# **Total Drama World Tour Songs**

## Total Drama World Tour Songs Analysis

As a bonus to the Caparezza's songs analysis, here is an analogue notebook which focuses on songs from *Total Drama World Tour* cartoon.

```
library(geniusr)
library(tidyverse)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'lubridate' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                          —— tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## √ dplyr 1.1.0 √ readr
                                    2.1.4
                      ✓ stringr 1.5.0
## √ forcats 1.0.0
## √ ggplot2 3.4.1 √ tibble 3.2.0
## √ lubridate 1.9.2 √ tidyr 1.3.0
## √ purrr
           1.0.1
## — Conflicts —
                                                     --- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## X dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## X dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
## i Use the 2]8;;http://conflicted.r-lib.org/2conflicted package2]8;;2 to force all conflict
s to become errors
library(tidytext)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'tidytext' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
library(quanteda)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'quanteda' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
## Package version: 3.3.1
## Unicode version: 13.0
## ICU version: 69.1
## Parallel computing: 8 of 8 threads used.
## See https://quanteda.io for tutorials and examples.
library(quanteda.textstats)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'quanteda.textstats' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
library(udpipe)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'udpipe' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
```

```
library(wordcloud)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'wordcloud' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
## Caricamento del pacchetto richiesto: RColorBrewer
library(textdata)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'textdata' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
library(reshape2)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'reshape2' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
##
## Caricamento pacchetto: 'reshape2'
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       smiths
library(igraph)
## Warning: il pacchetto 'igraph' è stato creato con R versione 4.2.3
```

```
##
## Caricamento pacchetto: 'igraph'
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:lubridate':
##
       %--%, union
##
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       as_data_frame, groups, union
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:purrr':
##
       compose, simplify
##
##
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       crossing
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:tibble':
##
       as_data_frame
##
##
## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:stats':
##
##
       decompose, spectrum
##
## Il seguente oggetto è mascherato da 'package:base':
##
##
       union
```

## Get lyrics

```
Sys.setenv(GENIUS_API_TOKEN = "_EwGMpzt9E9rqXlKxi2cVDJekd_6zYRLNpjolP4xkXp-RSxitzHNIyMeL7TT1T
ba")
artist_id <- search_artist("Total Drama World Tour")$artist_id</pre>
artist_songs <- get_artist_songs(artist_id)</pre>
songs ids <- c()
for (song in artist_songs$content) {
 song_id <- song$id</pre>
  songs_ids <- songs_ids %>% append(song_id)
}
songs_titles <- c()</pre>
songs_lyrics <- c()</pre>
for (i in 1:length(songs_ids)) {
 cat("Getting", i, "of", length(songs_ids), "id:", songs_ids[i], "\n")
 song <- get_song(songs_ids[i])$content</pre>
 song_title <- song$title</pre>
 song_lyrics <- list(get_lyrics_id(songs_ids[i]))</pre>
 songs_titles <- songs_titles %>% append(song_title)
  songs_lyrics <- songs_lyrics %>% append(song_lyrics)
}
```

```
## Getting 1 of 31 id: 8789649
## Getting 2 of 31 id: 6109215
## Getting 3 of 31 id: 5979806
## Getting 4 of 31 id: 5779872
## Getting 5 of 31 id: 3064618
## Getting 6 of 31 id: 7610349
## Getting 7 of 31 id: 5348279
## Getting 8 of 31 id: 6801747
## Getting 9 of 31 id: 8786380
## Getting 10 of 31 id: 8897131
## Getting 11 of 31 id: 7488358
## Getting 12 of 31 id: 5832464
## Getting 13 of 31 id: 8751707
## Getting 14 of 31 id: 3064631
## Getting 15 of 31 id: 8921824
## Getting 16 of 31 id: 5348393
## Getting 17 of 31 id: 8891552
## Getting 18 of 31 id: 5630318
## Getting 19 of 31 id: 5979774
## Getting 20 of 31 id: 8898148
## Getting 21 of 31 id: 8873960
## Getting 22 of 31 id: 8917866
## Getting 23 of 31 id: 8928172
## Getting 24 of 31 id: 8918195
## Getting 25 of 31 id: 6013830
## Getting 26 of 31 id: 8921766
## Getting 27 of 31 id: 8741703
## Getting 28 of 31 id: 8897096
## Getting 29 of 31 id: 715171
## Getting 30 of 31 id: 3065755
## Getting 31 of 31 id: 8786258
```

```
# collapse all lyrics lines into a single text
for (i in 1:length(songs_lyrics)){
    songs_lyrics[[i]] <- songs_lyrics[[i]]$line %>% paste(collapse = "\n")
}
songs_lyrics <- unlist(songs_lyrics)
songs <- data.frame(title = songs_titles, lyrics = songs_lyrics)</pre>
```

```
songs %>% head(1)
```

```
## title
## 1 A Chinese Lesson
##
lyrics
## 1 A little Chinese lesson, for you\nMan man chī means "enjoy your meal."\nMan man chī. I
t's no raw deal\nIs it roasted eel?\nMan man chī means "bon appétit."\nMan man chī\nWhat do w
e have to eat?\nIt's still moving its feet!\nMan man chī. It's dinner for four\nMan man chī.
We've got room for more\nI think I'm nearly done for\nMan man chī. Don't get the squirts\nMan
man chī. We'd rather eat our shirts!\nWait, stop!\nMan man chī\n(off-key) Man man chī-i-i\nTh
ey love to eat on The Yangtze\nMan man chī\nMan man... Huh?\n**both gag and vomit**\nCody's i
n first class with me and my Love-me tea!
```

```
doc_ids <- vector()
for(i in 1:nrow(songs)){
  id <- paste("doc", toString(i), sep = "")
  doc_ids <- doc_ids %>% append(id)
}
songs <- songs %>% mutate(doc_id = doc_ids, .before = 1)
```

## Text pre-processing

```
tdwt_corpus <- corpus(songs$lyrics, docnames = songs$id)
summary(tdwt_corpus)</pre>
```

```
## Corpus consisting of 31 documents, showing 31 documents:
##
##
     Text Types Tokens Sentences
##
    text1
             83
                    145
                               15
                                5
    text2
            115
                    185
##
                                5
##
    text3
            150
                    211
##
    text4
             99
                    165
                               22
##
    text5
             78
                    148
                               19
                    234
                               21
##
    text6
            123
##
    text7
            119
                    265
                               45
##
    text8
            140
                    271
                               23
##
    text9
            101
                    159
                               15
##
   text10
            104
                    158
                               22
##
   text11
             67
                    88
                               10
##
   text12
            115
                    202
                               18
                                5
##
   text13
            101
                    188
                               7
##
   text14
            103
                    180
                    268
                               44
##
   text15
            123
                                8
##
   text16
             54
                    122
   text17
             64
                    184
                               16
##
##
   text18
             126
                    280
                               26
                    104
                                3
## text19
             65
             75
                    124
                                6
## text20
   text21
                    170
                               16
##
            106
                    147
## text22
              80
                               16
                    71
              50
                                1
##
   text23
## text24
             88
                               15
                    177
## text25
             68
                    133
                                2
##
   text26
            126
                    292
                               21
## text27
            140
                    304
                               36
##
   text28
            118
                    223
                               15
##
   text29
             65
                    106
                                9
                                9
##
   text30
             80
                    145
            100
                               26
##
   text31
                    187
```

```
cat(as.character(tdwt_corpus[1]))
```

```
## A little Chinese lesson, for you
## Màn man chī means "enjoy your meal."
## Màn man chī. It's no raw deal
## Is it roasted eel?
## Màn man chī means "bon appétit."
## Màn man chī
## What do we have to eat?
## It's still moving its feet!
## Man man chī. It's dinner for four
## Màn man chī. We've got room for more
## I think I'm nearly done for
## Man man chī. Don't get the squirts
## Màn man chī. We'd rather eat our shirts!
## Wait, stop!
## Màn man chī
## (off-key) Màn man chī-i-i
## They love to eat on The Yangtze
## Màn man chī
## Man man... Huh?
## **both gag and vomit**
## Cody's in first class with me and my Love-me tea!
```

```
corpus_tokens <- tdwt_corpus %>%
  quanteda::tokens(remove_punct = TRUE, remove_numbers = TRUE, remove_symbols = TRUE) %>%
  tokens_tolower()
```

```
txt <- sapply(corpus_tokens, FUN=function(x) paste(x, collapse = "\n"))
udpipe_download_model(language = "english-ewt", model_dir = "resources/")</pre>
```

## Downloading udpipe model from https://raw.githubusercontent.com/jwijffels/udpipe.models.u d.2.5/master/inst/udpipe-ud-2.5-191206/english-ewt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe to resources//english-ewt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe

- ## This model has been trained on version 2.5 of data from https://universaldependencies.o
  rg
- ## The model is distributed under the CC-BY-SA-NC license: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0
- ## Visit https://github.com/jwijffels/udpipe.models.ud.2.5 for model license details.
- ## For a list of all models and their licenses (most models you can download with this pac kage have either a CC-BY-SA or a CC-BY-SA-NC license) read the documentation at ?udpipe\_downl oad\_model. For building your own models: visit the documentation by typing vignette('udpipe-t rain', package = 'udpipe')

## Downloading finished, model stored at 'resources//english-ewt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe'

```
lang_model <- udpipe_load_model(file = "resources/english-ewt-ud-2.5-191206.udpipe")
outL <- udpipe_annotate(lang_model, x = txt, tokenizer = "vertical", trace = TRUE) %>%
    as.data.frame()
```

```
## 2023-05-31 09:34:09 Annotating text fragment 1/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:09 Annotating text fragment 2/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:10 Annotating text fragment 3/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:11 Annotating text fragment 4/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:11 Annotating text fragment 5/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:11 Annotating text fragment 6/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:12 Annotating text fragment 7/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:13 Annotating text fragment 8/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:13 Annotating text fragment 9/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:14 Annotating text fragment 10/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:14 Annotating text fragment 11/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:14 Annotating text fragment 12/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:15 Annotating text fragment 13/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:15 Annotating text fragment 14/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:16 Annotating text fragment 15/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:16 Annotating text fragment 16/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:16 Annotating text fragment 17/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:17 Annotating text fragment 18/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:18 Annotating text fragment 19/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:18 Annotating text fragment 20/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:18 Annotating text fragment 21/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:19 Annotating text fragment 22/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:19 Annotating text fragment 23/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:19 Annotating text fragment 24/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:19 Annotating text fragment 25/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:20 Annotating text fragment 26/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:21 Annotating text fragment 27/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:21 Annotating text fragment 28/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:22 Annotating text fragment 29/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:22 Annotating text fragment 30/31
## 2023-05-31 09:34:23 Annotating text fragment 31/31
```

en\_stopwords <- readLines("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stopwords-iso/stopwords-en/maste
r/stopwords-en.txt")</pre>

```
## Warning in
## readLines("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stopwords-iso/stopwords-en/master/stopwords-e
n.txt"):
## riga finale incompleta in
## 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stopwords-iso/stopwords-en/master/stopwords-en.txt'
outL <- outL %>% filter(!(token %in% en_stopwords) & !(lemma %in% en_stopwords))
outL %>% select(doc_id, token, lemma, upos) %>% sample_n(5)
    doc_id token lemma upos
## 1 doc30 sleeps sleep VERB
## 2 doc15 burned burn VERB
## 3 doc18 sung sung ADV
## 4
      doc2 hot hot ADJ
## 5
      doc3 rocket rocket NOUN
outL_reduced <- outL %>% filter(upos %in% c("NOUN", "PROPN", "ADJ", "VERB"))
# fct_inorder preserves original order of the column
lemmatized_lyrics <- outL_reduced %>% group_by(doc_id = fct_inorder(doc_id)) %>%
  summarise(lemmatized = paste(lemma, collapse = " "))
songs <- songs %>% right_join(lemmatized_lyrics, by = "doc_id")
tdwt_corpus <- songs$lemmatized %>% corpus(docnames = songs$id)
DTM <- tdwt_corpus %>% tokens() %>% dfm()
DTM
## Document-feature matrix of: 31 documents, 711 features (95.56% sparse) and 0 docvars.
##
         features
          chinese lesson màn chī enjoy meal raw deal roast eel
## docs
##
    text1
                      1 12 10
                                    1
##
    text2
                0
                       0
                          0
                              0
##
    text3
                0
                      0 0 0
                                    0
                                         0 0
##
                0
                      0 0 0
                                    0 0 0
    text4
##
    text5
               0
                     0 0 0
                                    0 0 0
                                                 0
                                                       0
                                                           0
                              0
                                         0 0
##
   text6
                a
                      0 0
                                                       0
## [ reached max_ndoc ... 25 more documents, reached max_nfeat ... 701 more features ]
```

### Lexical Analysis

```
DTM %>% dim()
```

```
## [1] 31 711
```

```
words <- colnames(DTM)
freqs <- colSums(DTM)
wordlist <- data.frame(words, freqs)
wordlist %>% arrange(-freqs) %>% head()
```

```
##
        words freqs
## time time
                 35
## win
          win
                 21
                 20
## cody cody
                 19
## fly
          fly
## love love
                 16
## baby
         baby
                 13
```

#### Data visualization

#### wordcloud with TF ponderation

```
paysheep friend build arm head fly love rule eatcrocodile mess drama stuck heather time hot final waitooh shear cody game heart baby manfeel pole singe singe condor
```

### TF-IDF ponderation

```
tf_idf <- dfm_tfidf(DTM)
freqs_tf_idf <- colSums(tf_idf)
words_tf_idf <- colnames(tf_idf)
wordlist_tf_idf <- data.frame(words = words_tf_idf, freqs = freqs_tf_idf)
wordlist_tf_idf %>% arrange(-freqs) %>% head(10)
```

```
##
         words
                  fregs
          màn 17.89634
## màn
## fly
          fly 16.89673
        time 15.74892
## time
## chī
          chī 14.91362
## shear shear 14.91362
## baby
          baby 13.18513
## love
          love 12.67827
## sheep sheep 11.93089
          cody 11.76543
## cody
## stuck stuck 10.43953
```

#### wordcloud with TF-IDF ponderation

```
boyfriend
messwake heather
leave condor speakeat
pole stuck sheep head
final
realwin chiffy baby
realwin chiffy baby
realwin chiffy baby
rule
stick hot arm in the love wait
singe strip man.cody
build time love wait
pay tyler shear ooh season friend die york e
sister scarabcrocodile dance game kisser
sink
```

### Co-occurrence analysis

```
binDTM <- DTM %>% dfm_weight("boolean")
coocCounts <- t(binDTM) %*% binDTM
as.matrix(coocCounts[16:18, 16:18])</pre>
```

```
## shirts wait off-key
## shirts 1 1 1
## wait 1 6 1
## off-key 1 1 1
```

```
coocTerm <- "cody"</pre>
k <- nrow(binDTM)</pre>
ki <- sum(binDTM[, coocTerm])</pre>
kj <- colSums(binDTM)</pre>
names(kj) <- colnames(binDTM)</pre>
kij <- coocCounts[coocTerm, ]</pre>
mutualInformationSig <- log(k * kij / (ki * kj))</pre>
mutualInformationSig <- mutualInformationSig[order(mutualInformationSig, decreasing = TRUE)]</pre>
dicesig \leftarrow 2 * kij / (ki + kj)
dicesig <- dicesig[order(dicesig, decreasing=TRUE)]</pre>
logsig < -2 * ((k * log(k)) - (ki * log(ki)) - (kj * log(kj)) + (kij * log(kij))
                + (k - ki - kj + kij) * log(k - ki - kj + kij)
                + (ki - kij) * log(ki - kij) + (kj - kij) * log(kj - kij)
                -(k - ki) * log(k - ki) - (k - kj) * log(k - kj))
logsig <- logsig[order(logsig, decreasing=T)]</pre>
resultOverView <- data.frame(</pre>
  names(sort(kij, decreasing=T)[1:10]), sort(kij, decreasing=T)[1:10],
  names(mutualInformationSig[1:10]), mutualInformationSig[1:10],
  names(dicesig[1:10]), dicesig[1:10],
  names(logsig[1:10]), logsig[1:10],
  row.names = NULL)
colnames(resultOverView) <- c("Freq-terms", "Freq", "MI-terms", "MI", "Dice-Terms", "Dice",</pre>
"LL-Terms", "LL")
print(resultOverView)
```

```
##
      Freq-terms Freq MI-terms
                                     MI Dice-Terms
                                                         Dice LL-Terms
                                                                             11
## 1
            cody
                    8 chinese 1.354546
                                               cody 1.0000000
                                                                  gwen 3.216593
## 2
                        lesson 1.354546
            wait
                                              gwen 0.4615385
                                                                  feel 3.216593
                    3
## 3
            time
                    3
                           màn 1.354546
                                              feel 0.4615385
                                                               sierra 2.487852
                                              wait 0.4285714
                                                                  hate 2.487852
## 4
           speak
                    3
                           chī 1.354546
        heather
                                           heather 0.4285714
                                                                  wait 2.065521
## 5
                    3
                        enjoy 1.354546
                         meal 1.354546
                                                               heather 2.065521
## 6
                    3
                                              speak 0.4000000
            gwen
## 7
                    3
                          raw 1.354546
                                             trust 0.4000000
                                                                 speak 1.279171
             win
## 8
            feel
                    3
                         roast 1.354546
                                             chick 0.4000000
                                                                   eat 1.254096
## 9
             eat
                    2
                           eel 1.354546
                                              kick 0.4000000
                                                                friend 1.254096
## 10
                                             rhyme 0.4000000
                                                                stick 1.254096
            love
                    2 appétin 1.354546
```

```
coocTerm <- "boyfriend"</pre>
k <- nrow(binDTM)</pre>
ki <- sum(binDTM[, coocTerm])</pre>
kj <- colSums(binDTM)</pre>
names(kj) <- colnames(binDTM)</pre>
kij <- coocCounts[coocTerm, ]</pre>
mutualInformationSig <- log(k * kij / (ki * kj))</pre>
mutualInformationSig <- mutualInformationSig[order(mutualInformationSig, decreasing = TRUE)]</pre>
dicesig \leftarrow 2 * kij / (ki + kj)
dicesig <- dicesig[order(dicesig, decreasing=TRUE)]</pre>
logsig < -2 * ((k * log(k)) - (ki * log(ki)) - (kj * log(kj)) + (kij * log(kij))
                + (k - ki - kj + kij) * log(k - ki - kj + kij)
                + (ki - kij) * log(ki - kij) + (kj - kij) * log(kj - kij)
                -(k - ki) * log(k - ki) - (k - kj) * log(k - kj))
logsig <- logsig[order(logsig, decreasing=T)]</pre>
resultOverView <- data.frame(</pre>
  names(sort(kij, decreasing=T)[1:10]), sort(kij, decreasing=T)[1:10],
  names(mutualInformationSig[1:10]), mutualInformationSig[1:10],
  names(dicesig[1:10]), dicesig[1:10],
  names(logsig[1:10]), logsig[1:10],
  row.names = NULL)
colnames(resultOverView) <- c("Freq-terms", "Freq", "MI-terms", "MI", "Dice-Terms", "Dice",</pre>
"LL-Terms", "LL")
print(resultOverView)
##
      Freq-terms Freq MI-terms
                                       MT Dice-Terms
                                                            Dice LL-Terms
                                                                                   \Pi
                     2 boyfriend 2.74084 boyfriend 1.0000000
                                                                        fun 3.359166
## 1
       boyfriend
                         kisser 2.74084
## 2
```

```
sister 3.359166
           cody
                                          kisser 0.6666667
## 3
                   1
                          diss 2.74084
                                            diss 0.6666667 alejandro 3.359166
           time
## 4
         kisser
                   1 capture 2.74084
                                       capture 0.6666667
                                                               style 3.359166
## 5
         friend
                          sack 2.74084
                                                               queen 3.359166
                                            sack 0.6666667
                                         attack 0.6666667
## 6
           diss
                   1
                       attack 2.74084
                                                               rhyme 3.359166
## 7
            fun
                   1 stretch 2.74084
                                         stretch 0.6666667
                                                               gonto 3.359166
                          rack 2.74084
## 8
        capture
                   1
                                            rack 0.6666667
                                                               gonna 3.359166
## 9
                   1 obvious 2.74084
                                        obvious 0.6666667
                                                            cheddar 3.359166
           sack
## 10
                         pus-y 2.74084
                                           pus-y 0.6666667
                                                                dead 3.359166
          laugh
```

#### Co-occurrence visualization

```
source("resources/calculateCoocStatistics.R")
numberOfCoocs <- 10
coocTerm <- "heather"
coocs <- calculateCoocStatistics(coocTerm, binDTM, measure="LOGLIK")</pre>
```

```
## Caricamento del pacchetto richiesto: Matrix
```

```
##
## Caricamento pacchetto: 'Matrix'

## I seguenti oggetti sono mascherati da 'package:tidyr':
##
## expand, pack, unpack
```

```
print(coocs[1:numberOfCoocs])
```

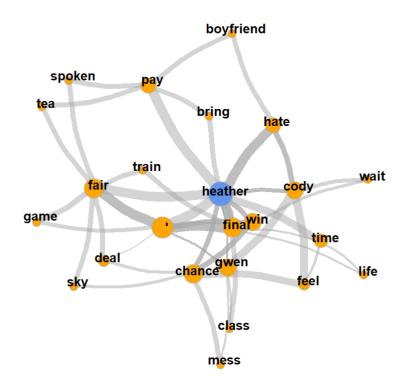
```
## ' hate final fair pay time win chance
## 3.798286 3.676703 3.676703 3.676703 3.038384 2.399123 2.265022
## cody gwen
## 2.065521 1.407388
```

```
resultGraph <- data.frame(from = character(), to = character(), sig = numeric(0))
tmpGraph <- data.frame(from = character(), to = character(), sig = numeric(0))</pre>
# Fill the data.frame to produce the correct number of lines
tmpGraph[1:numberOfCoocs, 3] <- coocs[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
# Entry of the search word into the first column in all lines
tmpGraph[, 1] <- coocTerm</pre>
# Entry of the co-occurrences into the second column of the respective line
tmpGraph[, 2] <- names(coocs)[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
# Set the significances
tmpGraph[, 3] <- coocs[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
# Attach the triples to resultGraph
resultGraph <- rbind(resultGraph, tmpGraph)</pre>
# Iteration over the most significant numberOfCoocs co-occurrences of the search term
for (i in 1:numberOfCoocs){
  # Calling up the co-occurrence calculation for term i from the search words co-occurrences
  newCoocTerm <- names(coocs)[i]</pre>
  coocs2 <- calculateCoocStatistics(newCoocTerm, binDTM, measure="LOGLIK")</pre>
  #print the co-occurrences
  coocs2[1:10]
  # Structure of the temporary graph object
  tmpGraph <- data.frame(from = character(), to = character(), sig = numeric(0))</pre>
  tmpGraph[1:numberOfCoocs, 3] <- coocs2[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
  tmpGraph[, 1] <- newCoocTerm</pre>
  tmpGraph[, 2] <- names(coocs2)[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
  tmpGraph[, 3] <- coocs2[1:numberOfCoocs]</pre>
  #Append the result to the result graph
  resultGraph <- rbind(resultGraph, tmpGraph[2:length(tmpGraph[, 1]), ])</pre>
}
# Sample of some examples from resultGraph
resultGraph[sample(nrow(resultGraph), 6), ]
```

```
##
        from
                  to
                          sig
## 48 chance heather 2.265022
## 98 chance
                 sky 1.778608
## 95
         pay bring 2.384113
## 94
        fair train 2.384113
              laugh 1.340406
## 86
        time
## 109
        cody
               stick 1.254096
```

```
# set seed for graph plot
set.seed(1)
# Create the graph object as undirected graph
graphNetwork <- graph.data.frame(resultGraph, directed = F)</pre>
# Identification of all nodes with less than 2 edges
verticesToRemove <- V(graphNetwork)[degree(graphNetwork) < 2]</pre>
# These edges are removed from the graph
graphNetwork <- delete.vertices(graphNetwork, verticesToRemove)</pre>
# Assign colors to nodes (search term blue, others orange)
V(graphNetwork)$color <- ifelse(V(graphNetwork)$name == coocTerm, 'cornflowerblue', 'orange')
# Set edge colors
E(graphNetwork)$color <- adjustcolor("DarkGray", alpha.f = .5)</pre>
# scale significance between 1 and 10 for edge width
E(graphNetwork)$width <- scales::rescale(E(graphNetwork)$sig, to = c(1, 10))</pre>
# Set edges with radius
E(graphNetwork)$curved <- 0.15
# Size the nodes by their degree of networking (scaled between 5 and 15)
V(graphNetwork)$size <- scales::rescale(log(degree(graphNetwork)), to = c(5, 15))
# Define the frame and spacing for the plot
par(mai=c(0,0,1,0))
# Final Plot
plot(
  graphNetwork,
  layout = layout.fruchterman.reingold, # Force Directed Layout
  main = paste(coocTerm, ' Graph'),
  vertex.label.family = "sans",
  vertex.label.cex = 0.8,
  vertex.shape = "circle",
  vertex.label.dist = 0.5,
                                    # Labels of the nodes moved slightly
  vertex.frame.color = adjustcolor("darkgray", alpha.f = .5),
 vertex.label.color = 'black',
                                    # Color of node names
  vertex.label.font = 2,
                                     # Font of node names
  vertex.label = V(graphNetwork)$name,
                                             # node names
  vertex.label.cex = 1 # font size of node names
)
```

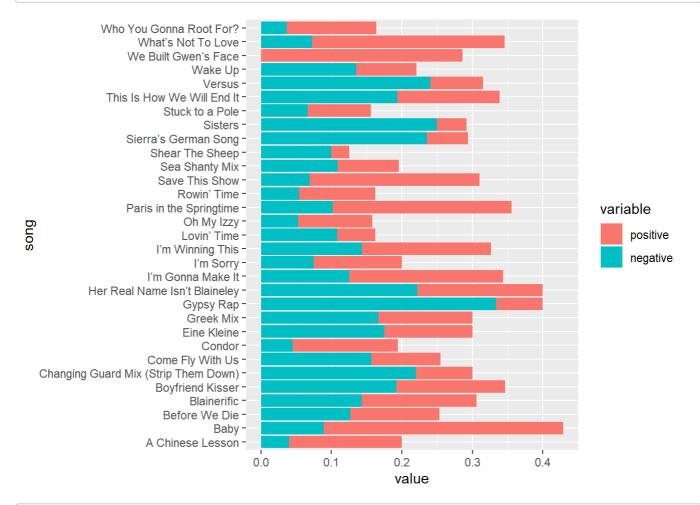
#### heather Graph



# Sentiment analysis

```
sentiment_lexicon <- read.table("resources/NRC-Emotion-Lexicon-Wordlevel-v0.92.txt",</pre>
                                 header = FALSE, sep = ''t",
                                 col.names = c("word", "sentiment", "value"))
sentiment_lexicon_corpus <- sentiment_lexicon %>% filter(word %in% colnames(DTM))
positive_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(sentiment == "positive" & value == 1) %>%
  select(word) %>% pull()
negative_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(sentiment == "negative" & value == 1) %>%
  select(word) %>% pull()
counts_positive <- rowSums(DTM[, positive_terms])</pre>
counts_negative <- rowSums(DTM[, negative_terms])</pre>
counts_all_terms <- rowSums(DTM)</pre>
relative_sentiment_frequencies <- data.frame(</pre>
  positive = counts_positive / counts_all_terms,
  negative = counts_negative / counts_all_terms
)
```

```
df_sentiment <- melt(sentiments_by_song, id.vars = "song")
ggplot(data = df_sentiment, aes(x = song, y = value, fill = variable)) +
   geom_bar(stat="identity", position="stack") + coord_flip()</pre>
```



```
positive_songs <- aggregate(
  relative_sentiment_frequencies, by = list(song = songs$title),
  mean) %>% filter(positive > negative)
positive_songs
```

```
##
                         song
                                 positive
                                            negative
## 1
             A Chinese Lesson 0.16000000 0.04000000
## 2
                         Baby 0.33928571 0.08928571
## 3
                  Blainerific 0.16326531 0.14285714
                       Condor 0.14925373 0.04477612
## 4
## 5
            I'm Gonna Make It 0.21875000 0.12500000
## 6
                    I'm Sorry 0.12500000 0.07500000
## 7
             I'm Winning This 0.18367347 0.14285714
## 8
                   Oh My Izzy 0.10526316 0.05263158
## 9
      Paris in the Springtime 0.25423729 0.10169492
                  Rowin' Time 0.10810811 0.05405405
## 10
               Save This Show 0.24137931 0.06896552
## 11
## 12
              Stuck to a Pole 0.08888889 0.06666667
## 13
         We Built Gwen's Face 0.28571429 0.00000000
           What's Not To Love 0.27272727 0.07272727
## 14
## 15 Who You Gonna Root For? 0.12727273 0.03636364
```

```
negative_songs <- aggregate(
  relative_sentiment_frequencies, by = list(song = songs$title),
  mean) %>% filter(negative > positive)
negative_songs
```

```
##
                                              positive negative
                                       song
## 1
                          Boyfriend Kisser 0.15384615 0.1923077
      Changing Guard Mix (Strip Them Down) 0.08000000 0.2200000
## 2
## 3
                          Come Fly With Us 0.09803922 0.1568627
## 4
                               Eine Kleine 0.12500000 0.1750000
## 5
                                  Greek Mix 0.13333333 0.1666667
## 6
                                 Gypsy Rap 0.06666667 0.3333333
## 7
             Her Real Name Isn't Blaineley 0.17777778 0.2222222
## 8
                                Lovin' Time 0.05405405 0.1081081
## 9
                            Sea Shanty Mix 0.08695652 0.1086957
                           Shear The Sheep 0.02500000 0.1000000
## 10
## 11
                      Sierra's German Song 0.05882353 0.2352941
## 12
                                    Sisters 0.04166667 0.2500000
## 13
                This Is How We Will End It 0.14516129 0.1935484
## 14
                                    Versus 0.07407407 0.2407407
## 15
                                    Wake Up 0.08474576 0.1355932
```

```
neutral_songs <- aggregate(
  relative_sentiment_frequencies, by = list(song = songs$title),
  mean) %>% filter(positive == negative)
neutral_songs
```

```
## song positive negative
## 1 Before We Die 0.1267606 0.1267606
```

## **Emotion analysis**

```
anger terms <- sentiment lexicon corpus %>%
  filter(sentiment == "anger" & value == 1) %>%
  select(word) %>% pull()
fear_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(sentiment == "fear" & value == 1) %>%
  select(word) %>% pull()
joy terms <- sentiment lexicon corpus %>%
  filter(sentiment == "joy" & value == 1) %>%
  select(word) %>% pull()
sadness_terms <- sentiment_lexicon_corpus %>%
  filter(sentiment == "sadness" & value == 1) %>%
  select(word) %>% pull()
counts_anger <- rowSums(DTM[, anger_terms])</pre>
counts_fear <- rowSums(DTM[, fear_terms])</pre>
counts_joy <- rowSums(DTM[, joy_terms])</pre>
counts_sadness <- rowSums(DTM[, sadness_terms])</pre>
relative_emotion_frequencies <- data.frame(</pre>
  anger = counts_anger / counts_all_terms,
  fear = counts_fear / counts_all_terms,
  joy = counts_joy / counts_all_terms,
  sadness = counts_sadness / counts_all_terms
)
```

```
##
                                      song
                                                anger
                                                            fear
                                                                         joy
                         A Chinese Lesson 0.00000000 0.02000000 0.06000000
## 1
## 2
                                      Baby 0.05357143 0.05357143 0.23214286
## 3
                             Before We Die 0.05633803 0.14084507 0.07042254
## 4
                               Blainerific 0.08163265 0.10204082 0.04081633
## 5
                         Boyfriend Kisser 0.07692308 0.07692308 0.11538462
## 6 Changing Guard Mix (Strip Them Down) 0.02000000 0.04000000 0.060000000
        sadness
##
## 1 0.00000000
## 2 0.07142857
## 3 0.05633803
## 4 0.10204082
## 5 0.07692308
## 6 0.18000000
```

```
df_emotions <- melt(emotions_by_song, id.vars = "song")
ggplot(data = df_emotions, aes(x = song, y = value, fill = variable)) +
   geom_bar(stat="identity", position="stack") + coord_flip()</pre>
```

