To monitor the contact state using sensor data, a novel impact detector is described and compared to impact detectors from literature that are

prone to false-positives. Finally, these components are implemend with a reference spreading controller on a dual-arm setup. A box-grabbing experiment is then conducted to compare control approaches with and without reference spreading.

II. BACKGROUND

A. Robots suitable for impacts

goal: Explain why franka emika robot is suitable for impacts, explain torque control, show custom end effectors from literature, motivate design of a new end effector

Traditionally, robots employ low-level controllers which govern a motor torque based on a joint position or velocity reference, encoder measurements, and gain parameters.

B. Quadratic programing control

Controlling a robot for object manipulation involves, e.g., adressing redundancy and acounting for limits of the robot, while simultaneously applying a contact force and moving to a position. These objectives often clash with each other, meaning that they cannot always be perfectly satisfied. It is possible to distinguish between constraints – control objectives that must always be satisfied – and tasks – objectives that should be performed optimally but not necessarily perfectly.

Quadratic Programming (QP) relies on this philosophy. In a QP scheme, constraints and task errors are defined as a linear function of optimization parameters. It then becomes possible to efficiently find the parameters that minimize the task errors while adhering to the constraints. Furthermore, priority between the tasks can be enforced by assigning weights.

In the context of a robot where the optimization parameters are, for example, joint accelerations \ddot{q} , the optimization problem can be formulated as

$$\min_{\ddot{q} \in \chi} \sum_{i} w_i \|e_i(\ddot{q})\|^2 \tag{1}$$

where w_i and e_i are the respective weight and error of the task with index i, and χ is the feasible space where all constraints are met. The remainder of this section describes constraints and tasks that are relevant for object manipulation.

Torque constraint: To protect the robot, we can define a constraint that limits the control torque τ within a safe range, i.e.,

$$\tau_{min} \le \tau \le \tau_{max}$$
 (2)

This constraint must be formulated as a function of optimization parameter \ddot{q} to be compatible with the QP scheme. The relation between \ddot{q} and τ is given by the equations of motion

$$M\ddot{q} + h = \tau \tag{3}$$

with inertia matrix M and vector of gravity, centrifugal, and Coriolis terms h. Subsequently, the torque constraint formulated as linear function of the optimization parameter becomes

$$\tau_{min} \le M\ddot{q} + h \le \tau_{max}. \tag{4}$$

End effector task: QP control allows for a trajectory to not only be defined in the joint space, but also in the Cartesian end effector space. This is useful whern the position vector p and rotation matrix R should be controlled. Velocity and accelerations are represented by ω and α for rotations, and by v and a for translations. We can then define an end effector task, based on the orientation and position task in [12], following

$$e_{ee}(q) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha(\ddot{q}) \\ a(\ddot{q}) \end{bmatrix} - D \begin{bmatrix} \omega_d - \omega \\ v_d - v \end{bmatrix} - K \begin{bmatrix} (\log(R_d R^T))^{\vee} \\ p_d - p \end{bmatrix}$$
 (5)

with diagonal damping and stiffness matrices D and K. The subscript d indicates a desired value. Furthermore, α and a are related to \ddot{q} with the Jacobian J and its derivative \dot{J} , i.e.,

$$\begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\omega} \\ \boldsymbol{v} \end{bmatrix} = J\dot{q}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{\alpha} \\ \boldsymbol{a} \end{bmatrix} = J\ddot{q} + \dot{J}\dot{q}. \tag{6}$$

It is important to be aware of the closed-loop dynamics of the end effector task when there are unmodeled contact forces at play. For simplicity, assume a 6-DoF system where the impedance task is tracked perfectly, i.e., $e_{ee}(q) = 0$. The control torque is then found using the modeled EoM (4) with \ddot{q} from (5) and (6):

$$MJ^{-1}\left(D\begin{bmatrix}\omega_{d}-\omega\\v_{d}-v\end{bmatrix}+K\begin{bmatrix}(\log(R_{d}R^{T}))^{\vee}\\p_{d}-p\end{bmatrix}-\dot{J}\dot{q}\right)+h=\tau. \tag{7}$$

In reality, the EoM includes a contact wrench \mathcal{F} , i.e.,

$$MJ^{-1}\left(\begin{bmatrix}\alpha\\a\end{bmatrix}-\dot{J}\dot{q}\right)+h-J^{T}\mathscr{F}=\tau. \tag{8}$$

Substituting (7) into (8) gives the closed-loop dynamics

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ a \end{bmatrix} - D \begin{bmatrix} \omega_d - \omega \\ v_d - v \end{bmatrix} - K \begin{bmatrix} (\log(R_d R^T))^{\vee} \\ p_d - p \end{bmatrix} = JM^{-1}J^T \mathscr{F}. \quad (9)$$

Note that the rotation and position errors are related to the contact wrench through the matrix $K^{-1}JM^{-1}J^{T}$.

Posture task: In object manipulation, the 6-DoF end effector pose is of particular interest. Robot arms that mimic human anatomy often posses 7 DoF's, however. This results in a DoF redundancy, which should be addressed for a well-posed QP scheme. The additional DoF can be imposed by a so-called posture task described in [12]. This task attaches a critically-damped spring and damper with stiffness k to a virtual unit mass. The results in a target joint acceleration β , i.e.,

$$\beta_n = 2\sqrt{k}(\dot{q}_{n,d} - \dot{q}) + k(q_{n,d} - q_n)$$
 (10)

with joint index n. The task error is then given by

$$e_{pos}(\ddot{q}) = \ddot{q}_n - \beta_n. \tag{11}$$

C. Reference spreading

Many controllers rely on a velocity reference for tracking. When a trajectory contains impacts, both the measured and reference velocity signals contain jumps. Due to, e.g., imperfect tracking or uncertainty regarding the position of the contact surface, the measured and reference jumps can be misaligned in time. This causes the tracking error to peak

– a phenomenon that will be refered to as error peaking. An example of error peaking is shown in Figure xxx. The peak is paired with high control efforts that could damage the robot and its environment, while not necessarily contributing to better tracking. To prevent large peaks in the tracking error, robots often avoid high-velocity impacts.

Switching reference: Reference spreading (RS) enables high-velocity impacts by adressing error peaking. RS distinguishes between a reference before and after the impact. By switching between the ante and post impact reference upon impact detection, it is possible to create a jump in the velocity reference that aligns with the velocity jump of the actual system. Figure xxx shows that this reduces the peak in the tracking error, meaning that excessive control efforts are avoided and that faster impact become feasible.

Near-simultaneous impacts: Sometimes, impacts are paired with multiple velocity jumps. Corners of a contact surface may impact at diverging intervals in uncertain order during what is called near-simultaneous impacts. This is visualised in Figure x. Similarly, in the context of dual-arm box grabbing, one arm may establish contact before the other.

Between the moment of impact and contact completion – an interval referred to as the interim (impact) phase – both the ante- and post impact reference would result in error peaking. Literature describes interim phase controllers to deal with this: during the interim phase, velocity feedback may be disabled [8], or the velocity reference may be set to zero [10].

Reference extending: RS relies on the formulation of ante- and post impact references. These can be generated by splitting a reference at the nominal impact time, and then extending beyond the nominal impact time. One extending approach is maintaining constant

D. Impact detection

goal: explain that RS requires impact detection, how simulational implementations "cheat", and describe impact detection using the momentum observer or acceleratione estimations

E. Trajectory planning

III. METHODS

A. Soft end effector

B. Trajectory planning via teleoperation

Due to the absence of an environment model, the velocity jump during an impact cannot be determined analytically, and hence it is not possible to replicate the trajectory planning methods used in simulation as described in Section xxx. Instead, we employ teleoperation so that a human operator may demonstrate a task. Low control gains are used during teleoperation so that impacts do not cause an excessive control effort. The human in the loop can intuitively compensate for the poor control gains so that complex manipulation tasks are possible. Furthermore, the resulting trajectory is

guaranteed to be coherant with the dynamics of the robots, and can be used as a reference for an RS controller.

VR device: Teleoperation requires an interface between the operator and the robot. This work uses the HTV Vive VR handheld devices for the interface. With the openVR library, the following signals can extracted from the VR devices during a demonstration: rotation R_{dem} , angular velocity ω_{dem} , position p_{dem} , and velocity v_{dem} .

Impedance task: Recall that, for the end effector task (5), the contact wrench \mathscr{F} is related to the rotation and position errors through the matrix $K^-1JM^{-1}J^T$. This is problematic in the context of intuitive teleoperation; since the operator has no sense of $JM^{-1}J^T$, performing teleoperation tasks in contact becomes practically impossible. An alternative can be found in impedance control – an approach that has been proven in the context of object manipulation and teleoperation. This section describes the formulation of an impedance task.

It is preferable to apply a virtual impedance in Cartesian space rather than enforcing a virtual impedance at each joint, as this is more intuitive when tuning task weights and gains, or when performing teleoperation. The impedance should then act on the Cartesian pose of a body, i.e., R and p.

An example of a virtual impedance is given by

$$\Lambda \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ a \end{bmatrix} + D \begin{bmatrix} \omega - \omega_d \\ v - v_d \end{bmatrix} + K \begin{bmatrix} -(\log(R_d R^T))^{\vee} \\ p - p_d \end{bmatrix} = 0$$
 (12)

with Cartesian-space inertia matrix Λ .

Stiffness K is typically chosen as a diagonal matrix. The damping matrix is determined following $D = 2(\Lambda K)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ which guarantees stable behavior when K and Λ are symmetric [13].

Based on (12), we can define an impedance task error following

$$e_{imp}(q) = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha(\ddot{q}) \\ a(\ddot{q}) \end{bmatrix} - \Lambda^{-1} f \tag{13}$$

with

$$f = D \begin{bmatrix} \omega_d - \omega \\ v_d - v \end{bmatrix} + K \begin{bmatrix} (\log(R_d R^T))^{\vee} \\ p_d - p \end{bmatrix}.$$
 (14)

The closed-loop behaviour of the impedance task in a situation with unknown contact wrench \mathscr{F} may be derived similarly as was done in (9). This results in

$$\Lambda \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ a \end{bmatrix} - D \begin{bmatrix} \omega_d - \omega \\ v_d - v \end{bmatrix} - K \begin{bmatrix} (\log(R_d R^T))^{\vee} \\ p_d - p \end{bmatrix} = \Lambda J M^{-1} J^T \mathscr{F}.$$
(15)

Note that, if Λ were equal to identity, (15) would be identical to (9). Instead, we choose $\Lambda = J^{-T}MJ^{-1}$, resulting in the closed loop dynamics

$$J^{-T}MJ^{-1}\begin{bmatrix}\alpha\\a\end{bmatrix} - D\begin{bmatrix}\omega_d - \omega\\v_d - v\end{bmatrix} - K\begin{bmatrix}(\log(R_dR^T))^{\vee}\\p_d - p\end{bmatrix} = \mathscr{F},$$
(16)

where the contact wrench is now related to the rotation and tracking errors through the diagonal stiffness matrix – a relation that is much more intuitive to the operator compared to the end effector task. This comes at the cost of worse

tracking during free motion however, since the relation of the rotation and position error with the accelerations has become more convoluted. Nevertheless, having good control over the contact forces is prefered since the accelerations convert to zero in steady state while the contact forces do not. (how to improve this explanation?)

Teleoperation QP controller: During teleoperation, the goal is to track the VR device and record the trajectory of the robot, i.e., save the recording. This is achieved with a QP controller utilizing an impedance task as described in (13). Furthermore a posture task on the first joint, derived from (11), prevents a joint redundancy. The QP scheme during recording is then given by

$$\ddot{q}_{rec} = \min_{\ddot{q} \in \chi} \left\| \begin{bmatrix} \alpha(\ddot{q}) \\ a(\ddot{q}) \end{bmatrix} - \Lambda^{-1} f_{rec} \right\| + \|\ddot{q}_1 - \beta_{rec}\|$$
(17)

$$f_{rec} = D_{rec} \begin{bmatrix} \omega_{dem} - \omega_{rec} \\ v_{dem} - v_{rec} \end{bmatrix} + K_{rec} \begin{bmatrix} (\log(R_{dem}R_{rec}^T))^{\vee} \\ p_{dem} - p_{rec} \end{bmatrix}$$
(18)

$$\beta_{rec} = 2\sqrt{k_{rec}} \left[-\dot{q}_{1,rec} \right] + k_{rec} \left[-q_{1,rec} \right]$$
 (19)

This QP scheme is visualized in Figure x. During the recording, eight signals are saved. This includes R_{rec} , p_{rec} , $q_{1,rec}$, ω_{rec} , v_{rec} , and $\dot{q}_{1,rec}$. Furthermore the signals f_{rec} and β_{rec} are saved as they can potentially be used as a feedforward reference. Note that f_{rec} is also essential for replecating contact forces, as these are not captured otherwise.

C. Reference spreading formulation

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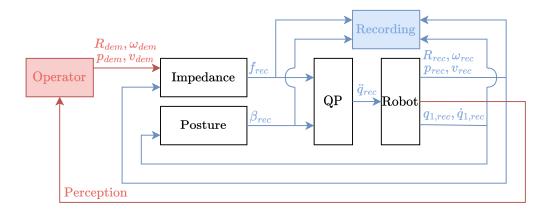


Fig. 1. Visualization of the QP scheme for recording a reference through demonstration.

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IV. EXPERIMENTAL VALIDATION

- A. Implementation
- B. End effector evaluation
- C. Reference spreading
- D. Intermediate modes

V. CONCLUSION

APPENDIX

- A. Rotation mathematics
- B. End effector design
- C. Supplementary experimental results