

## DATA TYPES (INT, DOUBLE)

zyBook 2.2, zyBook 2.6, Oracle - Java Tutorial: Primitive Data Types

## DATA TYPE BASICS

- What is a data type?
  - Data Type: A name for a category of data values are related

- Why do we care about data types?
  - Java is "strongly typed", which means that each piece of data that we use has a specific type

## DATA TYPE DETAILS

Java supports two types of data types:

- Primitive data types (8 types)
- Objects: state and behavior

## PRIMITIVE DATA TYPES

Primitive Data Type	Examples
int	
T. ( ( . 1 1 )	-53, 0, 7, 116
Integers (whole numbers) 32-bit integers (min: $-2^{31}$ , max: $2^{31} - 1$ )	
double	
double	
Real numbers	-3.33, 1.0, 73.7
Double-precision 64-bit floating points	
char	'C', 's', '!', ' ', '5'
	\(\'\\', \'\n', \'\t'\)
Single characters	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
boolean	200
	true, false
T . 1 . 1	
Logical values	
Logical values byte	F2 0 7 11 <i>6</i>
	-53, 0, 7, 116
byte	
byte 8-bit integers (min: -128, max:127)	-53, 0, 7, 116 -53, 0, 7, 116
8-bit integers (min: -128, max:127) short	
8-bit integers (min: -128, max:127) short 16-bit integers (min: -32,768, max: 32,767)	
8-bit integers (min: -128, max:127) short  16-bit integers (min: -32,768, max: 32,767) long	-53, 0, 7, 116
8-bit integers (min: -128, max:127) short  16-bit integers (min: -32,768, max: 32,767) long  64-bit integers (min: -2 <sup>63</sup> , max: 2 <sup>63</sup> - 1)	-53, 0, 7, 116