# Analyzing and Understanding ABMs

EES 4760/5760

Agent-Based and Individual-Based Computational Modeling

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# Schelling Model

## Schelling Model of Housing Segregation

- Maybe the first Agent-Based Model.
  - T.C. Schelling, "Dynamic Models of Segregation", *Journal of Mathematical Sociology* **1**, 143–186 (1971),
  - Micromotives and Macrobehavior (WW Norton, 1978).
- No computers. Schelling worked the model on graph paper with pennies and dimes representing the two kinds of agents.
- NetLogo version of Schelling's segregation model:
  - Download page or
  - https://ees4760.jgilligan.org/models/class\_24/class\_24\_models.zip
  - https://ees4760.jgilligan.org/models/class\_24/segregation.nlogo

#### Model Overview

- Turtles represent households.
  - Two colors of turtles: red and blue
  - Turtles have one state-variable: happy? (true or false)
- There is a global variable %-similar-wanted and a turtle is happy? if at least this fraction of its neighbors have the same color as its own.
- At each tick, unhappy turtles move to a random empty patch.
- When all turtles are happy?, the model stops.

# Experiments

## Experiments

Vary %-similar-wanted and the density of turtles on the patches.

## Suggestions:

- Try extreme values of parameters:
  - Set density and %-similar-wanted to different combinations near maximum, minimum, and in the middle.
  - What do you see?

#### Extreme Values

- Set density to 75% and set %-similar-wanted to 95%
- Press setup and then press go
  - What happens?
- Now, with go still pushed, slowly reduce %-similar-wanted.
  - Now what happens?

### Systematic experiment:

- Using Behaviorspace, create a new experiment to vary %-similar-wanted
  - Set time limit to 1000
  - Set density to 75
  - Measure percent-similar
- What do you see?
- Try adjusting both %-similar-wanted and density

## Visualizing Structures

Add the following to the procedure to update-turtles, after set happy?

```
ifelse happy? [ set shape "square" ] [ set shape "square-x" ]
```

- Repeat the exercise of:
  - set density = 75% and %-similar-wanted = 95%,
  - press setup and go
  - gradually reduce %-similar-wanted
- Is it easier to see the emerging patterns now?

## Heuristics

#### Another Heuristic

- When you're at an interesting value for one parameter
  - (e.g., %-similar-wanted = 75%),
  - vary other paremters (density).
  - Set density to 75% and %—similar—wanted to 75%.
    - Vary density
  - Set density to 96% and %-similar-wanted to 75%.
    - Vary %-similar-wanted
    - Set %-similar-wanted to 70%.

#### Other heuristics:

- Use several *currencies* to evaluate models
  - Statistical analysis of spatial patterns and time-series
  - Analyze agent properties:
    - Are they unimodal or multimodal
      - (e.g., are turtles divided into distinct groups of rich/poor, healthy/sick, etc.,
      - or distributed continuously around one dominant value of state variables?)
  - Stability: Does system return quickly to steady state after it's disturbed?
- Simplify models:
  - Make all patches the same
  - Make all turtles the same
  - Reduce places where you use stochasticity
  - Use fewer turtles and patches
- Explore unrealistic scenarios
- See book for heuristics for statistical analysis of model output...