## **Multithreading Interview Questions**

- 1. What is multithreading in Java?
- 2. How does multithreading improve the performance of an application?
- 3. What is the difference between a thread and a process?
- 4. How do you create a thread in Java?
- 5. What are the different states of a thread in Java?
- 6. What is the difference between the start() and run() methods in Java threads?
- 7. What is a Runnable interface, and how is it used?
- 8. Can you extend Thread and implement Runnable at the same time?
- 9. What is thread synchronization?
- 10. What are synchronized methods and synchronized blocks in Java?
- 11. How does the **synchronized** keyword prevent thread interference?
- 12. What is a deadlock, and how can it be avoided in multithreading?
- 13. Can you explain thread priorities in Java?
- 14. What is thread pooling, and how does it work?
- 15. What is the difference between a wait() and sleep() method?
- 16. How does the wait() and notify() mechanism work?
- 17. What is the difference between notify() and notifyAll()?
- 18. What is the role of the join() method in Java?
- 19. Can you explain the concept of a daemon thread?
- 20. How do you handle exceptions in multithreaded code?
- 21. What is thread starvation, and how can it be prevented?
- 22. What are atomic variables in Java?
- 23. How do the volatile keyword and the Atomic package differ?
- 24. Can you explain the ReentrantLock class?
- 25. What is the difference between a ReentrantLock and a synchronized block?
- 26. How does the ThreadLocal class work?
- 27. Can a deadlock happen with just one thread?
- 28. What is a Callable interface, and how is it different from Runnable?
- 29. What is Future, and how does it work in Java?
- 30. What is the difference between ExecutorService and ForkJoinPool?
- 31. What is the CountDownLatch class used for?
- 32. How does the CyclicBarrier class work?
- 33. What is the role of the **Semaphore** class in multithreading?

- 34. What is **Exchanger** in Java, and how does it work?
- 35. Can you explain the concept of a Phaser?
- 36. What is a race condition in Java multithreading?
- 37. How can you prevent a race condition from occurring?
- 38. What is a thread-safe class, and how do you create one?
- 39. How does the CopyOnWriteArrayList work internally?
- 40. What are the advantages of using ConcurrentHashMap over HashMap in multithreading?
- 41. How do you ensure thread safety without synchronization?
- 42. What are ForkJoinTask and RecursiveTask in Java?
- 43. What is the difference between CyclicBarrier and CountDownLatch?
- 44. How does **BlockingQueue** help in multithreaded applications?
- 45. What is the ReadWriteLock interface in Java?
- 46. Can you explain the CompletableFuture class?
- 47. What is the ScheduledExecutorService used for?
- 48. How do you implement the producer-consumer problem in Java?
- 49. What is the difference between the yield() method and the sleep() method in threading?
- 50. What are the best practices for writing thread-safe code?