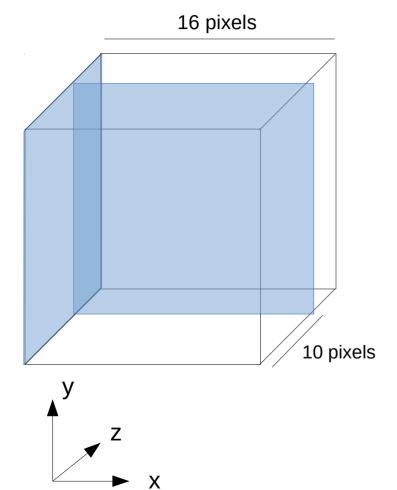
POLARIS axes & rotations

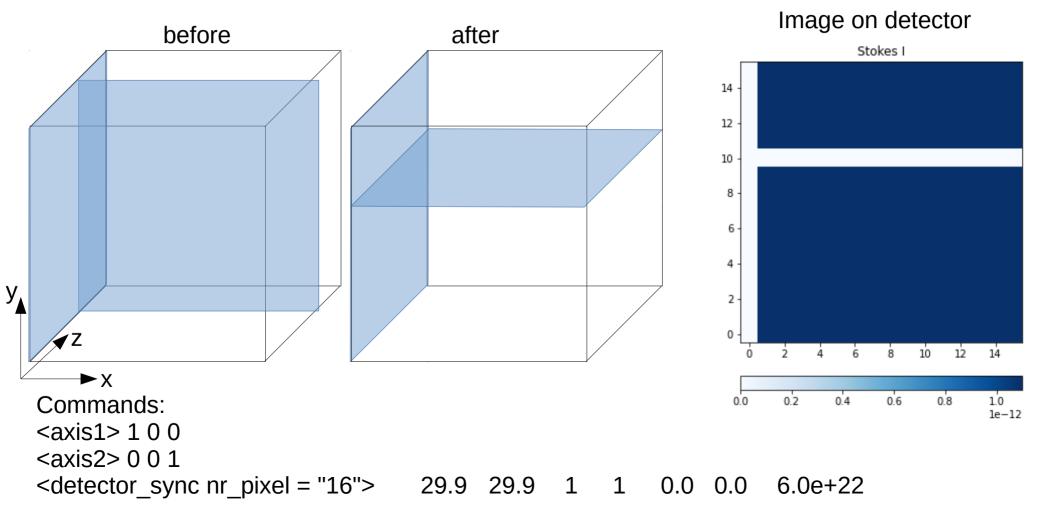
(Sanity checks)

Mock cube with constant B, n, n_{cr}, n_e

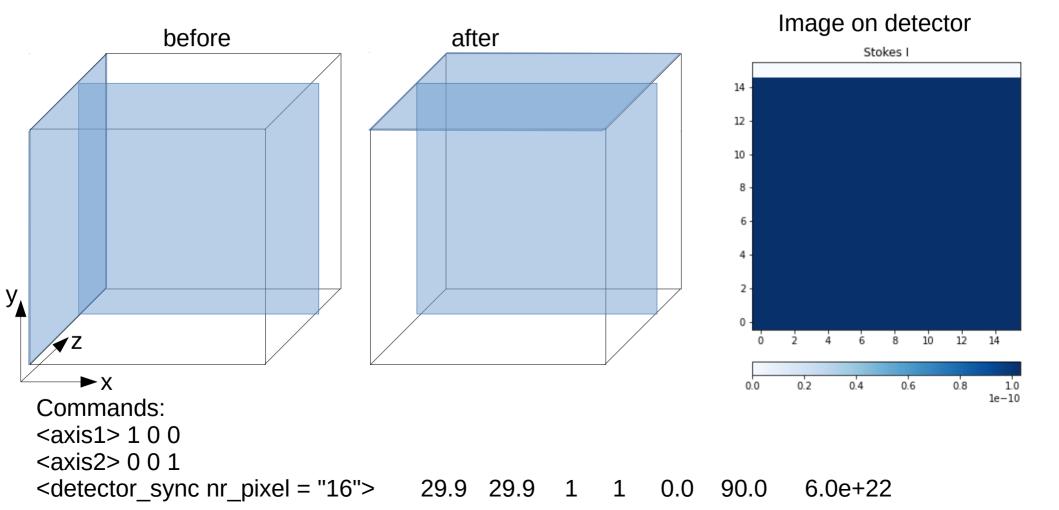


- Example tests of a 16³ cube
- Break symmetry with slices with $n_{cr} = 0$ (at x = 0 and at z = 10) helps identify axes at a glance
- Run octree conversion and POLARIS synchrotron emission (various detectors, i.e. observer locations)

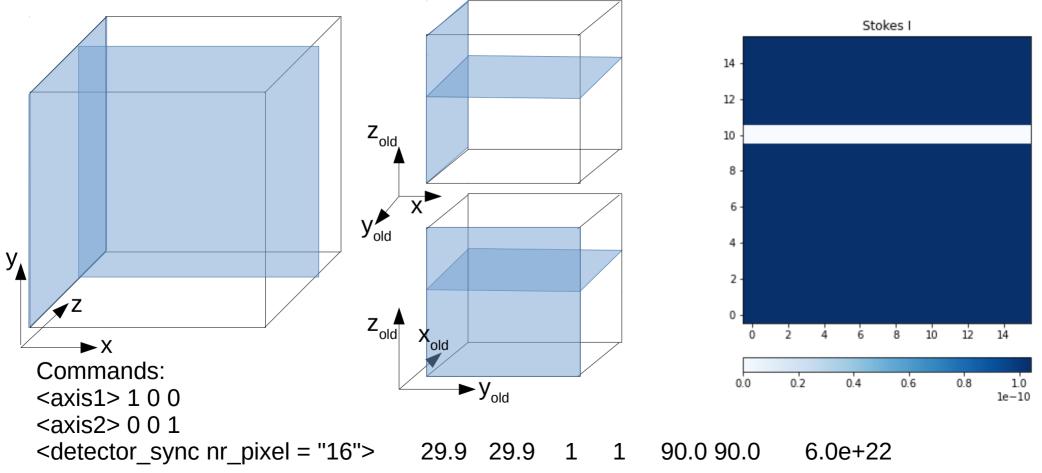
Detector rotated around x by 90°



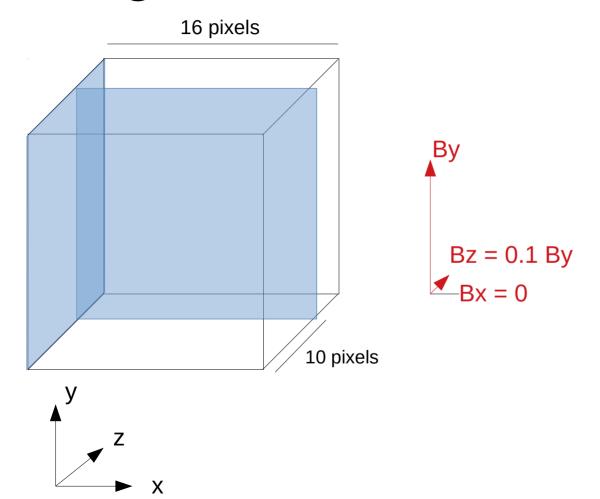
Detector rotated around z by 90°



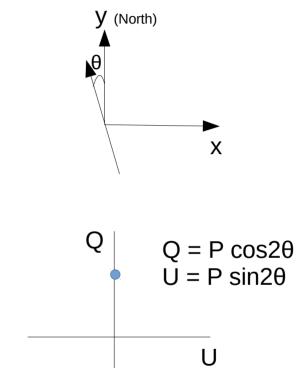
Detector rotated first around x by 90° and then around (old) z by 90°



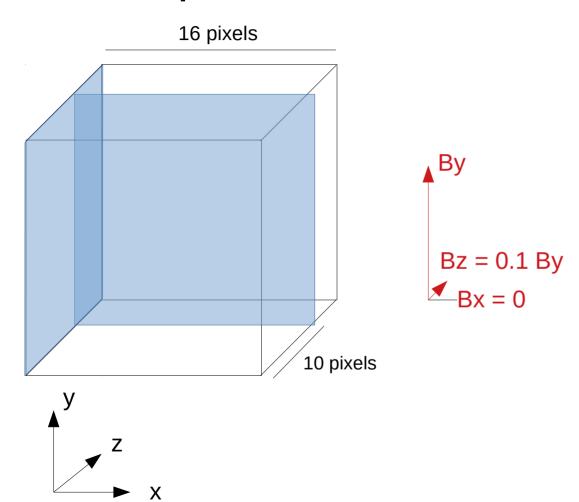
Magnetic field vector

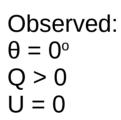


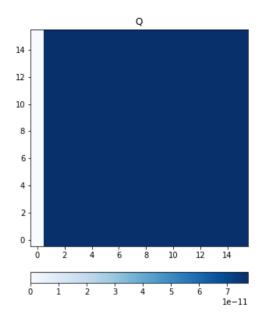
Polarization angle defined in POLARIS (derived from these tests - not what is shown in manual)

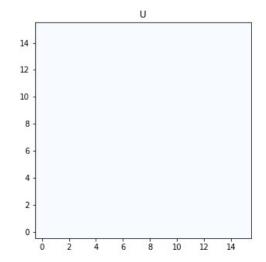


Stokes parameters, no rotation

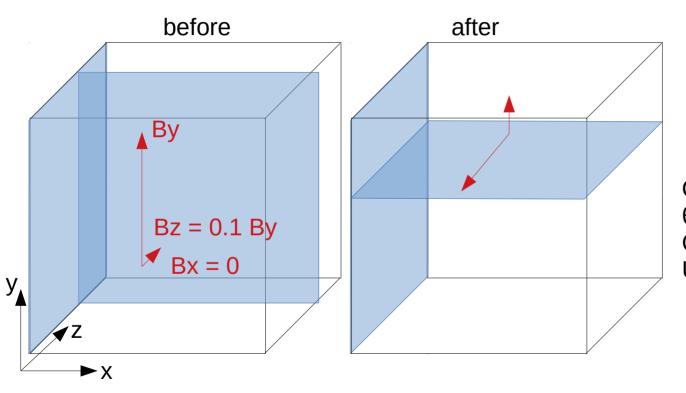


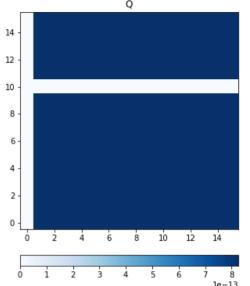






Stokes for rotation around x by 90°

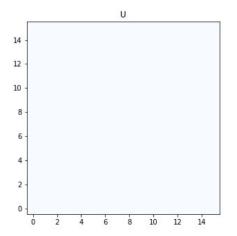




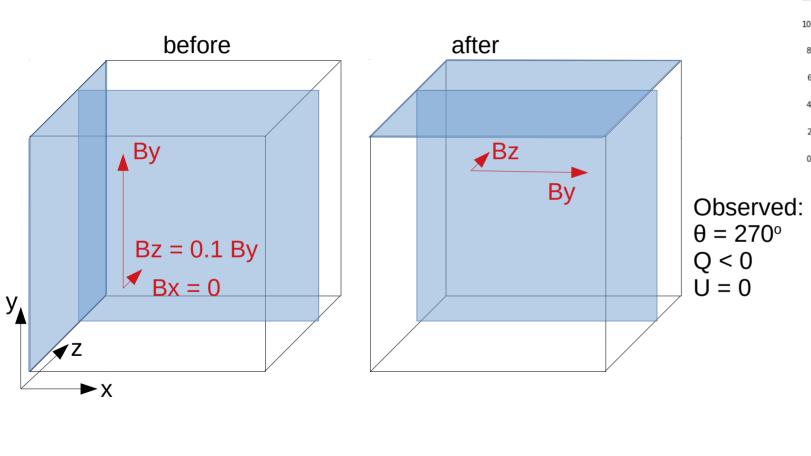
Observed:

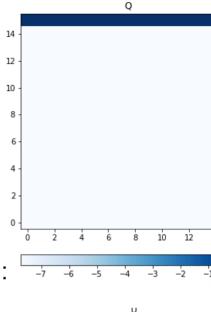
$$\theta = 0_{\rm o}$$

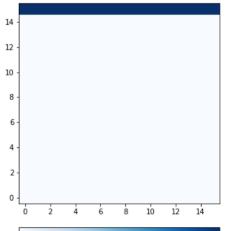
$$U = 0$$



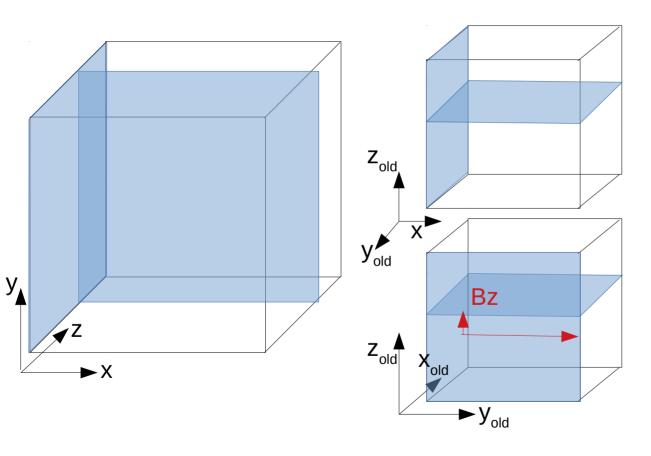
Stokes for rotation around z by 90°

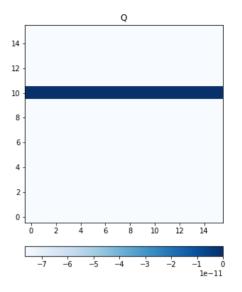






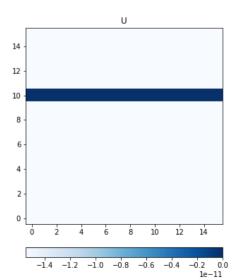
Detector rotated first around x by 90° and then around (old) z by 90°



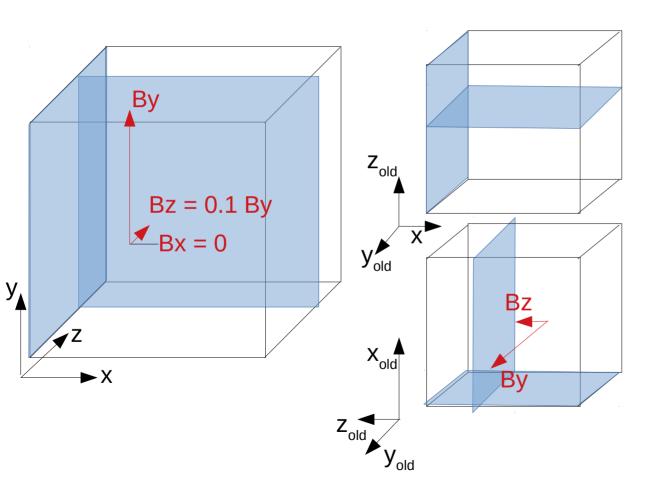


Observed:

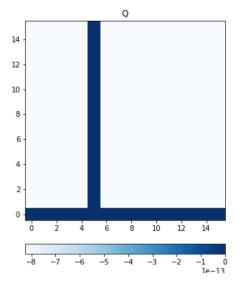
$$\theta = 276^{\circ}$$

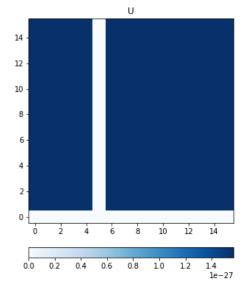


Detector rotated first around x by 90° and then around (old) y by 90°



Observed: $\theta = 90^{\circ}$ Q < 0U = 0





- Done: B orientations consistent now
- To do: Check if RM consistent with direction of B