mini-project-2

April 12, 2024

1 Project Overview

This notebook presents the development of a modified ResNet architecture aimed at achieving high classification accuracy on the CIFAR-10 dataset, with the constraint of maintaining fewer than 5 million parameters. The project explores various architectural, optimization, and data processing strategies to meet these objectives.

```
[1]: import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.optim as optim
     import torchvision
     import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
     import numpy as np
     import random
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     SEED = 42
     random.seed(SEED)
     np.random.seed(SEED)
     torch.manual_seed(SEED)
     torch.cuda.manual_seed(SEED)
     torch.backends.cudnn.deterministic = True
     device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
```

```
[2]: def evaluate(model, data_loader):
    model.eval()
    correct = 0
    total = 0
    with torch.no_grad():
        for images, labels in data_loader:
            images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
            outputs = model(images)
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
            total += labels.size(0)
            correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
```

```
return accuracy
[3]: transform train = transforms.Compose([
         transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=4),
         transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
         transforms.ColorJitter(brightness=0.1, contrast=0.1, saturation=0.1, hue=0.
      \hookrightarrow 1),
         transforms.RandomRotation(10),
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize((0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465), (0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010)),
     1)
     transform_test = transforms.Compose([
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize((0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465), (0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010)),
     ])
     trainset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=True,__
      ⇒download=True, transform=transform_train)
     train_loader = DataLoader(trainset, batch_size=128, shuffle=True, num_workers=2)
     testset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=False,__
     ⇒download=True, transform=transform test)
     test_loader = DataLoader(testset, batch_size=100, shuffle=False)
     classes = ['plane', 'car', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', _
      Downloading https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz to
    ./data/cifar-10-python.tar.gz
    100%
               | 170498071/170498071 [00:06<00:00, 28042028.38it/s]
    Extracting ./data/cifar-10-python.tar.gz to ./data
    Files already downloaded and verified
[4]: class BasicBlock(nn.Module):
         expansion = 1
         def __init__(self, in_channels, out_channels, stride=1):
             super(BasicBlock, self).__init__()
             self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels, out_channels, kernel_size=3,_
      →stride=stride, padding=1, bias=False)
             self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out_channels)
             self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(out_channels, out_channels, kernel_size=3,__
      ⇔stride=1, padding=1, bias=False)
```

accuracy = correct / total

```
self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out_channels)
        self.shortcut = nn.Sequential()
        if stride != 1 or in_channels != self.expansion * out_channels:
            self.shortcut = nn.Sequential(
                nn.Conv2d(in_channels, self.expansion * out_channels,

¬kernel_size=1, stride=stride, bias=False),
                nn.BatchNorm2d(self.expansion * out_channels)
   def forward(self, x):
       out = torch.relu(self.bn1(self.conv1(x)))
        out = self.bn2(self.conv2(out))
        out += self.shortcut(x)
        out = torch.relu(out)
       return out
class ResNet(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, block, num_blocks, num_classes=10):
       super(ResNet, self).__init__()
        self.in planes = 66
       self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 66, kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1,__
 ⇔bias=False)
        self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm2d(66)
       self.layer1 = self._make_layer(block, 66, num_blocks[0], stride=1)
       self.layer2 = self._make_layer(block, 132, num_blocks[1], stride=2)
       self.layer3 = self._make_layer(block, 264, num_blocks[2], stride=2)
       self.avgpool = nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1, 1))
        self.linear = nn.Linear(264 * block.expansion, num_classes)
   def _make_layer(self, block, planes, num_blocks, stride):
        strides = [stride] + [1]*(num_blocks-1)
        lavers = []
       for stride in strides:
            layers.append(block(self.in_planes, planes, stride))
            self.in_planes = planes * block.expansion
        return nn.Sequential(*layers)
   def forward(self, x):
       out = torch.relu(self.bn1(self.conv1(x)))
       out = self.layer1(out)
        out = self.layer2(out)
```

```
out = self.layer3(out)
  out = self.avgpool(out)
  out = out.view(out.size(0), -1)
  out = self.linear(out)
  return out

def ResNetCustom():
  return ResNet(BasicBlock, [3, 4, 3], num_classes=10)

model = ResNetCustom().to(device)
```

```
[5]: import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F

class SmoothCrossEntropyLoss(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, smoothing=0.1):
        super(SmoothCrossEntropyLoss, self).__init__()
        self.smoothing = smoothing

def forward(self, input, target):
        log_prob = F.log_softmax(input, dim=-1)
        weight = input.new_ones(input.size()) * self.smoothing / (input.

size(-1) - 1.)
    weight.scatter_(-1, target.unsqueeze(-1), (1. - self.smoothing))
        loss = (-weight * log_prob).sum(dim=-1).mean()
        return loss
```

```
[6]: from torch.optim.lr_scheduler import LambdaLR
import math
model = ResNetCustom().to(device)
criterion = SmoothCrossEntropyLoss(smoothing=0.1).to(device)
optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001, weight_decay=1e-4)

def warmup_with_cosine_lr(epoch):
    if epoch < 5:
        return epoch / 5
    else:
        return 0.5 * (1. + math.cos(math.pi * (epoch - 5) / (epochs - 5)))

scheduler = LambdaLR(optimizer, lr_lambda=warmup_with_cosine_lr)</pre>
```

```
[7]: model_parameters = sum(p.numel() for p in model.parameters() if p.requires_grad) print(f"Number of Trainable Parameters: {model_parameters}")
```

Number of Trainable Parameters: 4916284

```
[8]: train losses, val losses, train accuracies, val accuracies = [], [], []
    def train(epoch):
        model.train()
        train_loss, correct, total = 0, 0, 0
        for inputs, targets in train_loader:
             inputs, targets = inputs.to(device), targets.to(device)
            optimizer.zero_grad()
            outputs = model(inputs)
            loss = criterion(outputs, targets)
            loss.backward()
            optimizer.step()
            train_loss += loss.item()
             _, predicted = outputs.max(1)
            total += targets.size(0)
            correct += predicted.eq(targets).sum().item()
        train_losses.append(train_loss / len(train_loader))
        train_accuracies.append(100. * correct / total)
        print(f'Epoch: {epoch}, Train Loss: {train_losses[-1]:.4f}, Train Acc:__
      def validate(epoch):
        model.eval()
        val_loss, correct, total = 0, 0, 0
        with torch.no_grad():
             for inputs, targets in test_loader:
                 inputs, targets = inputs.to(device), targets.to(device)
                outputs = model(inputs)
                loss = criterion(outputs, targets)
                val_loss += loss.item()
                _, predicted = outputs.max(1)
                total += targets.size(0)
                correct += predicted.eq(targets).sum().item()
        val_losses.append(val_loss / len(test_loader))
        val_accuracies.append(100. * correct / total)
        print(f'Epoch: {epoch}, Val Loss: {val_losses[-1]:.4f}, Val Acc:__

√{val_accuracies[-1]:.2f}%')

[9]: epochs = 60
    train_losses, val_losses, train_accuracies, val_accuracies = [], [], [],
    lr changes = []
    for epoch in range(epochs):
```

```
train(epoch)
    validate(epoch)
    scheduler.step()
    lr_changes.append(optimizer.param_groups[0]['lr'])
model_save_path = './model_weights.pth'
torch.save(model.state_dict(), model_save_path)
print(f'Model saved to {model_save_path}')
/usr/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/popen_fork.py:66: RuntimeWarning: os.fork()
was called. os.fork() is incompatible with multithreaded code, and JAX is
multithreaded, so this will likely lead to a deadlock.
  self.pid = os.fork()
Epoch: 0, Train Loss: 2.4132, Train Acc: 10.76%
Epoch: 0, Val Loss: 2.3967, Val Acc: 11.08%
Epoch: 1, Train Loss: 1.6181, Train Acc: 49.15%
Epoch: 1, Val Loss: 1.5646, Val Acc: 56.30%
Epoch: 2, Train Loss: 1.3206, Train Acc: 64.77%
Epoch: 2, Val Loss: 1.3412, Val Acc: 65.75%
Epoch: 3, Train Loss: 1.1885, Train Acc: 71.39%
Epoch: 3, Val Loss: 1.3391, Val Acc: 67.52%
Epoch: 4, Train Loss: 1.1152, Train Acc: 74.88%
Epoch: 4, Val Loss: 1.1641, Val Acc: 73.16%
Epoch: 5, Train Loss: 1.0671, Train Acc: 77.01%
Epoch: 5, Val Loss: 1.0711, Val Acc: 76.99%
Epoch: 6, Train Loss: 1.0100, Train Acc: 79.83%
Epoch: 6, Val Loss: 1.0254, Val Acc: 79.02%
Epoch: 7, Train Loss: 0.9786, Train Acc: 80.88%
Epoch: 7, Val Loss: 1.0319, Val Acc: 79.52%
Epoch: 8, Train Loss: 0.9464, Train Acc: 82.58%
Epoch: 8, Val Loss: 1.0027, Val Acc: 80.15%
Epoch: 9, Train Loss: 0.9225, Train Acc: 83.54%
Epoch: 9, Val Loss: 0.9849, Val Acc: 81.05%
Epoch: 10, Train Loss: 0.9066, Train Acc: 84.23%
Epoch: 10, Val Loss: 0.9103, Val Acc: 84.37%
Epoch: 11, Train Loss: 0.8877, Train Acc: 85.11%
Epoch: 11, Val Loss: 0.9673, Val Acc: 82.28%
Epoch: 12, Train Loss: 0.8759, Train Acc: 85.84%
```

Epoch: 12, Val Loss: 0.8815, Val Acc: 85.62%
Epoch: 13, Train Loss: 0.8636, Train Acc: 86.14%
Epoch: 13, Val Loss: 0.9741, Val Acc: 81.25%
Epoch: 14, Train Loss: 0.8557, Train Acc: 86.61%
Epoch: 14, Val Loss: 0.8411, Val Acc: 87.51%
Epoch: 15, Train Loss: 0.8437, Train Acc: 87.12%
Epoch: 15, Val Loss: 0.8641, Val Acc: 86.05%
Epoch: 16, Train Loss: 0.8336, Train Acc: 87.54%
Epoch: 16, Val Loss: 0.9138, Val Acc: 85.02%

```
Epoch: 17, Train Loss: 0.8222, Train Acc: 88.12%
```

- Epoch: 17, Val Loss: 0.9515, Val Acc: 82.91%
- Epoch: 18, Train Loss: 0.8146, Train Acc: 88.28%
- Epoch: 18, Val Loss: 0.8485, Val Acc: 87.18%
- Epoch: 19, Train Loss: 0.8007, Train Acc: 88.83%
- Epoch: 19, Val Loss: 0.8211, Val Acc: 88.36%
- Epoch: 20, Train Loss: 0.7938, Train Acc: 89.21%
- Epoch: 20, Val Loss: 0.8512, Val Acc: 87.37%
- Epoch: 21, Train Loss: 0.7869, Train Acc: 89.49%
- Epoch: 21, Val Loss: 0.8446, Val Acc: 87.46%
- Epoch: 22, Train Loss: 0.7735, Train Acc: 90.11%
- Epoch: 22, Val Loss: 0.8370, Val Acc: 87.36%
- Epoch: 23, Train Loss: 0.7656, Train Acc: 90.47%
- Epoch: 23, Val Loss: 0.8504, Val Acc: 87.40%
- Epoch: 24, Train Loss: 0.7571, Train Acc: 90.79%
- Epoch: 24, Val Loss: 0.8313, Val Acc: 88.54%
- Epoch: 25, Train Loss: 0.7467, Train Acc: 91.23%
- Epoch: 25, Val Loss: 0.7748, Val Acc: 90.71%
- Epoch: 26, Train Loss: 0.7399, Train Acc: 91.58%
- Epoch: 26, Val Loss: 0.7636, Val Acc: 90.94%
- Epoch: 27, Train Loss: 0.7319, Train Acc: 91.96%
- Epoch: 27, Val Loss: 0.7966, Val Acc: 89.36%
- Epoch: 28, Train Loss: 0.7247, Train Acc: 92.19%
- Epoch: 28, Val Loss: 0.7617, Val Acc: 90.60%
- Epoch: 29, Train Loss: 0.7116, Train Acc: 92.84%
- Epoch: 29, Val Loss: 0.7628, Val Acc: 90.93%
- Epoch: 30, Train Loss: 0.7053, Train Acc: 93.10%
- Epoch: 30, Val Loss: 0.7528, Val Acc: 91.29%
- Epoch: 31, Train Loss: 0.6968, Train Acc: 93.59%
- Epoch: 31, Val Loss: 0.7558, Val Acc: 91.20%
- Epoch: 32, Train Loss: 0.6907, Train Acc: 93.81%
- Epoch: 32, Val Loss: 0.7402, Val Acc: 91.65%
- Epoch: 33, Train Loss: 0.6835, Train Acc: 94.04%
- Epoch: 33, Val Loss: 0.7385, Val Acc: 91.73%
- Epoch: 34, Train Loss: 0.6737, Train Acc: 94.58%
- Epoch: 34, Val Loss: 0.7403, Val Acc: 92.12%
- Epoch: 35, Train Loss: 0.6670, Train Acc: 94.78%
- Epoch: 35, Val Loss: 0.7476, Val Acc: 91.64%
- Epoch: 36, Train Loss: 0.6584, Train Acc: 95.15%
- Epoch: 36, Val Loss: 0.7368, Val Acc: 92.06%
- Epoch: 37, Train Loss: 0.6522, Train Acc: 95.49%
- Epoch: 37, Val Loss: 0.7236, Val Acc: 92.65%
- Epoch: 38, Train Loss: 0.6444, Train Acc: 95.83%
- Epoch: 38, Val Loss: 0.7290, Val Acc: 92.37%
- Epoch: 39, Train Loss: 0.6366, Train Acc: 96.17%
- Epoch: 39, Val Loss: 0.7251, Val Acc: 92.88%
- Epoch: 40, Train Loss: 0.6277, Train Acc: 96.56%
- Epoch: 40, Val Loss: 0.7298, Val Acc: 92.38%

```
Epoch: 41, Val Loss: 0.7277, Val Acc: 92.75%
     Epoch: 42, Train Loss: 0.6155, Train Acc: 97.13%
     Epoch: 42, Val Loss: 0.7126, Val Acc: 93.25%
     Epoch: 43, Train Loss: 0.6092, Train Acc: 97.40%
     Epoch: 43, Val Loss: 0.7132, Val Acc: 93.16%
     Epoch: 44, Train Loss: 0.6046, Train Acc: 97.60%
     Epoch: 44, Val Loss: 0.7106, Val Acc: 93.16%
     Epoch: 45, Train Loss: 0.5986, Train Acc: 97.90%
     Epoch: 45, Val Loss: 0.7081, Val Acc: 93.53%
     Epoch: 46, Train Loss: 0.5937, Train Acc: 98.05%
     Epoch: 46, Val Loss: 0.6984, Val Acc: 93.87%
     Epoch: 47, Train Loss: 0.5899, Train Acc: 98.28%
     Epoch: 47, Val Loss: 0.7031, Val Acc: 93.68%
     Epoch: 48, Train Loss: 0.5844, Train Acc: 98.52%
     Epoch: 48, Val Loss: 0.6981, Val Acc: 93.97%
     Epoch: 49, Train Loss: 0.5804, Train Acc: 98.63%
     Epoch: 49, Val Loss: 0.6984, Val Acc: 93.92%
     Epoch: 50, Train Loss: 0.5782, Train Acc: 98.80%
     Epoch: 50, Val Loss: 0.6969, Val Acc: 93.84%
     Epoch: 51, Train Loss: 0.5761, Train Acc: 98.84%
     Epoch: 51, Val Loss: 0.6989, Val Acc: 93.89%
     Epoch: 52, Train Loss: 0.5717, Train Acc: 99.01%
     Epoch: 52, Val Loss: 0.6919, Val Acc: 94.07%
     Epoch: 53, Train Loss: 0.5720, Train Acc: 99.03%
     Epoch: 53, Val Loss: 0.6945, Val Acc: 93.99%
     Epoch: 54, Train Loss: 0.5693, Train Acc: 99.17%
     Epoch: 54, Val Loss: 0.6910, Val Acc: 94.13%
     Epoch: 55, Train Loss: 0.5662, Train Acc: 99.32%
     Epoch: 55, Val Loss: 0.6892, Val Acc: 94.24%
     Epoch: 56, Train Loss: 0.5669, Train Acc: 99.24%
     Epoch: 56, Val Loss: 0.6882, Val Acc: 94.32%
     Epoch: 57, Train Loss: 0.5649, Train Acc: 99.32%
     Epoch: 57, Val Loss: 0.6884, Val Acc: 94.25%
     Epoch: 58, Train Loss: 0.5651, Train Acc: 99.35%
     Epoch: 58, Val Loss: 0.6881, Val Acc: 94.26%
     Epoch: 59, Train Loss: 0.5652, Train Acc: 99.36%
     Epoch: 59, Val Loss: 0.6888, Val Acc: 94.25%
     Model saved to ./model_weights.pth
[10]: test_accuracy = evaluate(model, test_loader)
      print(f"Final Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy*100:.2f}%")
     Final Test Accuracy: 94.25%
[11]: def imshow(img):
```

Epoch: 41, Train Loss: 0.6234, Train Acc: 96.80%

```
mean = np.array([0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465])
    std = np.array([0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010])
    img = img.numpy().transpose((1, 2, 0))
    img = std * img + mean
    img = np.clip(img, 0, 1)
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.axis('off')
dataiter = iter(train_loader)
images, labels = next(dataiter)
classes = ['plane', 'car', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', _
 num_images = 16
rows = 4
cols = 4
fig, axs = plt.subplots(rows, cols, figsize=(10, 10))
axs = axs.ravel()
for i in range(num_images):
    axs[i].imshow(np.transpose((images[i] / 2 + 0.5).numpy(), (1, 2, 0)))
    axs[i].set_title(classes[labels[i]])
    axs[i].axis('off')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
WARNING: matplotlib.image: Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with
```

RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

WARNING: matplotlib.image: Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

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WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

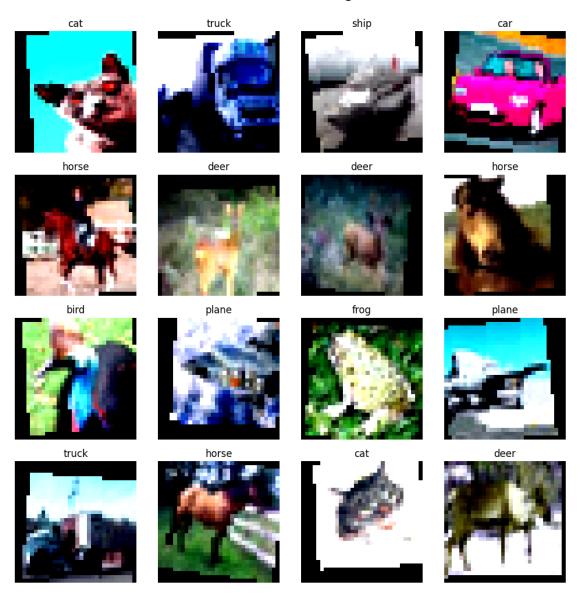
WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

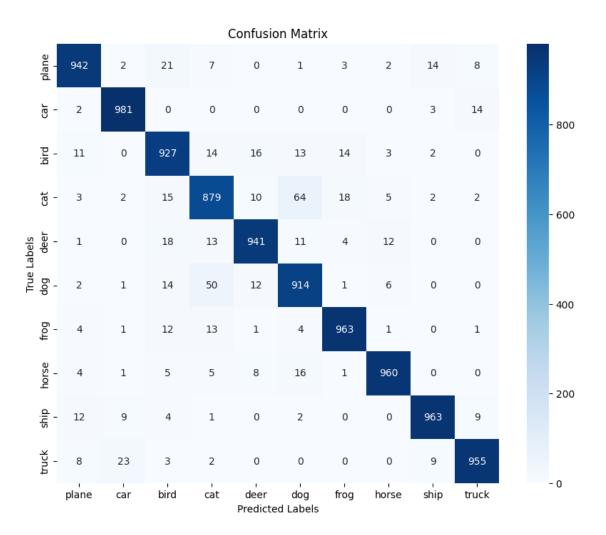
WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).

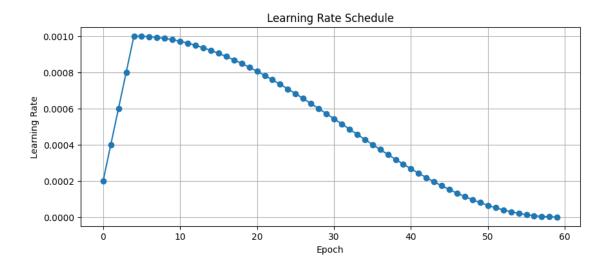
WARNING:matplotlib.image:Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).



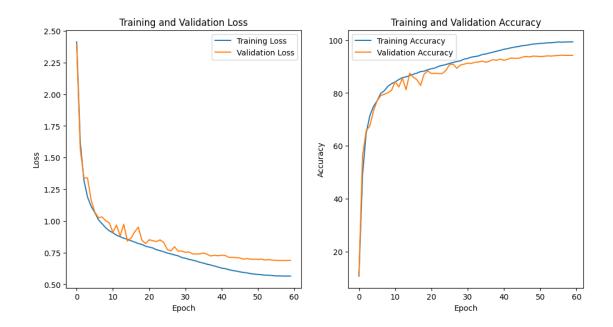
```
[12]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
      import seaborn as sns
      y_pred = []
      y_true = []
      model.eval()
      with torch.no_grad():
          for images, labels in test_loader:
              images, labels = images.to(device), labels.to(device)
              outputs = model(images)
              _, predicted = torch.max(outputs, 1)
              y_pred.extend(predicted.view(-1).tolist())
              y_true.extend(labels.view(-1).tolist())
      conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
      sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',_
       →xticklabels=classes, yticklabels=classes)
      plt.xlabel('Predicted Labels')
      plt.ylabel('True Labels')
      plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
      plt.show()
```



```
[13]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
   plt.plot(range(epochs), lr_changes, marker='o')
   plt.title('Learning Rate Schedule')
   plt.xlabel('Epoch')
   plt.ylabel('Learning Rate')
   plt.grid(True)
   plt.show()
```



```
[14]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
      plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
      plt.plot(train_losses, label='Training Loss')
      plt.plot(val_losses, label='Validation Loss')
      plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
      plt.xlabel('Epoch')
      plt.ylabel('Loss')
      plt.legend()
      plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
      plt.plot(train_accuracies, label='Training Accuracy')
      plt.plot(val_accuracies, label='Validation Accuracy')
      plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
      plt.xlabel('Epoch')
      plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```



[15]: from torchsummary import summary print(summary(model, (3, 32, 32)))

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
Conv2d-1	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	1,782
BatchNorm2d-2	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	132
Conv2d-3	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	39,204
BatchNorm2d-4	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	132
Conv2d-5	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	39,204
BatchNorm2d-6	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	132
BasicBlock-7	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	0
Conv2d-8	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	39,204
BatchNorm2d-9	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	132
Conv2d-10	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	39,204
BatchNorm2d-11	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	132
BasicBlock-12	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	0
Conv2d-13	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	39,204
BatchNorm2d-14	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	132
Conv2d-15	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	39,204
BatchNorm2d-16	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	132
BasicBlock-17	[-1, 66, 32, 32]	0
Conv2d-18	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	78,408
BatchNorm2d-19	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
Conv2d-20	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	156,816

BatchNorm2d-21	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
Conv2d-22	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	8,712
BatchNorm2d-23	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
BasicBlock-24	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	0
Conv2d-25	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	156,816
BatchNorm2d-26	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
Conv2d-27	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	156,816
BatchNorm2d-28	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
BasicBlock-29	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	0
Conv2d-30	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	156,816
BatchNorm2d-31	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
Conv2d-32	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	156,816
BatchNorm2d-33	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
BasicBlock-34	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	0
Conv2d-35	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	156,816
BatchNorm2d-36	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
Conv2d-37	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	156,816
BatchNorm2d-38	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	264
BasicBlock-39	[-1, 132, 16, 16]	0
Conv2d-40	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	313,632
BatchNorm2d-41	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	528
Conv2d-42	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	627,264
BatchNorm2d-43	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	528
Conv2d-44	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	34,848
BatchNorm2d-45	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	528
BasicBlock-46	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	0
Conv2d-47	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	627,264
BatchNorm2d-48	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	528
Conv2d-49	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	627,264
BatchNorm2d-50	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	528
BasicBlock-51	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	0
Conv2d-52	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	627,264
BatchNorm2d-53	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	528
Conv2d-54	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	627,264
BatchNorm2d-55	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	528
BasicBlock-56	[-1, 264, 8, 8]	0
AdaptiveAvgPool2d-57	[-1, 264, 1, 1]	0
Linear-58	[-1, 10]	2,650

Total params: 4,916,284 Trainable params: 4,916,284 Non-trainable params: 0

Input size (MB): 0.01

Forward/backward pass size (MB): 16.63

Params size (MB): 18.75

Estimated Total Size (MB): 35.40

None

```
import sys
import torch

!cat /proc/cpuinfo | grep 'model name' | uniq | awk -F: '{print "CPU:", $2}'
!nvidia-smi --query-gpu=gpu_name --format=csv,noheader | awk '{$1=$1};1' | awk_\to \to '{\print "GPU:", $0}'

!cat /proc/meminfo | grep 'MemTotal' | awk '{\print "System Memory:", $2/1024/\to 1024, "GB"}'

print("Python Version:", sys.version)
print("CUDA version:", torch.version.cuda)
print("Torch Version:", torch.__version__)
```

CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU @ 2.20GHz

GPU: Tesla V100-SXM2-16GB System Memory: 50.9937 GB

Python Version: 3.10.12 (main, Nov 20 2023, 15:14:05) [GCC 11.4.0]

CUDA version: 12.1

Torch Version: 2.2.1+cu121