

Google Cloud Generative Al Leader Practice Exam Questions (GOOG-GAIL-0010)
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Google Cloud Generative Al Leader Practice Exam Questions (GOOG-GAIL-0010)



Issued by Google Cloud

Generative AI Leader Certification

A Generative AI Leader is a visionary professional with comprehensive knowledge of how gen AI can transform businesses. They have business-level knowledge of Google Cloud's gen AI offerings and understand how Google's AI-first approach can lead organizations toward innovative and responsible AI adoption. They influence gen AI-powered initiatives and identify opportunities across business functions and industries, using Google Cloud's enterprise-ready offerings to accelerate innovation.

Details:

https://cloud.google.com/learn/certification/generative-aileader

The Generative AI Leader exam assesses your knowledge in these areas:

- ✓ Fundamentals of gen AI
- ✓ Google Cloud's gen AI offerings
- ✓ Techniques to improve gen Al model output
- ✓ Business strategies for a successful gen Al solution

About this certification exam

Length: 90 minutes

Content: Exam quide

Registration fee: \$99 (plus tax where applicable)

Language: English

Exam format: 50-60 multiple choice questions

Exam delivery method: Online-proctored or onsite-proctored

Validity period: 3 years

Prerequisites: None

Certification renewal: You can renew your certification by taking the renewal exam or the standard exam starting 60 days before your certification expires.

Preparing for your exam

Step 1. Understand what's on the exam

The <u>exam guide</u> contains a list of topics that may be assessed on both the standard exam and the renewal exam. Review the exam guide to determine if your knowledge aligns with the topics on the exam.

Step 2. Expand your knowledge with training

Follow the **Generative AI Leader learning path**

Review the **Generative AI Leader Study Guide**

Step 3. Prepare with sample questions

The Generative AI Leader sample questions will familiarize you with the format of exam questions and example content that may be covered on both of the exams.

The sample questions do not represent the range of topics or level of difficulty of questions presented on the exam. Performance on the sample questions should not be used to predict your Generative AI Leader exam result.

There is no limit to the number of times you can complete the sample questions.

The sample questions are not timed.

If you close the sample questions while in progress, your work won't be saved and you will have to start from the beginning.

The sample questions are currently available in English only.

Launch sample questions

Step 4. Schedule an exam

Decide whether to take the exam remotely (see <u>online testing requirements</u>) or at a test center (<u>locate a test center near you</u>).

Register to take the standard exam or renewal exam today.

Review exam terms and conditions and data sharing policies.

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Practice Questions

Question 1

A human resources department deploys a generative AI (gen AI) model to screen job applications and provide a shortlist of candidates to recruiters. Recruiters notice that some seemingly qualified candidates are consistently being overlooked, but the AI provides no explanation for its rankings or exclusions. The company needs to address this lack of transparency. What should they do?

- A. Collect a larger and more diverse dataset for the gen Al model.
- B. Fine-tune the gen Al model.
- C. Implement explainable gen Al policies.
- D. Develop fairness assessments for the gen Al model.
- Correct answer: C. Implement explainable gen Al policies.
- Implementing explainable gen Al policies directly tackles the transparency issue by ensuring the model's decision criteria are understandable.

- X A. Collect a larger and more diverse dataset for the gen Al model. May improve model fairness but does not reveal how decisions are made.
- B. Fine-tune the gen Al model. Optimizes performance but does not inherently explain the model's reasoning.
- X D. Develop fairness assessments for the gen Al model. Helps detect bias but does not provide insight into individual candidate rankings.

A company is evaluating the use of large language models (LLMs) to enhance its operations and customer interactions. What is a primary characteristic of LLMs?

A. LLMs excel in highly specific technical tasks requiring deep, singular domain expertise.

- B. LLMs learn and generalize effectively from small datasets for niche applications.
- C. LLMs have strong inherent logical reasoning and problem-solving abilities without extra prompting.
- D. LLMs are trained on vast datasets, enabling broad language and context understanding, and adaptability across many tasks.
- Correct answer: D. LLMs are trained on vast datasets, enabling broad language and context understanding, and adaptability across many tasks.
- LLMs derive their versatility and depth of understanding from pretraining on massive, diverse datasets.

- X A. LLMs excel in highly specific technical tasks requiring deep, singular domain expertise. They are generalists by design, not narrow specialists.
- ★ B. LLMs learn and generalize effectively from small datasets for niche applications. –
 They typically require large-scale pretraining data and fine-tuning.
- C. LLMs have strong inherent logical reasoning and problem-solving abilities without extra prompting. Their reasoning often depends on prompt engineering or specialized techniques.

An AI robot learns optimal package delivery routes in a city. It receives positive scores for fast, successful deliveries and negative scores for delays or failures. Through this feedback, the robot improves its navigation over time. What type of machine learning is being used to train the robot?

- A. Supervised learning
- B. Deep learning
- C. Unsupervised learning
- D. Reinforcement learning
- Correct answer: D. Reinforcement learning.
- The robot learns by trial and error, maximizing rewards and minimizing penalties through interaction with its environment.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Supervised learning. Requires labeled input–output pairs, which this scenario does not provide.
- ★ B. Deep learning. Refers to model architecture, not the learning paradigm driven by rewards.
- C. Unsupervised learning. Focuses on pattern discovery without goal-oriented feedback.

Question 4

A company wants to use generative AI (gen AI) to automate complex workflows and improve decision-making across its various departments. They are considering

implementing AI agents as a key component of their strategy. What is the primary function of an AI agent in a gen AI system?

- A. To provide the computing power for training and running advanced AI models.
- B. To be the user interface for interacting with Al models.
- C. To be a smart system that can analyze, use tools, and make decisions to reach goals.
- D. To be a central storage place for the data that Al models use.
- Correct answer: C. To be a smart system that can analyze, use tools, and make decisions to reach goals.
- Al agents autonomously observe, reason, and act using available tools to achieve specified objectives.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. To provide the computing power for training and running advanced AI models. That describes infrastructure, not the agent's reasoning role.
- B. To be the user interface for interacting with Al models. Agents do more than present interfaces; they orchestrate actions.
- X D. To be a central storage place for the data that Al models use. Data storage is separate from the agent's decision-making function.

Question 5

An advertising agency needs to quickly generate many photorealistic images from text for client campaigns because traditional photoshoots are slow and costly. They want to rapidly create high-quality visuals from text and reduce expenses. Which Google foundation model should they use?

- A. Gemini
- B. Gemma
- C. Veo
- D. Imagen
- Correct answer: D. Imagen.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Gemini. A general multimodal model, not specialized for high-fidelity image generation.
- XB. Gemma. A lightweight open model family with limited image-generation quality.
- X C. Veo. Designed for video generation, not static photorealistic images.

Question 6

A company is planning to integrate generative AI into its operations but is wary of becoming dependent on a single technology provider. They prioritize the ability to choose and integrate different AI tools and platforms as their needs evolve. Which inherent characteristic of Google Cloud would address this concern?

- A. Google Cloud's emphasis on an open approach within its Al offerings.
- B. Google Cloud's commitment to tightly integrated, proprietary AI solutions.
- C. Google Cloud's strategy prioritizing fully managed AI services that simplify the user experience.
- D. Google Cloud's primary focus on automating AI workflows.

- Correct answer: A. Google Cloud's emphasis on an open approach within its Al offerings.
- An open approach mitigates vendor lock-in by supporting standards and interoperability across platforms.

Incorrect answers:

- X B. Google Cloud's commitment to tightly integrated, proprietary Al solutions. Would increase risk of vendor lock-in.
- ★ C. Google Cloud's strategy prioritizing fully managed AI services that simplify the user experience. Convenience does not guarantee portability or vendor neutrality.
- ➤ D. Google Cloud's primary focus on automating AI workflows. Automation alone does not address provider flexibility.

Question 7

A consulting research team needs to analyze multiple lengthy reports and documents to find key trends and make client recommendations. They require a method to quickly understand each document's core findings, link information across sources, and efficiently organize insights for their report. Manual methods are too slow and complex. Which Google Cloud offering should they use?

- A. NotebookLM
- B. Gemini app
- C. Vertex Al Search
- D. Gemini for Google Workspace
- Correct answer: A. NotebookLM.

NotebookLM lets users upload documents, ask targeted questions, and capture summarized insights in an Al-driven notebook.

Incorrect answers:

- B. Gemini app. A chat interface for broad tasks, not specialized in multi-document analysis.
- X C. Vertex Al Search. Builds search experiences but lacks integrated summarization and note-taking.
- ➤ D. Gemini for Google Workspace. Embeds AI into productivity apps but does not offer a dedicated research notebook.

Question 8

A grocery store chain has data in several internal systems like sales, inventory, and marketing. Employees waste time searching these systems for information on product performance, stock, and campaign effectiveness. They need a central way to easily access and understand data across these systems for better decisions and efficiency. Which Google Cloud offering should they use?

- A. Gemini for Google Workspace
- B. Google Agentspace
- C. Vertex Al Search
- D. Conversational Agents
- Correct answer: B. Google Agentspace.
- Agentspace lets you build custom Al agents that ingest and query data from disparate enterprise systems.

- X A. Gemini for Google Workspace. Enhances Docs and Sheets but doesn't unify multiple backend systems.
- C. Vertex Al Search. Provides search capabilities but not proactive agent-based insights.
- X D. Conversational Agents. Focused on chatbots for external interactions, not internal data unification.

A tech company has separate teams using different tools for their machine learning projects, causing duplicated work and scaling issues. They need a central platform to manage all their Al development, deployment, and monitoring efficiently. Which Google Cloud offering should they use?

- A. Cloud Functions
- B. Vertex Al
- C. Google Agentspace
- D. BigQuery
- Correct answer: B. Vertex Al.

- X A. Cloud Functions. A serverless compute service, not a full ML workflow platform.
- X C. Google Agentspace. Builds AI agents, not a comprehensive ML lifecycle tool.
- X D. BigQuery. A data warehouse, not focused on model building and deployment.

A software company's AI chatbot struggles to answer customer questions about recently released features because this information is not in its original training data. Customers are getting inaccurate answers, increasing support agent workload. The company wants the chatbot to use the latest product documentation to give accurate, up-to-date responses without retraining the entire model. Which technique should they use?

- A. Fine-tuning
- B. Prompt engineering
- C. Retrieval-augmented generation (RAG)
- D. Human-in-the-loop (HITL)
- Correct answer: C. Retrieval-augmented generation (RAG).
- RAG fetches relevant external documents at query time so the model can generate accurate, current answers.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Fine-tuning. Requires retraining on new data, which is time-consuming.
- XB. Prompt engineering. Doesn't supply unseen information from external sources.
- X D. Human-in-the-loop (HITL). Involves manual review, not automated retrieval.

Question 11

A business analyst asks a generative AI model about the quarterly revenue of a small startup that recently entered the market. The model confidently provides a specific revenue figure and even mentions a supposed press release detailing the company's success. However, after further investigation, the analyst discovers that the startup has

not yet released any financial reports, and no such press release exists. The information provided by the AI model is entirely fabricated despite sounding plausible. Which type of large language model limitation does this exemplify?

- A. Bias
- B. Knowledge cutoff
- C. Data dependency
- D. Hallucinations
- Correct answer: D. Hallucinations.
- Hallucinations occur when the model generates plausible but false information without factual grounding.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Bias. Refers to unfair or skewed outputs, not outright fabrication.
- X B. Knowledge cutoff. The model invents details rather than admitting ignorance.
- X C. Data dependency. Describes reliance on training data quality, not ungrounded fabrications.

Question 12

A generative AI tool that answers employee policy questions is providing outdated and inaccurate information, causing confusion. The company wants the tool to give reliable answers based on the latest official documents. What should the organization do?

A. Fine-tune the underlying language model with a broader dataset of general knowledge.

- B. Increase the temperature setting of the language model.
- C. Implement grounding techniques.

- D. Reduce the token count parameter.
- Correct answer: C. Implement grounding techniques.
- ♣ Grounding (e.g., RAG) ties generated responses to verified source documents for accuracy.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Fine-tune the underlying language model with a broader dataset of general knowledge. Doesn't ensure alignment with specific corporate policies.
- ★ B. Increase the temperature setting of the language model. Increases randomness, worsening accuracy.
- ➤ D. Reduce the token count parameter. Only limits response length, not correctness.

Question 13

A sales team wants to create dynamic and personalized video pitches for potential clients. They receive client information in various formats and need an AI model that can transform this information into engaging video content tailored to each client's specific needs and challenges. Which Google model should they use?

- A. Gemma
- B. Gemini
- C. Imagen
- D. Veo
- Correct answer: D. Veo.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Gemma. A lightweight open model not specialized in video creation.
- ★ B. Gemini. A multimodal model for understanding, not focused on video generation.
- X C. Imagen. Specialized in still images, not video production.

Question 14

A growing retail company with fragmented phone, email, and basic website chat support needs a unified cloud solution. They require integrated communication channels, consistent customer experiences, and scalable support that ensures security and privacy. Which Google Cloud offering should they use?

- A. Vertex Al Platform
- B. Google Cloud Contact Center as a Service
- C. Conversational Al
- D. Vertex Al Search
- Correct answer: B. Google Cloud Contact Center as a Service.
- CCaaS provides a complete, secure, omnichannel contact center solution with built-in AI.

- X A. Vertex Al Platform. A machine learning platform, not a full contact center.
- X C. Conversational Al. Technology for chatbots, not a managed contact center.
- X D. Vertex Al Search. A search service, not an integrated support platform.

An organization is seeking to improve how its employees access and use internal company information scattered across various systems. They want to provide their knowledge workers with tools that can understand and use this data to enhance productivity and decision-making. What is a key benefit of using Google Cloud Agentspace in this scenario?

- A. Agentspace primarily focuses on enhancing external customer engagement through Al-powered chatbots.
- B. Agentspace directly manages the underlying infrastructure and hardware required for Al model training.
- C. Agentspace allows employees to find and use internal information more easily by creating custom AI agents that can access and understand data from various enterprise sources.
- D. Agentspace is mainly designed for building and deploying custom machine learning models for predictive analytics.
- Correct answer: C. Agentspace allows employees to find and use internal information more easily by creating custom AI agents that can access and understand data from various enterprise sources.
- Agentspace builds tailored agents that ingest and navigate enterprise data silos for knowledge work.

Incorrect answers:

★ A. Agentspace primarily focuses on enhancing external customer engagement through Al-powered chatbots. – That describes Conversational Al, not internal knowledge agents.

- ★ B. Agentspace directly manages the underlying infrastructure and hardware required for AI model training. – Infrastructure is managed by Google Cloud; Agentspace focuses on agents.
- ➤ D. Agentspace is mainly designed for building and deploying custom machine learning models for predictive analytics. Vertex AI covers ML model management, not Agentspace.

What is reinforcement learning?

- A. Learning from labeled data with correct output pairs.
- B. Learning by identifying patterns in unlabeled data.
- C. Learning through interaction and feedback.
- D. Learning by training on vast data to generate new content.
- Correct answer: C. Learning through interaction and feedback.
- Reinforcement learning uses rewards and penalties from the environment to guide an agent's decisions.

- X A. Learning from labeled data with correct output pairs. Defines supervised learning.
- ★ B. Learning by identifying patterns in unlabeled data. Defines unsupervised learning.
- ➤ D. Learning by training on vast data to generate new content. Describes generative model training, not reinforcement learning.

A company is developing a system to automatically categorize customer support emails. They have a collection of thousands of past emails, and each email has been manually reviewed and tagged with a category such as "Billing Inquiry," "Technical Support," or "Feature Request." What type of data is this?

- A. Unlabeled data
- B. Labeled data
- C. Structured data
- D. Raw data
- Correct answer: B. Labeled data.
- ★ Each email is paired with a human-assigned category, making it labeled for supervised learning.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Unlabeled data. Would have no tags or categories.
- X C. Structured data. Refers to tabular formats; the emails themselves are text.
- X D. Raw data. Unprocessed; these emails have been annotated.

Question 18

What is the definition of a generative AI (gen AI) model?

- A. A physical device that houses the hardware components of a gen Al system.
- B. A complex algorithm trained on vast amounts of data to learn patterns and relationships.

- C. A user interface that allows users to interact with a gen Al system.
- D. A set of rules and guidelines governing responsible development and use of gen Al.
- Correct answer: B. A complex algorithm trained on vast amounts of data to learn patterns and relationships.
- A gen Al model is an algorithm that learns from large datasets to generate new content.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. A physical device that houses the hardware components of a gen Al system. Refers to infrastructure.
- C. A user interface that allows users to interact with a gen Al system. Describes a front-end app.
- X D. A set of rules and guidelines governing responsible development and use of genAI. − Refers to policy, not the model itself.

Question 19

A video game company created a virtual reality game with virtual characters that can interact with users in a more natural and intuitive way by using gestures and facial expressions to communicate. What type of agent is this?

- A. Creative agent
- B. Workflow agent
- C. Virtual assistant agent
- D. Conversational agent
- Correct answer: D. Conversational agent.

The characters engage in interactive dialogue and respond to user inputs conversationally.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. Creative agent. Focuses on content generation, not live interactions.
- X B. Workflow agent. Automates tasks in business processes.
- C. Virtual assistant agent. Typically provides support or information, not immersive game dialogue.

Question 20

A software company has developers who need to write, review, debug, and generate code from natural language descriptions by using generative AI. What type of agent is this?

- A. Data analysis agent
- B. Workflow agent
- C. Data agent
- D. Code agent
- Correct answer: D. Code agent.
- A code agent specializes in assisting developers with coding tasks via natural language.

- X A. Data analysis agent. Focuses on insights from datasets.
- X B. Workflow agent. Automates business workflows.
- X C. Data agent. Manages and queries data, not code generation.

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(more questions here, 300+, will end with the last two)

Question 320

A logistics company wants to train a model that optimizes multi-modal routing (truck, rail, ship) under cost, time, and CO₂ emission constraints. Which machine learning paradigm and tooling is best suited?

- A. Supervised regression in BigQuery ML
- B. Reinforcement learning in Vertex Al Custom Training with a multi-objective reward function
- C. Unsupervised clustering in AutoML Tables
- D. Prompt tuning in Gemini API
- Correct answer: B. Reinforcement learning in Vertex AI Custom Training with a multi-objective reward function
- Reinforcement learning can optimize sequential routing decisions by balancing multiple objectives via a custom reward signal, simulated in Custom Training.

 Incorrect answers:
- X A. Regression predicts a single metric, not sequential routing under constraints.
- ★ C. Clustering groups routes, doesn't optimize decision policies.
- ➤ D. Prompt tuning adjusts LLM prompts, not appropriate for combinatorial routing optimization.

A Chief Operating Officer (COO) is reviewing a proposal for a new Al-powered logistics system. The proposal outlines four main components:

- * The cloud servers and GPUs needed to run the system.
- * The foundation model that will be used for route optimization.
- * The web portal that drivers will use to see their routes.
- * An Al system that autonomously reroutes drivers based on live traffic data.

In the generative Al landscape, which component represents the Agent layer?

- A. The cloud servers and GPUs needed to run the system.
- B. The foundation model that will be used for route optimization.
- C. The web portal that drivers will use to see their routes.
- D. An Al system that autonomously reroutes drivers based on live traffic data.
- Correct answer: D. An Al system that autonomously reroutes drivers based on live traffic data.
- ★ The component exhibiting autonomous, goal-directed behavior—observing live traffic and rerouting to optimize delivery—is the Agent layer.

Incorrect answers:

- X A. The cloud servers and GPUs needed to run the system. This is the Infrastructure layer, providing compute resources but no autonomous reasoning.
- B. The foundation model that will be used for route optimization. This is the Models layer; it's a tool agents use, not itself an autonomous agent.
- C. The web portal that drivers will use to see their routes. This is the Application layer (user interface), not a component that makes autonomous decisions.

(END OF PREVIEW QUESTIONS. FIND 300+ QUESTIONS IN THE FULL DOCUMENT at https://cloudcertificationstore.com/b/niCG2)

✓ Final Review Checklist – Google Certified Generative AI Leader

The **Generative Al Leader exam** is unique: it blends technical awareness with **business leadership and governance knowledge**. Most learners fail not from lack of study, but from **gaps in how well-rounded their understanding is**.

- This checklist helps you:
 - Identify weak spots before the exam
 - Prioritize topics that matter most for GenAl strategy and impact
 - Confirm you're confident not just technically, but in responsible adoption and business alignment
- ★ Use the scorecard the week before your exam:
 - Fill in your confidence score for each topic
 - Revisit practice questions and videos in any domain where you're scoring below
 - Use it as a team discussion guide if you're studying with a peer group

1. Al Fundamentals & Generative Concepts

Understand how generative AI differs from traditional ML
Identify core model types (LLMs, diffusion models, transformers)
Explain prompt engineering and prompt tuning basics
Know limitations and ethical considerations of generative Al

2. Google Cloud GenAl Ecosystem

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☐ Understand key components: Vertex AI, PaLM API, Model Garden				
☐ Know how to access and experiment with foundation models in GCP				
□ Explain use of tools like Colab Enterprise and Generative Al Studio				
☐ Understand Gemini models, multimodal AI, and retrieval-augmented generation				
(RAG)				
and the spondible Al & Covernance				
☐ Understand Google's Al Principles				
☐ Know the role of model cards, safety filters, and content moderation				
☐ Be aware of bias, hallucination, and explainability issues				
\square Identify use cases that require elevated oversight or human review				
☐ Match GenAl solutions to specific business use cases (e.g. summarization, creative				
generation, code generation)				
☐ Explain value impact across roles (marketing, ops, sales, support)				
☐ Identify how to integrate GenAl into enterprise workflows				
☐ Understand stakeholder concerns (legal, IT, compliance, exec sponsors)				

Exam Readiness Scorecard

Rate your confidence for each topic area $(1-5 \ \ \)$. Anything under 4 should be reviewed again.

Domain	Confidence (1–5 ★)	Notes / Gaps to Review
Al Fundamentals	***	Clarify transformer models vs. diffusion models
GCP GenAl Tools	***	Practice more in Vertex AI with PaLM and Gemini
Responsible Al & Ethics	****	Confident with governance and bias topics
Business Use Cases & Strategy	***	Review industry-specific GenAl applications

Once you're consistently scoring 4 or 5 stars across all domains—and you're scoring above 80% on practice tests—you're **exam ready**.



Name of the congratulations!! You are on the right path to certification.

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We personally took this exam recently, and quite a few of us, plus many of our buyers that leave a review, assure you, we had more than 90% of the same questions in the recent exam.

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