

# MANGO: A Component and Association Based Model for representing data for astronomical sources

Version 1.0

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Working group

DM

This version

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Latest version

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Previous versions

This is the first public release

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#### **Abstract**

The MANGO model proposes a flexible way to expose data related to astronomical source objects in an interoperable way. It takes into account the huge diversity of source data in terms of feature description, format and usage. The MANGO model attaches an identifier on an astronomical source and associates to it all data related: observed physical quantities called parameters in this context, and other information like spectra, time series, preview image, for instance, for that source. Parameters usually appear in the columns of a source catalogue. Additionnal dataproducts are bound to the source to contribute to the science analysis and enhance data understanding. Parameters are modeled by the IVOA MCT DM reusing both native and extended classes. Parameters' roles are given by UCDs and semantic tags. Associated data can be simple URLs, VO service endpoints or VO data model instances. Their roles are also qualified by semantic tags.

#### Status of this document

This is an IVOA Working Draft for review by IVOA members and other interested parties. It is a draft document and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use IVOA Working Drafts as reference materials or to cite them as other than "work in progress".

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#### **Contents**

1	Inti	roducti	ion	6
	1.1	Role v	within the VO Architecture	7
<b>2</b>	Rep	oresent	ting observed astronomical objects: Use Cases and	
	Rec	quirem	ents	7
	2.1	Use C	'ases	7
		2.1.1	Gaia	8
		2.1.2	Euclid	8
		2.1.3	Exoplanets missions	9
		2.1.4	Morphologically Complex Structures	9
		2.1.5	Chandra Archive	9
		2.1.6	Vizier catalog archive	9
		2.1.7	Aladin	10
		2.1.8	Xmatch tool	10
		2.1.9	Time Domain	11

	2.2	Requirements
		2.2.1 R01: Supported Quantities
		2.2.2 R02: Parameters
		2.2.3 R03: Associated Data
3	Mo	del Overview 13
	3.1	The parameters
		3.1.1 Parameter UCD
	3.2	Associated Data
	3.3	STC Extension
4	Mo	del: mango
	4.1	AssociatedData (Abstract)
		4.1.1 AssociatedData.semantic
		4.1.2 AssociatedData.dataType
		4.1.3 AssociatedData.description
	4.2	AssociatedMangoInstance
		4.2.1 AssociatedMangoInstance.mangoInstance 17
	4.3	ModelInstance
	4.4	Parameter
		4.4.1 Parameter.semantic
		4.4.2 Parameter.ucd
		4.4.3 Parameter.description
		4.4.4 Parameter.measure
		4.4.5 Parameter.associatedParameters
	4.5	Source
		4.5.1 Source.identifier
		4.5.2 Source.associatedData
		4.5.3 Source.parameters
	4.6	VOModelInstance
		4.6.1 VOModelInstance.ivoid
		4.6.2 VOModelInstance.modelUrl 20
		4.6.3 VOModelInstance.modelName 20
		4.6.4 VOModelInstance.modelDoc
		4.6.5 VOModelInstance.modelInstance 20
	4.7	VOService
		4.7.1 VOService.ivoid
	4.8	WebEndpoint
		4.8.1 WebEndpoint.ContentType
		4.8.2 WebEndpoint.url
	4.0	LinkSemantic 21

	4.10	ParamSemantic
5	Pacl	kage: stcextend 23
	5.1	Flag
		5.1.1 Flag.coord
	5.2	FlagCoord
		5.2.1 FlagCoord.status
	5.3	FlagState
		5.3.1 FlagState.value
		5.3.2 FlagState.label
	5.4	FlagSys
		5.4.1 FlagSys.statusLabel
	5.5	HRFrame
		5.5.1 HRFrame.low
		5.5.2 HRFrame.high
	5.6	HardnessRatio
		5.6.1 HardnessRatio.coord
	5.7	HardnessRatioCoord
		5.7.1 HardnessRatioCoord.hardnessRatio
	5.8	HardnessRatioSys
	5.9	LonLatCoordSys
	5.10	LonLatPoint
		5.10.1 LonLatPoint.longitude
		5.10.2 LonLatPoint.latitude
	5.11	LonLatSkyPosition
		5.11.1 LonLatSkyPosition.coord
	5.12	ObjectType
		5.12.1 ObjectType.coord
	5.13	ObjectTypeCoord
		5.13.1 ObjectTypeCoord.objectType
	5.14	ObjectTypeSys
		Orbit
		5.15.1 Orbit.coord
	5.16	OrbitCoord
		PhotFilter
		5.17.1 PhotFilter.name
		5.17.2 PhotFilter.zeroPointFlux
		5.17.3 PhotFilter.magnitudeSystem
		5.17.4 PhotFilter.effectiveWavelength
		5.17.5 PhotFilter.unit
		5 17 6 PhotFilter bandWidth

	5.19	PhotometryCoord	29
		5.19.1 PhotometryCoord.luminosity	29
	5.20	PhotometryCoordSys	29
		Redshift	29
		5.21.1 Redshift.coord	29
	5.22	RedshiftCoord	30
		$5.22.1 \ \ Redshift Coord.redshift \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots$	30
	5.23	RedshiftSys	30
	5.24	Shape	30
		5.24.1 Shape.coord	30
	5.25	ShapeCoord	30
		5.25.1 ShapeCoord.shape	30
	5.26	ShapeSys	31
		5.26.1 ShapeSys.shapeFrame	31
	5.27	Temperature	31
		5.27.1 Temperature.coord	31
	5.28	VocabularyTerm	31
		5.28.1 VocabularyTerm.uri	31
		5.28.2 VocabularyTerm.label	31
	5.29	ShapeFrame	32
6	TAF	o and MANGO	32
•	6.1	Storing MANGO Catalogs in TAP	32
	6.2	MANGOCore Table	32
$\mathbf{A}$	Cha	nges from Previous Versions	33

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We would like to thank all those who took the time to present their own use cases (INAF, CDS, CFA, ESAC) on which the model has been built. We would also like to thank all the people having tested MANGO on their own data.

# **Model Name**

This model was initially named with a very explicit but hard to remember acronym, CAB-MSD standing for Component and Association Based Model for Source Data. We decided later to rename it MANGO with reference to

the inside out MANGO picture used to introduce the model in Groningen. As the tradition requires that such unexpected names are acronyms, let's assume that MANGO stands for Metadata ANnotation for Generic Objects (in astronomy). Model for AstroNomical generic Objects sociation of

#### Conformance-related definitions

The words "MUST", "SHALL", "SHOULD", "MAY", "RECOMMENDED", and "OPTIONAL" (in upper or lower case) used in this document are to be interpreted as described in IETF standard RFC2119 (Bradner, 1997).

The Virtual Observatory (VO) is a general term for a collection of federated resources that can be used to conduct astronomical research, education, and outreach. The International Virtual Observatory Alliance (IVOA) is a global collaboration of separately funded projects to develop standards and infrastructure that enable VO applications.

#### 1 Introduction

Modeling data collected to study astronomical source objects has been a long term concern for the DM working group and more generally for the IVOA. In the past years, there were some proposals to design a global model for sources (Salgado and Lemson et al., 2016) as well as for catalogs (Osuna et al., 2006). Other proposals, more model-agnostic, were focused on the data annotation in VOTables (Demleitner and Ochsenbein et al., 2016) (Derriere, 2016). In this case the goal was no longer to design a source model but to provide a complete description of individual quantities (positions, velocity, fluxes, magnitudes...). None of these proposals have come to completion.

The source DM issue resurfaced at the spring 2018 Interop in Victoria during an hands-on session focusing on the tools available to work with VO data models and especially with VO-DML. The goal of this session was to annotate data from different origins in order to make them interoperable with each other. One of the main concerns outside de tools necessary to workout this notation was the lack of models for source objects. This is a big paradox in the VO world: source data which represent the basic building blocks of astronomers' work, is not modeled. This paradox can be explained by the fact that the observation of source objects is multi-faceted. In a general way, the way features for source data are described and organized depends on the targeted science case. Principal investigators and archive designers set up the data profile and structure it according to this goal which varies from one project to another. Therefore this diversity cannot be served by a single static data model describing a source item for all possible cases. Having a global source model would lead to a very complex solution not usable in practice.

# PDF fallback.

Sorry - your ImageMagick (convert) does not support SVG import. If on Linux, installing librsvg2-bin should remedy this. Otherwise, please commit your SVG and ask the ivoatex creators to do the the conversion.

Figure 1: Architecture diagram for this document

This standard proposes to overcome this paradox and presents a template model gathering independent components from VO existings models together with VO data products and files embedded on demand in a container. The template supports fine grain association by composing classes as well as coarse grain relations to data products and files distributed within projects archive.

Not designed to describe what a source is nut to help clients to discover and to understand the quantities available for a particular source instance TBC

#### 1.1 Role within the VO Architecture

Fig. 1 shows the role this document plays within the IVOA architecture (Arviset and Gaudet et al., 2010).

# 2 Representing observed astronomical objects : Use Cases and Requirements

#### 2.1 Use Cases

The following uses-cases have been collected since 2019 from representatives of various astronomical missions, archive designers and tools developers.

#### TODO:

may be too early to conclude about this ?? The contribution was totally open. This gave a good picture of the needs but it's safe to say that not everything will supported by this first version.??

The physical parameters recorded for each source in the various projects are listed below:

#### 2.1.1 Gaia

- identifier
- sky reference position
- proper motion
- parallax and distance
- source extension
- radial velocity
- $\bullet$  redshift
- photometry
- date of observation?
- correlation ( with other sources ?)
- ullet multiple detection

#### 2.1.2 **Euclid**

- identifier
- sky position
- correlation with Gaia counterpart?
- photometry (ground + satellite )
- morphology class?
- $\bullet$  redshift
- photometric redshift

#### 2.1.3 Exoplanets missions

#### TODO:

mention the involved projects: examples? GAPS, TESS?

- position
- orbit
- different source level (source types instead?)(star, planet, moon)
- status and classification
- orbiting system description

#### 2.1.4 Morphologically Complex Structures

#### TODO:

to be developed ...

morphology

#### 2.1.5 Chandra Archive

This Xray mission has produced a very large catalog of sources. All quantities are time dependant, depend on calibration methods as well as on appropriate physical models that selects energy models for the origin of the recorded pho-

tons ... TODO:

- name
- pos
- time
- extension
- PHA ???

#### 2.1.6 Vizier catalog archive

Vizier gathers and delivers a curated version of published catalogs from various missions and experiments. It also distributes results of scientific papers, based on the computation, comparison and classification of sources extracted from archived data after science analysis. Vizier handles a very large set of measures in position, photometry, redshift, source type, etc. It adds value to it by recomputing additional quantities in various reference frames or

equivalent spectral bands, units conversions, etc. It binds the resulting object description to other data sets representing the object, or its conterpart, or neighbourhood (image), its spectral behaviour (spectrum) or evolution through time (light curve, radial velocity curve, timeseries, etc.). Currently the binding and structure of the quantities is done by column grouping.

- pre-existing data
- grouping columns
- lots of available metadata
- column name formatting
- one column different frames

#### 2.1.7 Aladin

Quantities possibly plotted or matched with some of other datasets

- position
- time
- flux
- Field of view (FoV)
- column grouping
- link to other data products?

#### 2.1.8 Xmatch tool

The Xmatch operation relies on the comparison of the quantities recorded for each source between several catalogs in order to identify or disentagle counterparts. Chandra X match ??? , others ??? the mandatory quantities to operate such comparison involve:

- identifier
- position
- proper motion
- photometry
- extension?

#### 2.1.9 Time Domain

This Use-case involves measured parameters varying with time for one or multiple sources

• Identifier: object identifier

• Timestamp: Independent axis of the time series

• Position: depends on t for a moving object

• Photometry: depends on t for light curves

• Radial velocity: depends on t for objects submitted to gravitational perturbations

• Period

• Associated products: time series of e.g. a spectrum or an image

There are two categories of information features supported, the measures and the associated data. The measures can be numerical values or simple strings. The MANGO datamodel describes measures by relying on the IVOA Meas data model. Associated data are related to data with a complex structure or to data just referenced by a URI. Table 1 summarizes the features and related quantities exposed in the various use-cases. The two categories clearly show up.

Quantity/ Survey	Ga	Eu	Ex	MCS	Ch	Vi	Al	Xm	TD
identifier	P	P	P		Р	P	P		P
position	P	Р	P		Р	Р	Р		Р
pr. motion	P						P	P	
distance	p						P		
correlation	AD	AD				AD			
extension	P		P	P	P	P	P		
rad. vel.	P					P			
redshift	P	P				P			
phot. rsft		P				P			
luminosity	P	P				P	P	P	P
date	P				P	P			P
detections	AD								
orbit			P						
type			P			P			
status						P			
orb. sys.			P						
PHA					P				
ass. prd.						AD			AD

 $\it Table~1:~$  Break up of the requested quantities P parameter, AD Associated data

#### 2.2 Requirements

# 2.2.1 R01: Supported Quantities

• MANGO must provide unique source identifiers.

- MANGO must provide modeling classes for both parameters and associated data.
- The number of parameters attached to a MANGO instance must be free.
- The number of associated data attached to a MANGO instance must be free.

#### 2.2.2 R02: Parameters

The concept of "Parameter" matches the concept of measure of the Meas model. MANGO may support Parameter classes that are not Meas classes though.

- MANGO must support explicit classes imported from an IVOA datamodel for the most used parameters.
- MANGO must provide a generic way to support parameters that do not enter the above category.
- MANGO instances must support multiple instances of the same parameter class.
- The presence of any parameter in MANGO instances must be optional.
- MANGO must provide a way to identify the role of each parameter.
- The role of each parameter should be machine-readable.
- Each parameter must be possibly tagged by a timestamp or a flag. The meaning of this flag is not part of MANGO, but MANGO must provide a way to describe it.

#### 2.2.3 R03: Associated Data

The notion of associated data relates to any sort of complex data. This can be a pointer to a service or a data set, a data table or other data structure.

- MANGO must support references to external datasets.
- MANGO must support references to external services.
- MANGO must support references to other MANGO instances.
- MANGO must support references to instances of models serialized in VO-DML.

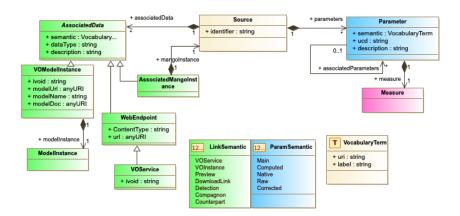


Figure 2: MANGO overview

- MANGO instances must support multiple instances of the same associated data class.
- The presence of any associated data in MANGO instances must be optional.
- MANGO must provide a way to identify the role of each associated data.
- The role of each associated data should be machine-readable.

# 3 Model Overview

#### TODO:

change name of MANGO instance . explain central root class : here Source . A MANGO instance is a specialised VOMOdel instance that composes other sources related to the central one .... TBC

The root class of the model is the **Source** class that has only one attribute, the identifier, that is the only quantity common to all MANGO instances.

Each quantity or associated data attached to a source is represented by a connector describing the nature of either the quantity or of the associated data.

There is no restriction on the set of connectors attached to one source. There are 2 classes of connectors

#### 3.1 The parameters

Parameter connectors are used to bind measures with the source. One connector can only reference one measure. The measure itself is modeled by a

class of the Measure model or by an extension of this model. Measure extensions are part of MANGO. In addition to its class, the nature of a measure is given by a UCD and a semantic tag. The UCD gives the physical meaning of the measure whereas the semantic tag says more about the usage context of the measure. This can be for instance the reduction status (raw, corrected). The vocabulary allowed for the semantic is managed as a VO vocabulary.

Quantity	Model	
identifier	MANGO	required for anu instance
position	Meas	
pr. motion	Meas	
distance	Ext Meas	
correlation	Ass data	reference to other MANGO instances
extension	Ext Meas	Can be used for FoV, morphlogy or shape
rad. vel.	Ext Meas	
redshift	Ext Meas	
phot. rsft	Ext Meas	
luminosity	Ext Meas	
date	Meas	date or time stamp
detections	Ass data	reference to other MANGO instances
orbit	Ext Meas	
type	Ext Meas	
status	Ext Meas	
orb. sys.	Ext Meas	
PHA	Ext Meas	
ass. prd.	Ass data	

Table 2: Mango quantities with corresponding complex type Native Meas Measure class, Ext Meas Measure extension, Ass data Mango associated data

#### 3.1.1 Parameter UCD

Parameter	Original model	UCDs 1+ first word
Position	Measure	pos
Velocity	Measure	phys.veloc
Proper motion	Measure	pos.pm
Time	Measure	time.epoch
Polarization	Measure	phys.polarization
SphericalSkyPosition	MANGO	pos.eq
ObjectType	MANGO	src.class
Redshift	MANGO	src.redshift
Luminosity	MANGO	phot.qqqchose
HardnessRatio	MANGO	phot.flux;arith.ratio
Shape	MANGO	phys.area
Flag	MANGO	meta.code
Orbit	MANGO	src.orbital
GenericMeasure	Measure	Appropiate physical UCD

Table 3: UCDs to be set for the supported parameters

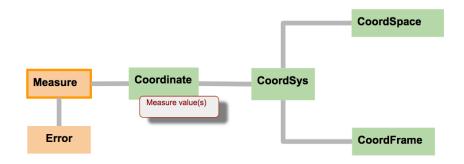


Figure 3: STC pattern (simplified view)

TBC phys.luminosity vs phot.flux ajouter une temperature

#### 3.2 Associated Data

Associated data connectors are used to bind any sort of complex data with the source. One connector can only refer to one dataset. Associated data can be either URIs (VO services or not) or reference to instances of other VO models (Obscore, Provenance...).

Attaching VO model instances to sources does not mean that these models must be imported. The merge between a MANGO instance and one associated instance is operated by the data annotation process. The indication given by MANGO tell the client how to interpret the embedded instance

#### 3.3 STC Extension

All STC measures are built upon the same pattern (see Fig 3). The value(s) Measure object is carried by a Coordinate object. The coordinate is attached to a system (CoordSys class). The system has two components: 1) the space (CoordSpace class) that describes the axis and 2) the frame ()CoordFrame class). Parameters in MANGO data model are based on this pattern. Native STC classes are used whenever possible. Others Parameters are built by extending STC classes. Figure 3) shows the extended STC classes being part of MANGO.

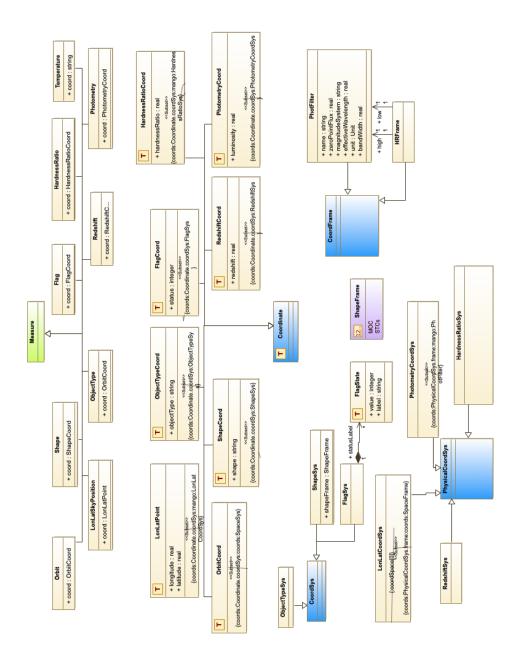


Figure 4: Extension Pattern for STC classes.

# 4 Model: mango

Data model based oon components and data association for source data

# 4.1 AssociatedData (Abstract)

Abstract reference to a particular dataset associated to the Source. This class is used to specify the type of the dataset as well as its role.

#### 4.1.1 Associated Data.semantic

 ${\bf vodml\text{-}id:\ AssociatedData.semantic} \\ {\bf type:\ mango:stcextend.VocabularyTerm}$ 

multiplicity: 1

Reference to a semantic concept giving the nature of the associated data. As long as the vocabulary is not set, the possible values of this attribute are given by the LinkSemantic enumeration.

#### 4.1.2 AssociatedData.dataType

vodml-id: AssociatedData.dataType

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Type of the associated data (not defined yet)

#### 4.1.3 AssociatedData.description

vodml-id: AssociatedData.description

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Free text description of the associated data

#### 4.2 AssociatedMangoInstance

Reference to another MANGO instance that is part of the associated data.

# 4.2.1 AssociatedMangoInstance.mangoInstance

vodml-id: AssociatedMangoInstance.mangoInstance

type: mango:Source

multiplicity: 1

Composition link pointing on one cab\_msd instance associated with the source.

#### 4.3 ModelInstance

Placeholder for the mapping of the model instance

#### 4.4 Parameter

Reference to a particular measure of the Source. This class is used to specify the type of the measure as well as its role.

constraint

detail: Parameter.One association at the time

#### 4.4.1 Parameter.semantic

vodml-id: Parameter.semantic

type: mango:stcextend.VocabularyTerm

multiplicity: 1

Reference to a semantic concept giving the nature of the parameter As long as the vocabulary is not set, the possible values of this attribute are given by the ParamSemantic enumeration.

#### 4.4.2 Parameter.ucd

vodml-id: Parameter.ucd

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

UCD1+ giving the type of the physical measure

#### 4.4.3 Parameter.description

vodml-id: Parameter.description

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Free text description of the measure

#### 4.4.4 Parameter.measure

vodml-id: Parameter.measure

type: meas:Measure

multiplicity: 1

Composition link pointing to the meas: Measure instance

#### 4.4.5 Parameter.associatedParameters

vodml-id: Parameter.associatedParameters

type: mango:Parameter

multiplicity: 0..\*

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 4.5 Source

Root class of the model. CAB\_MSF instance are meant of be Source instances. A source has an identifier and to sets of hooks: one for the parameters and one for the associated data.

#### 4.5.1 Source.identifier

vodml-id: Source.identifier

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Unique identifier for a Source. The uniquess of that identifier is not managed by the model. The format is free.

#### 4.5.2 Source.associatedData

vodml-id: Source.associatedData type: mango:AssociatedData

multiplicity: 0..\*

Composition link pointing on all data associated with the source.

#### 4.5.3 Source.parameters

vodml-id: Source.parameters

type: mango:Parameter

multiplicity: 0..\*

Composition link pointing on all parameters attached to the source.

#### 4.6 VOModelInstance

Reference to a VO model instance that is part of the associated data.

#### 4.6.1 VOModelInstance.ivoid

vodml-id: VOModelInstance.ivoid

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

VO-DML id of the referenced model

#### 4.6.2 VOModelInstance.modelUrl

vodml-id: VOModelInstance.modelUrl

type: ivoa:anyURI multiplicity: 1

URL on the VO-DML model

#### 4.6.3 VOModelInstance.modelName

 $vodml\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}VOModelInstance.modelName$ 

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Name of the referenced model

#### 4.6.4 VOModelInstance.modelDoc

vodml-id: VOModelInstance.modelDoc

type: ivoa:anyURI multiplicity: 1

Documentation URL of the model

#### 4.6.5 VOModelInstance.modelInstance

vodml-id: VOModelInstance.modelInstance

type: mango:ModelInstance

multiplicity: 1

Composition link pointing on one VO instance instance associated with the

source.

#### 4.7 VOService

Class for associated data referenced by a fixed URL that is a VO service.

#### 4.7.1 VOService.ivoid

vodml-id: VOService.ivoid

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

IVOA id of the service (for example in the registry)

#### 4.8 WebEndpoint

Class for associated data referenced by an URL

#### 4.8.1 WebEndpoint.ContentType

vodml-id: WebEndpoint.ContentType

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Mime type of the URL

#### 4.8.2 WebEndpoint.url

vodml-id: WebEndpoint.url

type: ivoa:anyURI multiplicity: 1 Web endpoint

#### 4.9 LinkSemantic

Literal enumeration of the possible values for the associated data semantic.

This stands for an example before we have defined a vocabulary.

**Enumeration Literals** 

VOService : vodml-id: LinkSemantic.VOService description: Data returned by a VO service

VOInstance : vodml-id: LinkSemantic.VOInstance description: Data Serialized in a VO model

Preview: vodml-id: LinkSemantic.Preview

description: data preview

DownloadLink: vodml-id: LinkSemantic.DownloadLink

description: Data download link

Detection: vodml-id: LinkSemantic.Detection

description: Particular detection

Compagnon : vodml-id: LinkSemantic.Compagnon

description: Compagnon source

Counterpart: vodml-id: LinkSemantic.Counterpart

description: Counter part source

#### 4.10 ParamSemantic

Literal enumeration of the possible values for the parameter semantic. This stands for an example before we have defined a vocabulary.

**Enumeration Literals** 

Main : vodml-id: ParamSemantic.Main description: Main measurment

Computed: vodml-id: ParamSemantic.Computed

description: Computed measurement

Native : vodml-id: ParamSemantic.Native description: Mative measurement

 ${f Raw}: {f vodml-id:} \ {f Param Semantic.} {f Raw}$ 

 ${\bf description:} \ {\rm raw \ measure}$ 

 ${\bf Corrected} \ : {\bf vodml\text{-}id:} \ {\bf ParamSemantic.} Corrected$ 

description: Corrected measure

# 5 Package: stcextend

This package contains all object and type classes that has been extended from the Measure and Coordinates datamodels. This extension mechanism is used to add new types of measures while staying whithin the Mes/Coords pattern.

#### **5.1** Flag

Measure to be used for status parameters

#### 5.1.1 Flag.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.Flag.coord type: mango:stcextend.FlagCoord

multiplicity: 1

Coordinate holding the statsu value

#### 5.2 FlagCoord

Coordinate of a status Measure

subset

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys

type: FlagSys

#### 5.2.1 FlagCoord.status

vodml-id: stcextend.FlagCoord.status

type: ivoa:integer multiplicity: 1 Value of the status

#### 5.3 FlagState

Possible value of a status

#### 5.3.1 FlagState.value

vodml-id: stcextend.FlagState.value

type: ivoa:integer multiplicity: 1 Status value

#### 5.3.2 FlagState.label

vodml-id: stcextend.FlagState.label

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Label attached to that status value

#### 5.4 FlagSys

Coordinate system to be used for statur measures.

#### 5.4.1 FlagSys.statusLabel

 ${\bf vodml\text{-}id:\ stcextend.} {\bf FlagSys.statusLabel}$ 

type: mango:stcextend.FlagState

multiplicity: 0..\*

Composition loink to all possible status values for this system

#### 5.5 HRFrame

Hardness ratio frame. Defined by 2 energy bands Eheigh ELow. HR = (Eheigh - Elow)/(Eheigh + Elow) Energy bands are deemed to special photometric filters

#### 5.5.1 HRFrame.low

vodml-id: stcextend.HRFrame.low type: mango:stcextend.PhotFilter

multiplicity: 1
Low energy band

#### 5.5.2 HRFrame.high

vodml-id: stcextend.HRFrame.high type: mango:stcextend.PhotFilter

multiplicity: 1 Heigh energy band

#### 5.6 HardnessRatio

TODO : Missing description : please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.6.1 HardnessRatio.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.HardnessRatio.coord type: mango:stcextend.HardnessRatioCoord

multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.7 HardnessRatioCoord

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

 $\mathbf{subset}$ 

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys type: mango:HardnessRatioSys

#### 5.7.1 HardnessRatioCoord.hardnessRatio

 $vodml\hbox{-}id\colon stcextend. Hardness Ratio Coord. hardness Ratio$ 

type: ivoa:real multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.8 HardnessRatioSys

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

subset

role: coords:PhysicalCoordSys.frame

type: mango:HRFrame

#### 5.9 LonLatCoordSys

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

subset

role: coords:PhysicalCoordSys.frame

type: coords:SpaceFrame

constraint

detail: LonLatCoordSys.coordSpace[0]

#### 5.10 LonLatPoint

Coordinate of a point on the sky sphere expressed in spherical coordinates. subset

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys type: mango:LonLatCoordSys

#### 5.10.1 LonLatPoint.longitude

 $vodml\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}stcextend. Lon Lat Point. longitude$ 

type: ivoa:realmultiplicity: 1longitude of the point

#### 5.10.2 LonLatPoint.latitude

 $vodml\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}stcextend. LonLatPoint. latitude$ 

type: ivoa:realmultiplicity: 1Latitude of the point

#### 5.11 LonLatSkyPosition

Measure to used for sky points expressed with a spherical coordinate system

#### 5.11.1 LonLatSkyPosition.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.LonLatSkyPosition.coord

type: mango:stcextend.LonLatPoint

multiplicity: 1

Coordinate of spherical sky position

#### 5.12 ObjectType

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.12.1 ObjectType.coord

 ${\bf vodml\text{-}id:\ stcextend.ObjectType.coord} \\ {\bf type:\ mango:stcextend.OrbitCoord}$ 

multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.13 ObjectTypeCoord

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

 $\mathbf{subset}$ 

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys

type: ObjectTypeSys

#### 5.13.1 ObjectTypeCoord.objectType

 ${\bf vodml\text{-}id:\ stcextend.} Object Type Coord. object Type$ 

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.14 ObjectTypeSys

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.15 Orbit

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.15.1 Orbit.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.Orbit.coord type: mango:stcextend.OrbitCoord

multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.16 OrbitCoord

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

subset

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys

type: coords:SpaceSys

#### 5.17 PhotFilter

Photometric filter description, compliant with photDM

#### 5.17.1 PhotFilter.name

vodml-id: stcextend.PhotFilter.name

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Filter name

#### 5.17.2 PhotFilter.zeroPointFlux

vodml-id: stcextend.PhotFilter.zeroPointFlux

type: ivoa:real multiplicity: 1

Zero point flux of the filter

#### 5.17.3 PhotFilter.magnitudeSystem

 $vodml\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}stcextend. Phot Filter. magnitude System$ 

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

Magnitude system used by the filter

#### 5.17.4 PhotFilter.effectiveWavelength

 $vodml\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}id\hbox{-}: stcextend. PhotFilter. effective Wavelength$ 

type: ivoa:real multiplicity: 1

Effective wavelength of the filter

#### 5.17.5 PhotFilter.unit

vodml-id: stcextend.PhotFilter.unit

type: ivoa:Unit multiplicity: 1

Wavelength unit used for that filter

#### 5.17.6 PhotFilter.bandWidth

vodml-id: stcextend.PhotFilter.bandWidth

type: ivoa:real multiplicity: 1

Band width of the filter

#### 5.18 Photometry

TODO : Missing description : please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.18.1 Photometry.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.Photometry.coord type: mango:stcextend.PhotometryCoord

multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.19 PhotometryCoord

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

 $\mathbf{subset}$ 

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys

 $type:\ Photometry Coord Sys$ 

#### 5.19.1 PhotometryCoord.luminosity

 $vodml-id:\ stcextend. Photometry Coord. luminosity$ 

type: ivoa:real multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.20 PhotometryCoordSys

TBC with photDM

subset

 ${\bf role:\ coords:} Physical Coord Sys. frame$ 

type: mango:PhotFilter

#### 5.21 Redshift

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.21.1 Redshift.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.Redshift.coord type: mango:stcextend.RedshiftCoord

multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.22 RedshiftCoord

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

subset

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys

type: RedshiftSys

#### 5.22.1 RedshiftCoord.redshift

 $vodml-id:\ stcextend. Redshift Coord. redshift$ 

type: ivoa:real multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.23 RedshiftSys

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### **5.24 Shape**

Measure giving the shape of a source

#### 5.24.1 Shape.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.Shape.coord type: mango:stcextend.ShapeCoord

multiplicity: 1

String serialization of the source shape

#### 5.25 ShapeCoord

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

 $\mathbf{subset}$ 

role: coords:Coordinate.coordSys

type: ShapeSys

#### 5.25.1 ShapeCoord.shape

vodml-id: stcextend.ShapeCoord.shape

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

#### 5.26 ShapeSys

Coordinate system to be used for shape measure

#### 5.26.1 ShapeSys.shapeFrame

vodml-id: stcextend.ShapeSys.shapeFrame

type: mango:stcextend.ShapeFrame

multiplicity: 1

Frame of the shape measure. Gives a enumeration of the supported serial-

izations.

#### 5.27 Temperature

TBC

#### 5.27.1 Temperature.coord

vodml-id: stcextend.Temperature.coord

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

TODO: Missing description: please, update your UML model asap.

# 5.28 VocabularyTerm

Datatype for vocabulary word. Provides a pointer to the word description and a label.

#### 5.28.1 VocabularyTerm.uri

vodml-id: stcextend.VocabularyTerm.uri

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

URI extarcted from the DRF document and refering ot the word

#### 5.28.2 VocabularyTerm.label

vodml-id: stcextend.VocabularyTerm.label

type: ivoa:string multiplicity: 1

RDF label. Matched the URL fragment for IVOA vocabularies

#### 5.29 ShapeFrame

Enumeration of the possible options to encode a shape in a string. Enumeration Literals

MOC: vodml-id: stcextend.ShapeFrame.MOC

description: MOC serialization

STCs: vodml-id: stcextend.ShapeFrame.STCs

description: STCs serialization

#### 6 TAP and MANGO

This not normative section gives possible tips to save and discover MANGO instances in TAP services. We suppose that the TAP service hosts catalogs which sources are MANGO instances. These catalogs are named MANGO Catalogs.

# 6.1 Storing MANGO Catalogs in TAP

For now this section only concerns the parameter. The associated data will be taken into account later.

- One master table for the catalogs with various meta-data out of the MANGO scope plus a unique identifier (primary key)
- One master sources table for the source instances with the catalog identifier and a primary key safer than the MANGO identifier.
- One table for each supported parameter with a foreign key for the join with the master source table

Although the model of the measures is hierarchical, it should be possible to flatten them in one single table considering that the model structure can be retrieved with the TAP\_SCHEMA annotations (TBC)

This schema requires the server to explore all the parameter tables to retrieve whole MANGO instances. This process can be speed up by using the MANGOCore table.

#### 6.2 MANGOCore Table

The discovery of MANGO Catalogs can be helped by a MANGOCore table located in the schema schema. As MANGO is not dedicated to any specific domain, we cannot define a set of core parameters, but parameters can be flagged as Core Parameter. This selection is left at the discretion of the curator. The MANGOCore table has set of columns per parameter class plus one for the catalog ID. It has one row per stored catalog. Each parameter has at least 2 columns: one with the UCD an one with the Core flag. TBC

# A Changes from Previous Versions

No previous versions yet.

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