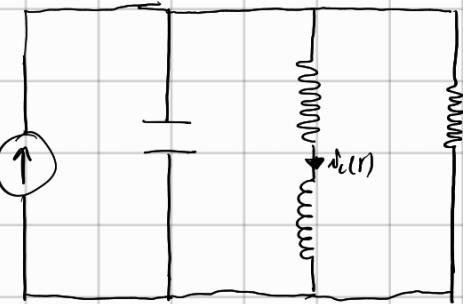


ALCUNE CONSIDERAZIONI:

- È possibile che una piccola parte degli esercizi sia scorretta
- Alcuni esercizi possono essere risolti in modi diversi, ma ugualmente corretti
- Gli esercizi sono svolti in ordine cronologico, quindi più si va in fondo nel file più sarà probabile che con più esperienza alle spalle saranno corretti.

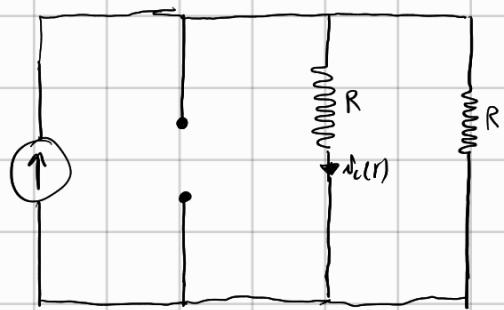
Buon LAVORO!



$$L = 10 \text{ mH} \quad R = 2 \Omega \quad C = 5 \mu\text{F}$$

$$I(t) = 20 \mu\text{A}(-t) \text{ A}$$

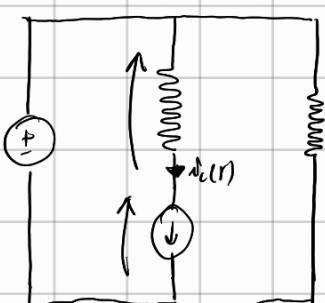
Se $t < 0$, o regime é estacionário:



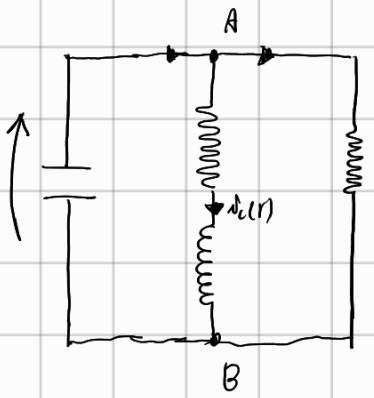
$$I_L(t) = \frac{I(t) \cdot R}{R + R} = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$I_L(0^+) = I_L(0^-) = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$V_C(0^-) = I_L R = 20 \text{ V}$$



$$V_L(0^+) = V_C(0^-) - R I_L = 0 \text{ V}$$



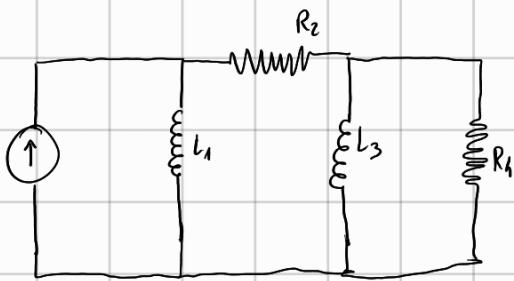
$$V_C = R\mathcal{N}_L + L \frac{d\mathcal{N}_L}{dt}$$

$$\mathcal{N}_L(t) + C \frac{dV_C}{dt} + \frac{V_C}{R} = 0$$

$$\mathcal{N}_L(t) + CR \frac{d\mathcal{N}_L}{dt} + CL \frac{d^2\mathcal{N}_L}{dt^2} + \mathcal{N}_L + \frac{L}{R} \frac{d\mathcal{N}_L}{dt} = 0$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{d^2\mathcal{N}_L}{dt^2} + \left(\frac{R}{L} + \frac{1}{RC} \right) \frac{d\mathcal{N}_L}{dt} + \frac{2}{CL} \mathcal{N}_L = 0 \\ \mathcal{N}_L(0^+) = 10 \text{ A} \\ \left. \frac{d\mathcal{N}_L}{dt} \right|_0 = 0 \text{ A} \end{array} \right.$$

3)



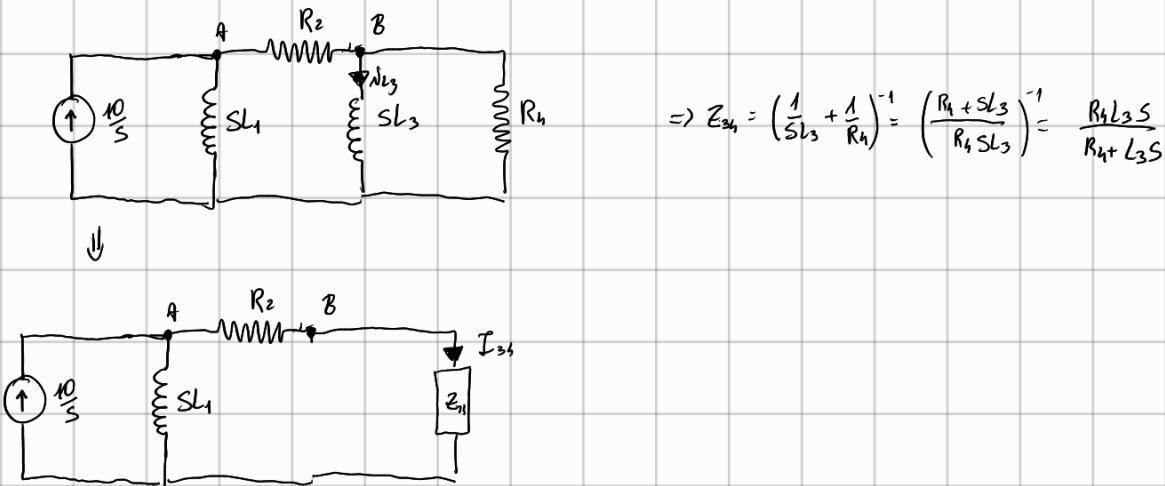
$$I(t) = 10 \mu A$$

$$R_4 = 1 \Omega \quad R_2 = 3 \Omega$$

$$L_1 = L_3 = 2 H$$

Tutti libri scanno per $I(t)$

Rete di Laplace:



$$I_{3h} = \frac{S \cdot SL_1}{SL_1 + \frac{R_4 L_3 S}{R_4 + L_3 S}} = \frac{20}{2S + \frac{2S}{1+2S}} = \frac{20}{\frac{2S+4S^2+2S}{1+2S}} = \frac{20+40S}{4S^2+4S} = \frac{S+10S}{S^2+S}$$

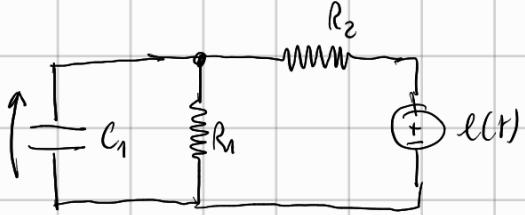
$$I_{L3} = \frac{I_{3h} \cdot R_4}{R_4 + sL_3} = \frac{S+10S}{S^2+S} \cdot \frac{1}{1+2S} = \frac{S(1+2S)}{(S^2+S)(1+2S)} = \frac{S}{S(S+1)}$$

Annullamento:

$$\frac{S}{S(S+1)} = \frac{A}{S} + \frac{B}{S+1} = \frac{As+A+Bs}{S(S+1)} \Rightarrow A=S \quad B=-S$$

$$\Downarrow \quad \frac{S}{S} - \frac{S}{S+1} \Rightarrow \quad I_{L3}(t) = S \cdot u(t) - S e^{-t} u(t)$$

3)

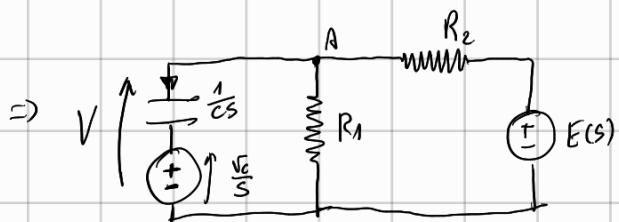


$$R_1 = R_2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$C = 10 \mu\text{F} \quad V_i(0) = 1.5 \text{ V}$$

$$E(t) = 10(\mu(t) - \mu(t-10\text{ms})) \text{ V}$$

$$E(s) = \frac{10}{s} - \frac{10}{s} e^{-10^2 s}$$



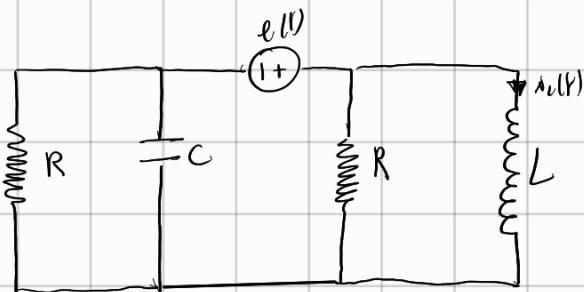
$$U_A \left(Cs + \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = \frac{E(s)}{R_2} + Cs \cdot \frac{V_i(0)}{s}$$

$$U_A \left(10^{-5}s + 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \right) = E \cdot 10^{-3} + 10^{-5} \cdot 1.5$$

$$U_A = \frac{10^{-3}E + 1.5 \cdot 10^{-5}}{2 \cdot 10^{-3} + 10^{-5}} = \frac{E + 1.5 \cdot 10^{-2}}{2 + 10^{-2}}$$

$$= \frac{10}{s(2+10^{-2})} - \frac{10 \cdot 10^{-2}}{s(2+10^{-2})} + \frac{1.5 \cdot 10^{-2}}{2+10^{-2}}$$

7)



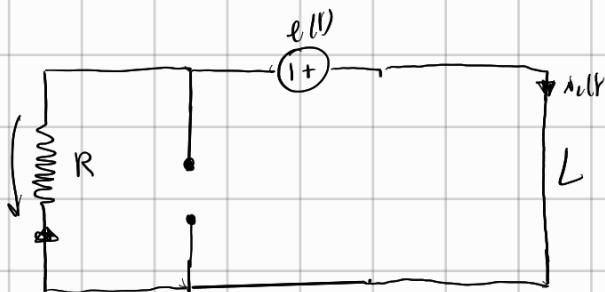
$$e(t) = \begin{cases} -1V & t < 0 \\ 1V & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$R = 10\Omega$$

$$L = 5mH$$

$$C = 100\mu F$$

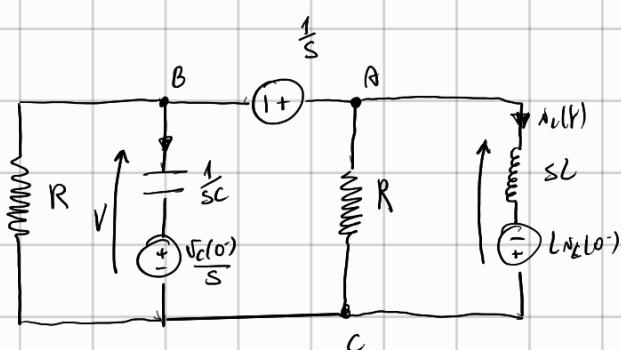
Se bzo u regime:



$$I_2 = \frac{e(t)}{R} = -\frac{1}{10} A \quad V_C = e(t) = -1V$$

Cond. iniziali.

Stabili per t > 0 con Laplace:



$$V_C \left(\frac{1}{R} + sC + \frac{1}{sL} + \frac{1}{R} \right) + \frac{1}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{R} = -\frac{V_C(0)}{s} \cdot sC + \frac{I_L(0)}{s}$$

$$V_C \left(\frac{2}{R} + sC + \frac{1}{sL} \right) = -\frac{1}{10s} + C - \frac{1}{10s}$$

$$V_C \left(\frac{2}{10} + sC + \frac{1}{sL} \right) = -\frac{1}{5s} + C$$

$$U_C = \frac{\frac{-1+5CS}{5S}}{\frac{1}{5} + SC + \frac{1}{SL}} = \frac{\frac{-1+5CS}{5S}}{\frac{1}{SL}(L + S^2LC + 1)} = \frac{\frac{-1+5CS}{5S}}{\frac{S^2LC + L + 1}{SL}} =$$

$$= \frac{\frac{-L+5LCS}{S}}{LC(S^2 + \frac{1}{C} + \frac{1}{LC})} = \frac{\frac{-L+5LCS}{S}}{SLC(S^2 + \frac{1}{C} + \frac{1}{LC})} = \frac{\frac{-1+5CS}{5C}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{C} + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

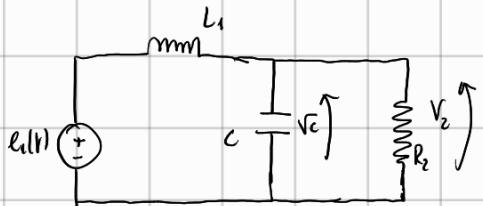
$$S^2 + \frac{1}{C} + \frac{1}{LC} = S^2 + 10^4$$

$$R = 10\Omega$$

$$L = 5mH$$

$$C = 100\mu F$$

3)



$$R_1 = 100 \Omega \quad R_2 = 50 \Omega$$

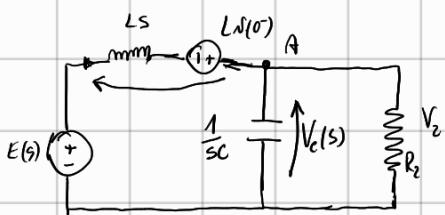
$$C = 10 \mu F \quad V_c(0^-) = 0 V$$

$$L = 100 \mu H \quad i_L(0^-) = 10 \text{ mA}$$

$$e(t) = 10 \sin(10t)$$

Trovare V_2

TRASFORMO CON LAPLACE



$$U_A \left(\frac{1}{sC} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{Ls} \right) = (Ls(0^-) + E(s)) \cdot \frac{1}{Ls}$$

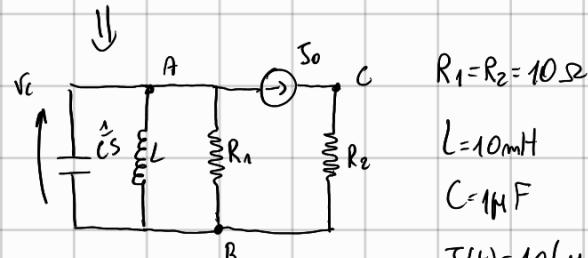
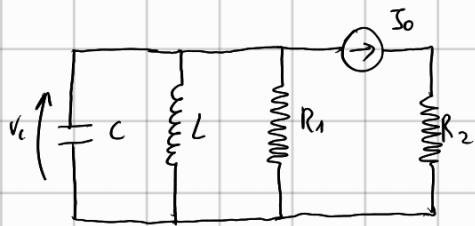
$$U_A \left(\frac{R_2 L s^2 + L s + R_2}{R_2 L s} \right) = \frac{i(0^-)}{s} + \frac{10}{L s^2}$$

$s \cdot 10^{-2}$

$$U_A = \frac{\frac{10^{-2} + 10}{s(1 + 10^{-4}s)} \cdot 50 \cdot 10^{-4}s}{10^{-9}s^2 + 10^{-4}s + 50} = \frac{\frac{5 \cdot 10^{-5} + 5 \cdot 10^{-2}}{1 + 10^{-4}s}}{10^{-9}s^2 + 10^{-4}s + 50} =$$

$$\underline{s \cdot 10^{-5} + s \cdot 10^{-2}}$$

3)



$$U_A \left(CS + \frac{1}{LS} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right) = -I_0$$

$$U_C \left(\frac{1}{R_2} \right) = I_0$$

$$U_A = \frac{-I_0}{CS + \frac{1}{LS} + \frac{1}{R_1}}$$

$$H_{re}(s) = \frac{-1}{CS + \frac{1}{LS} + \frac{1}{R_1}} = \frac{-1}{\frac{1}{LS} (CLS^2 + 1 + \frac{LS}{R_1})} = \frac{-LS}{CLS^2 + LS + 1} = \frac{-s}{C(s^2 + \frac{1}{RC}s + \frac{1}{LC})}$$

$$s^2 + \frac{1}{RC}s + \frac{1}{LC} = 0$$

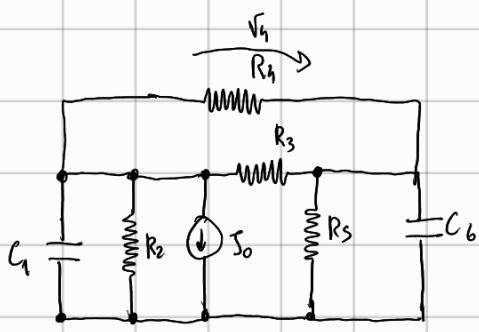
$$\text{POLI: } s_1 = -11270 = -1.1 \cdot 10^4 \text{ Hz}$$

$$s_2 = -88929 = -8.8 \cdot 10^4 \text{ Hz}$$

$$J(s) = \frac{10}{s} - \frac{10}{s} e^{-10^3 s}$$

$$V_C(s) = H_{re}(s) J(s) = \frac{10 e^{-10^3 s} - 10}{C(s^2 + \frac{1}{RC}s + \frac{1}{LC})}$$

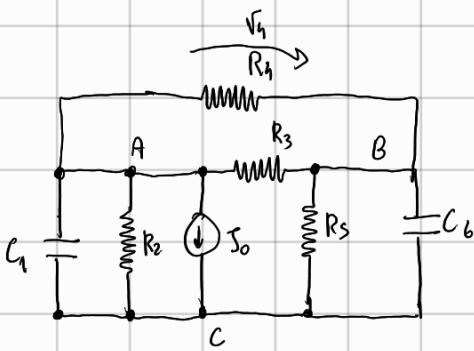
3)



$$R_2 = 1\Omega \quad R_3 = 2\Omega \quad R_4 = R_5 = 3\Omega$$

$$C_1 = 3mF \quad U_{C_1}(0^-) = 1V \quad C_6 = 1mF \quad U_{C_6}(0^-) = 0V$$

$$J(t) = 10u(t) \text{ mA}$$



Condiz. iniziali spez. per trovare f. di trasformante

$$\left\{ U_A \left(\frac{1}{R_4} + \frac{1}{R_3} + SC_1 + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) - U_B \left(\frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_5} \right) = -J_0 \right.$$

$$\left. U_B \left(\frac{1}{R_5} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + SC_6 \right) - U_A \left(\frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_6} \right) = 0 \right.$$

$$\left\{ U_A \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} + 1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3}s \right) - U_B \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = -J_0 \right.$$

$$\left. U_B \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + 1 + 10^{-3}s \right) - U_A \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right) = 0 \right.$$

$$\left\{ U_A \left(\frac{11}{6} + 3 \cdot 10^{-3}s \right) - U_B \cdot \frac{s}{6} = -\frac{10}{s} \right.$$

$$\left. U_B \left(\frac{s}{3} + 10^{-3}s \right) - U_A \frac{s}{6} = 0 \right.$$

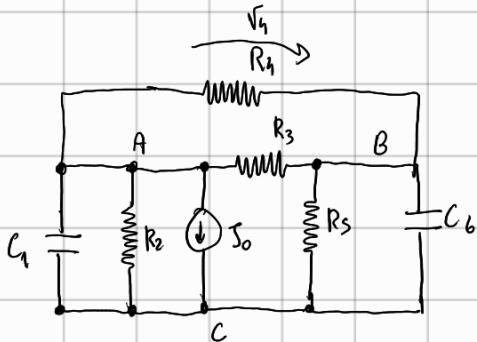
$$U_A = \frac{6}{s} U_B \left(\frac{s}{3} + 10^{-3}s \right) \Rightarrow U_A = 2U_B + \frac{3 \cdot 10^{-2}}{2s} U_B s$$

$$\left(2U_B + \frac{3}{2500} U_B s \right) \cdot \left(\frac{11}{6} + \frac{3}{1000} s \right) - U_B \frac{s}{6} = -\frac{10}{s}$$

$$\frac{11}{3} U_B + \frac{3}{500} U_B s + \frac{11}{5000} U_B s + \frac{9U_B}{25 \cdot 10^5} s^2 - \frac{s}{6} U_B = -\frac{10}{s}$$

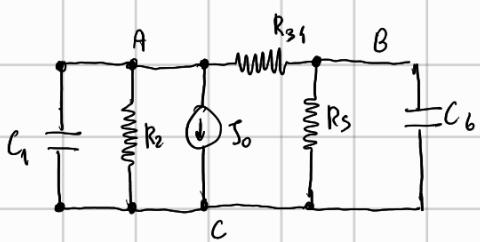
$$\frac{17}{6}U_B + \frac{41}{5000}U_BS + \frac{9}{25 \cdot 10^5}U_BS^2 = -\frac{10}{S}$$

$$U_B = \frac{-10}{S(3.6 \cdot 10^{-6}S^2 + 8.2 \cdot 10^{-3}S + 2.83)}$$



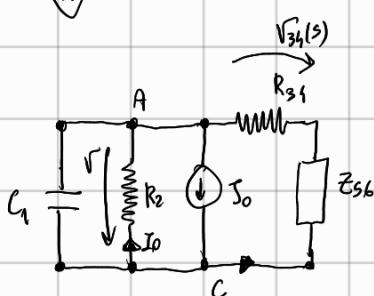
$$\Downarrow R_{34} = \left(\frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_S} \right)^{-1} = \frac{6}{5} \Omega$$

$$\sqrt{34}(S) = \sqrt{6}(S)$$



$$Z_{S6} = \left(\frac{1}{R_S} + SC_6 \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{3} + 3 \cdot 10^{-3}S \right)^{-1} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} + C_6 S}$$

\Downarrow



$$J_0(s) = \frac{J_0 \cdot 1/R_2}{\frac{1}{Z_{S6}} + \frac{1}{R_2} + SC_1}$$

$$\sqrt{S} = I_0 R_e = \frac{J_0}{\frac{1}{Z_{S6}} + \frac{1}{R_2} + SC_1} = \frac{J_0}{\frac{1}{3} + (C_6 + C_1)S + 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{34}(S) &= \sqrt{S} \cdot R_{34} = \frac{\sqrt{S} / Z_{S6}}{\frac{1}{Z_{S6}} + \frac{1}{R_{34}}} = \frac{\sqrt{S} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} + C_6 S \right)}{\left(\frac{1}{3} + (C_6 + C_1)S \right) \cdot \left(\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + C_6 S \right)} = \frac{J_0 \left(\frac{1}{3} + C_6 S \right)}{\frac{14}{9} + \frac{4}{6}(C_6 + C_1)S + \frac{4}{3}C_6 S + C_6(C_1 + C_6)S^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{J_0 \left(\frac{1}{3} + C_6 s \right)}{\frac{14}{9} + \frac{4}{6}(C_6 + C_1)s + \frac{4}{3}C_6 s + C_6(C_1 + C_6)s^2} =$$

$$= \frac{J_0 \left(\frac{1}{3} + 10^{-3}s \right)}{4 \cdot 10^{-6}s^2 + 6 \cdot 10^{-3}s + 1.56} =$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{4 \cdot 10^6}{3} + 4 \cdot 10^3 s \right) J_0}{s^2 + 1.5 \cdot 10^3 s + 3.9 \cdot 10^6}$$

$$H_{V_C}^{S_0}(s) = \frac{1.3 \cdot 10^6 + 4 \cdot 10^3 s}{s^2 + 1.5 \cdot 10^3 s + 3.9 \cdot 10^6}$$

Se metto condizioni iniziali, il calcolo risulta essere lo stesso per la $H^{S_0}(s)$, perché la struttura circuitale rimane uguale. \Rightarrow CAMBIA solo J_0 che dura la generazione impulsiva.

$$V_C(s) = H_{V_C}^{S_0}(s) \cdot (J_0 + C V_{C0}(0^-))$$

$$V_C(s) = \frac{1.3 \cdot 10^6}{s(s^2 + 1.5 \cdot 10^3 s + 3.9 \cdot 10^6)} + \frac{4 \cdot 10^3 s}{(s^2 + 1.5 \cdot 10^3 s + 3.9 \cdot 10^6)} +$$

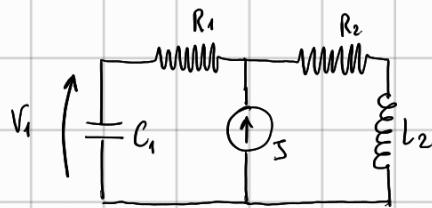
$$+ \frac{3.9 \cdot 10^3 + 12s}{s^2 + 1.5 \cdot 10^3 s + 3.9 \cdot 10^6} \Rightarrow$$

$$V_C(s) = \frac{1.3 \cdot 10^6}{s(s^2 + 1.5 \cdot 10^3 s + 3.9 \cdot 10^6)} + \frac{3.9 \cdot 10^3 + (12 + 4 \cdot 10^3)s}{(s^2 + 1.5 \cdot 10^3 s + 3.9 \cdot 10^6)}$$

$$x = -750 - s \sqrt{1335}$$

$$x = -750 + s \sqrt{1335}$$

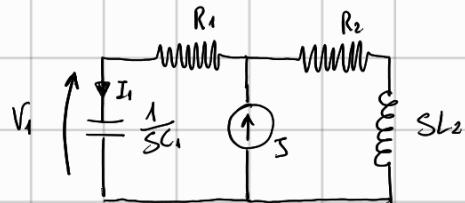
3)



$$R_1 = 10 \Omega$$

$$L_2 = 100 \text{ mH}$$

$$J(t) = 10 \mu \text{A}$$



$$J_1(s) = \frac{J_0 \cdot (R_2 + sL_2)}{R_2 + sL_2 + R_1 + \frac{1}{sC_1}}$$

$$\bar{V}_1 = I_1(s) \cdot \frac{1}{sC_1} = \frac{J_0 (R_2 + sL_2) \cdot \frac{1}{sC_1}}{R_1 + R_2 + sL_2 + \frac{1}{sC_1}}$$

$$H_{r_1}(s) = \frac{(R_2 + sL_2) \cdot \frac{1}{sC_1}}{\frac{1}{sC_1} (R_1 C_1 s + R_2 C_1 s + C_1 L_2 s^2 + 1)} = \frac{R_2 + sL_2}{C_1 L_2 (s^2 + \frac{R_1}{L_2} s + \frac{R_2}{L_2} s + \frac{1}{C_1 L_2})} =$$

$$= \frac{\frac{R_2}{C_1 L_2} + \frac{s}{C_1}}{\left(s^2 + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{L_2} s + \frac{1}{C_1 L_2} \right)}$$

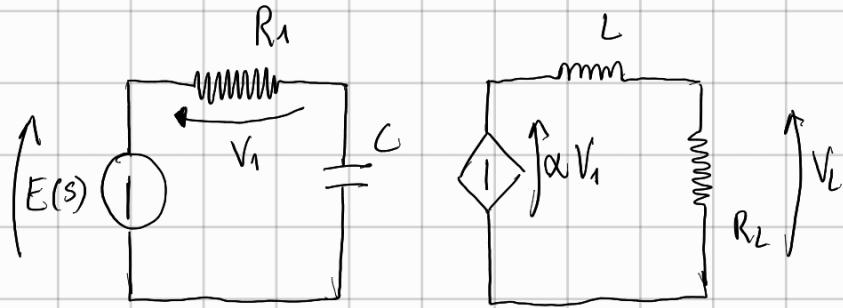
$$\text{Polynom: } s^2 + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{L_2} s + \frac{1}{C_1 L_2}$$

Pole: 100 Hz
3000 Hz

$$\begin{cases} \frac{R_1 + R_2}{L_2} = 3100 \\ \frac{1}{C_1 L_2} = 300000 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 10 + R_2 = 310 \\ \frac{1}{C_1} = 30000 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} R_2 &= 300 \Omega \\ C_1 &= \frac{1}{30000} F = 3.33 \cdot 10^{-5} F = 33.3 \text{ nF} \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{V}_1(s) = \frac{\frac{R_2}{C_1 L_2} + \frac{s}{C_1}}{\left(s^2 + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{L_2} s + \frac{1}{C_1 L_2} \right)} \cdot \frac{10}{s} = \frac{\frac{10 R_2}{s C_1 L_2} + \frac{10}{C_1}}{s^2 + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{L_2} s + \frac{1}{C_1 L_2}}$$

4)



$$R_1 = 100 \Omega$$

$$R_L = 50 \Omega$$

$$C = 10 \mu F$$

$$L = 1 mH$$

$$\alpha = 0.5$$

$$e(t) = 10\sqrt{2} \sin(100t) u(t)$$

$H_{V_L}^E(s)$ da trovare

$$V_L(s) = \frac{\alpha V_1 R_L}{R_L + sL} \quad \text{con } V_1 = \frac{E(s) R_1}{R_1 + \frac{1}{sC}} = \frac{E(s) R_1}{R_1 s C + 1} = \frac{E(s) R_1 C s}{R_1 C s + 1}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{E(s) R_1 C s}{R_1 C s + 1}$$

$$J = C \frac{dV}{dt} \Rightarrow F = \frac{[s]}{[s^2]}$$

$$V_L(s) = \frac{\alpha R_1 R_2 C E(s) s}{(R_L + sL)(1 + R_1 C s)} = \frac{\alpha R_1 R_2 C E(s) s}{R_L + R_1 R_2 C s + R_1 L C s^2 + sL} =$$

$$\frac{\alpha R_1 R_2 C s E(s)}{R_1 L C s^2 + (R_1 R_2 C + L)s + R_L} = \frac{\alpha R_1 R_2 C E(s) s}{R_1 L C (s^2 + (\frac{R_2}{L} + \frac{1}{L C})s + \frac{R_L}{R_1 L C})} =$$

$$= \frac{\alpha R_L E(s) s}{L (s^2 + (\frac{R_2}{L} + \frac{1}{L C})s + \frac{R_L}{R_1 L C})} \Rightarrow H_{V_L}^E(s) = \frac{\alpha R_L s}{L (s^2 + (\frac{R_2}{L} + \frac{1}{L C})s + \frac{R_L}{R_1 L C})}$$

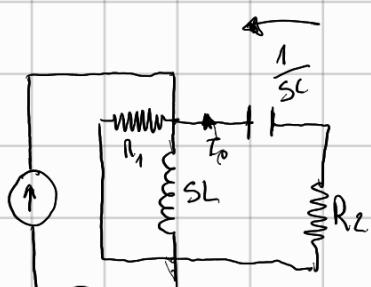
$$E(S) = \frac{1052 \cdot 100}{S^2 + 100^2}$$



$$R_1 = 1\Omega \quad R_2 = 2\Omega \quad C = 10\mu F$$

$$L = 2\text{ mH}$$

$$J(t) = 5S(t) \text{ A}$$



$$\left(R_2 + \frac{1}{SC} \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{SCR_2 + 1}{SC} \right)^{-1} = \frac{SC}{1 + R_2 SC}$$

$$I_o(S) = J \cdot \left(\frac{SC}{1 + R_2 CS} \right) = \frac{\frac{JSC + \frac{J}{R_2}}{1 + R_2 CS}}{\frac{SC}{1 + R_2 CS} + \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{SL}} = \frac{\frac{J^2 LC S + \frac{JSL}{R_2}}{CL(S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL})}}{\frac{S^2 LC J + \frac{JSL}{R_2}}{CL(S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL})}} = \frac{\frac{S^2 J + \frac{JS}{RC}}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL}}}{\frac{S^2 J + \frac{JS}{RC}}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL}}} = \frac{S^2 J + \frac{JS}{RC}}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL}}$$

$$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{3}{2} \quad \sqrt{C}(S) = \frac{1}{SC} I_o = \frac{\frac{S}{C} J + \frac{J}{RC}}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL}} = \frac{\frac{J}{C} S + \frac{J}{RC^2}}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL}}$$

Polinomio:

$$S^2 + 150000S + 5 \cdot 10^7 = 0$$

$$S_1 = -334 \text{ Hz}$$

$$S_2 = -149666 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\underline{V_C}(s) = \frac{\frac{1}{C}s + \frac{1}{RC^2}}{s^2 + \frac{s}{RC} + \frac{1}{CL}} = \frac{5 \cdot 10^5 s + \frac{5}{2} \cdot 10^{10}}{(s+334)(s+149666)} = \frac{s \cdot 10^5 s + 25 \cdot 10^9}{(s+334)(s+149666)}$$

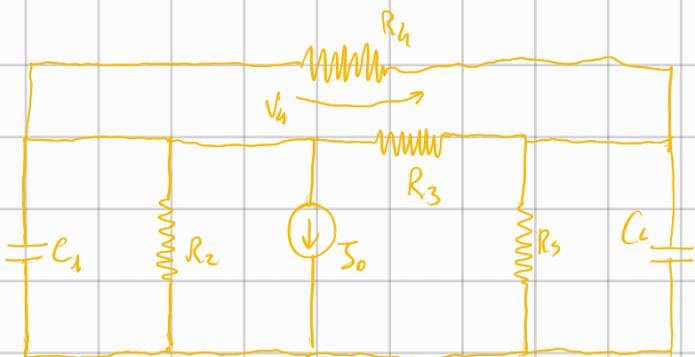
$$\underline{V_C}(s) = \frac{A}{(s+334)} + \frac{B}{(s+149666)}$$

$$A = \lim_{s \rightarrow -334} \underline{V_C}(s)(s+334) = 166260$$

$$B = \lim_{s \rightarrow -149666} \underline{V_C}(s) \cdot (s+149666) = 33706$$

$$\underline{V_C}(s) = \frac{166260}{s+334} + \frac{33706}{s+149666}$$

$$V(t) = 166260 e^{-334t} + 33706 e^{-149666t}$$



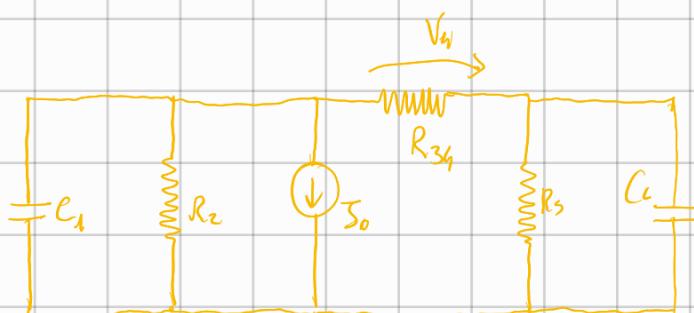
$$R_2 = 1\Omega \quad R_3 = 2\Omega \quad R_4 = R_5 = 3\Omega$$

$$C_1 = 3\text{mF} \quad V_C(0^-) = 1V \quad V_{C_6}(0^-) = 0V$$

$$C_6 = 1\text{mF}$$

$$S(t) = 10\mu(t)\text{mA}$$

$$R_{34} = \frac{6}{5}\Omega$$



$$Z_{RSC_6} = \left(\frac{1}{R_5} + SC_6 \right)^{-1} = \frac{R_5}{R_5 C_6 S + 1}$$



$$Z_{34RC} = \frac{R_5 + R_{34} R_5 C_6 S + R_{34}}{R_5 C_6 S + 1}$$

$$I_o = \frac{\frac{S_0 \cdot \frac{1}{Z_{34RC}}}{\frac{1}{Z_{34RC}} + \frac{1}{R_2} + C_1 S}}{= \frac{S_0 \cdot \frac{R_5 C_6 S + 1}{R_5 + R_{34} R_5 C_6 S + R_{34}}}{\frac{R_5 C_6 S + 1}{R_5 + R_{34} R_5 C_6 S + R_{34}} + \frac{1}{R_2} + C_1 S}}$$

$$\frac{I_0 \cdot \frac{R_s C_6 s + 1}{R_s + R_{34} R_s C_6 s + R_{34}}}{\frac{R_s C_6 s + 1}{R_s + R_{34} R_s C_6 s + R_{34}} + \frac{1}{R_2} + C_1 s} = \frac{I_0 (1 + R_s C_6 s)}{\frac{R_s C_6 s + 1 + R_s + R_{34} R_s C_6 s + R_{34}}{R_2} + C_1 s (R_s + R_{34} R_s C_6 s + R_{34})}$$

$$= \frac{I_0 (1 + R_s C_6 s) R_2}{R_2 R_s C_6 s + R_2 + R_s + R_{34} R_s C_6 s + R_{34} + C_1 s (R_s + R_{34} R_s C_6 s + R_{34}) R_2}$$

$$= \frac{I_0 (1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3} s)}{1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 3 + 6 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 1.2 + (4.2 + 3.6 \cdot 10^{-3}) s C_1} =$$

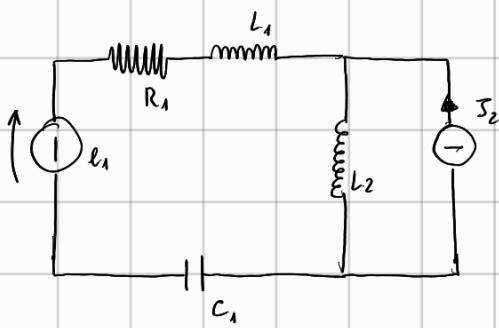
$$= \frac{I_0 (1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3} s)}{5.2 + 9 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 12.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 10.8 \cdot 10^{-6} s} =$$

$$= \frac{I_0 (1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3} s)}{5.2 + 21.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 10.8 \cdot 10^{-6} s}$$

$$V_4(s) = \frac{V_3(s) \cdot R_{34}}{R_{34} + Z_{34RC}} = \frac{I_0 (1.2 + 3.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s)}{5.2 + 21.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 10.8 \cdot 10^{-6} s} \cdot \frac{1}{1.2 + \frac{4.2 + 3.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s}{1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3} s}} =$$

$$= \frac{I_0 (1.2 + 3.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s)}{5.2 + 21.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 10.8 \cdot 10^{-6} s} \cdot \frac{1 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3} s}{4.2 + 3.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s + 1.2 + 3.6 \cdot 10^{-3} s}$$

3)



$$R_1 = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$e_1(t) = 10(\mu(t) - \mu(t-\varphi)) \text{ V}$$

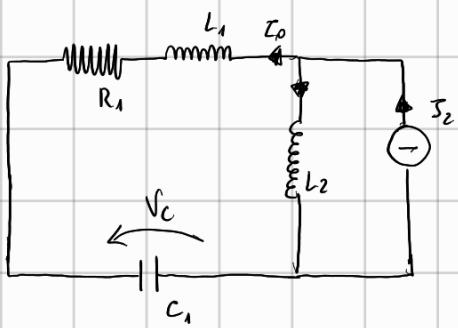
$$L_1 = 1 \text{ mH}$$

$$J_2(t) = 10 \sin(\omega t) \mu(t) \text{ A}$$

$$L_2 = 5 \text{ mH}$$

$$C_1 = 5 \text{ mF}$$

Calcular $H_{V_c}^{J_2}(s)$:



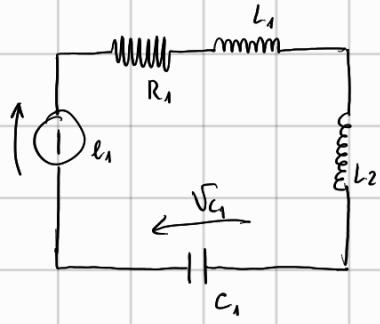
$$I_0 = \frac{J_2 \cdot s L_2}{s L_2 + R_1 + s L_1 + \frac{1}{s C_1}} = \frac{J_2 L_2 s}{\frac{1}{s C_1} ((L_1 + L_2) C_1 s^2 + R_1 C_1 s + 1)}$$

$$V_C = I_0 \cdot \frac{1}{s C_1} = \frac{J_2 L_2 s}{(L_1 + L_2) C_1 s^2 + R_1 C_1 s + 1} =$$

$$= \frac{\frac{J_2 L_2 s}{(L_1 + L_2) C_1}}{s^2 + \frac{R_1}{L_1 + L_2} s + \frac{1}{(L_1 + L_2) C_1}}$$
1

$$H(s) = \frac{L_2}{(L_1 + L_2) C_1} s$$

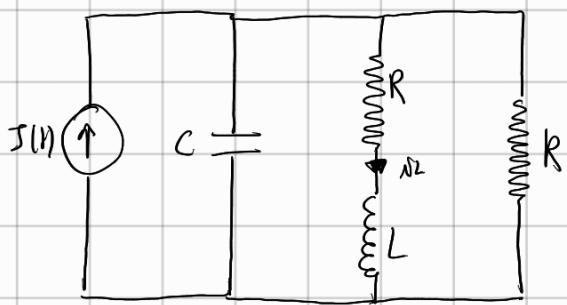
$$\frac{s^2 + \frac{R_1}{L_1 + L_2} s + \frac{1}{(L_1 + L_2) C_1}}{s^2 + \frac{R_1}{L_1 + L_2} s + \frac{1}{(L_1 + L_2) C_1}}$$



$$\frac{V_{C_1}}{C_1 S} = \frac{-l_1}{C_1(L_1 + L_2)S^2 + R_1 C_1 S + 1} = \frac{\frac{-l_1}{C_1(L_1 + L_2)}}{S^2 + \frac{R_1}{L_1 + L_2} S + \frac{1}{C_1(L_1 + L_2)}}$$

$$V_{C_1}(S) =$$

2.3)



$$I(t) = 20 \mu(-t)$$

$$R = 2 \Omega$$

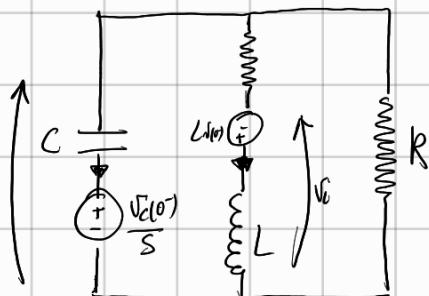
$$L = 10 \mu H$$

$$C = 5 \mu F$$

\downarrow In $t < 0$ currents in negative dir.

$$i_L = 10A = i_L(0^-) = i_L(0^+)$$

$$V_C(t) = 20V$$

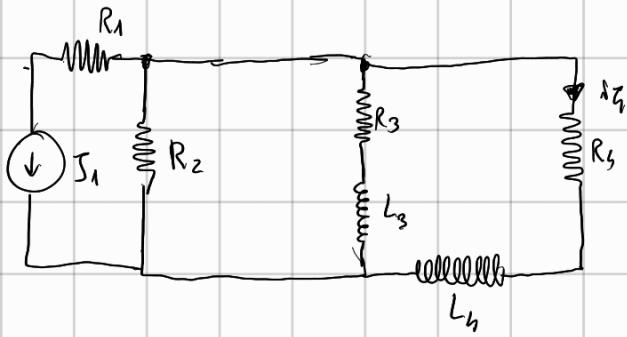


$$U_A \left(\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R+SL} + SC \right) = \frac{V_C(0^-)}{S} \cdot SC - \frac{I(0^-)}{R+SL}$$

$$U_A \left(\frac{R+SL + R + R^2CS + RLCS^2}{R(R+SL)} \right) = \frac{RC \frac{V_C(0^-)}{S} + LC \frac{V_C(0^-)}{S} S^2 - LN(0^-)}{R+SL}$$

$$\begin{aligned} U_A &= \frac{20RC + 20LCS^2 - 10L}{2R + SL + R^2CS + RLCS^2} = \frac{20R^2L + 20RLCS^2 - 10L}{RLCS^2 + (L+RC)S + 2R} \\ &= \frac{8 \cdot 10^{-4} + 2 \cdot 10^{-3}S^2 - 10^{-4}}{10^{-10}S^2 + 3 \cdot 10^{-3}S + 4} \end{aligned}$$

1)



$$Z_{R_4L_h} = R_4 + SL_h$$

$$Y_{R_4L_h} = \frac{1}{R_4 + SL_h}$$

$$R_1 = R_2 = 10\Omega \quad R_3 = 5\Omega \quad R_4 = 10\Omega$$

$$L_3 = 0.1H \quad L_h = 0.5H$$

RETE EQUivalente:



$$I_h = - \frac{J_1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R_4 + SL_h} \right)}{\frac{1}{R_4 + SL_h} + \frac{1}{R_3 + SL_3} + \frac{1}{R_2}} = - \frac{J_1 \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{R_4 + SL_h}} \right)}{\left(\cancel{\frac{1}{R_4 + SL_h}} \right) \cdot \left(1 + \frac{R_4 + SL_h}{R_3 + SL_3} + \frac{R_4 + SL_h}{R_2} \right)} =$$

$$= \frac{-J_1}{R_2(R_3 + SL_3) + R_2R_3S + R_2R_4 + R_2L_4S + (R_3 + SL_3)(R_4 + SL_h)}$$

$$= \frac{-J_1(R_2R_3 + R_2L_3S)}{R_2R_3 + R_2R_4 + (R_2L_3 + R_2L_4)S + R_3R_4 + R_3L_4S + R_4L_3S + L_3L_4S^2} =$$

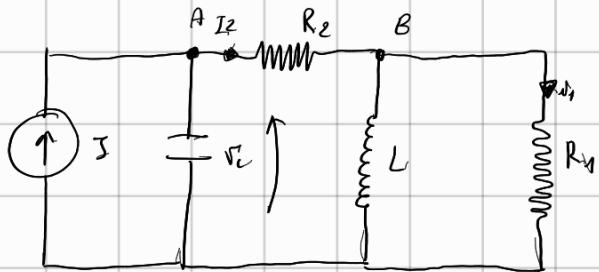
$$= \frac{-J_1(R_2R_3 + R_2L_3S)}{0.05S^2 + 9.5S + 200} =$$

$$= \frac{-J_1(50 + S)}{\frac{1}{20}S^2 + 9.5S + 200} = \frac{-J_1(1000 + 20S)}{S^2 + 190S + 4000}$$

$$S^2 + 190S + 4000 = 0$$

$$\chi_1 = -165.8 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\chi_2 = -26 \text{ Hz}$$



$$J(s) = \frac{10^{-2}}{s} - \frac{10^{-2}}{s} e^{-10^2 s}$$

$$R_1 = 5k\Omega \quad R_2 = 10k\Omega \quad L_1 = 1mH$$

$$C = 100nF \quad J(t) = 10u(t) - 10u(t-10^2) \text{ mA}$$

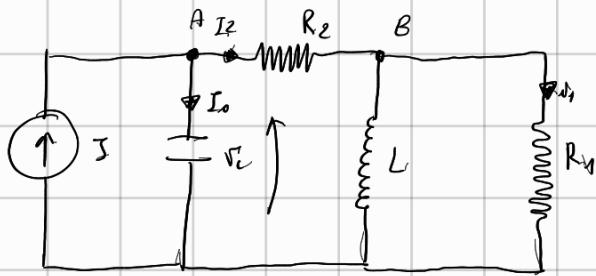
$$H_{I_1}^s(s) = ?$$

$$Z_{LR1} = \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{sC} \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{sL + R}{R_1 sL} \right)^{-1} = \frac{R_1 sL}{R_1 + sL}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= \frac{J \cdot \frac{1}{Cs}}{\frac{1}{Cs} + R_2 + \frac{R_1 sL}{R_1 + sL}} = \frac{J \cdot \frac{1}{Cs}}{\frac{R_1 + sL + R_2 + R_1 R_2 Cs + R_2 L s^2 + R_1 L s^2}{Cs(R_1 + sL)}} = \\ &= \frac{J(R_1 + sL)}{L(C(R_1 + R_2)s^2 + (R_1 R_2 C + L)s + R_1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{SLJ}{LC(R_1 + R_2)s^2 + (R_1 R_2 C + L)s + R_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_1^s(s) &= \frac{1}{C(R_1 + R_2)s} \\ &= \frac{s^2 + \frac{(R_1 R_2 C + L)s}{R_1 + R_2} + \frac{R_1}{2C(R_1 + R_2)}}{s^2 + \frac{(R_1 R_2 C + L)s}{R_1 + R_2} + \frac{R_1}{2C(R_1 + R_2)}} \end{aligned}$$



$$Z_{R_2LR_1} = \frac{R_1LS}{R_1+LS} + R_2 = \frac{R_1R_2 + R_2LS + R_1LS}{R_1+LS}$$

$$I_o = \frac{J \cdot SC}{SC + \frac{R_1+LS}{R_1R_2 + R_2LS + R_1LS}}$$

$$V_C(s) = \frac{J(R_1R_2 + R_2LS + R_1LS)}{R_1R_2CS + R_2LCS^2 + R_1LCS^2 + R_1+LS} = \frac{J(R_1R_2 + R_2LS + R_1LS)}{LC(R_1+R_2)S^2 + (R_1R_2C + L)S + R_1} =$$

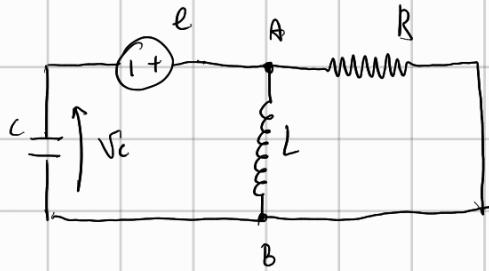
$$= J \left(\frac{R_1R_2 + R_2LS + R_1LS}{LC(R_1+R_2)} \right) = \\ \frac{s^2 + \frac{(R_1R_2C + L)}{LC(R_1+R_2)}}{s + \frac{R_1}{LC(R_1+R_2)}}$$

$$= \frac{J \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^{14} + 10^9 s \right)}{s^2 + 3.33 \cdot 10^{15} s + 3.3 \cdot 10^9}$$

$$s^2 + 3.3 \cdot 10^{15} s + 3.3 \cdot 10^9 = 0$$

$$s_1 = -3.3 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ Hz} \quad s_2 = -1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ Hz}$$

3)



$$C = 1 \text{ MF}$$

$$U_A \left(\frac{1}{SL} + \frac{1}{R} + CS \right) = eCS$$

$$U_A = \frac{eCS}{\frac{1}{SL} + \frac{1}{R} + CS} = \frac{eCS}{\frac{1}{SL} \left(1 + \frac{L}{R}S + LCS^2 \right)} = \frac{eLCS^2}{1 + \frac{L}{R}S + LCS^2} = \frac{eS^2}{S^2 + \frac{1}{RC}S + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

$$U_C = U_A - e = \frac{eS^2 - eS^2 - \frac{e}{RC}S - \frac{e}{LC}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{RC}S + \frac{1}{LC}} = -e \frac{\frac{1}{RC}S + \frac{1}{LC}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{RC}S + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

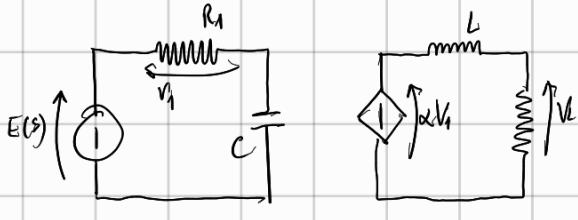
$$H(S) = -\frac{\frac{1}{RC}S + \frac{1}{LC}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{RC}S + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

$$S^2 + \frac{1}{RC}S + \frac{1}{LC} = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{RC} = S_1 + S_2 \\ \frac{1}{LC} = S_1 S_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{R} = -5000 \cdot 10^{-6} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{R} = 5 \cdot 10^3 \Rightarrow R = \frac{1}{5} \cdot 10^3 \\ \frac{1}{L} = 4 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 10^{-6} = 4 \Rightarrow L = \frac{1}{4} \text{ H} \end{cases}$$

$$(S+1000)(S+4000) = S^2 + 5000S + 4000000 = 0$$

3)



$$R_1 = 100 \Omega \quad R_L = 50 \Omega$$

$$C = 10 \text{ mF} \quad L = 1 \text{ mH}$$

$$\alpha = 0.5$$

$$e(t) = 10 \text{ mV} (t - 5 \text{ ms})$$

$$V_L(s) = \frac{\alpha V_L \cdot R_L}{R_L + sL}$$

$$V_L = \frac{E(s) R_L}{R_1 + \frac{1}{Cs}} = \frac{E(s) R_L}{\frac{1+R_1 Cs}{Cs}} = \frac{E(s) R_L Cs}{1+R_1 Cs}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_L(s) &= \frac{\alpha E(s) R_1 C S \cdot R_L}{(1+R_1 C S)(R_L + sL)} = \frac{\alpha E(s) R_1 R_L C S}{R_L + sL + R_1 R_L C S + R_1 C L S^2} = \frac{\alpha E(s) R_1 R_L C S}{R_1 C L (S^2 + \frac{R_L}{L} S + \frac{1}{R_1 C} S + \frac{R_L}{R_1 C L})} = \\ &= \frac{\alpha E R_L S}{S^2 + \left(\frac{R_L}{L} + \frac{1}{R_1 C}\right) S + \frac{R_L}{R_1 C L}} = \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^4 S E(s)}{S^2 + 5 \cdot 10^4 S + 5 \cdot 10^7} \end{aligned}$$

$$S^2 + 5 \cdot 10^4 S + 5 \cdot 10^7 = 0$$

$$S_1 = -1000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$S_2 = -50000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$E(s) = \frac{10}{3} e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$V_L(s) = \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^4 \cdot \frac{10}{3} e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}}}{(S+1000)(S+50000)} = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^4 \cdot \frac{10}{3} e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}} \left(\frac{A}{S+1000} + \frac{B}{S+50000} \right)$$

$$\text{Pole: } A = \lim_{S \rightarrow -1000} \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^4 \cdot \frac{10}{3} e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}}}{S+50000} = \frac{1}{S+1000}$$

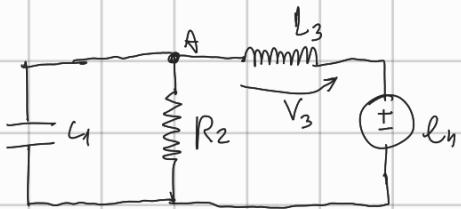
$$B = \frac{1}{S+50000}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_L(s) = \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^4 \cdot \frac{10}{3} e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}}}{S+1000} \left(\frac{1}{S+1000} + \frac{1}{S+50000} \right) = 4,9 e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}} \left(\frac{1}{S+1000} + \frac{1}{S+50000} \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$V_L(t) = 4,9 e^{-1000(t - 5 \cdot 10^{-3})} + 4,9 e^{-50000(t - 5 \cdot 10^{-3})}$$

$$V_L(5,05 \cdot 10^{-3}) = 6,97 \text{ V}$$

3)



$$R_2 = 3 \Omega \quad C_1 = 3 F \quad L_3 = 1 H$$

$$V_{U_1}(0^-) = 0 V \quad I_2(0^-) = 10 \text{ mA}$$

$$I(t) = 10 t \text{ mA} \quad \checkmark$$

$$U_A \left(C_1 S + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{S L_3} \right) = \frac{E_4}{S L_3}$$

$$U_A = \frac{E_4 / S L_3}{\frac{1}{S L_3} \left(C_1 L_3 S^2 + \frac{L_3}{R_2} S + 1 \right)} = \frac{E_4 / C_1 L_3}{S^2 + \frac{1}{R_2 C_1} S + \frac{1}{C_1 L_3}}$$

$$U_A + V_3 - E_4 = 0$$

$$V_3 = E_4 - U_A \Rightarrow$$

$$V_3(S) = \frac{E_4 S^2 + \frac{E_4}{R_2 C_1} S + \frac{E_4}{C_1 L_3} - \frac{E_4}{C_1 L_3}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{R_2 C_1} S + \frac{1}{C_1 L_3}}$$

$$H_{V_L}^E(S) = \frac{S^2 + \frac{S}{R_2 C_1}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{R_2 C_1} S + \frac{1}{C_1 L_3}}$$

$$V_L(S) = H_{V_L}^E(S) \left(E_4(S) + L I_2(0^-) \right) = H_{V_L}^E(S) \left(\frac{10}{S^2} + 10^{-2} \right) - 10^{-2} =$$

$$\frac{10 + \frac{10}{R_2 C_1 S}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{R_2 C_1} S + \frac{1}{C_1 L_3}} + \frac{\frac{10^{-2} S^2 + \frac{10^{-2} S}{R_2 C_1}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{R_2 C_1} S + \frac{1}{C_1 L_3}} - 10^{-2}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{R_2 C_1} S + \frac{1}{C_1 L_3}} =$$

$$= \frac{10}{S^2 + \frac{1}{9} S + \frac{1}{3}} + \frac{10}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{S(S^2 + \frac{1}{9} S + \frac{1}{3})} + \frac{\frac{10^{-2} S^2 + \frac{10^{-2} S}{9}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{9} S + \frac{1}{3}} - 10^{-2} S^2 - \frac{10^{-2}}{9} S - \frac{10^{-2}}{3}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{9} S + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$= \frac{10 - \frac{10^{-2}}{3}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{9} S + \frac{1}{3}} + \frac{10}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{S(S^2 + \frac{1}{9} S + \frac{1}{3})}$$

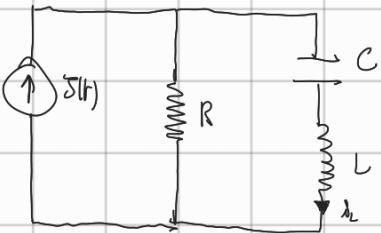
$$g \cdot 99 \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 + \frac{1}{9}s + \frac{1}{3}} + \frac{10}{3s} + \frac{10}{9} \cdot \frac{-3s - \frac{1}{3}}{s^2 + \frac{1}{9}s + \frac{1}{3}} =$$

$$= g \cdot 63 \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 + \frac{1}{9}s + \frac{1}{3}} + \frac{10}{3s} - \frac{10}{3} \frac{s}{s^2 + \frac{1}{9}s + \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\omega_m^2 = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \omega_m = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \quad 2\pi \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{1}{9} \Rightarrow \sqrt{3} \omega = \frac{1}{6} \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{18}$$

$$J(r) = g \cdot 63 \cdot \frac{1}{0.57} e^{-\frac{1}{18}t} \sin(0.57t) u(r) + \frac{10}{3} u(r) +$$

$$- \frac{10}{3} \left(-0.097 e^{-\frac{1}{18}t} \sin(0.57t) + 0.99 e^{-\frac{1}{18}t} \cos(0.57t) \right) u(r)$$



$$J(t) = S t (f(t) - f(t-2))$$

$$J(t) = S t (u_{t/2} - u_{(t-2)}) =$$

$$S t u(t) - S t u(t-2) = S t u(t) - S(t-2+2) u(t-2) = \\ S t u(t) - S(t-2) u(t-2) - 10 u(t-2)$$

$$J(s) \rightarrow \frac{5}{s^2} - \frac{5}{s^2} e^{-2s} - \frac{10}{s} e^{-2s}$$

$$I_L(s) = \frac{J(s)R}{R + sL + \frac{1}{Cs}} = \frac{J(s)R}{\frac{1}{Cs}(LCs^2 + RCS + 1)} = \frac{CR J(s)s}{LC(s^2 + \frac{R}{L}s + \frac{1}{LC})} = \frac{\frac{R}{L}s J(s)}{s^2 + \frac{R}{L}s + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

Belmann case:

$$s^2 + s + 1 = 0$$

$$I_L(s) = \frac{s J(s)}{s^2 + s + 1} = \frac{5}{s(s^2 + s + 1)} - \frac{5e^{-2s}}{s(s^2 + s + 1)} - \frac{10e^{-2s}}{s^2 + s + 1}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s^2 + s + 1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{Bs + C}{s^2 + s + 1} \Rightarrow As^2 + As + A + Bs^2 + Cs \\ A + B = 0 \quad B = -1 \\ A + C = 0 \quad C = -1 \\ A = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s^2 + s + 1)} = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{s}{s^2 + s + 1} - \frac{1}{s^2 + s + 1} \\ \downarrow w_n^2 = 1 \Rightarrow w_n = 1$$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2}$$

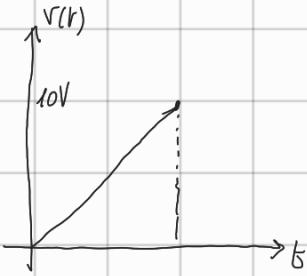
$$f_1(t) = u(t) \quad f_3(t) = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) u(t)$$

$$f_2(t) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) + e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) u(t)$$

$$I_1(s) = \frac{s}{s(s^2+s+1)} - \frac{se^{-2s}}{s(s^2+s+1)} - \frac{10e^{-2s}}{s^2+s+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_L(t) &= 5u(t) + \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) - 5e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) - \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}t\right) \\ &\quad - 5u(t-2) - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(t-2)} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(t-2)\right) + se^{-\frac{1}{2}(t-2)} \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(t-2)\right) + \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(t-2)} \sin\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(t-2)\right) \end{aligned}$$

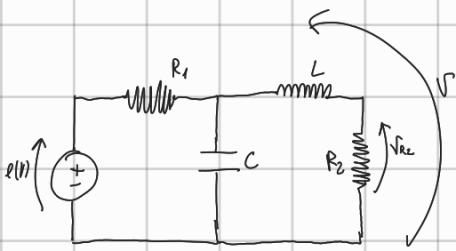
2)



$$V(t) = 10t(\mu(t) - \mu(t-1))$$

$$E(s) = \frac{10}{s^2} - \frac{10}{s} e^{-s} - \frac{10}{s} e^{-s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V(t) &= 10t\mu(t) - 10(t-1)\mu(t-1) = \\ &= 10t\mu(t) - 10(t-1)\mu(t-1) - 10\mu(t-1) \end{aligned}$$



$$R_1 = 1k\Omega \quad R_2 = 1k\Omega$$

$$L = 50\text{mH} \quad C = 5\mu\text{F}$$

$$\dot{Z}_{LR_2} = R_2 + LS$$

$$\dot{Z}_{LR_2C} = \left(\frac{1}{R_2 + LS} + CS \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1 + RCS + LCS^2}{R_2 + LS} \right)^{-1} = \frac{R_2 + LS}{LCS^2 + RCS + 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{V}(s) &= \frac{E(s)}{R_1 + \frac{R_2 + LS}{LCS^2 + RCS + 1}} \cdot \frac{R_2 + LS}{LCS^2 + RCS + 1} \\ &= \frac{E(s)(R_2 + LS)}{R_1 LCS^2 + R_1 R_2 CS + R_1 + R_2 + LS} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{V}_2(s) &= \frac{\dot{V}(s) \cdot R_2}{R_2 + LS} = \frac{E(s) R_2}{R_1 LCS^2 + R_1 R_2 CS + LS + R_1 + R_2} = \frac{\frac{E(s) R_2}{R_1 LC}}{S^2 + \frac{R_2}{L} S + \frac{1}{RC} S + \frac{1}{LC} + \frac{R_2}{R_1 LC}} \Rightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{R_2}{R_1 LC} \cdot \frac{1}{S^2 + \left(\frac{R_2}{L} + \frac{1}{RC} \right) S + \frac{R_2}{R_1 LC} + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

SBA(GVAJ)



$$H(s) = \frac{4 \cdot 10^6}{S^2 + (4 \cdot 10^9 + 200) S + 4 \cdot 10^6 + 4 \cdot 10^6} = \frac{4 \cdot 10^6}{S^2 + (4 \cdot 10^9 + 200) S + 8 \cdot 10^6}$$

$$S_1 = -4 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Hz}$$

$$S_2 = -2 \cdot 10^3 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\frac{10}{s^2} - \frac{10}{s^2} e^{-s} - \frac{10}{s} e^{-s}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{4 \cdot 10^6}{(s + 4 \cdot 10^9)(s + 2 \cdot 10^3)}$$

$$V_{R_2}(s) = H(s) E(s) = \frac{4 \cdot 10^4 (1 - e^{-s})}{s^2 (s + 4 \cdot 10^9)(s + 2 \cdot 10^3)} = \frac{4 \cdot 10^4 e^{-s}}{s (s + 4 \cdot 10^9)(s + 2 \cdot 10^3)}$$

$$\frac{1}{s^2 (s + 4 \cdot 10^9)(s + 2 \cdot 10^3)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s^2} + \frac{C}{s + 4 \cdot 10^9} + \frac{D}{s + 2 \cdot 10^3}$$

$$A \left(s^2 + (4 \cdot 10^9 + 200) s^2 + 8 \cdot 10^6 \right) + B \left(s^2 + (4 \cdot 10^9 + 200) s + 8 \cdot 10^6 \right) +$$

$$C \left(s^2 + 2 \cdot 10^3 s^2 \right) + D \left(s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^9 s^2 \right)$$

$$A + C + D = 0$$

$$A (4 \cdot 10^9 + 200) + B + 2 \cdot 10^3 C + D \cdot 4 \cdot 10^9 = 0$$

$$8 \cdot 10^6 A + (4 \cdot 10^9 + 200) B = 0$$

$$8 \cdot 10^6 B = 0$$

$$A = -6.25 \cdot 10^5 \quad B = 8 \cdot 10^{-6}$$
$$C = -3.12 \cdot 10^{-12} \quad D = 6.25 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s+4 \cdot 10^9)(s+2 \cdot 10^{-3})} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+4 \cdot 10^9} + \frac{C}{s+2 \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$A(s^2 + (4 \cdot 10^9 + 200)s + 8 \cdot 10^6) + B(s^2 + 2 \cdot 10^{-3}s) + C(s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^9 s)$$

$$A + B + C = 0$$

$$(4 \cdot 10^9 + 200)A + 2 \cdot 10^{-3}B + 4 \cdot 10^9 C = 0$$

$$A = 8 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

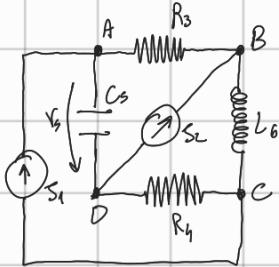
$$A = -6.25 \cdot 10^{-5}, \quad B = 8 \cdot 10^{-6}, \quad C = -3.12 \cdot 10^{-12}, \quad D = 6.25 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$A = 8 \cdot 10^{-6}, \quad B = 6.25 \cdot 10^{-15}, \quad C = -1.25 \cdot 10^{-7}$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot 10^4 (1 - e^{-s})}{s^2(s+4 \cdot 10^9)(s+2 \cdot 10^{-3})} = (1 - e^{-s}) \left(-\frac{2500}{s} + \frac{320}{s^2} - \right.$$

SBAGLIAZO

1)

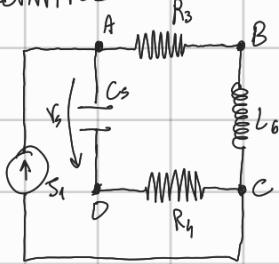


$$S_1(t) = 200 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot t \cdot u(t) = \frac{1}{5} t u(t)$$

$$S_2(t) = \frac{100 \cdot 10^3}{1 \cdot 10^3} t \cdot u(t) = 100 t \cdot u(t)$$

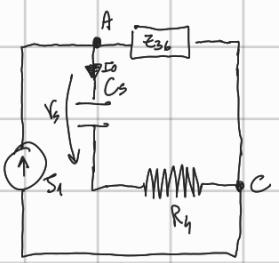
$$R_3 = R_4 = 20 \Omega \quad C_S = 100 \text{ nF} \quad L_6 = 10 \text{ mH}$$

SOVRAPPPOSIZIONE



||

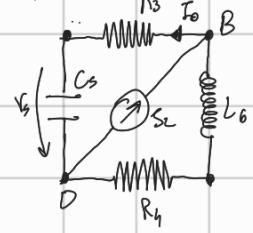
$$\dot{Z}_{36} = R_3 + S L_6$$



$$I_0 = \frac{S_1 \cdot Z_{36}}{Z_{36} + R_4 + \frac{1}{S C_S}} = \frac{S_1 (R_3 + S L_6)}{\frac{1}{S C_S} (1 + R_4 C_S + R_3 C_S S + L_6 C_S^2)}$$

$$V_2(s) = I_0 \frac{1}{S C_S} = \frac{-S_1 (R_3 + S L_6)}{L_6 C_S s^2 + (R_4 C_S + R_3 C_S) s + 1}$$

SPENGO S1



$$I_0^2 = \frac{J_2(R_4 + SL_6)}{R_4 + SL_6 + R_3 + \frac{1}{SC_5}}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = -\frac{1}{SC_5} \cdot I_0^2 = -\frac{J_2(R_4 + SL_6)}{1 + (R_3C_5 + R_4C_5)s + C_5L_6s^2}$$

$$\sqrt{s}(s) = -\frac{1}{C_5L_6s^2 + (R_3C_5 + R_4C_5)s + 1} (J_2(R_4 + SL_6) + J_1(R_3 + SL_6))$$

$$R_3 = R_4 = 20 \Omega \quad C_5 = 100 \mu F \quad L_6 = 10 mH$$

$$\sqrt{s}(s) = -\frac{1}{C_5L_6s^2 + (R_3C_5 + R_4C_5)s + 1} \left(\frac{100}{s^2} (R_4 + SL_6) + \frac{1}{5s} (R_3 + SL_6) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{10^{-12}s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^{-6}s + 1} \left(\frac{2000}{s^2} + \frac{10^{-3}}{s} + \frac{1}{4s} + 2 \cdot 10^{-6} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{10^{12}}{s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^6 s + 10^{12}} \left(\frac{2000}{s^2} + \frac{251}{1000s} + 2 \cdot 10^{-6} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{2 \cdot 10^{15}}{s^2(s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^6 s + 10^{12})} - \frac{251 \cdot 10^9}{s(s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^6 s + 10^{12})} - \frac{2 \cdot 10^6}{s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^6 s + 10^{12}}$$

$$\frac{1}{s^2(s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^6 s + 10^{12})} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s^2} + \frac{C}{s + 2.67 \cdot 10^5} + \frac{D}{s + 3.73 \cdot 10^6}$$

$$A(s^3 + 4 \cdot 10^6 s^2 + 10^{12}s) + B(s^2 + 4 \cdot 10^6 s + 10^{12}) + C(s^3 + 3.73 \cdot 10^6 s^2) + D(s^2 + 2.67 \cdot 10^6 s^2) = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} A + C + D = 0 \\ 4 \cdot 10^6 A + B + 3.73 \cdot 10^6 C + 2.67 \cdot 10^6 D = 0 \\ 10^{12} A = 0 \\ 10^{12} B = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$A = 0 \quad B = 10^{-12} \quad C = -2.9 \cdot 10^{-13} \quad D = 2.9 \cdot 10^{-13}$$

$$= \frac{10^{-12}}{s^2} - \frac{2.9 \cdot 10^{-13}}{s + 2.67 \cdot 10^5} + \frac{2.9 \cdot 10^{-13}}{s + 3.73 \cdot 10^6}$$

1)

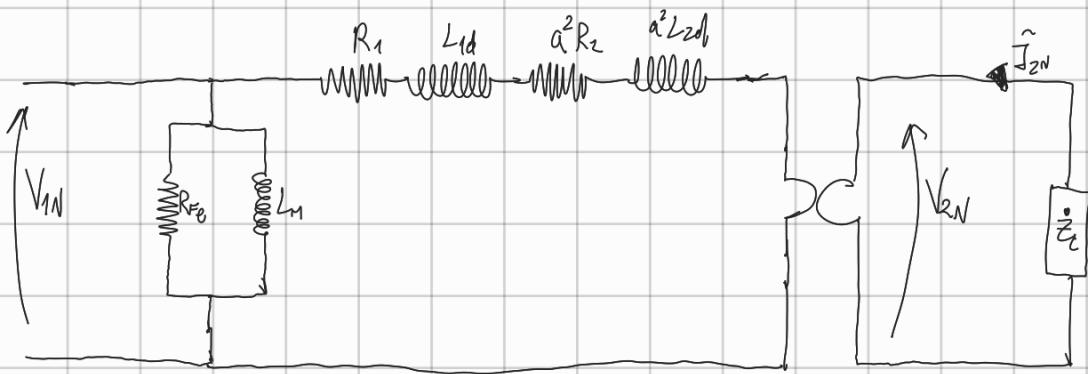
$$P = 15 \text{ kVA}$$

$$V_{1N} = 2300 \text{ V} \quad V_{2N} = 230 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{ca} = 0.21 \text{ A} \quad P_{ca} = 60 \text{ W}$$

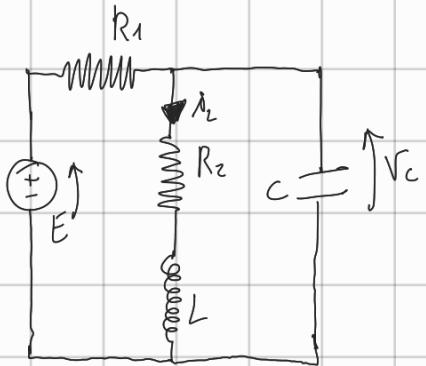
$$V_{cc} = 37 \text{ V} \quad P_{cc} = 100 \text{ W}$$

$$Z_c = (3 + 2j) \Omega$$



$$I_{2N} = 15 \text{ kVA}$$

3)



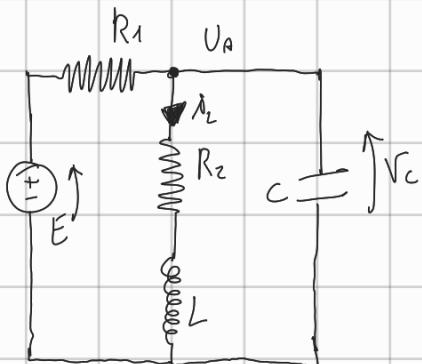
$$E = 10 \mu\text{V}(\text{t})$$

$$R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \quad R_2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$L = 10 \text{ mH} \quad I_L(0) = 0 \text{ A}$$

$$C = 1 \text{ }\mu\text{F} \quad V_C(0) = 1 \text{ V}$$

Usa sovraposizione effetti: E acceso.

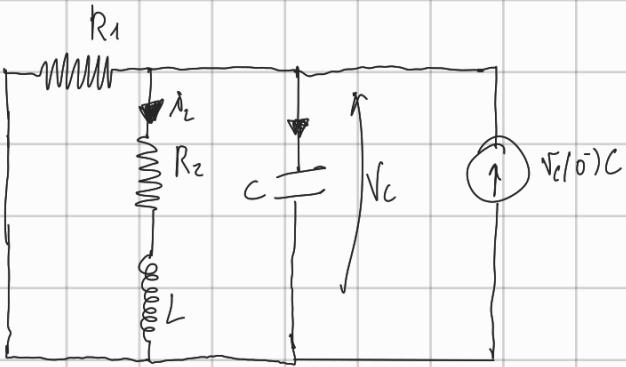


$$U_A \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2 + sL} + sC \right) = \frac{E}{R_1}$$

$$U_A \left(\frac{R_2 + sL + R_1 + R_1 R_2 L s + R_1 L C s^2}{R_1 R_2 + R_1 L s} \right) = \frac{E}{R_1}$$

$$U_A = \frac{E \cdot (R_2 + Ls)}{R_1 L C s^2 + (R_1 R_2 C + L)s + R_1 + R_2}$$

$$I_L(s) = \frac{U_A(s)}{R_2 + Ls} = \frac{E}{R_1 L C s^2 + (R_1 R_2 C + L)s + R_1 + R_2}$$



$$I_L(s) = \frac{C\sqrt{c}(0^-) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R_2 + sL}\right)}{\frac{1}{R_2 + sL} + \frac{1}{R_1} + sC} =$$

$$I_L^2(s) = \frac{C\sqrt{c}(0^-) \cdot \frac{1}{R_2 + sL}}{R_1 + R_2 + sL + R_1 R_2 C s + R_1 L C s^2} = \frac{R_1 C \sqrt{c}(0^-)}{R_1 L C s^2 + (R_1 R_2 C + L)s + R_1 + R_2}$$

$$I_L(s) = \frac{1}{R_1 L C s^2 + (R_1 R_2 C + L)s + R_1 + R_2} \left(E + R_1 C \sqrt{c}(0^-) \right)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{R_1 L C}}{s^2 + \frac{(R_1 R_2 C + L)}{R_1 L C}s + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1 L C}} \left(\frac{10}{s} + R_1 C \sqrt{c}(0^-) \right) =$$

$$= \frac{10^5}{s(s^2 + 1.0001 \cdot 10^6 s + 2 \cdot 10^8)} + \frac{100}{s^2 + 1.0001 \cdot 10^6 s + 2 \cdot 10^8}$$

$$s^2 + 1.0001 \cdot 10^6 s + 2 \cdot 10^8 = 0$$

$$s_1 \approx -200 \text{ Hz}$$

$$s_2 \approx -10^6 \text{ Hz}$$

$$a) \frac{1}{S(S+200)(S+10^6)} = \frac{A}{S} + \frac{B}{S+200} + \frac{C}{S+10^6}$$

$$A = \lim_{S \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{(S+200)(S+10^6)} = 5 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$B = \lim_{S \rightarrow -200} \frac{1}{S(S+10^6)} = -5.001 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$C = \lim_{S \rightarrow -10^6} \frac{1}{S(S+200)} = 1.0002 \cdot 10^{-12}$$

$$b) \frac{1}{(S+200)(S+10^6)} = \frac{A}{S+200} + \frac{B}{S+10^6}$$

$$A = \lim_{S \rightarrow -200} \frac{1}{S+10^6} = 1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$B = \lim_{S \rightarrow -10^6} \frac{1}{S+200} = -1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_L(S) &= 10^5 \left(\frac{5 \cdot 10^{-9}}{S} - \frac{5.001 \cdot 10^{-9}}{S+200} + \frac{1.0002 \cdot 10^{-12}}{S+10^6} \right) + 100 \left(\frac{1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6}}{S+200} - \frac{1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6}}{S+10^6} \right) = \\ &= \frac{5 \cdot 10^{-9}}{S} - \frac{5.001 \cdot 10^{-9}}{S+200} + \frac{1.0002 \cdot 10^{-12}}{S+10^6} + \frac{1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6}}{S+200} - \frac{1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6}}{S+10^6} \end{aligned}$$

$$i(t) = 5 \cdot 10^{-9} u(t) - 5.001 \cdot 10^{-9} e^{-200t} + 1.0002 \cdot 10^{-12} e^{-10^6 t} + 1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6} e^{-200t} - 1.0002 \cdot 10^{-6} e^{-10^6 t}$$

1)

$$\int_Y \frac{e^z + e^{-z}}{z^4} dz$$

$\gamma = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z|=1\}$

(PICCOLO CAMEO
DI ANALISI 2)

$$f(z) = e^z + e^{-z} \quad \text{domain } \sim \mathbb{C}$$

$z_0 = 0 \quad n=3$

$$f^{(3)}(0) = \frac{3!}{2\pi i} \int_Y f(z) dz$$

$$\int_Y f(z) dz = \frac{2\pi i}{6} (e^0 - e^0) = 0$$

2)

$$\int_Y \frac{z^2+1}{z(z-8)} dz$$

$\gamma: \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z-3|=6\}$

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2+1}{z-8} \quad \text{domain nell'anello di } \gamma.$$

$z_0 = 0 \quad n=0$

$$f(0) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_Y f(z) dz \rightarrow \int_Y f(z) dz = 2\pi i f(0) = -\frac{2\pi i}{6}$$

3)

$$U(x,y) = \alpha x^2 + y^2$$

$$\Delta U = 0 = 2\alpha + 2 = 0 \quad \alpha = -1$$

$$U(x,y) = y^2 - x^2$$

$$My = 2y$$

$$\begin{cases} M_x = \sqrt{y} \\ M_y = -\sqrt{x} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \nabla V(-\sqrt{y}, \sqrt{x})$$

$$\Rightarrow V = \int (-2y) dx = -2xy + C(y)$$

$$V_y = -2x + C'(y) = -2x$$

$$C(y) = C$$

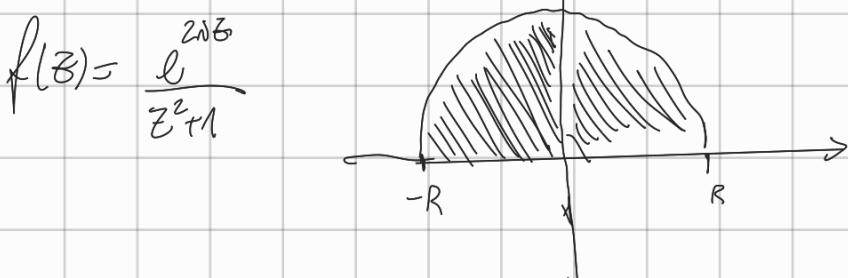
$$f(x+iy) = y^2 - x^2 + i(-2xy + C)$$

4)

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{x^2 + 1} dx = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(2\pi x))}{x^2 + 1} dx =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx - \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\cos(2\pi x)}{x^2 + 1} dx} \right]$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\cos(2\pi x)}{x^2 + 1} dx = \operatorname{Re} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{2\pi ix}}{x^2 + 1} dx \right)$$



$$f(z) = \frac{e^{2\pi iz}}{z^2 + 1}$$

$$\Gamma_R = [-R, R] \cup \gamma_R(0)$$

$$\int_{P_R} f(z) dz = \int_{IR} \frac{e^{2\pi i z}}{x^2 + 1} dx + \int_{Y_R^+(0)} f(z) dz$$

$\rightarrow 0$ Se $R \rightarrow \infty$
 $R \rightarrow +\infty$
||
Cierre de curva

$2\pi i \operatorname{Res}(f(z), \alpha)$

$$\operatorname{Res}(f(z), \alpha) = \lim_{z \rightarrow \alpha} \frac{e^{2\pi i z}}{(z - \alpha)} = \frac{e^{-2\pi i \alpha}}{2\pi i}$$

$$\int_{IR} \frac{e^{2\pi i x}}{x^2 + 1} dx = 2\pi i \cdot \frac{e^{-2\pi i \alpha}}{2\pi i} = \pi e^{-2\pi i \alpha}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx =$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + 1}$$

$$P_R = [-R, R] \cup Y_R^+(0)$$

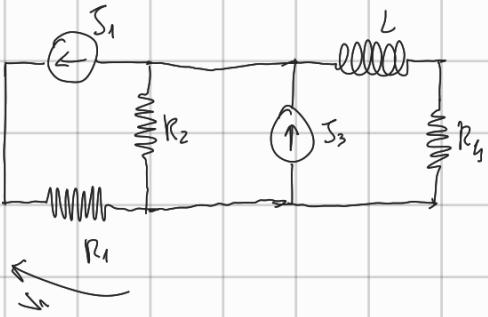
$$\int_{P_R} f(z) dz = \int_{[-R, R]} f(x) dz + \int_{Y_R^+(0)} f(z) dz \rightarrow 0$$

Se $R \rightarrow \infty$

$$2\pi i \operatorname{Res}(f'(z), \alpha) = 2\pi i \cdot \frac{1}{2\alpha} = \pi$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\cos(2\pi x)}{x^2 + 1} dx}_{= 0} =$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}\pi - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{e^{2\pi}} \right) = \frac{1}{2}\pi \left(1 - \frac{1}{e^{2\pi}} \right) = \frac{1}{2}\pi \left(\frac{e^{2\pi} - 1}{e^{2\pi}} \right)$$

3)

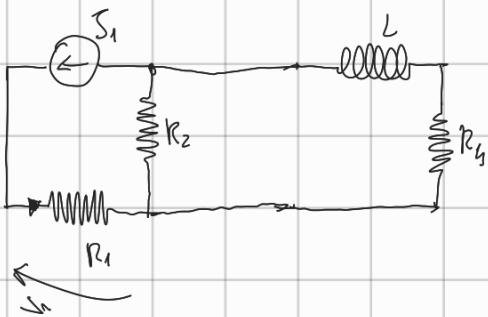


$$R_1 = 5 \text{ k}\Omega \quad R_2 = R_3 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \quad L = 10 \text{ mH}$$

$$J_1(t) = 10 \cdot 10^3 \mu(t) \text{ A}$$

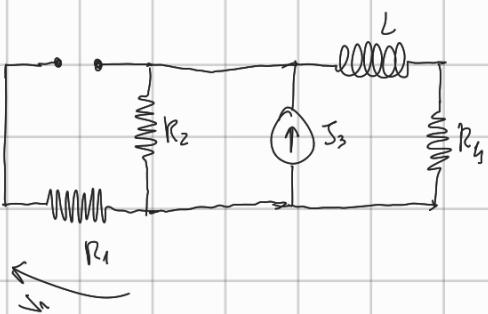
$$J_2(t) = 100\sqrt{2} \sin(\omega t) u(t) \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

Spago J3:



$$V_1(s) = R_1 J_1 \Rightarrow H_{R_1}(s) = R_1$$

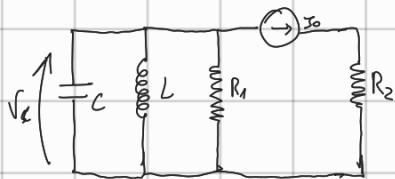
2) RICHIESTA



$$V_1 = 0 \Rightarrow H(s) = 0$$

$$V_1^{\text{ref}}(s) = H_1(s) J_1 + H_2(s) J_2 \therefore R_1 J_1 = \frac{100}{s}$$

3)



$$R_1 = R_2 = 10 \Omega$$

$$L = 10 \text{ mH} \quad C = 1 \text{ nF}$$

$$J(t) = 10(\mu(t) - \mu(t-1\text{ms})) \text{ mA}$$

$$J(t) = 10^2 \mu(t) + 10^2 \mu(t-1\text{ms});$$

$$J(s) = \frac{10}{s} + \frac{10}{s} e^{-10^3 s}$$

$$Z_{\text{tor}} = \left(\frac{1}{sC} + \frac{1}{sL} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{R_1 L C s^2 + R_1 + sL}{R_1 L s} \right)^{-1} = \frac{R_1 L s}{R_1 L C s^2 + sL + R_1}$$

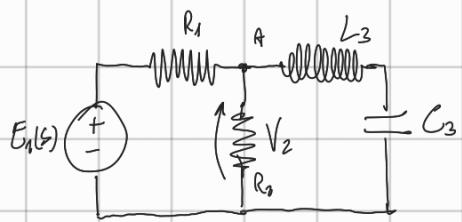
$$\begin{aligned} V_c(s) &= J(s) Z_{\text{tor}} = \frac{R_1 L s}{R_1 C (s^2 + \frac{s}{R_1 C} + \frac{1}{L C})} \left(\frac{10}{s} + \frac{10}{s} e^{-10^3 s} \right) = \\ &= \frac{\frac{10^2}{C} + \frac{10^2}{s} e^{-10^3 s}}{s^2 + \frac{s}{R_1 C} + \frac{1}{L C}} \end{aligned}$$

$$s^2 + \frac{s}{R_1 C} + \frac{1}{L C} = 0$$

$$s_1 = -3.3 \cdot 10^3 \text{ Hz}$$

$$s_2 = -1 \text{ kHz}$$

3)



$$R_1 = R_2 = 10 \Omega$$

$$L_3 = 3 \text{ H} \quad C_3 = 2 \text{ F}$$

$$V_A \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{sL_3 + \frac{1}{sC_3}} \right) = \frac{E_1}{R_1}$$

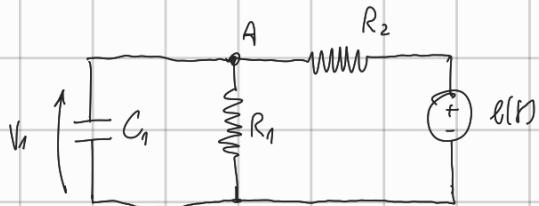
$$\frac{1}{\frac{C_3L_3s^2 + 1}{sC_3}} = \frac{sC_3}{1 + C_3L_3s^2}$$

$$\frac{R_2 + R_2C_3L_3s^2 + R_1 + R_1C_3L_3s^2 + R_1R_2C_3s}{R_1R_2(1 + C_3L_3s^2)}$$

$$V_A = \frac{E_1}{R_1} \cdot \frac{R_1R_2(1 + C_3L_3s^2)}{(R_2C_3L_3 + R_1C_3L_3)s^2 + R_1R_2C_3s + R_1 + R_2}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{R_2 + R_2C_3L_3s^2}{(R_2C_3L_3 + R_1C_3L_3)\left(s^2 + \frac{R_1R_2C_3}{(R_2 + R_1)C_3L_3}s + \frac{1}{C_3L_3}\right)}$$

3)



$$R_1 = R_2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \quad C = 10 \mu\text{F} \quad V_0(0^-) = 1.5V$$

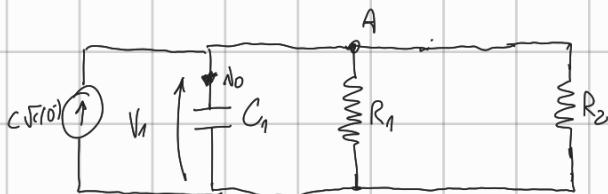
$$l(t) = 10(M(t) - M(t-10\text{ms})) \quad \checkmark$$

Spergo con le analisi:

$$U_A \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + SC_1 + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = \frac{E}{R_2}$$

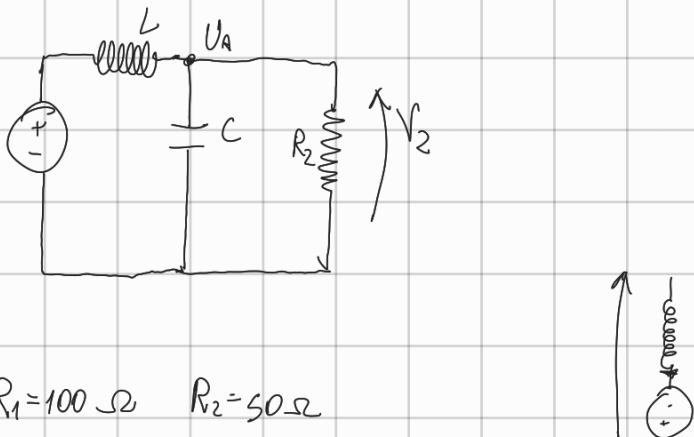
$$U_A \left(\frac{R_2 + R_1 R_2 CS + R_1}{R_1 R_2} \right) = \frac{E}{R_2}$$

$$U_A = \frac{R_1 E}{R_1 R_2 CS + R_1 + R_2}$$



$$I_0 = \frac{C\sqrt{C}(0^-) \cdot C_1 S}{\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + C_1 S} = \frac{C\sqrt{C}(0^-) \cdot C_1 S R_1 R_2}{R_1 R_2 C S + R_1 + R_2}$$

3)



$$R_1 = 100 \Omega \quad R_2 = 50 \Omega$$

$$C = 10 \mu F \quad U_C(0^-) = 0 V$$

$$L = 100 \mu H \quad I_L(0^-) = 10 \text{ mA}$$

$$\ell(r) = 10 \mu \text{H}$$

$$H_e(S) = ?$$

$$\tilde{U}_A \left(CS + \frac{1}{LS} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = \frac{E}{LS}$$

$$\tilde{U}_A \left(\frac{R_2 L C S^2 + R_2 + LS}{R_2 LS} \right) = \frac{E}{LS}$$

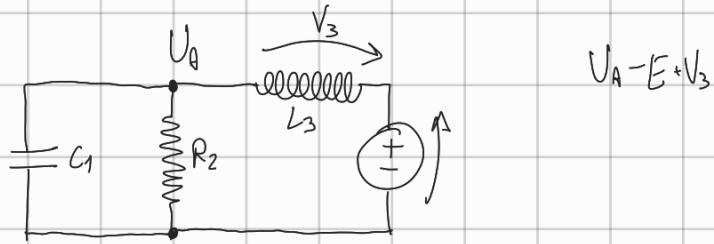
$$\tilde{U}_A = \frac{ER_2}{R_2 L C S^2 + LS + R_2}$$

$$H_e(S) = \left(\frac{R_2}{R_2 L C S^2 + LS + R_2} \right)$$

Con le condizioni iniziali generatore rimbalzante è nella stessa posizione di E.

$$V_2(S) = H(S) \left(E - L I_L(0) \right)$$

3)



$$R_2 = 3 \Omega \quad C_1 = 3 F \quad U_{C_1}(0^-) = 0 V$$

$$L_3 = 1 H \quad I_2(0^-) = 10 m A$$

$$I(t) = 10t \mu(t) \quad V$$

Calcolo $H(s)$ ignorando condiz. iniziali:

$$U_A \left(\frac{1}{sL_3} + \frac{1}{R_2} + CS \right) = \frac{E}{sL_3}$$

$$U_A \left(\frac{R_2 + L_3 s + R_2 L_3 C_1 s^2}{L_3 R_2 s} \right) = \frac{E}{sL_3}$$

$$U_A = \frac{ER_2}{R_2 L_3 C_1 s^2 + L_3 s + R_2}$$

$$V_3^2 = E - U_A = E \left(1 - \frac{R_2}{R_2 L_3 C_1 s^2 + L_3 s + R_2} \right)$$

$$H_E(s) = 1 - \frac{R_2}{R_2 L_3 C_1 s^2 + L_3 s + R_2}$$

Caso generale condiz. iniziali n. zero.

$$V_3^2 = -U_A = -\frac{L I_L(0) R_2}{R_2 L_3 C_1 s^2 + L_3 s + R_2}$$

$$V_3(s) = E - \frac{ER_2}{R_2L_3C_1s^2 + L_3s + R_2} - \frac{L_{Ni}(0)R_2}{R_2L_3C_1s^2 + L_3s + R_2}$$

$$V_3(s) = \frac{10}{s^2} - \frac{3}{s^2(8s^2 + s + 3)} - \frac{3 \cdot 10^{-2}}{8s^2 + s + 3} =$$

$$= \frac{10}{s^2} + \frac{1/3}{s^2(s^2 + \frac{s}{8} + \frac{1}{3})} - \frac{10^{-2}}{s^2 + \frac{s}{8} + \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$8s^2 + s + 3 = 0$$

Poli complessi e coniugati.

$$\frac{1}{s^2(s^2 + \frac{1}{8}s + \frac{1}{3})} = \frac{As+B}{s^2} + \frac{Cs+D}{s^2 + \frac{1}{8}s + \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$(As+B)(s^2 + \frac{1}{8}s + \frac{1}{3}) + (Cs+D)s^2 = 1$$

$$As^3 + \frac{A}{8}s^2 + \frac{A}{3}s + Bs^2 + \frac{B}{8}s + \frac{B}{3} + Cs^3 + Ds^2 = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} A+C=0 \\ \frac{A}{8}+B+D=0 \\ \frac{A}{3}+\frac{B}{8}=0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{A}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 0 \quad A=-1$$

B=3

$$A=-1 \quad C=1 \quad -\frac{1}{8}+3=-D$$

$$\frac{26}{8} = -D \quad D = -\frac{26}{8}$$

\Rightarrow

$$V(S) = \frac{10}{S^2} + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{-S+3}{S^2} + \frac{S - \frac{26}{9}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{9}S + \frac{1}{3}} \right) - \frac{10^{-2}}{S^2 + \frac{1}{9}S + \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\frac{10}{S^2} \Rightarrow 10t u(t)$$

$$\frac{3}{S^2} \Rightarrow 3t u(t)$$

$$-\frac{1}{S} \Rightarrow -u(t)$$

$$\frac{1}{S^2 + \frac{1}{9}S + \frac{1}{3}} \Rightarrow 1.7 S e^{-\frac{t}{18}} \sin(0.57t) u(t)$$

$$\omega_m^2 = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \omega_m = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

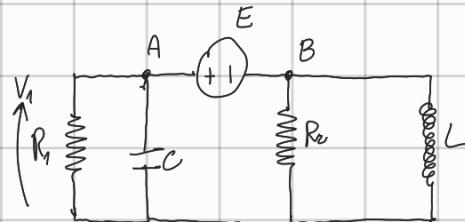
$$2\delta \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{1}{9} \Rightarrow \sqrt{3} \delta = \frac{1}{6} \quad \delta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{18}$$

$$\left[1.7 S e^{-\frac{t}{18}} \sin(0.57t) u(t) \right] =$$

$$-0.1 e^{-\frac{t}{18}} \sin(0.57t) u(t) + e^{-\frac{t}{18}} \cos(0.57t) u(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{|t|} = & \left[10t + t - \frac{1}{3} - 0.03 e^{-\frac{t}{18}} \sin(0.57t) + 0.33 e^{-\frac{t}{18}} \cos(0.57t) + \right. \\ & \left. - 1.7 e^{-\frac{t}{18}} \sin(0.57t) \right] u(t) \end{aligned}$$

3)



$$R_1 = R_2 = 0.5 \Omega$$

$$C = 100 \text{ nF} \quad V_C(0^-) = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{3} \text{ mH} \quad \ell(r) = 10 \mu \text{ (t - 3 ms)} \text{ V}$$

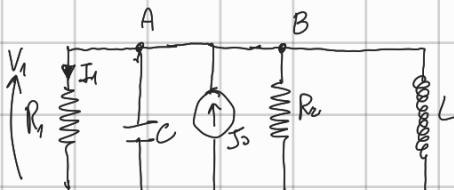
$$H_E^V(s) = ?$$

$$Z_{1C} = \left(\frac{1}{R} + SC \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1 + R_1 CS}{R_1} \right)^{-1} = \frac{R_1}{1 + R_1 CS}$$

$$Z_{2L} = \left(\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{SL} \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{SL + R}{RLS} \right)^{-1} = \frac{RLS}{R + SL}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_1(s) &= E \cdot \frac{R}{1 + R CS} \\ &= \frac{E}{\frac{R}{1 + R CS} + \frac{RLS}{R + SL}} = \frac{E}{\frac{R + SL + LS + RLC S^2}{(R + SL)(1 + R CS)}} \\ &= \frac{E(R + SL)}{RLC S^2 + 2LS + R} \end{aligned}$$

CASO COND. INI ZI ALI



$$\begin{aligned} V_1(s) &= \frac{J_0}{\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R} + SC + \frac{1}{SL}} = \frac{J_0}{\frac{2LS + RLC S^2 + R}{RLS}} = \frac{J_0 RLS}{RLC S^2 + 2LS + R} \end{aligned}$$

$$V(s) = \frac{E(R+SL)}{RLCs^2 + 2LS + R} + \frac{J_0 R_{LS}}{RLCs^2 + 2LS + R} =$$

$$= \frac{E \frac{(R+SL)}{RLC}}{s^2 + \frac{2}{RC}s + \frac{1}{LC}} + \frac{\frac{J_0 s}{C}}{s^2 + \frac{2}{RC}s + \frac{1}{LC}} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{s} e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}s} \cdot \frac{0.5 + 3.3 \cdot 10^7 s}{1.67 \cdot 10^{-12}} + \frac{s}{s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10}} =$$

$$= \frac{e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}s}}{s} \left(\frac{3 \cdot 10^{11} + 1.98 \cdot 10^{19}s}{s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10}} \right) + \frac{s}{s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10}} =$$

$$= \frac{e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}s} \cdot 3 \cdot 10^{11}}{s(s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10})} + \frac{e^{-s \cdot 10^{-3}s} \cdot 1.98 \cdot 10^{19}s}{s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10}} + \frac{s}{s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10}}$$

$$s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10} = 0$$

Poli complessi e coniugati

$$\frac{1}{s(s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10})} = \frac{a}{s} + \frac{bs + c}{s^2 + 40000s + 3 \cdot 10^{10}}$$

$$\alpha s^2 + 40000\alpha s + 3 \cdot 10^{10}\alpha + b s^2 + sc = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} a+b=0 \\ 40000a+c=0 \\ a=\frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^{-10} \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} b=-\frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^{-10} \\ c=-1.33 \cdot 10^{-6} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^{-10} \cdot \frac{1}{S} - \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^{-10} \frac{S}{S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10}} - \frac{1.33 \cdot 10^{-6}}{S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10}}}{S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10}} \right] =$$

$$\omega_m^2 = 3 \cdot 10^{10} \Rightarrow \omega_m = 173205$$

$$\omega_m \cdot 2\pi = 40000$$

$$\varphi = \frac{20000}{\omega_m} = 0.12$$

$$f(t) = 5.8 \cdot 10^{-6} e^{-20784t} \sin(172414t) u(t) = g(t)$$

$$f'(t) = -0.12 e^{-20784t} \sin(172414t) + e^{-20784t} \cos(172414t) = h(t)$$

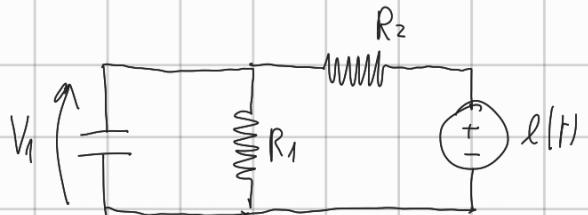
$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{S(S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10})} \right] = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^{-10} u(t) + 4 \cdot 10^{-12} e^{-20784t} \sin(172414t) - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^{-10} e^{-20784t} \cos(172414t) +$$

$$-7.714 \cdot 10^{-12} e^{-20784t} \sin(172414t) = f(t)$$

$$F(S) = \frac{e^{-S \cdot 10^{-3}} S \cdot 8.35 \cdot 10^{11}}{S(S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10})} + \frac{e^{-S \cdot 10^{-3}} S \cdot 5 \cdot 10^{13}}{S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10}} + \frac{S}{S^2 + 40000S + 3 \cdot 10^{10}}$$

$$f(t) = 3 \cdot 10^{11} f(t - S_m s) + 1.98 \cdot 10^{13} g(t - S_m s) + h(t)$$

3)



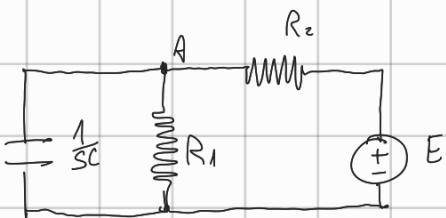
$$R_1 = R_2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$C = 10 \mu\text{F} \quad V_1(0^+) = 1.5 \text{ V}$$

$$l(t) = 10\mu(t) - 10\mu(t-10\text{ms}) \text{ V}$$

$$E(s) = \frac{10}{s} - \frac{10}{s} e^{-10^{-2}s}$$

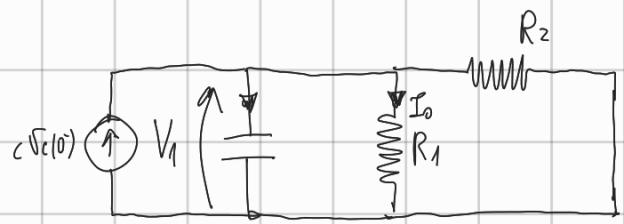
LAPLACE: V_A svarup. degli effetti:



$$V_A \left(\frac{1}{sC} + \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right) = \frac{E}{R}$$

$$V_A \left(\frac{2 + RCS}{R} \right) = \frac{E}{R}$$

$$V_A = \frac{E}{2 + RCS}$$



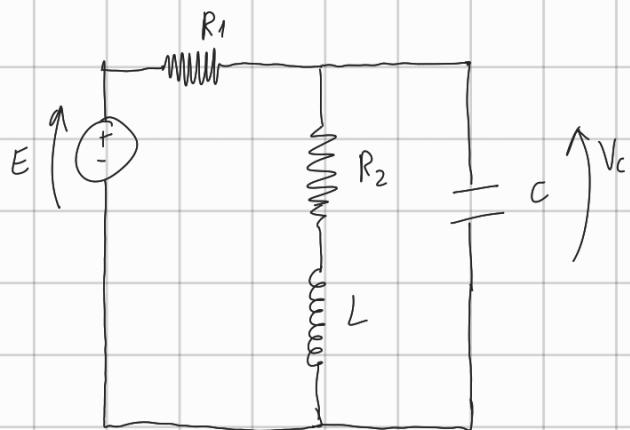
$$V_1 = \frac{c\sqrt{c(0^-)}}{SC + \frac{2}{R}} = \frac{c\sqrt{c(0^-)}}{\frac{2+RCS}{R}} = \frac{RC\sqrt{c(0^-)}}{RCs+2}$$

$$\sqrt{S} = \frac{E}{RCs+2} + \frac{RC\sqrt{c(0^-)}}{RCs+2} =$$

$$= \frac{E}{RC(s + \frac{2}{RC})} + \frac{RC\sqrt{c(0^-)}}{RC(s + \frac{2}{RC})} =$$

$$= \frac{Es}{R} \cdot \frac{1}{s + \frac{2}{RC}} + \frac{\sqrt{c(0^-)}}{s + \frac{2}{RC}}$$

(3)



$$R_1 = 10\text{ k}\Omega \quad R_2 = 10\text{ k}\Omega$$

$$L = 10\text{ mH} \quad I_2(0^-) = 0$$

$$C = 1\text{ nF} \quad V_c(0^-) = 1\text{ V}$$

$$\ell(t) = 10\text{ m}(t)$$



$$V_A \left(\frac{1}{R} + \frac{1}{R+SL} + SC \right) = V_c(0^-)C + \frac{E}{R}$$

$$V_A \left(\frac{R+SL + R + RC S(R+SL)}{R(R+SL)} \right) = V_c(0^-)C + \frac{E}{R}$$

$$V_A \left(\frac{2R+SL + R^2CS + RLCS^2}{R^2 + RLS} \right) = V_c(0^-)C + \frac{E}{R}$$

$$V_A = \frac{(V_c(0^-)C + E/R)R(R+LS)}{RLCS^2 + (L+R^2C)s + 2R}$$

$$I_A = (SL + R)U_A = \frac{RC\sqrt{c}(0^-)}{RLC(s^2 + \frac{(L+R^2C)}{RLC}s + \frac{2}{LC})} + \frac{E}{RLC(s^2 + \frac{(L+R^2C)}{RLC}s + \frac{2}{LC})} =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{c}(0^-)/L}{s^2 + \frac{L+R^2C}{RLC}s + \frac{2}{LC}} + \frac{E/RLC}{s^2 + \frac{L+R^2C}{RLC}s + \frac{2}{LC}}$$

$$\frac{L+R^2C}{RLC} = 1000100 \quad \frac{2}{LC} = 2 \cdot 10^8$$

$$s^2 + 1000100s + 2 \cdot 10^8 = 0$$

$$s_{1,2} = \begin{cases} -200 \\ -10^6 \text{ since} \end{cases}$$

$$\sqrt{c}(0^-)/L = 100 \quad E/RLC = \frac{10^5}{s}$$

$$\frac{1}{(s+200)(s+10^6)} = \frac{A}{s+200} + \frac{B}{s+10^6}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{999800} \approx 10^{-6}$$

$$B = -\frac{1}{99800} \approx -10^{-6}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s+200)(s+10^6)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+200} + \frac{C}{s+10^6}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 10^8} \quad B = -5.001 \cdot 10^{-9} \quad C = 10^{-12}$$

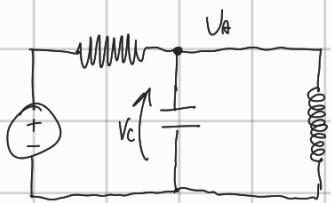
\downarrow

$$5 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$\nabla(S) = \frac{10^{-4}}{S+200} - \frac{10^{-4}}{S+10^6} + \frac{S \cdot 10^{-4}}{S} - \frac{S \cdot 10^{-4}}{S+200} + \frac{10^{-7}}{S+10^6}$$

$$\nabla(t) = 10^{-4} e^{-200t} - 10^{-4} e^{-10^6 t} + S \cdot 10^{-4} u(t) - S \cdot 10^{-4} e^{-200t} + 10^{-7} e^{-10^6 t}$$

3)



$$R_1 = 100 \Omega \quad R_2 = 50 \Omega$$

$$C = 10 \mu F \quad V_C(0^-) = 1 V$$

$$L = 1 mH \quad I_L(0^-) = 0 A$$

$$e(t) = \sin(1000t) V$$

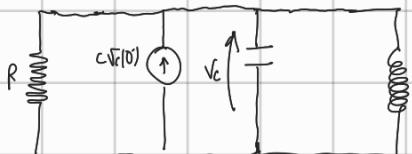
SOVRA PP. EFFETTI.

$$U_A \left(\frac{1}{R} + SC + \frac{1}{SL} \right) = \frac{E}{R}$$

$$U_A \left(\frac{SL + LRCS^2 + R}{SLR} \right) = \frac{E}{R}$$

$$U_A = \frac{ESL}{LRCS^2 + SL + R} = \frac{SE/RC}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

CNSO 2: CONDIZ. INIZ.



$$\sqrt{C} = \frac{C\sqrt{V_C(0^-)}}{\frac{1}{R} + SC + \frac{1}{SL}} = \frac{C\sqrt{V_C(0^-)} \cdot SLR}{LRCS^2 + SL + R} = \frac{RLCS\sqrt{V_C(0^-)}}{LRCS^2 + SL + R} =$$

$$= \frac{S\sqrt{V_C(0^-)}}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{LC}}$$

$$\sqrt{V_C(S)} = \frac{S}{S^2 + \frac{S}{RC} + \frac{1}{LC}} \left(\frac{E}{RC} + \sqrt{V_C(0^-)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{C(s)} = \frac{s}{s^2 + 1000s + 10^8} \left(1000 \cdot \frac{1000}{s^2 + 10^6} + 1 \right)$$

$$10^6 \cdot \frac{s}{(s^2 + 10^6)(s^2 + 1000s + 10^8)}$$

$$= \frac{As+B}{s^2+10^6} + \frac{Cs+D}{s^2+1000s+10^8}$$

$$(As+B)(s^2+1000s+10^8) + (Cs+D)(s^2+10^6) =$$

$$\begin{matrix} \bullet & x & 0 & \cancel{x} & 0 \\ As^3 + 1000As^2 + 10^8As + & Bs^2 + 1000Bs + 10^8B + \\ + Cs^2 + 10^6Cs + Ds^2 + 10^6D = 0 \\ \bullet & 0 & & & \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} A+C=0 \\ 1000A+B+D=0 \\ 10^8A+1000B+10^6C=10^6 \\ 10^8B+10^6D=0 \end{cases}$$

$$A \approx \frac{1}{100} \quad B = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$C \approx -\frac{1}{100} \quad D = -10.2$$

$$= \frac{10^{-2}s}{s^2+10^6} + \frac{10^{-1}}{s^2+10^6} - \frac{10^{-2}s}{s^2+1000s+10^8} - \frac{-10.2}{s^2+1000s+10^8}$$

$$\sqrt{f(s)} = \frac{10^{-2}s}{s^2+10^6} + \frac{10^{-1}}{s^2+10^6} + \frac{0.99s}{s^2+1000s+10^8} - \frac{-10.2}{s^2+1000s+10^8}$$

$f_1(s)$ $f_2(s)$ $\hat{f}_3(s)$

$$f_1(t) = 10^{-4} \sin(1000t)$$

$$f_2(r) = 10^{-5} \cdot 1000 \cos(1000t) = 10^{-2} \cos(1000t)$$

$$10^8 = \omega_m^2 \Rightarrow \omega_m = 10^4$$

$$1000 = \omega_m / 2 \Rightarrow \zeta = \frac{1000}{2 \cdot 10^4} = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$f_3(r) = -10.2 \left(10^{-4} e^{-500t} \sin(10000t) \right) u(t)$$

$$f_4(r) = 0.99 \left(-\frac{1}{20} e^{-500t} \sin(10000t) + e^{-500t} \cos(10000t) \right) u(t)$$