

# An Analysis of Automatically-Generated Adjectival Scales in a Continuous Space

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## Abstract

The goal of this study is to examine, replicate, and extend the model proposed by Kim and de Marneffe (2013). Their proposed model uses the continuous space word representations described by Mikolov et al. (2010) to vectorize scalar adjectives and interpret the similarity of words in the new, high-dimensional, continuous space.

This study reviews and critiques a number of alternative approaches to generating an adjectival scale, and evaluates the performance of the original model on an expanded dataset and on the datasets of alternative models. The conclusion is clear: continuous space word representations are meaningful, but are inconsistent in determining adjectival scales.

## 1 Introduction

## 2 Model

## 3 Data

## 4 Approach

## 5 Comparison

## 6 Discussion and Conclusion

## 7 Credits

This document has been adapted from the instructions for earlier ACL and NAACL proceedings, including those for ACL 2018 by Shay Cohen, Kevin Gimpel, and Wei Lu, NAACL 2018 by Margaret Mitchell and Stephanie Lukin, 2017/2018 (NA)ACL bibtex suggestions from Jason Eisner, ACL 2017 by Dan Gildea and Min-Yen Kan, NAACL 2017 by Margaret Mitchell, ACL 2012 by Maggie Li and Michael White, those from ACL 2010 by Jing-Shing Chang and Philipp Koehn, those for ACL 2008 by Johanna D. Moore, Simone Teufel, James Allan, and Sadaoki Furui,

those for ACL 2005 by Hwee Tou Ng and Kemal Oflazer, those for ACL 2002 by Eugene Charniak and Dekang Lin, and earlier ACL and EACL formats. Those versions were written by several people, including John Chen, Henry S. Thompson and Donald Walker. Additional elements were taken from the formatting instructions of the *International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence* and the *Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*.

## 8 Introduction

The following instructions are directed to authors of papers submitted to NAACL-HLT 2019 or accepted for publication in its proceedings. All authors are required to adhere to these specifications. Authors are required to provide a Portable Document Format (PDF) version of their papers. **The proceedings are designed for printing on A4 paper.**

## 9 General Instructions

Manuscripts must be in two-column format. Exceptions to the two-column format include the title, authors' names and complete addresses, which must be centered at the top of the first page, and any full-width figures or tables (see the guidelines in Subsection ??). **Type single-spaced.** Start all pages directly under the top margin. See the guidelines later regarding formatting the first page. The manuscript should be printed single-sided and its length should not exceed the maximum page limit described in Section 11. Pages are numbered for initial submission. However, **do not number the pages in the camera-ready version.**

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The review process is double-blind, so do not include any author information (names, addresses) when submitting a paper for review. However, you should maintain space for names and addresses so that they will fit in the final (accepted) version. The NAACL-HLT 2019 L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X style will create a titlebox space of 2.5in for you when `\aclfinalcopy` is commented out.

The author list for submissions should include all (and only) individuals who made substantial contributions to the work presented. Each author listed on a submission to NAACL-HLT 2019 will be notified of submissions, revisions and the final decision. No authors may be added to or removed from submissions to NAACL-HLT 2019 after the submission deadline.

## 9.1 The Ruler

The NAACL-HLT 2019 style defines a printed ruler which should be presented in the version submitted for review. The ruler is provided in order that reviewers may comment on particular lines in the paper without circumlocution. If you are preparing a document without the provided style files, please arrange for an equivalent ruler to appear on the final output pages. The presence or absence of the ruler should not change the appearance of any other content on the page. The camera ready copy should not contain a ruler. (L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X users may uncomment the `\aclfinalcopy` command in the document preamble.)

Reviewers: note that the ruler measurements do not align well with lines in the paper – this turns out to be very difficult to do well when the paper contains many figures and equations, and, when done, looks ugly. In most cases one would expect that the approximate location will be adequate, although you can also use fractional references (e.g., the first paragraph on this page ends at mark 108.5).

## 9.2 Electronically-available resources

NAACL-HLT provides this description in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2e (`naaclhlt2019.tex`) and PDF format (`naaclhlt2019.pdf`), along with the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X2e style file used to format it (`naaclhlt2019.sty`) and an ACL bibliography

style (`aclnatbib.bst`) and example bibliography (`naaclhlt2019.bib`). These files are all available at <http://naacl2019.org/downloads/naaclhlt2019-latex.zip>. We strongly recommend the use of these style files, which have been appropriately tailored for the NAACL-HLT 2019 proceedings.

## 9.3 Format of Electronic Manuscript

For the production of the electronic manuscript you must use Adobe’s Portable Document Format (PDF). PDF files are usually produced from L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X using the `pdflatex` command. If your version of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X produces Postscript files, you can convert these into PDF using `ps2pdf` or `dvipdf`. On Windows, you can also use Adobe Distiller to generate PDF.

Please make sure that your PDF file includes all the necessary fonts (especially tree diagrams, symbols, and fonts with Asian characters). When you print or create the PDF file, there is usually an option in your printer setup to include none, all or just non-standard fonts. Please make sure that you select the option of including ALL the fonts. **Before sending it, test your PDF by printing it from a computer different from the one where it was created.** Moreover, some word processors may generate very large PDF files, where each page is rendered as an image. Such images may reproduce poorly. In this case, try alternative ways to obtain the PDF. One way on some systems is to install a driver for a postscript printer, send your document to the printer specifying “Output to a file”, then convert the file to PDF.

It is of utmost importance to specify the **A4 format** (21 cm x 29.7 cm) when formatting the paper. When working with `dvips`, for instance, one should specify `-t a4`. Or using the command `\special{papersize=210mm,297mm}` in the latex preamble (directly below the `\usepackage` commands). Then using `dvipdf` and/or `pdflatex` which would make it easier for some.

Print-outs of the PDF file on A4 paper should be identical to the hardcopy version. If you cannot meet the above requirements about the production of your electronic submission, please contact the publication chairs as soon as possible.

## 9.4 Layout

Format manuscripts two columns to a page, in the manner these instructions are formatted. The exact

Type of Text	Font Size	Style
paper title	15 pt	bold
author names	12 pt	bold
author affiliation	12 pt	
the word “Abstract”	12 pt	bold
section titles	12 pt	bold
document text	11 pt	
captions	10 pt	
abstract text	10 pt	
bibliography	10 pt	
footnotes	9 pt	

Table 1: Font guide.

dimensions for a page on A4 paper are:

- Left and right margins: 2.5 cm
- Top margin: 2.5 cm
- Bottom margin: 2.5 cm
- Column width: 7.7 cm
- Column height: 24.7 cm
- Gap between columns: 0.6 cm

Papers should not be submitted on any other paper size. If you cannot meet the above requirements about the production of your electronic submission, please contact the publication chairs above as soon as possible.

## 9.5 Fonts

For reasons of uniformity, Adobe’s **Times Roman** font should be used. In  $\text{\LaTeX}2\text{e}$  this is accomplished by putting

```
\usepackage{times}
\usepackage{latexsym}
```

in the preamble. If Times Roman is unavailable, use **Computer Modern Roman** ( $\text{\LaTeX}2\text{e}$ ’s default). Note that the latter is about 10% less dense than Adobe’s Times Roman font.

## 9.6 Sections

**Headings:** Type and label section and subsection headings in the style shown on the present document. Use numbered sections (Arabic numerals) in order to facilitate cross references. Number subsections with the section number and the subsection number separated by a dot, in Arabic numerals. Do not number subsections.

**Citations:** Citations within the text appear in parentheses as (Gusfield, 1997) or, if the author’s name appears in the text itself, as Gusfield (1997). Using the provided  $\text{\LaTeX}$  style, the former is accomplished using `\cite` and the latter with `\shortcite` or `\newcite`. Collapse multiple citations as in (Gusfield, 1997; Aho and Ullman, 1972); this is accomplished with the provided style using commas within the `\cite` command, e.g., `\cite{Gusfield:97,Aho:72}`. Append lowercase letters to the year in cases of ambiguities. Treat double authors as in (Aho and Ullman, 1972), but write as in (Chandra et al., 1981) when more than two authors are involved. Collapse multiple citations as in (Gusfield, 1997; Aho and Ullman, 1972). Also refrain from using full citations as sentence constituents.

We suggest that instead of

“(Gusfield, 1997) showed that ...”

you use

“Gusfield (1997) showed that ...”

If you are using the provided  $\text{\LaTeX}$  and  $\text{BibTeX}$  style files, you can use the command `\citete` (cite in text) to get “author (year)” citations.

If the  $\text{BibTeX}$  file contains DOI fields, the paper title in the references section will appear as a hyperlink to the DOI, using the `hyperref`  $\text{\LaTeX}$  package. To disable the `hyperref` package, load the style file with the `nohyperref` option:

```
\usepackage[nohyperref]{naaclhlt2019}
```

**Digital Object Identifiers:** As part of our work to make ACL materials more widely used and cited outside of our discipline, ACL has registered as a CrossRef member, as a registrant of Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs), the standard for registering permanent URNs for referencing scholarly materials. As of 2017, we are requiring all camera-ready references to contain the appropriate DOIs (or as a second resort, the hyperlinked ACL Anthology Identifier) to all cited works. Thus, please ensure that you use  $\text{BibTeX}$  records that contain DOI or URLs for any of the ACL materials that you reference. Appropriate records should be found for most materials in the current ACL Anthology at <http://aclanthology.info/>.

As examples, we cite (Goodman et al., 2016) to show you how papers with a DOI will appear in the bibliography. We cite (Harper, 2014) to show how papers without a DOI but with an ACL Anthology Identifier will appear in the bibliography.

output	natbib	previous ACL style files
(Gusfield, 1997)	\citep	\cite
Gusfield (1997)	\citet	\newcite
(1997)	\citeyearpar	\shortcite

Table 2: Citation commands supported by the style file. The citation style is based on the natbib package and supports all natbib citation commands. It also supports commands defined in previous ACL style files for compatibility.

As reviewing will be double-blind, the submitted version of the papers should not include the authors' names and affiliations. Furthermore, self-references that reveal the author's identity, *e.g.*,

"We previously showed (Gusfield, 1997) ..."

should be avoided. Instead, use citations such as

"Gusfield (1997) previously showed ..."

Any preliminary non-archival versions of submitted papers should be listed in the submission form but not in the review version of the paper. NAACL-HLT 2019 reviewers are generally aware that authors may present preliminary versions of their work in other venues, but will not be provided the list of previous presentations from the submission form.

**Please do not use anonymous citations** and do not include when submitting your papers. Papers that do not conform to these requirements may be rejected without review.

**References:** Gather the full set of references together under the heading **References**; place the section before any Appendices. Arrange the references alphabetically by first author, rather than by order of occurrence in the text. By using a .bib file, as in this template, this will be automatically handled for you. See the \bibliography commands near the end for more.

Provide as complete a citation as possible, using a consistent format, such as the one for *Computational Linguistics* or the one in the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (American Psychological Association, 1983). Use of full names for authors rather than initials is preferred. A list of abbreviations for common computer science journals can be found in the *ACM Computing Reviews* (for Computing Machinery, 1983).

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X and BibT<sub>E</sub>X style files provided roughly fit the American Psychological Association

format, allowing regular citations, short citations and multiple citations as described above.

- Example citing an arxiv paper: (Rasooli and Tetreault, 2015).
- Example article in journal citation: (Ando and Zhang, 2005).
- Example article in proceedings, with location: (Borschinger and Johnson, 2011).
- Example article in proceedings, without location: (Andrew and Gao, 2007).

See corresponding .bib file for further details.

Submissions should accurately reference prior and related work, including code and data. If a piece of prior work appeared in multiple venues, the version that appeared in a refereed, archival venue should be referenced. If multiple versions of a piece of prior work exist, the one used by the authors should be referenced. Authors should not rely on automated citation indices to provide accurate references for prior and related work.

**Appendices:** Appendices, if any, directly follow the text and the references (but see above). Letter them in sequence and provide an informative title: **Appendix A. Title of Appendix**.

## 9.7 Footnotes

**Footnotes:** Put footnotes at the bottom of the page and use 9 point font. They may be numbered or referred to by asterisks or other symbols.<sup>1</sup> Footnotes should be separated from the text by a line.<sup>2</sup>

## 9.8 Graphics

**Illustrations:** Place figures, tables, and photographs in the paper near where they are first discussed, rather than at the end, if possible. Wide illustrations may run across both columns. Color

<sup>1</sup>This is how a footnote should appear.

<sup>2</sup>Note the line separating the footnotes from the text.

illustrations are discouraged, unless you have verified that they will be understandable when printed in black ink.

**Captions:** Provide a caption for every illustration; number each one sequentially in the form: “Figure 1. Caption of the Figure.” “Table 1. Caption of the Table.” Type the captions of the figures and tables below the body, using 10 point text. Captions should be placed below illustrations. Captions that are one line are centered (see Table 1). Captions longer than one line are left-aligned (see Table ??). Do not overwrite the default caption sizes. The `naaclhlt2019.sty` file is compatible with the caption and subcaption packages; do not add optional arguments.

## 9.9 Accessibility

In an effort to accommodate people who are color-blind (as well as those printing to paper), grayscale readability for all accepted papers will be encouraged. Color is not forbidden, but authors should ensure that tables and figures do not rely solely on color to convey critical distinctions. A simple criterion: All curves and points in your figures should be clearly distinguishable without color.

## 10 Translation of non-English Terms

It is also advised to supplement non-English characters and terms with appropriate transliterations and/or translations since not all readers understand all such characters and terms. Inline transliteration or translation can be represented in the order of: original-form transliteration “translation”.

## 11 Length of Submission

The NAACL-HLT 2019 main conference accepts submissions of long papers and short papers. Long papers may consist of up to eight (8) pages of content plus unlimited pages for references. Upon acceptance, final versions of long papers will be given one additional page – up to nine (9) pages of content plus unlimited pages for references – so that reviewers’ comments can be taken into account. Short papers may consist of up to four (4) pages of content, plus unlimited pages for references. Upon acceptance, short papers will be given five (5) pages in the proceedings and unlimited pages for references. For both long and short papers, all illustrations and tables that are part of the main text must be accommodated within these page limits, observing the formatting instructions

given in the present document. Papers that do not conform to the specified length and formatting requirements are subject to be rejected without review.

NAACL-HLT 2019 does encourage the submission of additional material that is relevant to the reviewers but not an integral part of the paper. There are two such types of material: appendices, which can be read, and non-readable supplementary materials, often data or code. Do not include this additional material in the same document as your main paper. Additional material must be submitted as one or more separate files, and must adhere to the same anonymity guidelines as the main paper. The paper must be self-contained: it is optional for reviewers to look at the supplementary material. Papers should not refer, for further detail, to documents, code or data resources that are not available to the reviewers. Refer to Appendix A and Appendix B for further information.

Workshop chairs may have different rules for allowed length and whether supplemental material is welcome. As always, the respective call for papers is the authoritative source.

## Acknowledgments

The acknowledgments should go immediately before the references. Do not number the acknowledgments section. Do not include this section when submitting your paper for review.

## Preparing References:

Include your own bib file like this:  
`\bibliographystyle{acl_natbib}`  
`\bibliography{naaclhlt2019}`  
 where `naaclhlt2019` corresponds to a `naaclhlt2019.bib` file.

## References

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