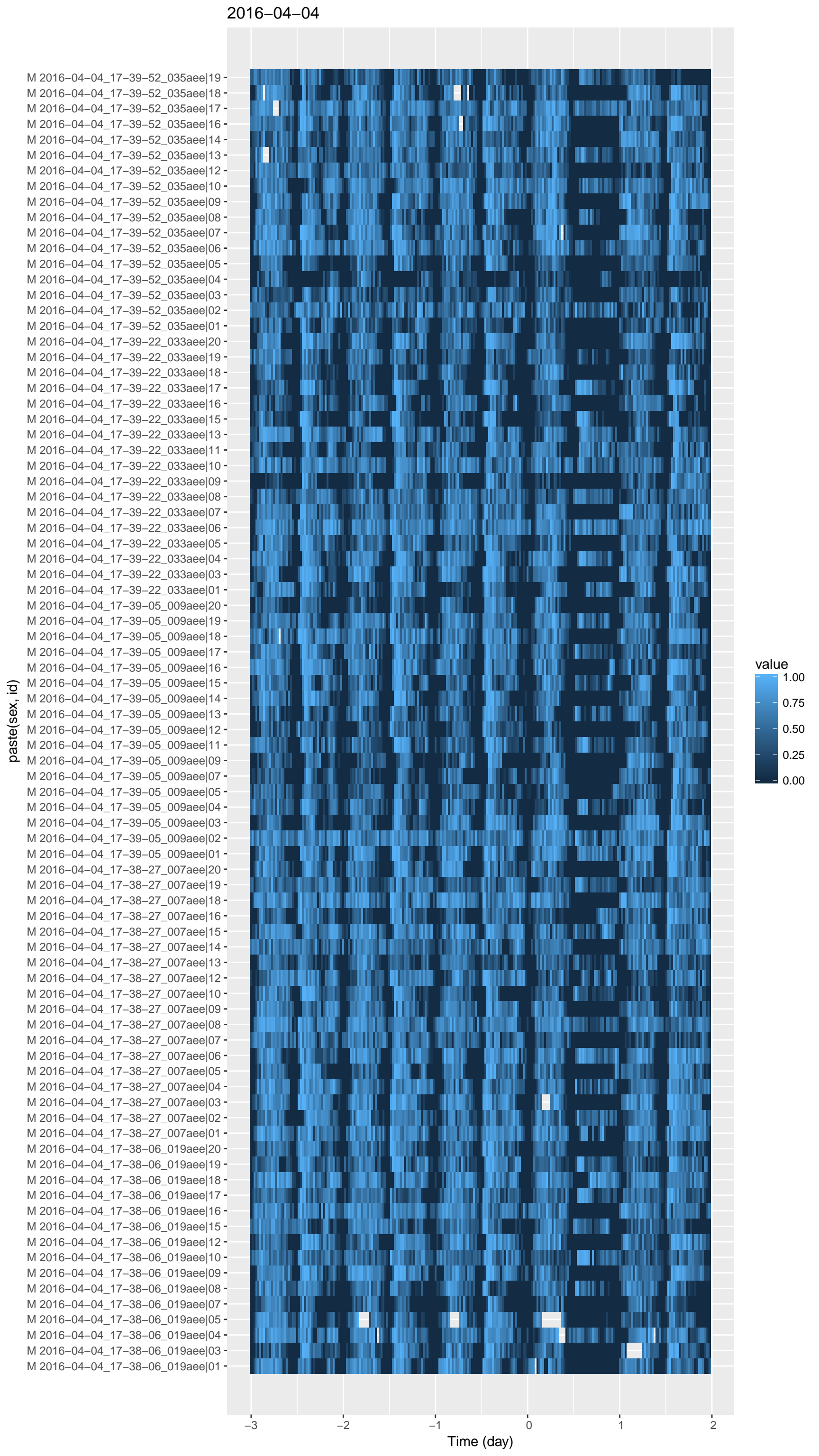



2016-04-04



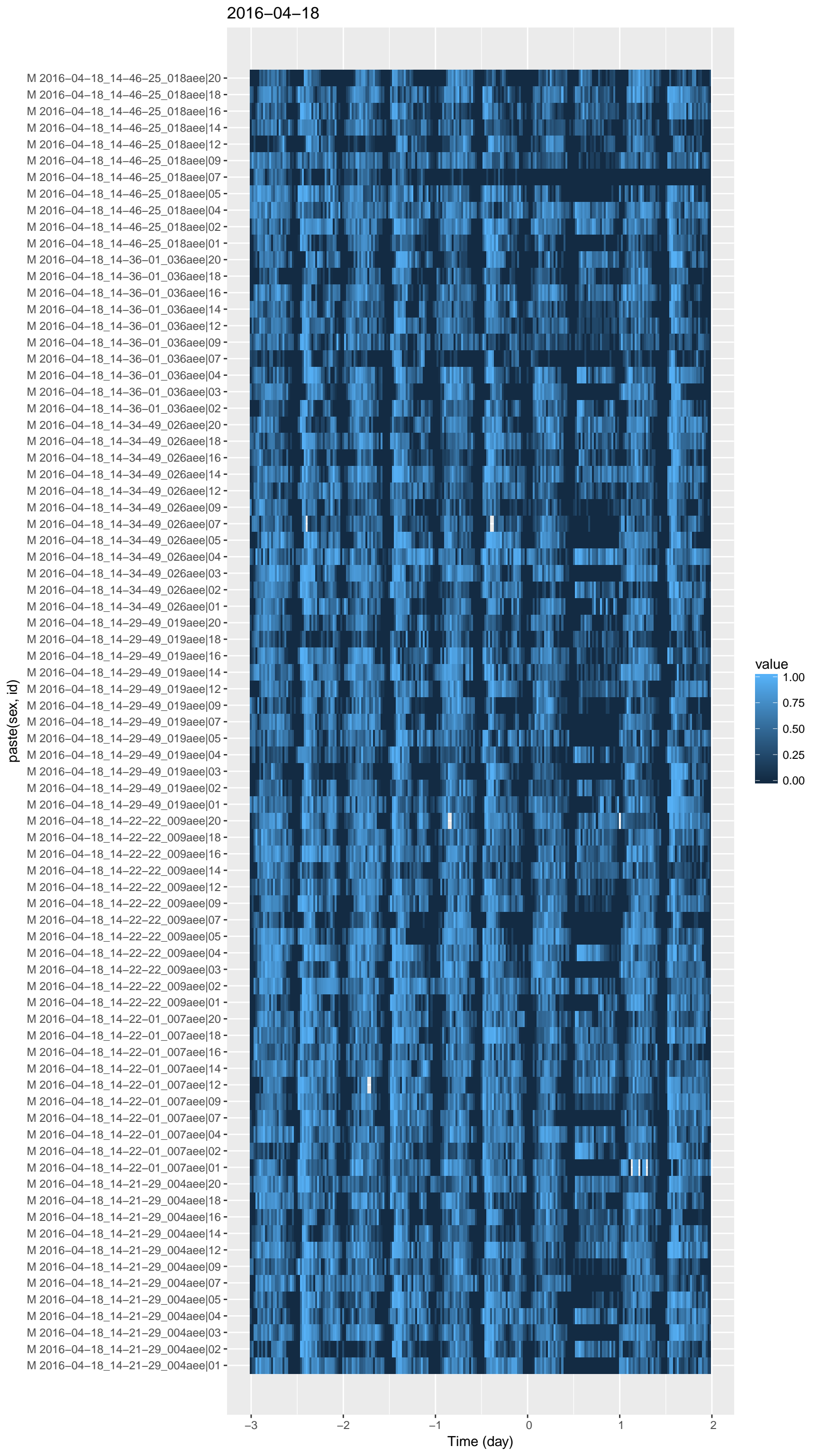
The figure displays a heatmap of a 2D dataset. The x-axis is labeled from -3 to 2, and the y-axis is labeled from 0 to 1000. The data points are represented by a color gradient, where darker blue indicates lower density and lighter blue indicates higher density. The distribution is highly non-uniform, with a very dense cluster of points in the upper right quadrant (approximately x=1.5, y=800-1000) and several smaller, less dense clusters scattered across the plot area.

value

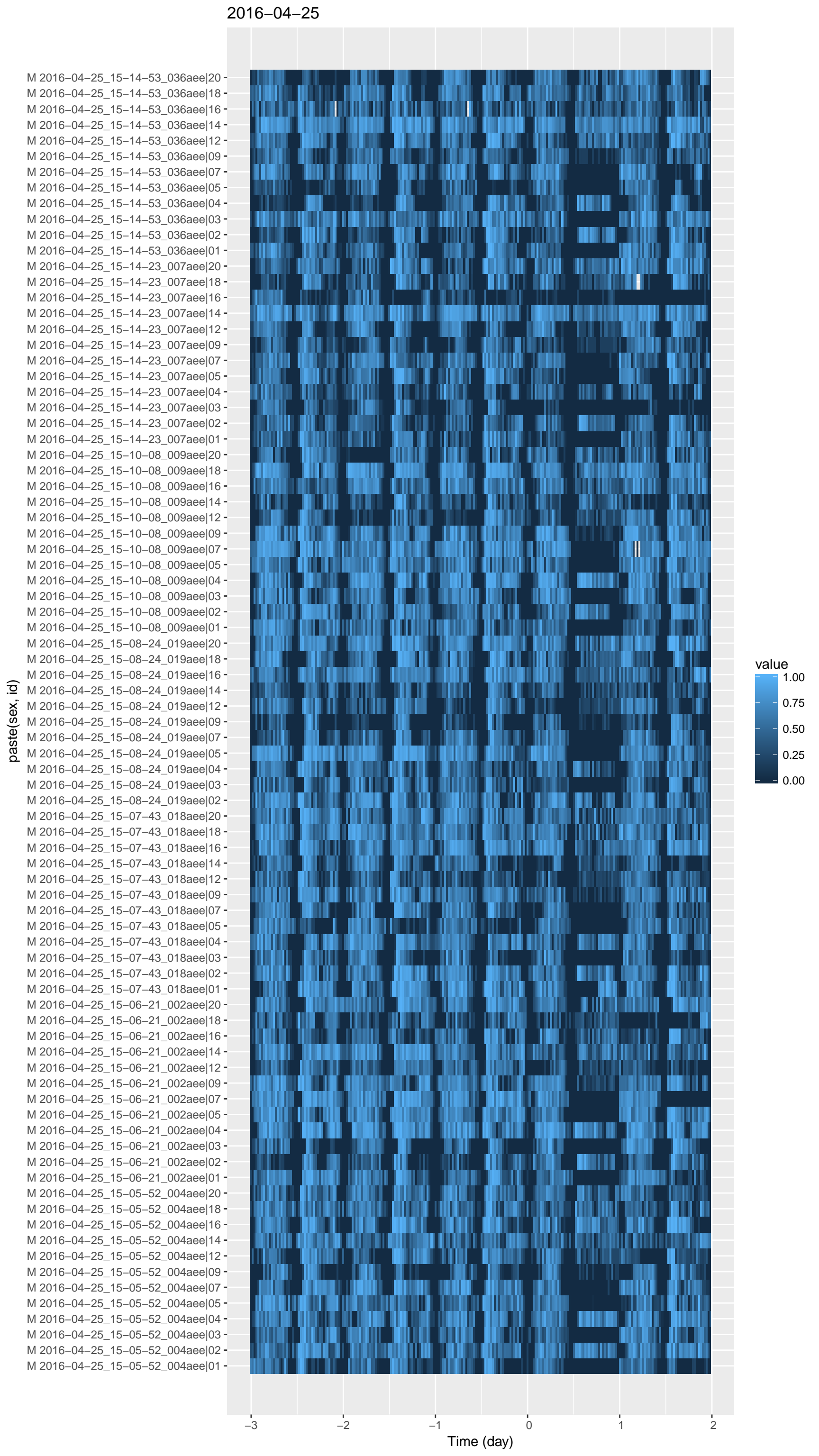


1.00
0.75
0.50
0.25
0.00

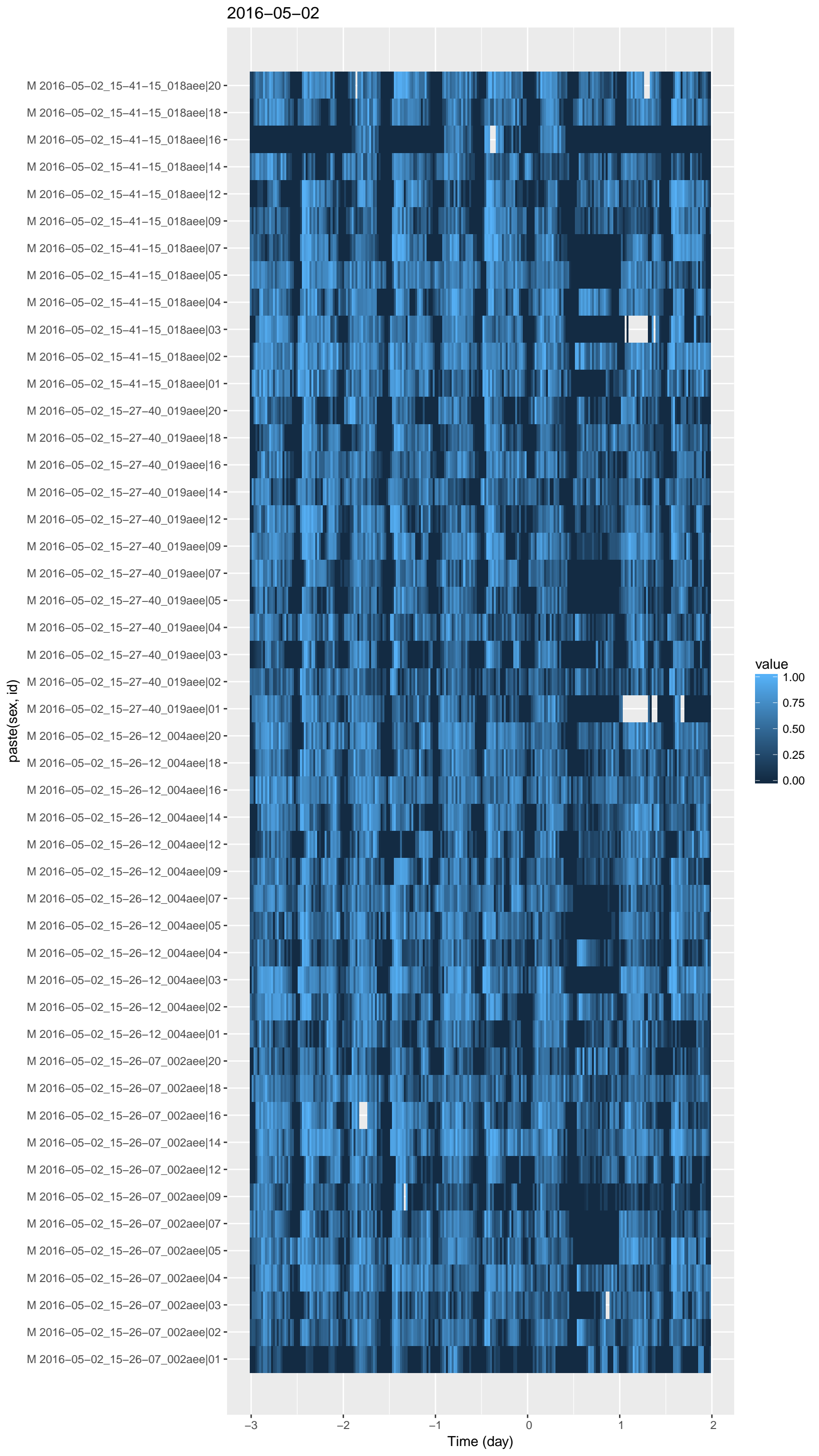
2016-04-18



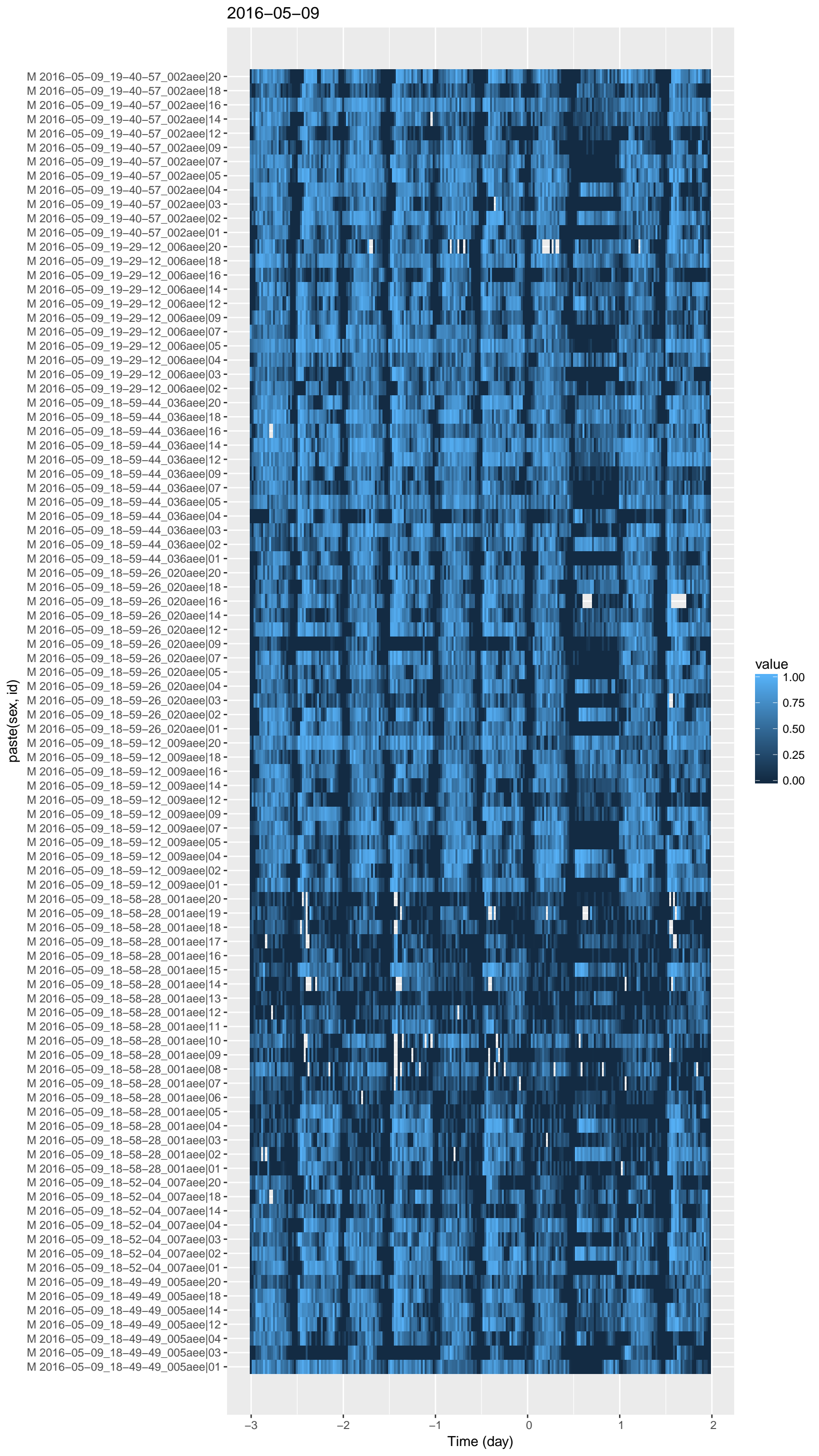
2016-04-25



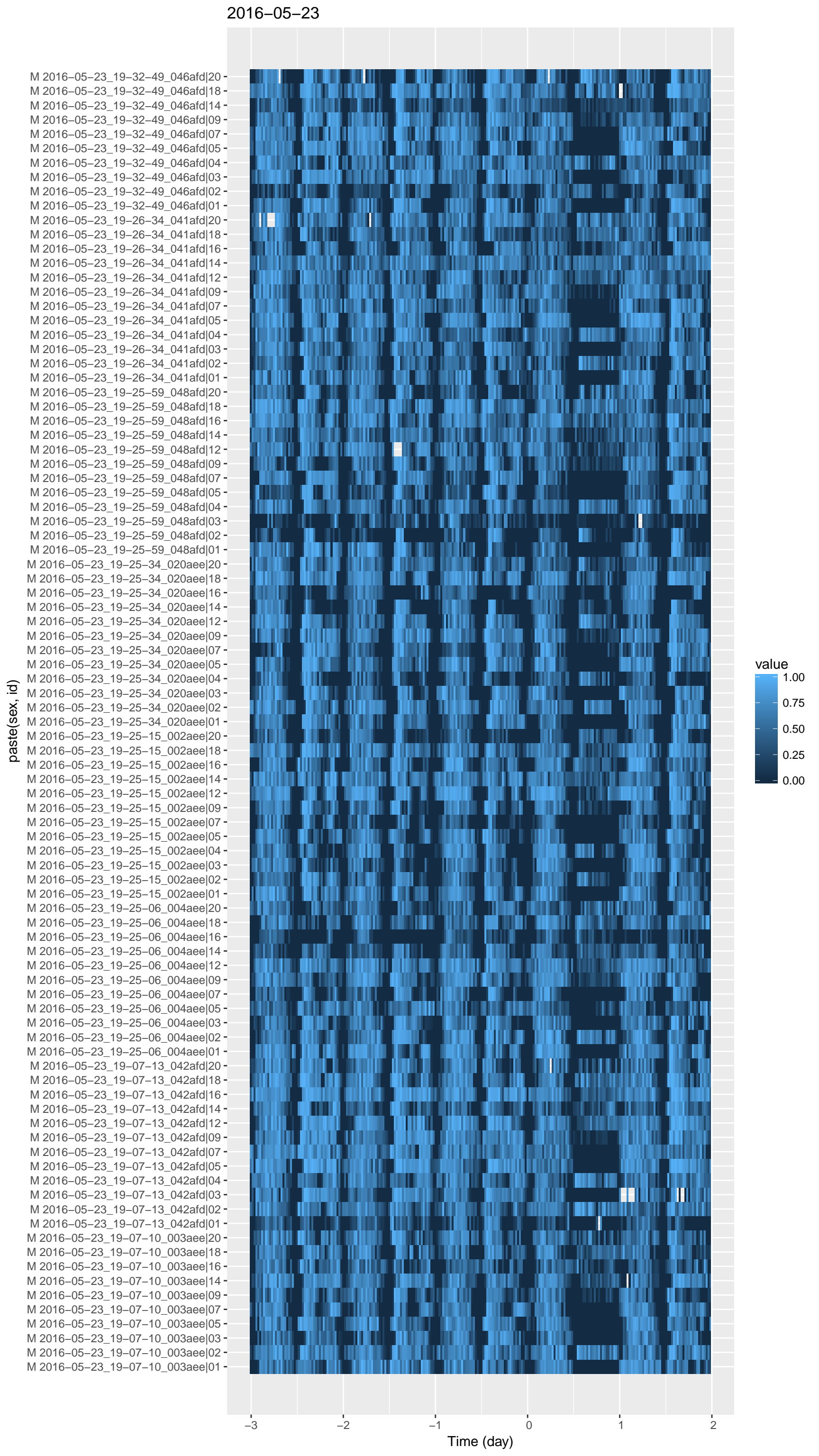
2016-05-02



2016-05-09



2016-05-23



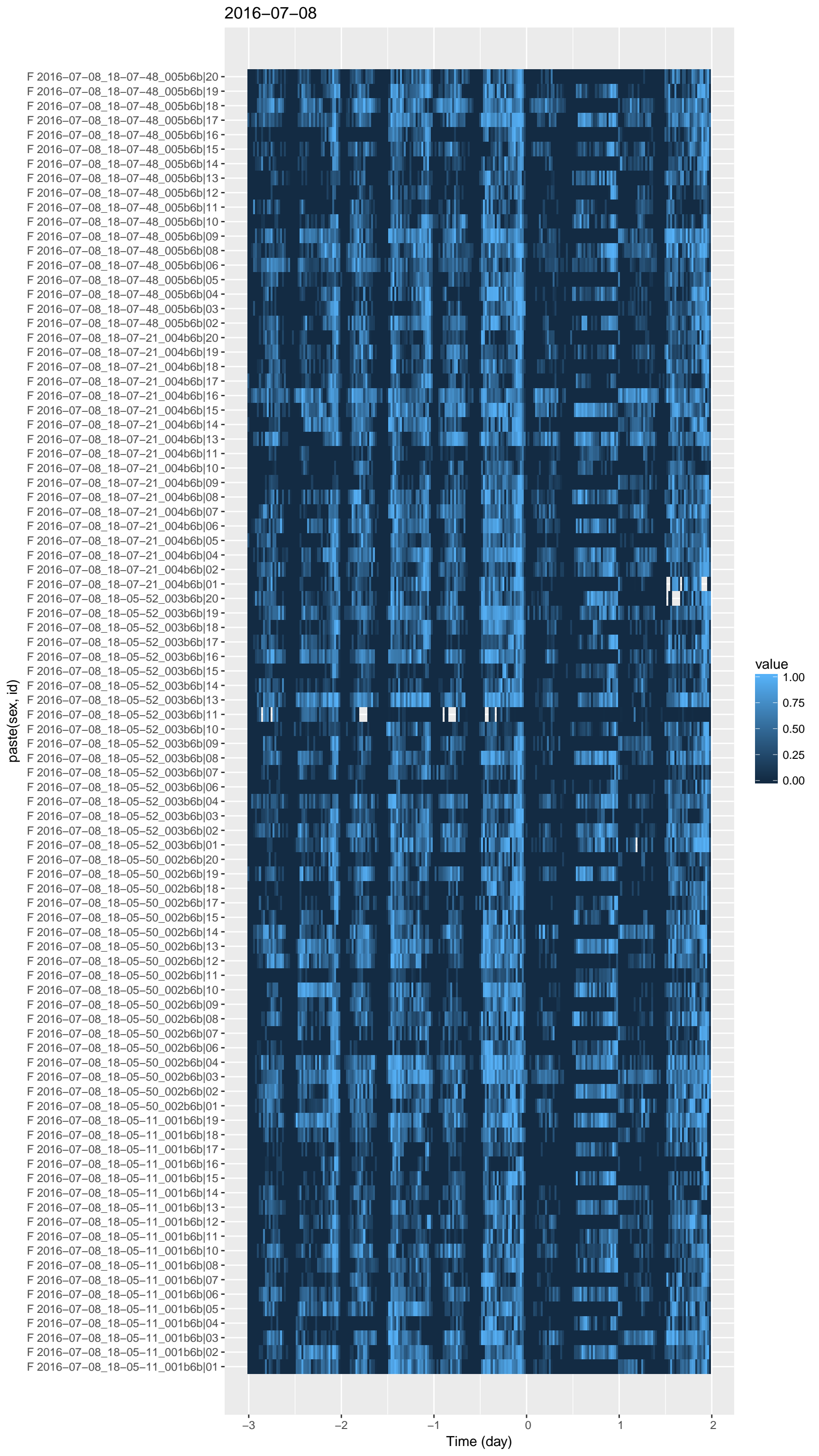
The figure displays a 2D heatmap of a 100x100 matrix. The x-axis and y-axis both range from -2 to 2, with major ticks at -2, -1, 0, 1, and 2. The color scale represents values from 0 to 1, with darker blue indicating lower values and lighter blue indicating higher values. The matrix exhibits a prominent diagonal band of high values (light blue) running from the bottom-left to the top-right, suggesting a strong correlation or self-similarity between adjacent points. There are also several off-diagonal features, including a cluster of higher values in the upper right quadrant and some scattered high-value pixels throughout the matrix.

The figure displays a 2D heatmap of a 100x100 matrix. The x-axis and y-axis both range from -2 to 2, with major ticks at -2, -1, 0, 1, and 2. The color scale represents values from 0 to 1, with dark blue indicating low values and light blue indicating high values. The matrix exhibits a prominent diagonal band of high values, suggesting a strong correlation between adjacent points. Additionally, there are several off-diagonal features, including a cluster of higher values in the upper right quadrant and some scattered high-value regions throughout the matrix.

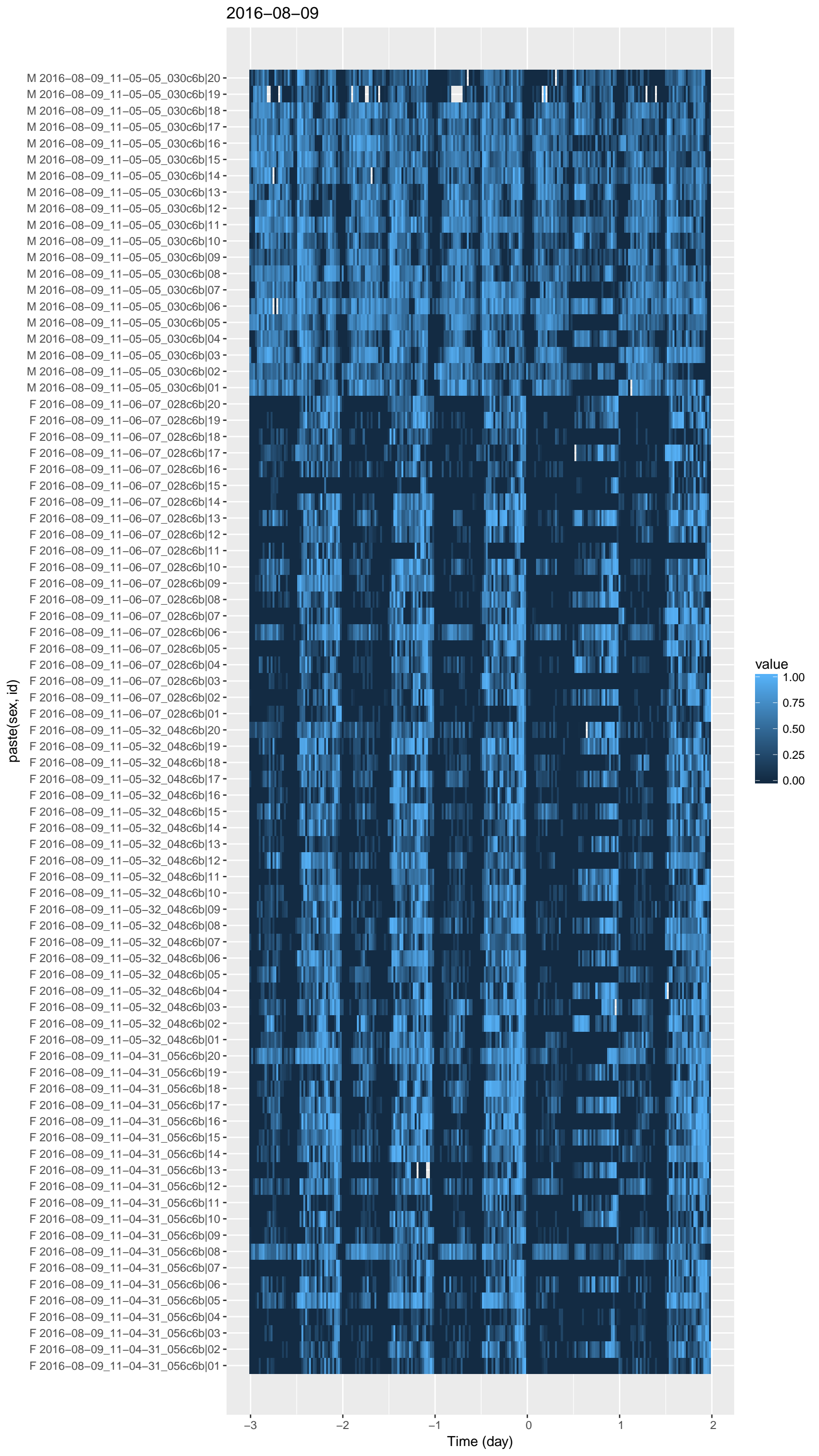
The figure displays a 2D heatmap of a 100x100 matrix. The x-axis and y-axis both range from -2 to 2, with major ticks at -2, -1, 0, 1, and 2. The color scale represents values from 0 to 1, with dark blue indicating low values and light blue indicating high values. The matrix exhibits a prominent diagonal band of high values, suggesting a strong correlation between adjacent points. Additionally, there are several off-diagonal features, including a cluster of higher values in the upper right quadrant and some scattered high-value pixels throughout the matrix.

The figure displays a 2D heatmap of a 100x100 matrix. The x-axis and y-axis both range from -2 to 2, with major ticks at -2, -1, 0, 1, and 2. The color scale represents values from 0 to 1, with dark blue indicating low values and light blue indicating high values. The matrix exhibits a prominent diagonal band of high values, suggesting a strong correlation between adjacent points. Additionally, there are several off-diagonal features, including a cluster of higher values in the upper right quadrant and some scattered high-value pixels throughout the matrix.

2016-07-08

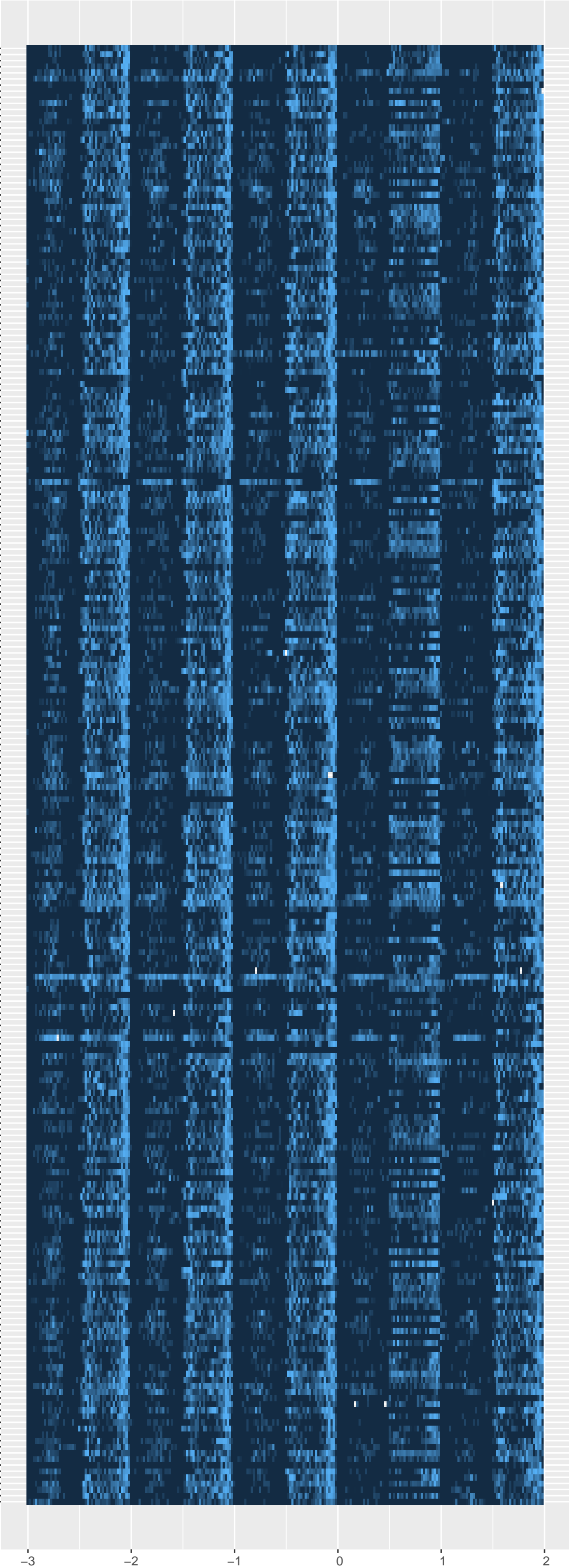
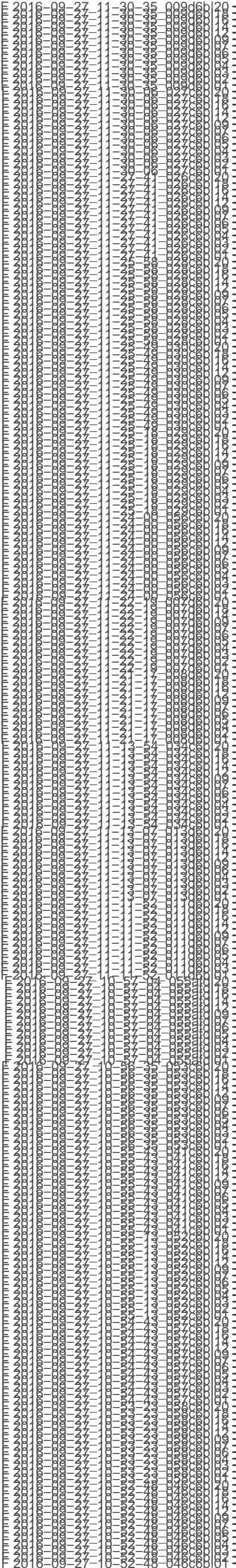


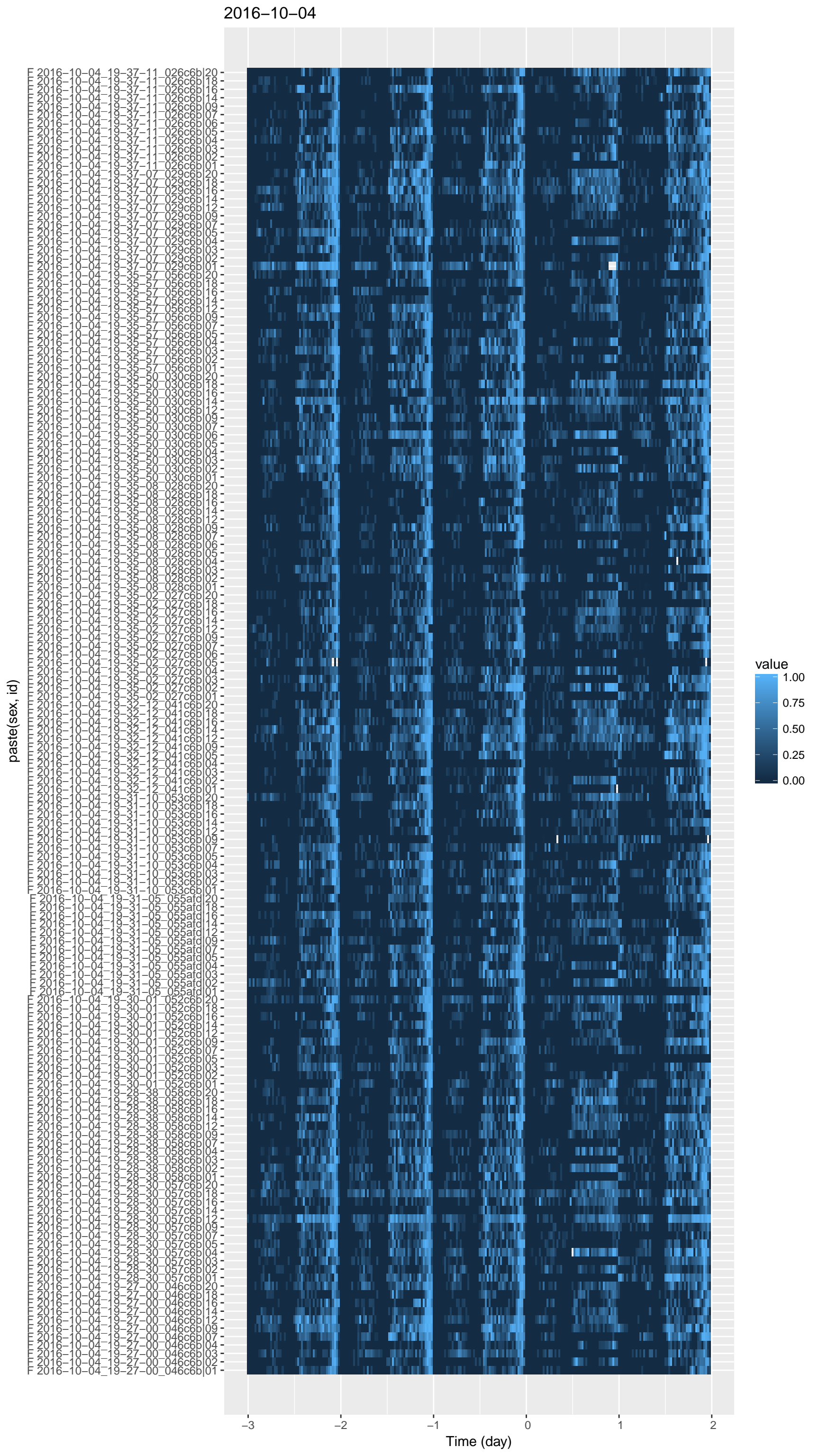
2016-08-09



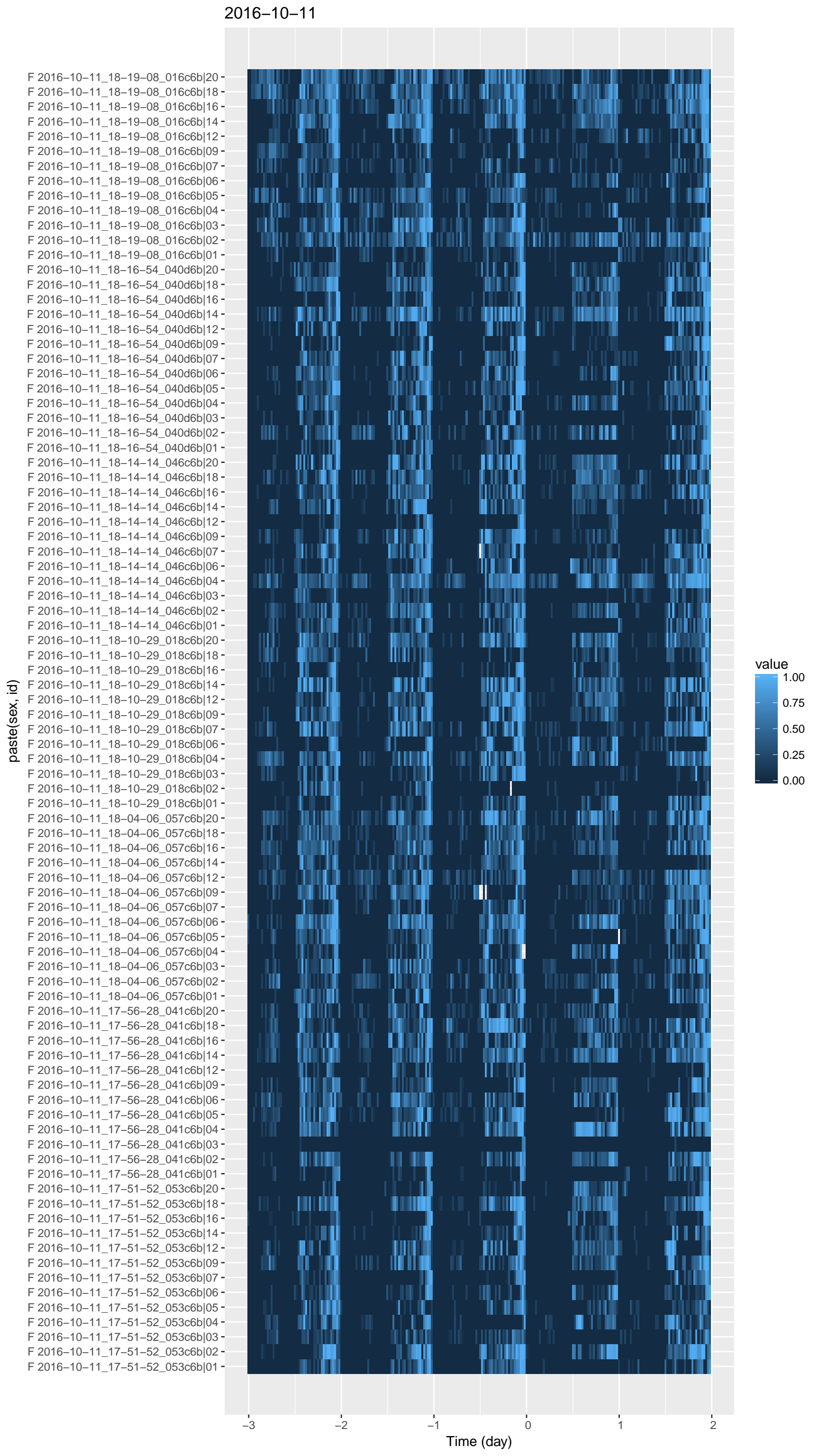
2016-09-27

paste(sex, id)

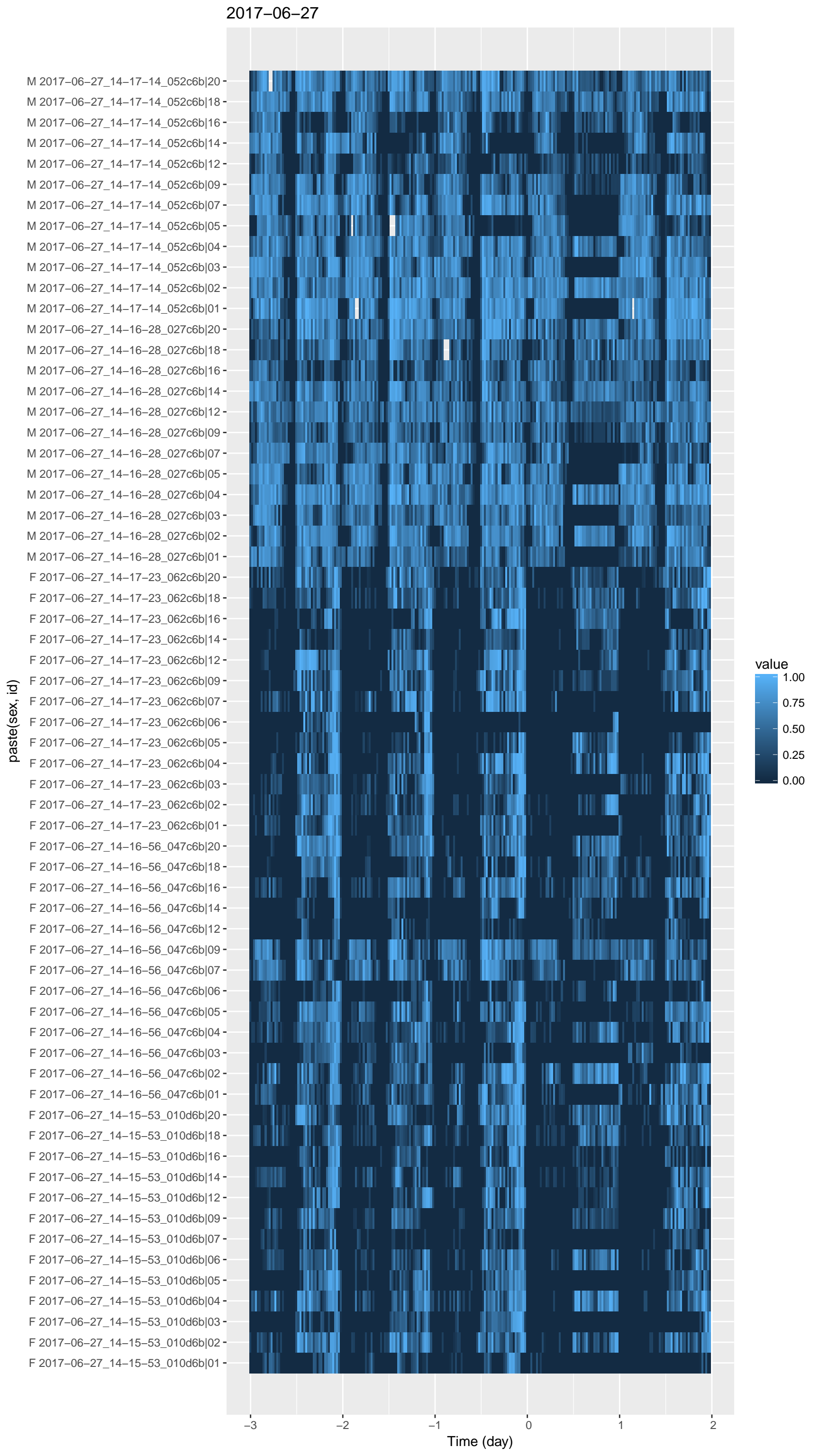




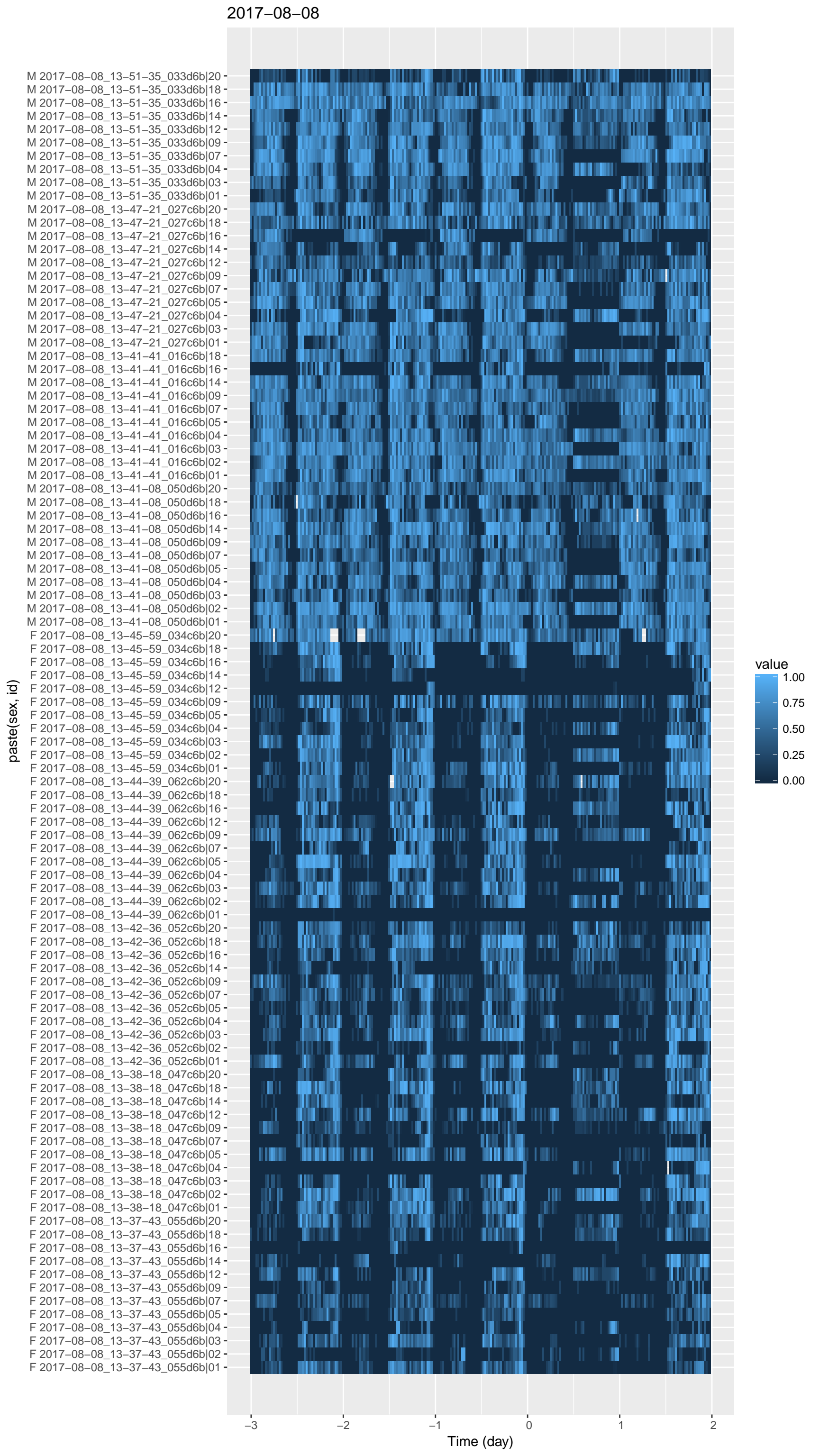
2016-10-11



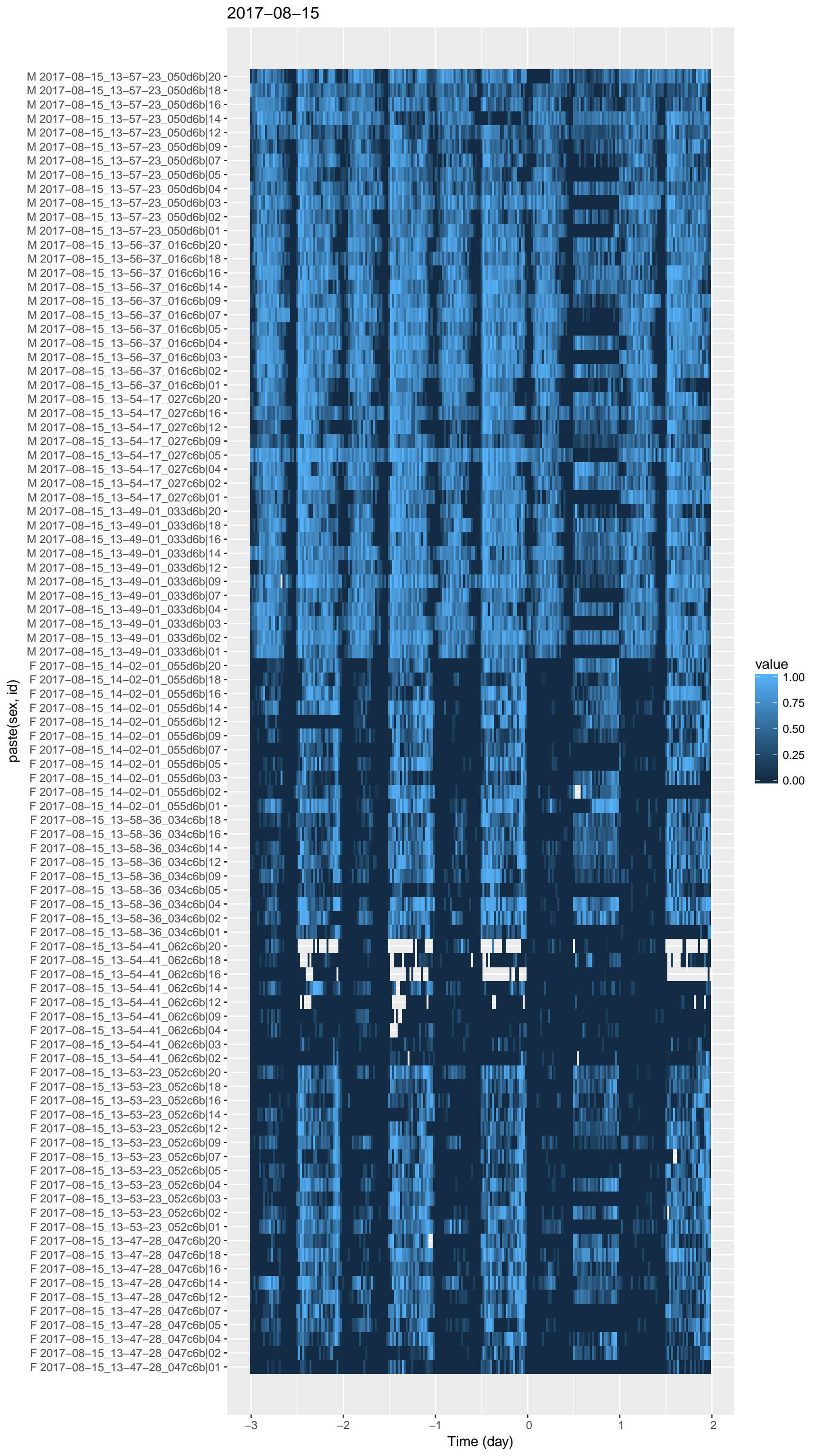
2017-06-27



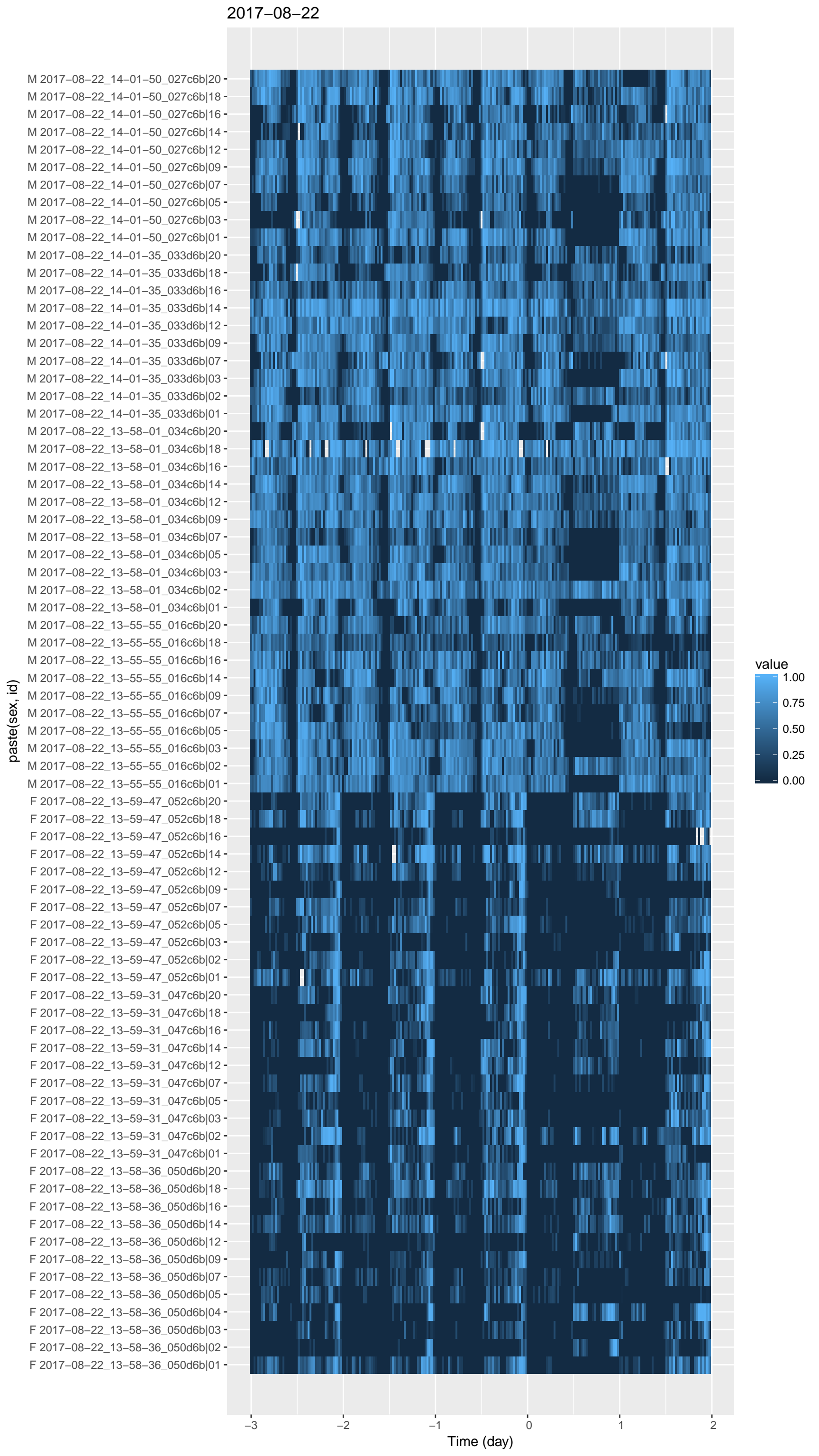
2017-08-08



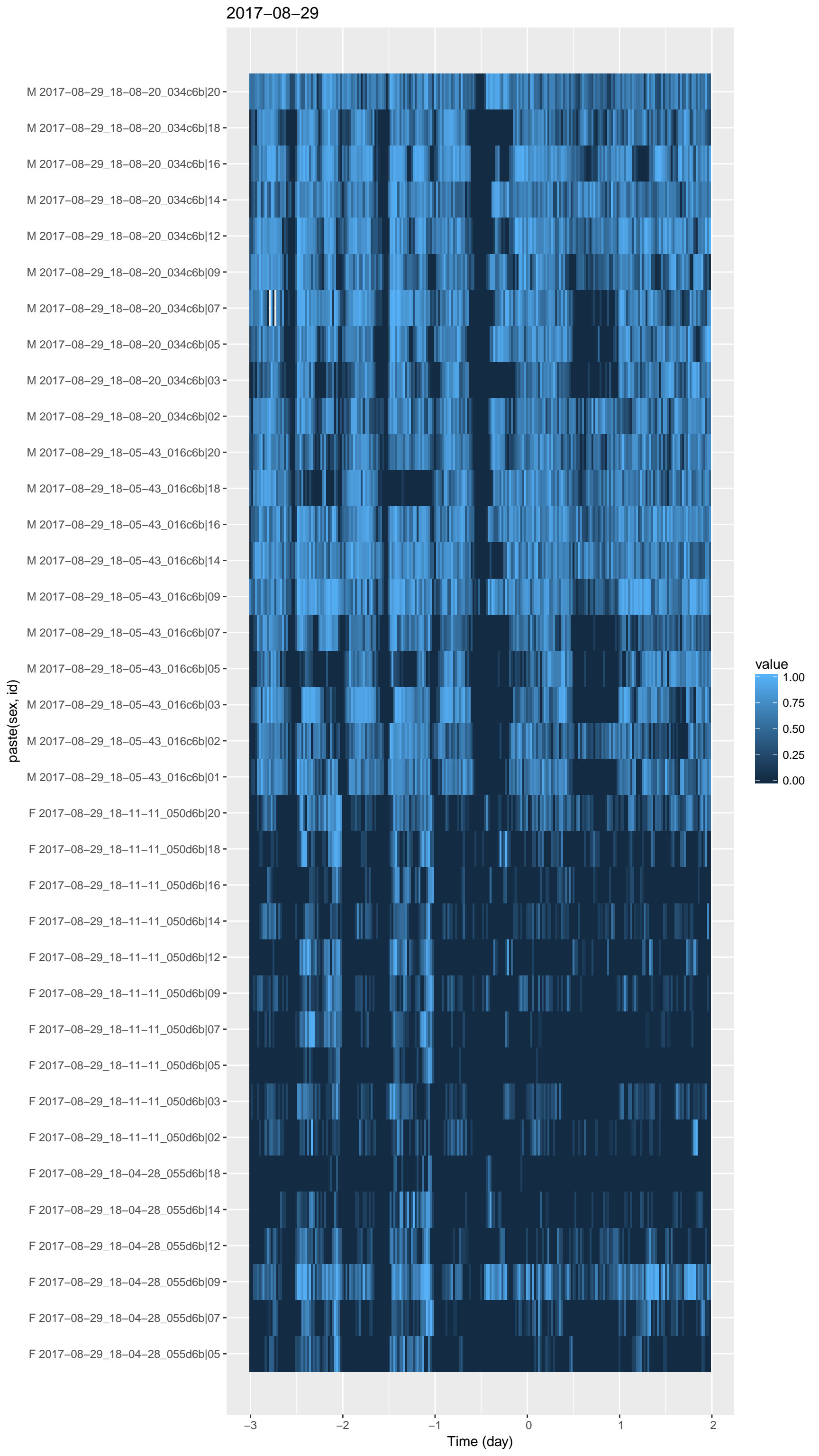
2017-08-15



2017-08-22



2017-08-29



2017-09-05

