Tarea 5 - Métodos numéricos Giovanni Gamaliel López Padilla

Problema 1

A lighthouse L is located on a small island 5 km north of a point A on a straight east-west shoreline. A cable is to be laid from L to point B on the shoreline 10 km east of A. The cable will be laid through the water in a straight line from L to a point C on the shoreline between A and B, and from there to B along the shoreline. (see Figure 1). The part of the cable lying in the water costs \$5.000/km, and the part along the shoreline costs \$3,000/km. Where should C be chosen to minimize the total cost of the cable?

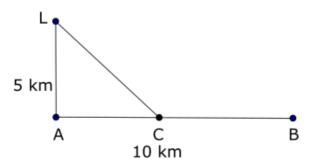


Figura 1: Problema 1

Llamnado x al segmento de recta \overline{AC} , y a \overline{LC} , entonces el segmento \overline{CB} puede ser calculado como 10-x. Las definiciones antes mencionadas se encuentran en la figura 2.

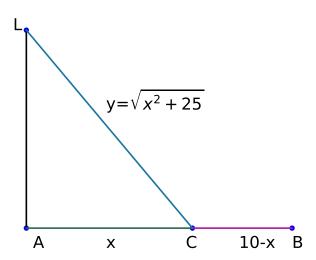


Figura 2: Representación de las definiciones de cada segmento de linea.

Definiendo la función de costo de cada linea se obtiene la función 1.

$$C(x) = 3000(10 - x) + 5000\sqrt{x^2 + 25} \tag{1}$$

Realizando la derivada con respecto a x de le función 1 para encontrar los valores críticos.

$$\frac{dC(x)}{dx} = -3000 + \frac{5000(x)}{\sqrt{x^2 + 25}}$$

Encontrando los valores criticos se obtiene lo siguiente:

$$-3000 + \frac{5000(x)}{\sqrt{x^2 + 25}} = 0$$

$$\frac{5000(x)}{\sqrt{x^2 + 25}} = 3000$$

$$5x = 3\sqrt{x^2 + 25}$$

$$25x^2 = 9(x^2 + 25)$$

$$16x^2 - 225 = 0$$

$$(4x - 15)(4x + 15) = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{15}{4}$$

$$x_2 = -\frac{15}{4}$$

La solución x_2 es despreciada, ya que su sentido físico no admisible, por lo tanto el punto C debe estar a 3.75km del punto A.

Problema 2

Implement the following algorithms: Bisection, Newton, and Secant meth- ods for optimization in 1D.

Problmea 3

Problema 3a

Find the minimum value and minimum point of the function 2 on the interval [-1, 1] using the previous implemented algorithms. Compare the results in terms of number of iterations.

$$f(x) = -\sin(x) + x^2 + 1 (2)$$

Problema 3b

Compare and comment the results obtained for each algorithm on the interval [-1, 1] with function 3.

$$f(x) = \sin(x) - x^2 + 1 (3)$$