Training Mario Experiments Journal

Playing Atari with Deep Reinforcement Learning

Key contributions: Introduced deep Q-networks (DQN) that combine reinforcement learning with deep neural networks, enabling agents to learn directly from high-dimensional sensory input and achieve human-level performance on Atari games using experience replay and target networks.

Additional tricks

Training instability: I've taken two additional steps to stabilize training: *L1+MSE loss function * Gradient clipping

Previous action as input: The agent quickly learns that run and jump buttons together provide a lot of reward, but Mario only jumps if you've not pressed that button before. This in turns makes Mario continuously run into the mushroom enemies. To distibution the states where pressing jump will result in a jump vs. continue because we have already pressed I've added the previous action as input. It does improve this behavior slightly.

Softmax action selection: Choosing highest Q-value action at every step results in Mario getting stuck in parts where the agent is pressing against an object. To perform more randomized actions I've implemented softmax action selection, which gretly improves agent performance.

Summary

Feature	Paper	My Mario
Target Network	✓	√
Experience Replay	\checkmark	\checkmark
Loss Function	MSE	MSE/L1
Gradient Clipping	×	\checkmark
Action Repetition (Frame Skip)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Input Preprocessing	\checkmark	\checkmark
ϵ -greedy Action Selection	\checkmark	\checkmark
Softmax Action Selection	×	\checkmark
Network Architecture	\checkmark	\checkmark
Reward Shaping	\checkmark	\checkmark
Reward Clipping	\checkmark	×
Prioritized Replay	×	\checkmark
Checkpointing	×	\checkmark
TensorBoard Logging	×	\checkmark
Previous Action as Input	×	\checkmark

Comparison with random Mario?

TODO