Canzone dei Dodici Mesi

Canzone dei Dodici Mesi di Guccini

As a bonus to the Caparezza's songs analysis, here is an analogue notebook which focuses on the lyrics of "Canzone dei Dodici Mesi" by Francesco Guccini.

```
library(geniusr)
library(tidyverse)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'lubridate' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                           —— tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr 1.1.0 √ readr
                                    2.1.4
## √ forcats 1.0.0

√ stringr 1.5.0

## √ ggplot2 3.4.1 √ tibble 3.2.0
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2 ✓ tidyr
                                    1.3.0
## √ purrr
              1.0.1
## -- Conflicts ---
                                                     —— tidyverse_conflicts() —
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
## i Use the 2]8;;http://conflicted.r-lib.org/2conflicted package2]8;;2 to force all conflict
s to become errors
library(tidytext)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'tidytext' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
library(quanteda)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'quanteda' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
## Package version: 3.3.1
## Unicode version: 13.0
## ICU version: 69.1
## Parallel computing: 8 of 8 threads used.
## See https://quanteda.io for tutorials and examples.
library(quanteda.textstats)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'quanteda.textstats' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
library(udpipe)
```

Warning: il pacchetto 'udpipe' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3

```
library(wordcloud)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'wordcloud' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
## Caricamento del pacchetto richiesto: RColorBrewer
library(textdata)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'textdata' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
library(reshape2)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'reshape2' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
##
## Caricamento pacchetto: 'reshape2'
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       smiths
library(igraph)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'igraph' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
```

```
##
## Caricamento pacchetto: 'igraph'
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:lubridate':
##
       %--%, union
##
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       as_data_frame, groups, union
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:purrr':
##
       compose, simplify
##
##
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       crossing
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:tibble':
##
       as_data_frame
##
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:stats':
##
##
       decompose, spectrum
##
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:base':
##
##
       union
```

Get lyrics

```
Sys.setenv(GENIUS_API_TOKEN = "VWN0BhFGVa9kdw9iY1dqwmcgo1LHICGF-U5B89k3h0g7szhSergcUNueRJpfck
aM")
lyrics <- get_lyrics_search(artist_name = "Francesco Guccini",</pre>
                             song_title = "Canzone dei dodici mesi")
months <- c("Gennaio", "Febbraio", "Marzo", "Aprile", "Maggio", "Giugno",</pre>
            "Luglio", "Agosto", "Settembre", "Ottobre", "Novembre", "Dicembre")
song_months <- c(</pre>
  rep(months[1], 4), rep(months[2], 4), rep(months[3], 4), rep(NA, 4),
  rep(months[4], 4), rep(months[5], 4), rep(months[6], 4), rep(NA, 4),
  rep(months[7], 2), rep(months[8], 2), rep(months[9], 4), rep(months[10], 4),
  rep(NA, 4), rep(months[11], 4), rep(months[12], 4), rep(NA, 6)
)
lyrics$month <- song_months
lyrics_by_month <- lyrics %>%
  group_by(month) %>%
  summarise(month_lyrics = paste(line, collapse = " ")) %>%
  arrange(match(month, months))
```

```
lyrics_by_month %>% head()
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 × 2
##
     month
              month_lyrics
     <chr>>
              <chr>>
## 1 Gennaio Viene Gennaio, silenzioso e lieve, un fiume addormentato Fra le cui ...
## 2 Febbraio Viene Febbraio e il mondo è a capo chino, ma nei convitti e in piazz...
## 3 Marzo
             Cantando, Marzo porta le sue piogge, la nebbia squarcia il velo Port...
              Con giorni lunghi, al sonno dedicati, il dolce Aprile viene Quali se...
## 4 Aprile
              Ben venga Maggio e il gonfalone amico, ben venga primavera Il nuovo ...
## 5 Maggio
## 6 Giugno
              Giugno, che sei maturità dell'anno, di te ringrazio Dio In un tuo gi...
```

```
doc_ids <- vector()
for(i in 1:nrow(lyrics_by_month)){
  id <- paste("doc", toString(i), sep = "")
  doc_ids <- doc_ids %>% append(id)
}
lyrics_by_month <- lyrics_by_month %>% mutate(doc_id = doc_ids, .before = 1)
```

Text pre-processing

```
corpus <- corpus(lyrics_by_month$month_lyrics, docnames = lyrics_by_month$doc_id)
summary(corpus)</pre>
```

```
## Corpus consisting of 13 documents, showing 13 documents:
##
##
    Text Types Tokens Sentences
    doc1
            37
                   56
##
                              2
                              2
    doc2
            40
                   62
##
            39
##
    doc3
                   65
                              2
##
    doc4
            41
                   61
                              2
##
    doc5
            36
                   64
                              2
##
    doc6
            42
                   67
                              2
    doc7
            22
                   33
##
                              1
##
   doc8
            22
                   33
                              1
##
    doc9
            34
                   49
                              2
## doc10
                              2
          37
                  63
##
   doc11
            42
                   63
                              2
##
   doc12
            42
                              2
                   66
   doc13
            34
                  199
                              3
```

```
cat(as.character(corpus[1]))
```

Viene Gennaio, silenzioso e lieve, un fiume addormentato Fra le cui rive giace come neve i l mio corpo malato, il mio corpo malato... Sono distese, lungo la pianura, bianche file di ca mpi Son come amanti dopo l'avventura, neri alberi stanchi, neri alberi stanchi...

```
corpus_tokens <- corpus %>%
  quanteda::tokens(remove_punct = TRUE, remove_numbers = TRUE, remove_symbols = TRUE) %>%
  tokens_tolower()
```

```
txt <- sapply(corpus_tokens, FUN=function(x) paste(x, collapse = "\n"))
udpipe_download_model(language = "italian-isdt", model_dir = "resources/")</pre>
```

Downloading udpipe model from https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jwijffels/udpipe.models.u
d.2.5/master/inst/udpipe-ud-2.5-191206/italian-isdt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe to resources//italia
n-isdt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe

- This model has been trained on version 2.5 of data from https://universaldependencies.o
rg

- The model is distributed under the CC-BY-SA-NC license: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0

- Visit https://github.com/jwijffels/udpipe.models.ud.2.5 for model license details.

- For a list of all models and their licenses (most models you can download with this pac kage have either a CC-BY-SA or a CC-BY-SA-NC license) read the documentation at ?udpipe_downl oad_model. For building your own models: visit the documentation by typing vignette('udpipe-t rain', package = 'udpipe')

Downloading finished, model stored at 'resources//italian-isdt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe'

```
##
         language
                                                     file model
## 1 italian-isdt resources//italian-isdt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe
##
url
## 1 https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jwijffels/udpipe.models.ud.2.5/master/inst/udpipe-ud-
2.5-191206/italian-isdt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe
     download_failed download_message
## 1
               FALSE
                                                                                              \triangleright
lang_model <- udpipe_load_model(file = "resources/italian-isdt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe")</pre>
outL <- udpipe_annotate(lang_model, x = txt, tokenizer = "vertical", trace = TRUE) %>%
  as.data.frame()
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 1/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 2/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 3/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 4/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 5/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 6/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 7/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 8/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 9/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 10/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 11/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 12/13
## 2023-05-31 10:51:59 Annotating text fragment 13/13
it_stopwords <- readLines("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stopwords-iso/stopwords-it/maste
r/stopwords-it.txt")
## Warning in
## readLines("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stopwords-iso/stopwords-it/master/stopwords-i
t.txt"):
## riga finale incompleta in
## 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stopwords-iso/stopwords-it/master/stopwords-it.txt'
outL <- outL %>% filter(!(token %in% it stopwords) & !(lemma %in% it stopwords))
outL %>% select(doc_id, token, lemma, upos) %>% sample_n(5)
##
     doc id
            token
                      lemma upos
## 1
       doc1
              campi
                      campo NOUN
## 2 doc13 giocare giocare VERB
       doc1 malato malato ADJ
## 3
## 4
      doc13 giocare giocare VERB
## 5
       doc3
              porta portare VERB
outL reduced <- outL %>% filter(upos %in% c("NOUN", "PROPN", "ADJ", "VERB"))
```

```
lemmatized_lyrics <- outL_reduced %>% group_by(doc_id = fct_inorder(doc_id)) %>%
  summarise(lemmatized = paste(lemma, collapse = " "))
lyrics_by_month <- lyrics_by_month %>% right_join(lemmatized_lyrics, by = "doc_id")
corpus <- lyrics_by_month$lemmatized %>% corpus(docnames = lyrics_by_month$doc_id)
DTM <- corpus %>% tokens() %>% dfm()
DTM
## Document-feature matrix of: 13 documents, 197 features (91.53% sparse) and 0 docvars.
         venire gennaio silenzioso lieve fiume addormentato riva giacere neve
## docs
##
    doc1
              1
                      1
                                 1
                                       1
                                             1
    doc2
                      0
                                             0
                                                          0
                                                                      0
                                                                           0
##
              1
                                 0
                                       0
                                                               0
    doc3
                      0
                                       0
                                             0
                                                          0
                                                               0
                                                                           1
##
              0
                                 0
                                                                      0
##
    doc4
                     0
                                 0
                                       0
                                             0
                                                          0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                           0
              1
##
    doc5
              4
                     0
                                 0
                                       0
                                             0
                                                          0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                           0
              0
                                 0
                                             0
                                                          0
                                                                      0
                                                                           0
##
    doc6
        features
##
## docs
         corpo
##
    doc1
             2
##
    doc2
##
    doc3
##
    doc4
             0
##
    doc5
    doc6
##
## [ reached max_ndoc ... 7 more documents, reached max_nfeat ... 187 more features ]
```

Lexical Analysis

```
purple by the state of the
```

```
words freqs
##
## sapere
           sapere
                      13
## giocare giocare
                      12
## venire
           venire
                       7
## mano
              mano
                       5
## sole
            sole
                       4
## nascere nascere
```

Data visualization

wordcloud with TF ponderation



TF-IDF ponderation

```
tf_idf <- dfm_tfidf(DTM)
freqs_tf_idf <- colsums(tf_idf)
words_tf_idf <- colnames(tf_idf)
wordlist_tf_idf <- data.frame(words = words_tf_idf, freqs = freqs_tf_idf)
wordlist_tf_idf %>% arrange(-freqs) %>% head(10)
```

```
##
            words
                     freqs
## giocare giocare 13.367320
## sapere sapere 10.567874
## andare
           andare 4.455773
## simile simile 4.455773
## tarocco tarocco 4.455773
## mano
           mano 4.064567
## venire venire 3.583184
## nascere nascere 3.251653
## sole
          sole 2.547288
## malato malato 2.438740
```

wordcloud with TF-IDF ponderation



Co-occurrence analysis

```
binDTM <- DTM %>% dfm_weight("boolean")
coocCounts <- t(binDTM) %*% binDTM
as.matrix(coocCounts[16:18, 16:18])</pre>
```

```
coocTerm <- "sole"</pre>
k <- nrow(binDTM)</pre>
ki <- sum(binDTM[, coocTerm])</pre>
kj <- colSums(binDTM)</pre>
names(kj) <- colnames(binDTM)</pre>
kij <- coocCounts[coocTerm, ]</pre>
mutualInformationSig <- log(k * kij / (ki * kj))</pre>
mutualInformationSig <- mutualInformationSig[order(mutualInformationSig, decreasing = TRUE)]</pre>
dicesig <- 2 * kij / (ki + kj)
dicesig <- dicesig[order(dicesig, decreasing=TRUE)]</pre>
logsig \leftarrow 2 * ((k * log(k)) - (ki * log(ki)) - (kj * log(kj)) + (kij * log(kij))
                + (k - ki - kj + kij) * log(k - ki - kj + kij)
                + (ki - kij) * log(ki - kij) + (kj - kij) * log(kj - kij)
                -(k - ki) * log(k - ki) - (k - kj) * log(k - kj))
logsig <- logsig[order(logsig, decreasing=T)]</pre>
resultOverView <- data.frame(</pre>
  names(sort(kij, decreasing=T)[1:10]), sort(kij, decreasing=T)[1:10],
  names(mutualInformationSig[1:10]), mutualInformationSig[1:10],
  names(dicesig[1:10]), dicesig[1:10],
  names(logsig[1:10]), logsig[1:10],
  row.names = NULL)
colnames(resultOverView) <- c("Freq-terms", "Freq", "MI-terms", "MI", "Dice-Terms", "Dice",</pre>
"LL-Terms", "LL")
print(resultOverView)
```

```
##
      Freq-terms Freq MI-terms
                                      MI Dice-Terms
                                                          Dice LL-Terms
## 1
            sole
                       febbraio 1.466337
                                                sole 1.0000000
                                                                  venire 2.2211525
## 2
          venire
                                              venire 0.5714286
                                                                  malato 0.8416541
                    2
                           capo 1.466337
## 3
          malato
                          chare 1.466337
                                           febbraio 0.5000000 lasciare 0.8416541
## 4
        febbraio
                    1 convitto 1.466337
                                                capo 0.5000000 l'inverno 0.8416541
## 5
            capo
                    1
                         piazza 1.466337
                                               chare 0.5000000
                                                               apparire 0.8416541
                                           convitto 0.5000000
## 6
           chare
                         dolore 1.466337
                                                                   poeta 0.8416541
## 7
        convitto
                         vedere 1.466337
                                              piazza 0.5000000
                                                                   bello 0.8416541
## 8
          piazza
                    1 arleccare 1.466337
                                              dolore 0.5000000
                                                                   terra 0.8416541
## 9
                    1 carnevale 1.466337
                                              vedere 0.5000000
                                                                 nascere 0.8416541
        lasciare
## 10
          dolore
                    1 impazzare 1.466337 arleccare 0.5000000
                                                                    mano 0.8416541
```

Co-occurrence visualization

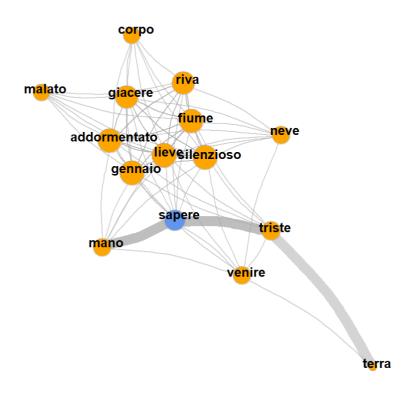
```
source("resources/calculateCoocStatistics.R")
numberOfCoocs <- 10
coocTerm <- "sapere"</pre>
coocs <- calculateCoocStatistics(coocTerm, binDTM, measure="LOGLIK")</pre>
## Caricamento del pacchetto richiesto: Matrix
##
## Caricamento pacchetto: 'Matrix'
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       expand, pack, unpack
print(coocs[1:numberOfCoocs])
##
           mano
                      triste
                                    venire
                                                 gennaio
                                                           silenzioso
                                                                              lieve
       1.687816
                     1.687816
                                       NaN
                                                     NaN
                                                                   NaN
                                                                                NaN
                                                 giacere
##
          fiume addormentato
                                      riva
                          NaN
##
            NaN
                                       NaN
                                                     NaN
```

```
resultGraph <- data.frame(from = character(), to = character(), sig = numeric(0))
tmpGraph <- data.frame(from = character(), to = character(), sig = numeric(0))</pre>
# Fill the data.frame to produce the correct number of lines
tmpGraph[1:numberOfCoocs, 3] <- coocs[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
# Entry of the search word into the first column in all lines
tmpGraph[, 1] <- coocTerm</pre>
# Entry of the co-occurrences into the second column of the respective line
tmpGraph[, 2] <- names(coocs)[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
# Set the significances
tmpGraph[, 3] <- coocs[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
# Attach the triples to resultGraph
resultGraph <- rbind(resultGraph, tmpGraph)</pre>
# Iteration over the most significant numberOfCoocs co-occurrences of the search term
for (i in 1:numberOfCoocs){
  # Calling up the co-occurrence calculation for term i from the search words co-occurrences
  newCoocTerm <- names(coocs)[i]</pre>
  coocs2 <- calculateCoocStatistics(newCoocTerm, binDTM, measure="LOGLIK")</pre>
  #print the co-occurrences
  coocs2[1:10]
  # Structure of the temporary graph object
  tmpGraph <- data.frame(from = character(), to = character(), sig = numeric(0))</pre>
  tmpGraph[1:numberOfCoocs, 3] <- coocs2[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
  tmpGraph[, 1] <- newCoocTerm</pre>
  tmpGraph[, 2] <- names(coocs2)[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
  tmpGraph[, 3] <- coocs2[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
  #Append the result to the result graph
  resultGraph <- rbind(resultGraph, tmpGraph[2:length(tmpGraph[, 1]), ])</pre>
}
# Sample of some examples from resultGraph
resultGraph[sample(nrow(resultGraph), 6), ]
```

```
from
##
                       to
                                sig
## 91
        mano
                    fiume
                                NaN
## 79
        riva
                  giacere
                                NaN
## 43 venire
                l'inverno 0.3847397
## 87 fiume
                     neve
                                NaN
## 10 sapere
                  giacere
                                NaN
## 57 fiume addormentato
                                NaN
```

```
# set seed for graph plot
set.seed(1)
# Create the graph object as undirected graph
graphNetwork <- graph.data.frame(resultGraph, directed = F)</pre>
# Identification of all nodes with less than 2 edges
verticesToRemove <- V(graphNetwork)[degree(graphNetwork) < 2]</pre>
# These edges are removed from the graph
graphNetwork <- delete.vertices(graphNetwork, verticesToRemove)</pre>
# Assign colors to nodes (search term blue, others orange)
V(graphNetwork)$color <- ifelse(V(graphNetwork)$name == coocTerm, 'cornflowerblue', 'orange')
# Set edge colors
E(graphNetwork)$color <- adjustcolor("DarkGray", alpha.f = .5)</pre>
# scale significance between 1 and 10 for edge width
E(graphNetwork)$width <- scales::rescale(E(graphNetwork)$sig, to = c(1, 10))</pre>
# Set edges with radius
E(graphNetwork)$curved <- 0.15
# Size the nodes by their degree of networking (scaled between 5 and 15)
V(graphNetwork)$size <- scales::rescale(log(degree(graphNetwork)), to = c(5, 15))
# Define the frame and spacing for the plot
par(mai=c(0,0,1,0))
# Final Plot
plot(
  graphNetwork,
  layout = layout.fruchterman.reingold, # Force Directed Layout
  main = paste(coocTerm, ' Graph'),
  vertex.label.family = "sans",
  vertex.label.cex = 0.8,
  vertex.shape = "circle",
  vertex.label.dist = 0.5,
                                    # Labels of the nodes moved slightly
  vertex.frame.color = adjustcolor("darkgray", alpha.f = .5),
 vertex.label.color = 'black',
                                    # Color of node names
  vertex.label.font = 2,
                                     # Font of node names
  vertex.label = V(graphNetwork)$name,
                                             # node names
  vertex.label.cex = 1 # font size of node names
)
```

sapere Graph

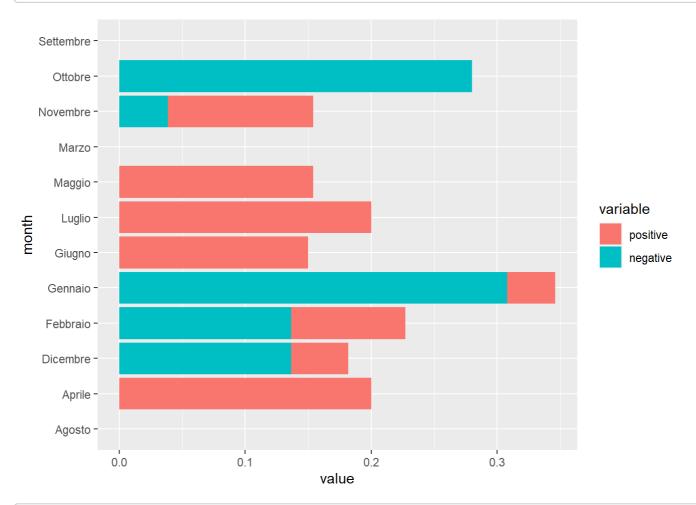


Sentiment analysis

```
sentiment_lexicon <- read.table("resources/Italian-NRC-EmoLex.txt",</pre>
                                 header = TRUE, sep = "\t")
sentiment_lexicon_corpus <- sentiment_lexicon %>% filter(Italian.Word %in% colnames(DTM))
positive_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(positive == 1) %>%
  select(Italian.Word) %>% pull()
negative_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(negative == 1) %>%
  select(Italian.Word) %>% pull()
counts_positive <- rowSums(DTM[, positive_terms])</pre>
counts_negative <- rowSums(DTM[, negative_terms])</pre>
counts_all_terms <- rowSums(DTM)</pre>
relative_sentiment_frequencies <- data.frame(</pre>
  positive = counts_positive / counts_all_terms,
  negative = counts_negative / counts_all_terms
)
```

```
## month positive negative
## 1 Agosto 0.00000000 0.0000000
## 2 Aprile 0.20000000 0.0000000
## 3 Dicembre 0.04545455 0.1363636
## 4 Febbraio 0.09090909 0.1363636
## 5 Gennaio 0.03846154 0.3076923
## 6 Giugno 0.15000000 0.0000000
```

```
df_sentiment <- melt(sentiments_by_month, id.vars = "month")
ggplot(data = df_sentiment, aes(x = month, y = value, fill = variable)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", position="stack") + coord_flip()</pre>
```



```
positive_months <- aggregate(
  relative_sentiment_frequencies, by = list(month = lyrics_by_month$month),
  mean) %>% filter(positive > negative)
positive_months
```

```
## month positive negative
## 1 Aprile 0.2000000 0.000000000
## 2 Giugno 0.1500000 0.00000000
## 3 Luglio 0.2000000 0.00000000
## 4 Maggio 0.1538462 0.00000000
## 5 Novembre 0.1153846 0.03846154
```

```
negative_months <- aggregate(
  relative_sentiment_frequencies, by = list(month = lyrics_by_month$month),
  mean) %>% filter(negative > positive)
negative_months
```

```
## month positive negative

## 1 Dicembre 0.04545455 0.1363636

## 2 Febbraio 0.09090909 0.1363636

## 3 Gennaio 0.03846154 0.3076923

## 4 Ottobre 0.00000000 0.2800000
```

```
neutral_months <- aggregate(
  relative_sentiment_frequencies, by = list(month = lyrics_by_month$month),
  mean) %>% filter(positive == negative)
neutral_months
```

```
## month positive negative
## 1 Agosto 0 0
## 2 Marzo 0 0
## 3 Settembre 0 0
```

Emotion analysis

```
anger_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(anger == 1) %>%
  select(Italian.Word) %>% pull()
fear_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(fear == 1) %>%
  select(Italian.Word) %>% pull()
joy_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(joy == 1) %>%
  select(Italian.Word) %>% pull()
sadness_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(sadness == 1) %>%
  select(Italian.Word) %>% pull()
counts_anger <- rowSums(DTM[, anger_terms])</pre>
counts fear <- rowSums(DTM[, fear terms])</pre>
counts joy <- rowSums(DTM[, joy terms])</pre>
counts_sadness <- rowSums(DTM[, sadness_terms])</pre>
relative_emotion_frequencies <- data.frame(</pre>
  anger = counts_anger / counts_all_terms,
  fear = counts_fear / counts_all_terms,
  joy = counts joy / counts all terms,
  sadness = counts_sadness / counts_all_terms
)
```

```
df_emotions <- melt(emotions_by_month, id.vars = "month")
ggplot(data = df_emotions, aes(x = month, y = value, fill = variable)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", position="stack") + coord_flip()</pre>
```

