Lab 9: Pointers

Task 1: Swap Two Numbers Using Pointers

Objective

Create a C++ program to swap the values of two variables using pointers.

Instructions

1. Function Arguments:

- A pointer to the first integer.
- A pointer to the second integer.

2. Function Logic:

- The function should not return any value.
- Instead, it should swap the values of the two integers by dereferencing their respective pointers.

3. Use Temporary Variable:

- Use a temporary variable to hold one of the values during the swap process.
- 4. Input:
 - The user must input two integers.
- 5. Output:
 - Display the values of the two integers before and after swapping.

Function Signature:

```
void swapNumbers(int* num1, int* num2)
```

Sample Output

```
Enter two numbers: 5 10

Before swapping: a = 5, b = 10

After swapping: a = 10, b = 5
```

Task 2: Find Largest and Smallest Elements in an Array Using Pointers

Objective

Create a C++ program to find the **largest** and **smallest** elements in an array of integers using pointers.

Instructions

1. Function Arguments:

- A pointer to the array of integers.
- The size of the array.
- A pointer to an integer variable to store the largest element.
- A pointer to an integer variable to store the smallest element.

2. Function Logic:

- The function should **not return any value**.
- Instead, it should directly modify the largest and smallest values via their respective pointers.

3. Use Pointer Arithmetic:

• Traverse the array using pointer arithmetic to find the largest and smallest elements.

4. **Input:**

• The user must input 8 integers to populate the array.

5. Output:

• Display the largest and smallest elements in the array.

Function Signature:

```
void findLargestSmallest(int* arr, int size, int* largest, int* smallest)
Hint:
```

*(arr + 2) refers to the 3rd element in the array pointed to by arr.

Sample Output

Enter 8 integers: 12 45 3 22 8 11 23 40

The largest element is: 45 The smallest element is: 3