$\begin{tabular}{l} HP03 Series of calibrated sensor module \\ HP03S \end{tabular}$

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- . Integrated pressure sensor
- . 300-1100hpa absolute Pressure Range
- . 16 Bit Σ – Δ ADC
- . 11 coefficients for software compensation stored on chip
- . I²C Serial Interface
- . One system clock line (32768Hz)
- . One hardware controlled reset line
- . Low voltage, low power consumption

Description

The HP03S pressure module includes a piezo-resistive pressure sensor and an ADC interface. It provides 16 bit word data for pressure and temperature related voltage. With the help of a highly accurate calibration of the senor, 11 unique coefficients were stored on the chip, thus accurate pressure and temperature reading can be realized. HM03S is a low power, low voltage device with automatic power down switching. I²C Serial Interface is used for communications with a microprocessor. Sensor packaging options are DIP or SMD (with metal cap)

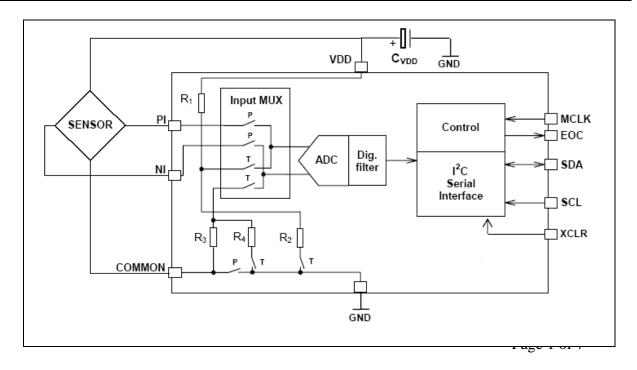
Features

- . 14 Bit ADC resolution
- . Supply voltage 2.2v-3.6v
- -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C operating range
- . No external components required

Applications

- . Pressure measurement and control systems
- . Mobile altimeter/barometer systems
- . Weather forecast products
- . Adventure or multi-mode watches
- . GPS receivers

Block Diagram



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PIN Description

Pin Name	Pin Number	Type	Function
VSS	6	G	power ground
VDD	5	Р	power VCC
MCLK	4	I	master clock(32k) input
XCLR	3	I	ADC reset input (keep low when system is in idle state)
SDA	2	I/O	. I ² C data input and output
SCL	1	1	I ² C clock input

^{*} XCLR is to reset the AD converter (active low). XCLR should be set to high only during AD conversion phase(reading D1,D2), at all other states, such as reading calibration factors, this pin should be kept low.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	4	V
Over pressure	Р		15	Bar(abs)
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40	125	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD		2.2	3	3.6	V
Supply Current	I	VDD=3V				V
during conversion				500		μΑ
Stand by				1		μΑ
Operating Pressure Range	Р		300		1100	hpa (abs)
Operating Temperature Range	Т		-40	25	85	°C
MCLK	Т		30 32768		35	KHz
Duty Cycle of MCLK			40%	50%	60%	%
Serial Date Rate	SCL				500	KHz

Pressure and Temperature Output Characteristics

With the calibration data provided by the HP03 system, it should be able to reach the following characteristics:

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Absolute Pressure Accuracy	HP03SA	750-1100 @ 0~50	-1.5		1.5	hpa
Absolute Pressure Accuracy	HP03SB	750-1100 @ 0~50	-3.0		3.0	hpa
Absolute Pressure Accuracy	HP03SA	750-1100 @ -20~60	-3.0		3.0	hpa
Absolute Pressure Accuracy	HP03SB	750-1100 @ -20~60	-5.0		5.0	hpa
Long Term Stability		12 month		2		hpa

^{*} The quality of the MCLK signal can significantly influence the current consumption of the pressure module. To obtain minimum current, remember to supply good quality MCLK signal

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VDD Dependency	2.4~3.6	-1.5	0	1.5	hpa
Temperature Accuracy	0~+50	-1.0		1.0	°C
Temperature Accuracy	-20~+60	-2.0		2.0	°C

Pressure and Temperature Measurement

The main function of HP03 system is to convert the uncompensated pressure and temperature signal from a pressure sensor. After the conversion, the following two values can be obtained:

. measured temperature "D2" . measured pressure "D1"

As the sensor is strongly temperature dependent, it is necessary to compensate for these effects. Therefore 10 sensor-specific coefficients are stored on the HP03 at our manufacturing facility, and they allow an accurate software compensation in the application.

The 7 coefficients are:

. Sensitivity coefficient	"C1"
. Offset coefficient	"C2"
. Temperature Coefficient of Sensitivity	"C3"
. Temperature Coefficient of Offset	"C4"
. Reference Temperature	"C5"
. Temperature Coefficient of Temperature	"C6"
. Offset Fine Tuning	"C7"

4 sensor parameter

. Sensor Specific Parameter "A,B,C,D"

Note: Make sure to pull low XCLR before start to Read these coefficients or the data read out is probably incorrect

Parameter Range (Hex:Dec)													
C1	0x100 0xFFFF	:	256 65535										
C2	0x00 0x1FFF	;	0 8191										
С3	0x00 0x400	;	0 3000										
C4	0x00 0x1000	;	0 4096										
C5	0x1000 0xFFFF	;	4096 65535										
C6	0x00 0x4000	;	0 16384										
C7	0x960 0xA28	;	2400 2600										
C, D	0x01 0x0F	;	1 15										
А, В	0x01 0x3F	;	1 63										
D1	0x00 0xFFFF	;	0 65535										
D2	0x00 0xFFFF	;	0 65535										

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Pressure and Temperature Calculation:

Step 1: (get temperature value)

D2>=C5 dUT= D2-C5 - ((D2-C5)/2^7) * ((D2-C5)/2^7) * A / 2^C D2 < C5 dUT= D2-C5 - ((D2-C5)/2^7) * ((D2-C5)/2^7) * B / 2^C

Step 2: (calculate offset, sensitivity and final pressure value)

OFF=(C2+(C4-1024)*dU	T/2^14)*4
$SENS = C1 + C3*dUT/2^{\wedge}$	10
X = SENS * (D1-7168)/2	14 - OFF
P=X*10/2^5+C7	

- For altitude measurement system, recommend to use P=X*100/2^5+C7*10
- So that better altitude resolution can be achieved

Step 3: (calculate temperature)

 $T = 250 + dUT * C6 / 2 ^ 16-dUT/2^D$

Example:

C1=29908

C2=3724

C3=312

C4 = 441

C5=9191

C6=3990

C7=2500

A=1

B=4

C=4

D=9

D1=30036

D2=4107

 $dUT = (4107-9191) - ((4107-9191)*(4107-9191)/128^2) * 4 / 2^4 = -5478$

$$OFF = (3724 + (441-1024) * (-5478) / 2^14) * 4 = 15675$$

 $SENS = 29908 + 312 * (-5478) / 2^10 = 28238$

 $X = 28238 * (30036-7168) / 2^14 - 15675 = 23738$

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$$P = 23738 * 10/2^5 + 2500 = 9918 = 991.8hpa$$

 $T = 250 + (-5478) * 3990 / 2^16 - (-5478 / 2^9) = -72 = -7.2^{\circ}C$

Serial Interface

The I²C interface is used for accessing calibration data as well as reading measurement result from AD conversion.

The EEPROM and ADC is sharing the same I²C bus but with different chip address assigned. The EEPROM chip address is set to 0xA1(in the case of read), write operation is not allowed. For AD part, the chip address is set to 0xEE. So this module used two different addresses for calibration data and AD converting data accessing. Calibration EEPROM data read operation is fully compatible to 24C02. Bus drive timing should be referred to the specification of this part as well.

Coefficient **EEPROM ADDRESS** C1(MSB:LSB) (16:17)C2(MSB:LSB) (18:19)C3(MSB:LSB) (20:21)C4(MSB:LSB) (22:23)C5(MSB:LSB) (24:25)C6(MSB:LSB) (26:27)C7(MSB:LSB) (28:29)(30)A В (31) \mathbf{C} (32)D (33)

AD chip address is set to 0xEE(device write address), 0xEF(device read address). In order to get the AD value D1 and D2, you have to follow the following timing sequence:

Pressure Measure:

S	11101110	A 11	111111	Α	11110000	A	D o	S	11101110	Α	11111101	Α	S	11101111	Α	MSB	Α	LSB	N	>
---	----------	-------------	--------	---	----------	---	-----	---	----------	---	----------	---	---	----------	---	-----	---	-----	---	---

Temperature Measure:

S 11101110 A 11111111 A 11101000 A P D S 11101110 A 11111101 A S 11101111 A MSB A LSB N P

S: start condition P: stop condition

A (bold): acknowledge from slave

A: acknowledge from master

N: no acknowledge from master (send out bit 1 instead)

D: delay for 40ms minimum MSB: conversion result MSB LSB: conversion result LSB.

Remark:

Before start an AD conversion cycle, remember to pull high for XCLR pin so that the system is no longer in the reset state.

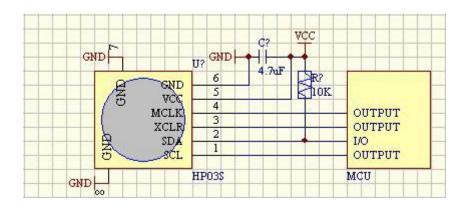
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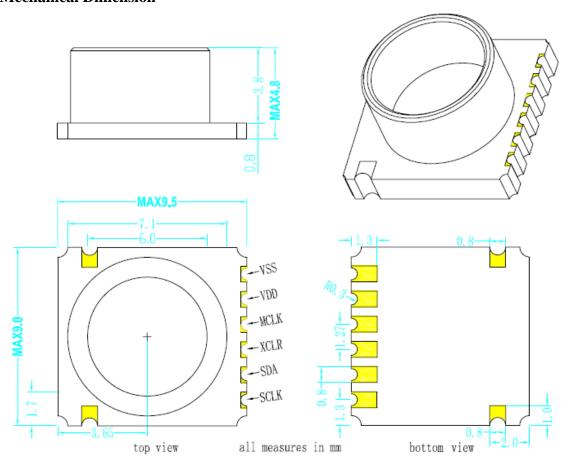
All data read from the module is in hex format.

After first power on, the first read data should be disregarded, and only the second value should be used. This can assure that any unstable data after reset can be filtered out.

Typical Application Circuit Diagram:



Mechanical Dimension



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Important Notices

Never unplug the module when power is on.

Do not use this product as safety or emergency stop device or in any application where failure of this product could lead in personal injury. Failure to comply with these instructions could result with death or serious injury.

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