Software Test Plan

Pango Pay&Go - Parking Lot Manager

1. Overview

This document presents the testing approach and validation scope for the Pango Pay&Go Parking Lot Manager.

It defines the quality goals and test coverage required to ensure the system functions correctly across critical flows such as:

user authentication, vehicle parking, input validation, cross-user consistency, and parking history tracking.

2. Scope

In-Scope (Functional Coverage)

This test plan covers the following features and flows of the Pango Pay&Go Parking Lot Manager

- **Vehicle Parking/Unparking**: Starting and ending a parking session using valid plate and slot inputs.
- **License Plate Field Validation**: Verifying frontend and browser-level validations for input constraints (format, length, character types).
- **Duplicate Parking Prevention**: Ensuring a vehicle cannot be parked by more than one user simultaneously.
- **History Tracking**: Checking that completed parking sessions are recorded and visible in the history table.

Out-of-Scope (Excluded Areas)

The following areas are excluded from the current testing scope:

- API Testing: No direct backend or API request validations.
- **Performance/Load Testing**: Stress or concurrency testing is not part of this round unless otherwise defined.
- Mobile UI Testing: Responsiveness and layout for mobile or tablet devices are not covered.
- Cross-Browser Testing: Focus is on a single browser (Chrome).

3. Test Strategy

Framework: Python + PyTest + Selenium
Design Pattern: Page Object Model (POM)

• Execution: Chrome Browser

• Validation: Assertions, HTML5 validation checks, text-based verifications

4. Test Environment

• Web App URL: http://localhost:5000

• Browser: Chrome Browser

• Python: 3.11+

5. Test Cases

TC01 - Successful Login

- Objective: Ensure that users can log in with valid credentials.
- Precondition: User account exists in the system.
- Steps:
 - 1. Open the login page.
 - 2. Enter a valid username and password.
 - 3. Click the "Login" button.
- Expected Result: User is redirected to the dashboard.

TC02 - Start Parking Session

- Objective: Validate that a user can initiate a parking session with valid input.
- Precondition: User is logged in.
- Steps:
 - 1. Navigate to Dashboard
 - 2. Enter a valid license plate (8 digits).
 - 3. Enter a slot
 - 4. Click "Start Parking".
- Expected Result: A success message confirms the session has started.

TC03 - Prevent Duplicate Vehicle Parking

- **Objective**: Ensure a vehicle already parked by one user cannot be parked again by another user.
- **Precondition**: Vehicle is already parked by a different user.
- Steps:
 - 1. Login as User A and start parking with plate 12121212.
 - 2. Logout and login as User B.
 - 3. Try to park the same vehicle again.
- Expected Result: Error alert is shown: "Vehicle already parked".

TC04 - Validate History Entry

- **Objective**: Confirm that a completed parking session appears in the history table.
- Precondition: Parking session has been started and ended by the user.
- Steps:
 - 1. Start parking with a valid vehicle.
 - 2. End the session.
 - 3. Navigate to the History page.
- Expected Result: The vehicle appears in the history list with correct details.

TC05 - License Plate Field Validations

- Objective: Verify front-end and HTML5 validations for invalid license plate inputs.
- **Precondition**: User is logged in and on the Parking page.
- Test Variants:
 - Empty input → Expect HTML5 browser validation.
 - Less than 8 digits → App-level error: "License plate must be exactly 8 digits".
 - More than 8 digits → Input should be ignored.
 - Alphabetic characters → Field should remain empty or ignored.
 - Sequential digits (e.g., 12345678) → App-level error.
 - o **Identical digits** (e.g., 111111111) → App-level error.
- Expected Result: Each scenario triggers appropriate validation (either native HTML5 or app-level message).

6. Traceability

Requirement	Test Case ID
Login functionality	TC01
Vehicle parking	TC02
Prevent duplicate parking	TC03
Track parking history	TC04
Plate input validations	TC05

7. Risks & Assumptions

- Alert messages may appear on the global dashboard instead of on current page.
- Timestamps may not align with local timezone (Israel Time)
- Validation relies on both HTML5 and custom JS logic, may behave inconsistently across browsers