

C*-ALGEBRAS, AND THE GELFAND-NAIMARK THEOREM

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. History of C*-Algebras. The noncommutative nature of W. Heisenberg's work on a new quantum mechanics [9] lead to Born and Jordan [2], together with Heisenberg [3], developing the matrix mechanics required to concisely summarise the new quantum mechanical model. From 1935-1943, J. von Neumann, together with F. J. Murray, developed the theory of *rings of operators* acting on a Hilbert space [16], [17], [18], [23], in an attempt to establish a general framework for this matrix mechanics. These rings of operators are now considered part of the theory of *von Neumann algebras*, a subsection of C*-algebra theory. Discussion of the seminal quantum mechanical works of Heisenberg can be found in [15], and likewise in [21], for the works of Jordan expanding on this.

In [8], Gelfand and Naimark established an abstract characterisation of C*-algebras, free from dependence on the operators acting on a Hilbert space. The Gelfand-Naimark theorem, which we will be considering here at length, gives the link between these abstract C*-algebras and the rings of operators previously studied. Used in the proof of the G-N theorem is the Gelfand-Naimark-Segal construction, a pair of results relating cyclic *-representations of C*-algebras to certain linear functionals on that algebra.

1.2. Background Mathematics and Resources. The following is some mathematics which may prove useful throughout the project, with relevant resources; we will of course be making definitions as needed, this is just for further background and related theory.

We will be assuming some familiarity with the following theory, giving some explanation as necessary as we go:

- Rings, algebras and linear spaces.
- Normed spaces, inner product spaces, Banach and Hilbert spaces.
- Point-set topology.

A good broad background on all of these can be found in [22].

Some texts which cover C*-algebras: Dixmier [4] presents a summary of the general theory up to that time, with [5] focussing on reworking and developing the theory of von Neumann algebras. Sakai [20] gives a treatment of C*- and von Neumann algebras from a more topological

point of view. In [10], [11], the authors aim to make accessible the “vast recent research literature” in this subsection of functional analysis. Blackadar [1] gives a much faster, more encyclopaedic coverage of the theory of operator algebras, and covering more specialised material and applications.

1.3. C*-Algebras. We can define C*-algebras in two ways - either as an algebra of bounded linear operators acting on a Hilbert space satisfying two conditions, or abstractly as a normed algebra together with an involution map satisfying four axioms.

To get to the abstract definition of a C*-algebra, we need to know about the following.

- Banach spaces.
- Banach algebras.
- *-algebras.
- Banach *-algebras.

A Banach space is a complete normed linear space. A Banach algebra is a Banach space A which forms an algebra, such that

$$\|ab\| \leq \|a\|\|b\| \text{ for all } a, b \in A.$$

A *-algebra is an algebra A with an *involution* $*$: $A \rightarrow A$ such that, for all $a, b \in A$,

$$\begin{aligned} a^{**} &= (a^*)^* = a, \\ (a + b)^* &= a^* + b^*, \\ (ab)^* &= b^*a^*. \end{aligned}$$

A Banach *-algebra is a Banach algebra which is also a *-algebra such that the involution is isometric, that is,

$$\|a^*\| = \|a\| \text{ for all } a \in A.$$

Definition 1. A *C*-algebra* is a Banach *-algebra $(A, \|\cdot\|)$ with the condition that

$$\|a^*a\| = \|a\|^2 \text{ for all } a \in A.$$

This condition is known as the *C* axiom*.

Theorem (Gelfand-Naimark, Commutative). *Every commutative, unital C*-algebra A is isometrically *-isomorphic to the algebra of continuous functions on the algebra of characters on A .*

The theorem first appeared in [8] in a form relating ‘normed rings’ and closed subrings of the set of bounded operators on a Hilbert space.

1.4. **Aims.** The aims for this project are:

- Take the Gelfand-Naimark theorem, and understand its contents and proof.
- Consider the representation theory of C*-algebras, using the Gelfand-Naimark-Segal construction as a starting point.

1.5. **Further research.** Research in C*-algebras is still very much active, with much work going into, for example: amenable C* algebras and classification of approximately-finite dimensional (AF) C* algebras; actions of compact groups on C* algebras; classification of separable simple nuclear C* algebras; single operator theory and spectral theory; operator K-theory, K-homology and KK-theory; *-derivations.

Lin [12] gives a summary of the state of the K-theoretical classification of amenable C*-algebras, building on Elliott's summary [6] of the topic. Lin is also prolific in research on classification of C*-algebras in general, for example [13], [14] are considered important papers on the topic. The Ph.D. thesis of Gardella [7] concerns itself in part with classifying the actions of compact groups on C*-algebras. Pedersen [19] covers most of the usual basic theory before moving on to cover a great deal of advanced theory, including automorphism groups of C*-algebras and spectral theory for such groups.

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