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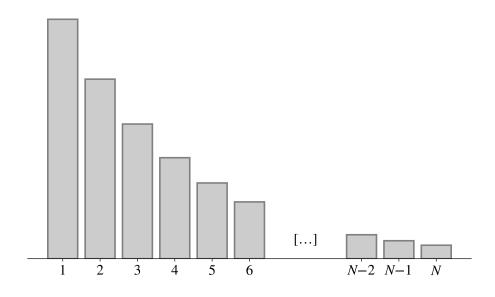
Cartography #8

for flute, soprano sax, violin, violoncello, and accordion

2018

Full Score

All pieces in this series were composed using the following distribution:



$$P(n) = (3/4)^k \times P(n-k)$$

Cartography #8, for flute, soprano sax, violin, violoncello, and accordion Mapping and rules

pitches		
set size	N=6	
transformation period	$2 \times \text{bars}$	
transformation mechanism	$[a, b, c, d, e, f] \rightarrow [b, c, d, e, f, g]$, with $g \mod 12 = (f \mod 12) + 1$, and g at a uniformly randomly selected octave transposition.	
initial set	[A5, Bb5, B5, C6, C#6, D6] bar lengths	
set size	N=3	
transformation period	$8 \times \text{bars}$	
transformation mechanism initial set	$[a, b, c] \to [b, c, d]$, with $d = c - 1$. [7, 6, 5]	

number of instruments playing in a given bar

N = 6

set size

transformation period set instrumentation	fixed $[5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]$ uniformly randomly selected	
hairpins		
set size	N = 3	
transformation period	fixed	
initial set	[none, cresc., dim.]	
end dynamic	always one level above or below the initial dy-	
	namic.	

dynamics

set size transformation period transformation mechanism initial set	$N=2$ $17 imes \mathrm{bars}$ $[a,b] o [b,c]$, with $c=b+1$. $[\boldsymbol{p}\boldsymbol{p},\boldsymbol{p}]$
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techniques

set size	N=2
transformation period	fixed
initial set	[option 1, option 2], with the option 1 being ord.
	for all instruments and 8'+8' registration for the
	accordion, and option 2 being flageolet for flute,
	bisbigliando for saxophone, sul ponticello for violin
	and violoncello and 8'+8'+4' registration for accor-
	dion.

constraints

- number of bars (pre-loop): 40.
- durations: all notes last a whole bar.
- range: Ab4–E7. Highest pitches: flute C7, soprano saxophone Eb6, violin E7 (harmonics from E6 and above), violoncello E7 (harmonics from G5 and above) and
- at least one pitch in a pitch set should be equal to or below C6.
- looping mechanism follows three processes to select which of the 40 bars are output. First process outputs $1 \rightarrow 1, 2 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3 \rightarrow \ldots \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, \ldots, 8, 9, 10$, second process outputs $2, 3, 4, 5, \ldots, 9, 10, 11 \rightarrow 3, 4, \ldots 11, 12 \rightarrow \ldots \rightarrow 31, 32, \ldots 39, 40$, and the third process outputs $32, 33, 34, \ldots, 39, 40 \rightarrow 33, 34, \ldots, 39, 40 \rightarrow 34, \ldots, 39, 40 \rightarrow \ldots \rightarrow 39, 40 \rightarrow 40$.

General performance notes

- s.p. stands for sul ponticello.
- flute harmonics should preferably be fingered two octaves below (i.e. third overtone) whenever possible.
- saxophone bisbigliando is notated with the written instruction bisbi. followed by a wavy line. Bisbigliando should be performed at medium to fast speed.
- all performers should play without vibrato.

This score was automatically generated by a computer program.

Cartography #8



