

ARRAY SIZES

zyBook 7.2, zyBook 7.3, zyBook 7.4, zyBook 7.5

ARRAY SIZES

- "A perfect size array is an array where the number of elements is exactly equal to the memory allocated."
- "An oversize array is an array where the number of elements used is less than or equal to the memory allocated. Since the number of elements used in an oversize array is usually less than the array's length, a separate integer variable is used to keep track of how many array elements are currently used."

PERFECT SIZE ARRAYS

The number of elements used is equal to the length of the array.

import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;

```
public class GradebookPerfectSize {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("How many students? ");
       while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
           in.next();
           System.out.print("How many students? (as int) ");
       int numStudents = in.nextInt();
       int[] grades = new int[numStudents];
       getGrades(grades, in);
       System.out.println(Arrays.toString(grades));
       double average = calculateAverage(grades);
       System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
       int count = above(grades, average);
       System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
    // Other methods
$java -cp bin GradebookPerfectSize
How many students? 3
Student 1's Grade: 100
Student 2's Grade: 90
Student 3's Grade: 93
[100, 90, 93]
Average Project 1 Grade = 94.33333333333333
1 students were above average.
```

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class GradebookPerfectSize {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("How many students? ");
        while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
            in.next();
            System.out.print("How many students? (as int) ");
        int numStudents = in.nextInt();
       int[] grades = new int[numStudents];
       getGrades(grades, in);
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(grades));
        double average = calculateAverage(grades);
        System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
        int count = above(grades, average);
        System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
    // Other methods
    public static void getGrades(int[] grades, Scanner in) {
        for (int i = 0; i < grades.length i++) {
            System.out.print("Student " + (i + 1) + "'s Grade: ");
            while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
                in.next();
                System.out.print("Student " + (i + 1) + "'s Grade: ");
            grades[i] = in.nextInt();
```

```
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public class GradebookPerfectSize {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
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        while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
            in.next();
            System.out.print("How many students? (as int) ");
        int numStudents = in.nextInt();
        int[] grades = new int[numStudents];
        getGrades(grades, in);
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(grades));
        double average = calculateAverage(grades);
        System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
        int count = above(grades, average);
        System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
    // Other methods
    public static double calculateAverage(int[] grades) {
        double average = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < grades.length; i++) {
            average += grades[i];
        return average / grades.length
```

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class GradebookPerfectSize {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("How many students? ");
        while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
            in.next();
            System.out.print("How many students? (as int) ");
        int numStudents = in.nextInt();
        int[] grades = new int[numStudents];
        getGrades(grades, in);
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(grades));
        double average = calculateAverage(grades);
        System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
        int count = above(grades, average);
        System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
    public static int above(int[] grades, double score) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < grades.length; i++) {
            if (grades[i] > score) {
                count ++;
        }
        return count;
    // Other methods
```

OVERSIZE ARRAYS

The number of elements used is less than the length of the array.

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class GradebookOversize {
  public static final int MAX = 20;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("How many students? (less than " + MAX + ") ");
       while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
          in.next();
          System.out.print("How many students? (as int) ");
       int numStudents = in.nextInt();
      int[] grades = new int[MAX];
       getGrades(grades, in, numStudents);
       System.out.println(Arrays.toString(grades));
       double average = calculateAverage(grades, numStudents);
       System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
       int count = above(grades, average, numStudents);
       System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
   // Other methods
$java -cp bin GradebookOversize
How many students? (less than 20) 3
Student 1's Grade: 100
Student 2's Grade: 90
Student 3's Grade: 93
Average Project 1 Grade = 94.333333333333333
1 students were above average.
```

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class GradebookOversize {
    public static final int MAX = 20;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("How many students? (less than " + MAX + ") ");
       while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
           in.next();
           System.out.print("How many students? (as int) ");
                                                                  $java -cp bin GradebookOversize
                                                                  How many students? (less than 20) 3
                                                                  Student 1's Grade: 100
       int numStudents = in.nextInt();
                                                                   Student 2's Grade: 90
                                                                   Student 3's Grade: 93
       int[] grades = new int[MAX];
                                                                  getGrades (grades, in, numStudents);
                                                                  Average Project 1 Grade = 94.333333333333333
       System.out.println(Arrays.toString(grades));
                                                                  1 students were above average.
       double average = calculateAverage(grades, numStudents);
       System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
       int count = above(grades, average, numStudents);
       System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
   // Other methods
    public static void getGrades(int[] grades, Scanner in, int numStudents
       for (int i = 0; i < numStudents; i++) {
           System.out.print("Student " + (i + 1) + "'s Grade: ");
           while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
               in.next();
               System.out.print("Student " + (i + 1) + "'s Grade: ");
           grades[i] = in.nextInt();
```

```
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   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("How many students? (less than " + MAX + ") ");
       while (!in.hasNextInt()) {
           in.next();
           System.out.print("How many students? (as int) ");
                                                              $java -cp bin GradebookOversize
                                                              How many students? (less than 20) 3
       int numStudents = in.nextInt();
                                                              Student 1's Grade: 100
                                                              Student 2's Grade: 90
       int[] grades = new int[MAX];
                                                              Student 3's Grade: 93
                                                              getGrades (grades, in, numStudents);
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       System.out.println(Arrays.toString(grades));
                                                              1 students were above average.
       double average = calculateAverage(grades, numStudents);
       System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
       int count = above(grades, average, numStudents);
       System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
   // Other methods
   public static double calculateAverage(int[] grades, int numStudents)
       double average = 0:
       for (int i = 0; i < numStudents; i++) {
           average += grades[i];
       return average / numStudents
```

```
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public class GradebookOversize {
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       getGrades (grades, in, numStudents);
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       System.out.println("Average Project 1 Grade = " + average);
       int count = above(grades, average, numStudents);
       System.out.println(count + " students were above average.");
   // Other methods
   public static int above(int[] grades, double score, int numStudents
       int count = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < numStudents: i++) {
           if (grades[i] > score) {
               count++;
       return count;
```