# 7 Important aspects of Microservices



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## 1. Microservices

## What are they?

Microservices are services built small enough so that their entire lifecycle can be owned and managed by a small team.

# 2. Service Discovery

#### What is it?

A mechanism of how microservices can locate each other over network.

#### **Example**

If Microservice A wants to call microservice B: It will use service discovery mechanism to fetch IP address and port of B and then call B.

#### **Implementations**

ZooKeeper, Consul, etcd, Eureka

# 3. External Configuration

#### What is it?

External configuration enables following:

- Enable services to run on various environments without a code modification inside the service.
- Enable different configuration values for those services for different environments.
- Dynamically change configurations without changing application code or restart/redeploy application.

# 3. External Configuration (contd.)

## **Example**

DB credentials and other details, application properties, environment variables for Dev, QA and Prod env.

## **Implementations**

Consul, Spring cloud (enables various datastores to store needed configs)

# 4. API gateway

#### What is it?

It provides a way for clients to access microservices. It can provide security, load balancing, rate limiting etc.

#### **Example**

Enables clients to retrieve data from multiple services with a single round-trip call to API gateway.

### **Implementations**

NGINX, AWS API gateway

## 5. Circuit breaker

#### What is it?

It protects cascading failures of services, when just a few services are affected.

#### **Example**

If service A calls B, but response from B is very slow. This will quickly result in calls from A to B getting piled up. Thus threads of A will be blocked causing issues to service A due to issue in B.

For this, A should call B using a circuit breaker. Circuit breaker will fail the slow requests and prevent A from calling B for certain time thus protecting A.

# 5. Circuit Breaker (contd.)

## **Implementations**

Hystrix, Resilience4j

# 6. Distributed tracing

#### What is it?

Enables to trace a request passing through various microservices.

#### **Example**

A request that passed through 5 microservices is responding slowly. Using tracing, you can see the request execution times and narrow down on the service that is causing the request slowness.

#### **Tools**

Zipkin, Jaegar, AWS X-Ray

# 7. Centralized logging

#### What is it?

It is aggregation of logs from individual microservices in a central location for easier access and analysis.

#### **Example**

Error occurs for a request passing through 10 microservices. Track the request flow from a single logging platform to find out and analyze the cause.

#### **Implementations**

Splunk, Elastic

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