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Java

Program
vs
Process
vs
Thread

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Program vs Process vs Thread

Program:

- **A program is an executable file containing a set of instructions passively stored on disk.**

Process:

- **A process is a program in execution.**
- **When a program is loaded into the memory and becomes active, the program becomes a process.**
- **A process requires some essential resources such including CPU time, program counter, stack, memory, files, and I/O devices — to accomplish its task.**
- **Program is a passive entity while process is an active entity.**
- **One program can have multiple processes.**

Thread :

- **A Thread is the smallest unit of execution within a process (or) basically it is a segment of a process .**
- **Thread is also known as lightweight process.**
- **There are two types of processes :**
  1. **Single Threaded Process**
  2. **Multi Threaded Process**

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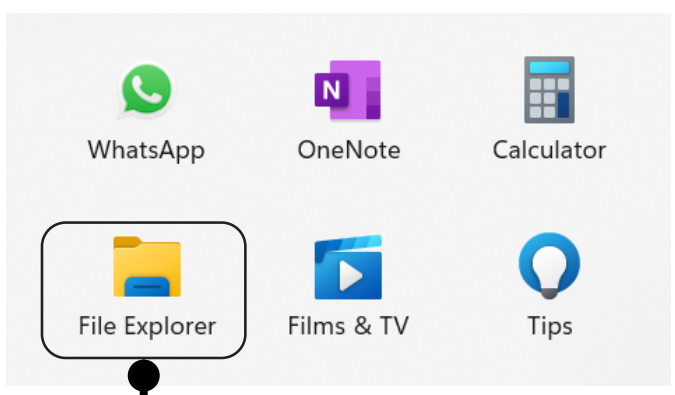
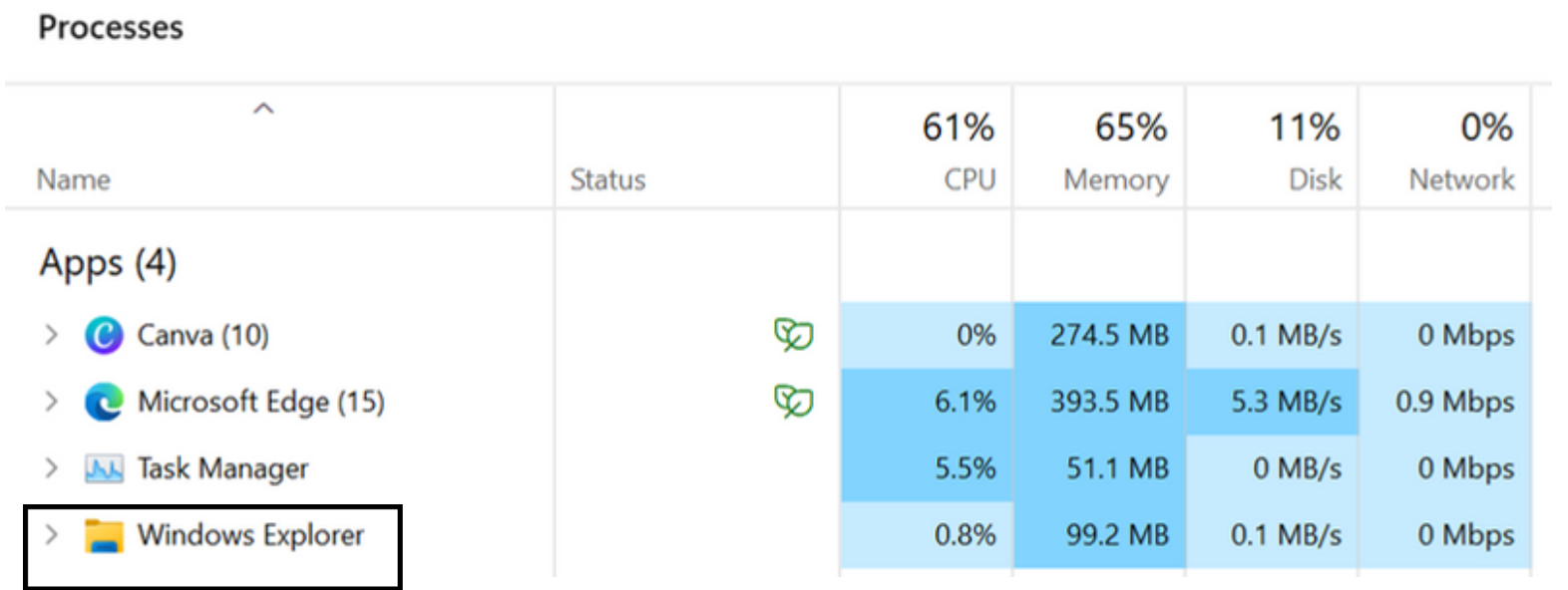
Program vs Process vs Thread

As shown in the figure, a thread is executed inside the process. There is context-switching between the threads. There can be multiple processes inside the OS, and one process can have multiple threads.

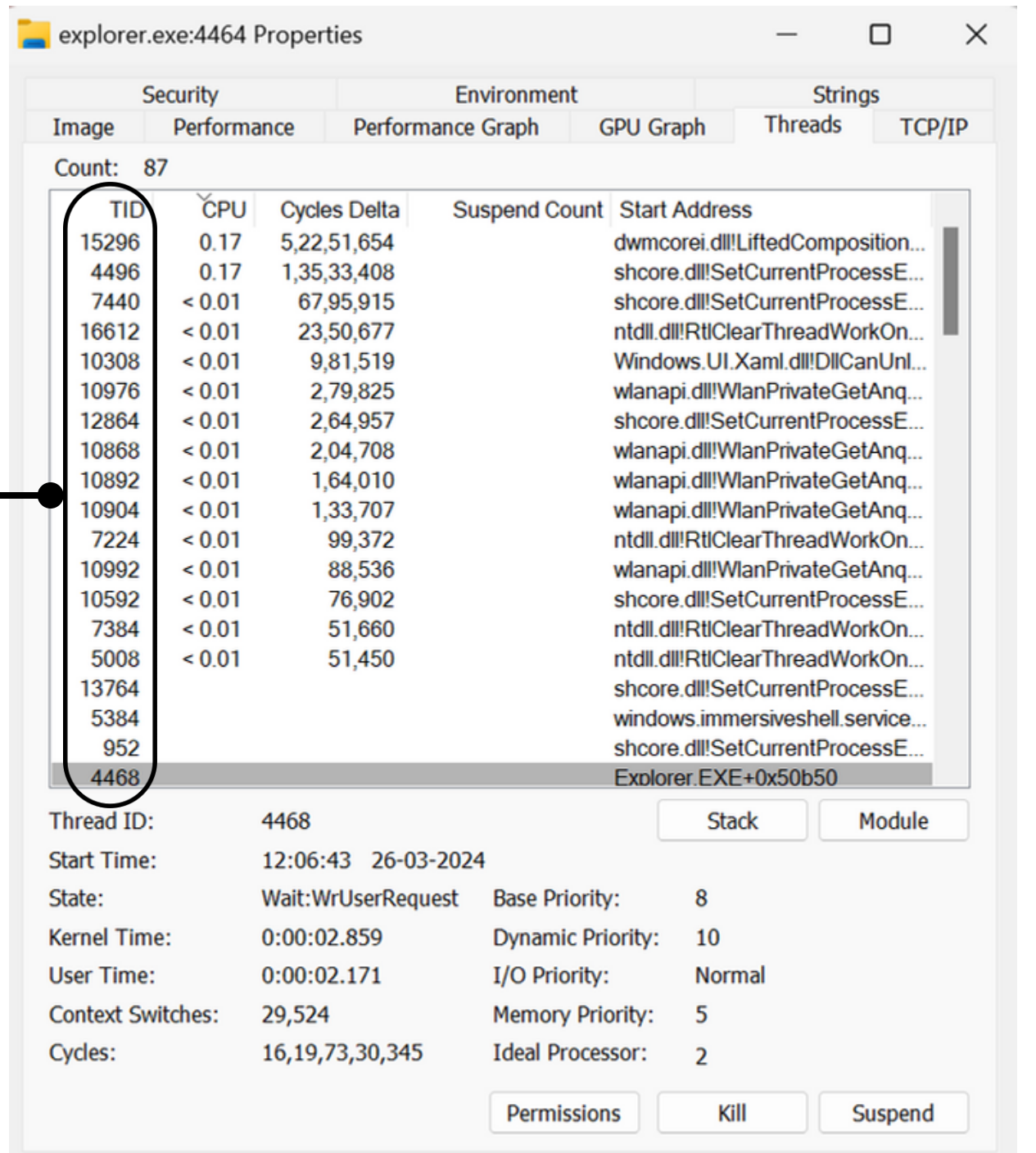


Program (Disk)



process (RAM)

Threads
TID - Thread id



Note: Install process explorer to see the threads and process.
https://process-explorer

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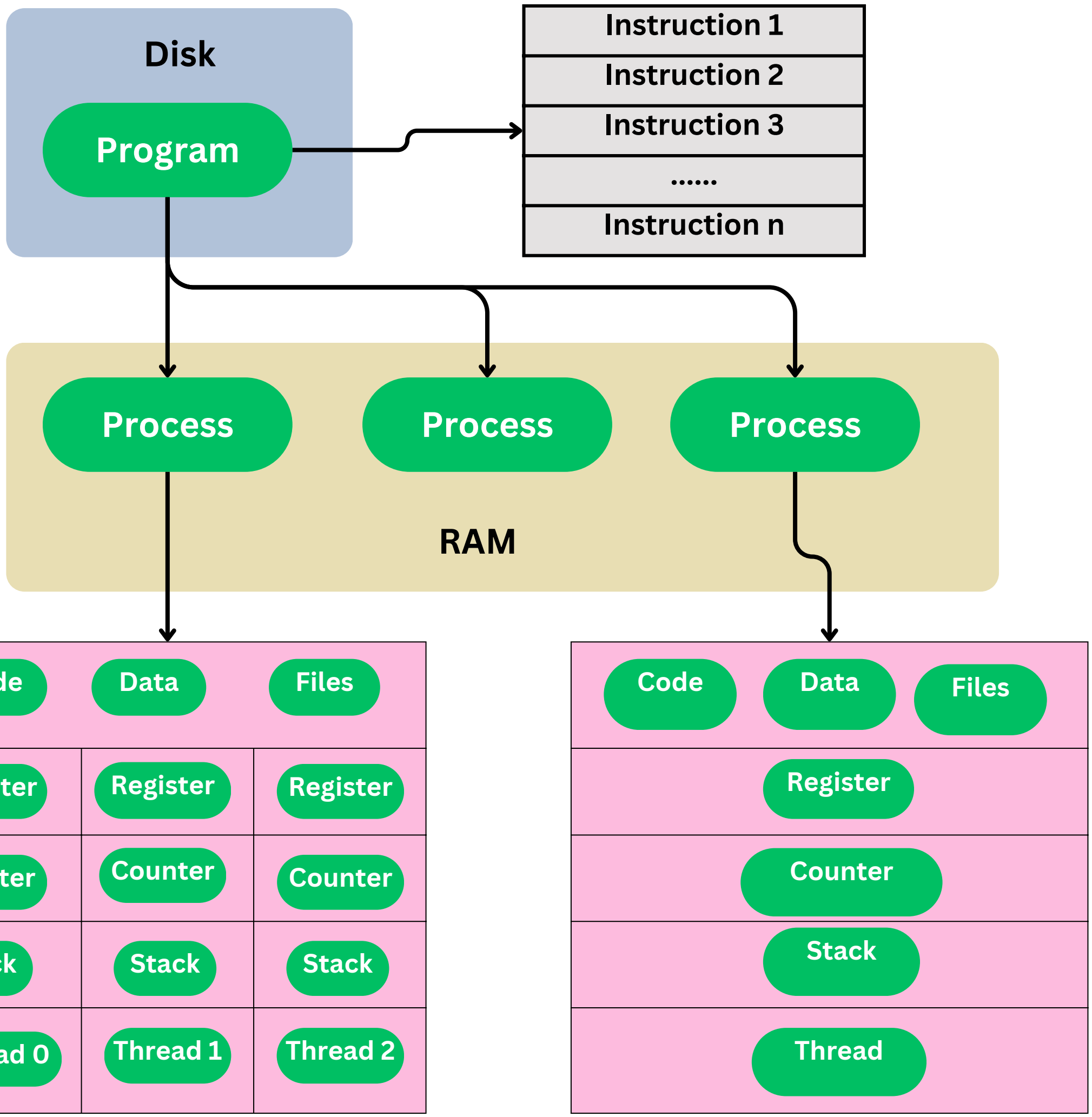
Program vs Process vs Thread



Multi Threaded Process

Single Threaded Process

Single Threaded Process

- A single thread executes the instructions line by line from beginning to end.
- A single-threaded process has one program counter specifying the next instruction to execute.
- The execution of such a process must be sequential — the CPU executes one instruction after another, until the process completes.

Multi Threaded Process

- Multithreading is a model of program execution that allows for multiple threads to be created within a process, executing independently but concurrently sharing the process resources like data, memory, resources, files, etc with their peer threads within a process.
- Each thread has it’s own its own stack, register and program counters .
- Threads can directly communicate with each other as they share the same address space.

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Thank you!

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