

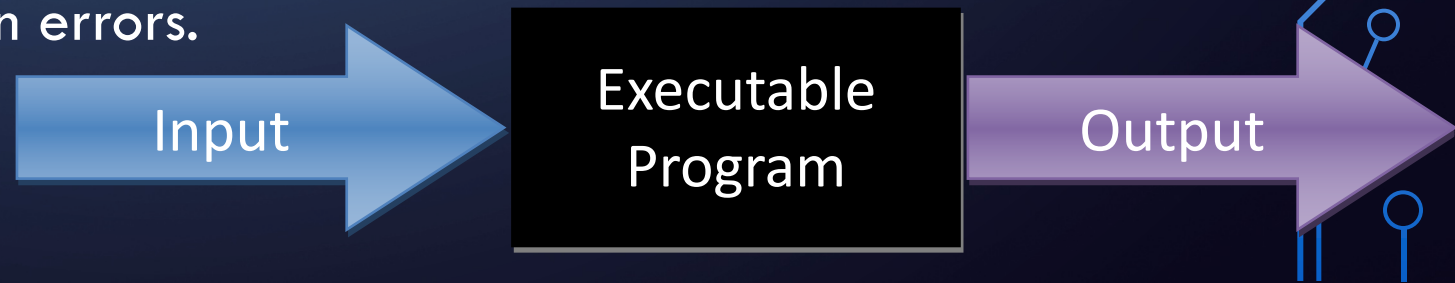


SYSTEM TESTING

CSC Software Testing Materials (System Testing)

WHAT IS BLACK BOX TESTING?

- Ignores the internals of the program – program treated as black box
- Finds
 - Incorrect or missing functions,
 - Interface errors,
 - Errors in data structures or external data base access,
 - Behavior or performance errors, and
 - Initialization and termination errors.



SYSTEM TEST PLAN

- Formal document outlining the black box test cases for a project
- Description must be repeatable – have specific values!
- Expected results require specific values too!
- Write black box tests **before** writing your program

Test ID	Description	Expected Results	Actual Results
TestName (Test Author)	Preconditions:	Test Outputs	Actual Outputs
Test Type	Test Inputs		

BLACK BOX TESTS TECHNIQUES

- Testing Requirements
- Equivalence Classes
- Boundary Value Analysis

EXAMPLE – SIMPLIFIED PAYCHECK REQUIREMENTS

- Calculate wages for employee with \$19.00 hourly rate and given number of hours worked.
- Input
 - The Paycheck program prompts the user for the number of hours worked. There is no error checking for user input based on data type.
- Output
 - The following information is printed about the employee:
 1. hours worked for a week
 2. hourly pay rate
 3. paycheck amount
 - If the hours worked is negative, then a negative paycheck amount is printed.

TEST REQUIREMENTS

- Ensure that **all** of the customer **requirements are tested!**

Test ID	Description	Expected Results	Actual Results
10 hours worked	Preconditions: SimplifiedPaycheck program started Enter hours worked: 10	Hours worked: 10 Hourly rate: \$19.00 Paycheck: \$190.00	

TEST EQUIVALENCE CLASSES

- Input/output space is broken into different classes
- Each equivalence class is tested
- Tests are written to include “middle” input values from each of the possible classes
 - One test may consider multiple equivalence classes
 - One for each type of input/output
- A test focuses on one equivalence class, but other values are needed for a full test. Those other values should be “middle” values.
- Helps further test requirements by considering groups of inputs/outputs

Test ID	Description	Expected Results	Actual Results
Positive equivalence class: 10 hours worked	Preconditions: SimplifiedPaycheck program started Enter hours worked: 10	Hours worked: 10 Hourly rate: \$19.00 Paycheck: \$190.00	
Negative equivalence class: -10 hours worked	Preconditions: SimplifiedPaycheck program started Enter hours worked: -10	Hours worked: -10 Hourly rate: \$19.00 Paycheck: \$-190.00	

BOUNDARY VALUE ANALYSIS

- Programmers tend to make mistakes at **boundaries**
- Want to test program **boundaries** and values to **either side** of the boundary

hours worked < 0

hours worked >= 0

Test ID	Description	Expected Results	Actual Results
Boundary value: 1 hour worked	Preconditions: SimplifiedPaycheck program started Enter hours worked: 1	Hours worked: 1 Hourly rate: \$19.00 Paycheck: \$19.00	
Boundary value: 0 hours worked	Preconditions: SimplifiedPaycheck program started Enter hours worked: 0	Hours worked: 0 Hourly rate: \$19.00 Paycheck: \$0.00	
Boundary value: -1 hour worked	Preconditions: SimplifiedPaycheck program started Enter hours worked: -1	Hours worked: -1 Hourly rate: \$19.00 Paycheck: \$-19.00	

KEY POINTS

- System testing **ignores the internals** of the program being tested.
- System testing is used to test the program **as a whole** by specifying program inputs and checking the **generated outputs** with the **expected outputs**.
- Write system tests **before** writing your program.
- System testing should be completed along with unit and integration testing!