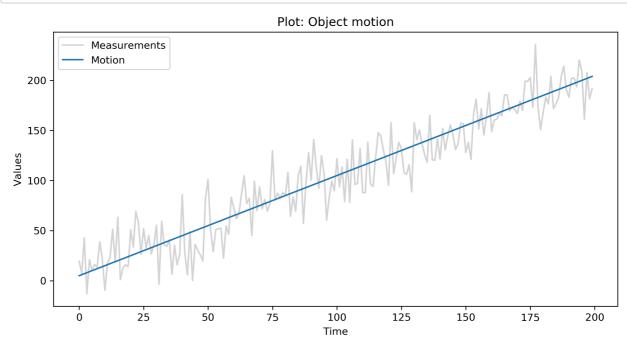
```
In [1]: # Assignment 5
# Relationship between solar radio flux F10.7 and sunspot number
# Team 2:
# Ekaterina Karmanova
# Timur Chikichev
# Yaroslav Okunev
# Nikita Mikhailovskiy
#
# Skoltech, 08.10.2019
```

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.pyplot import figure
```

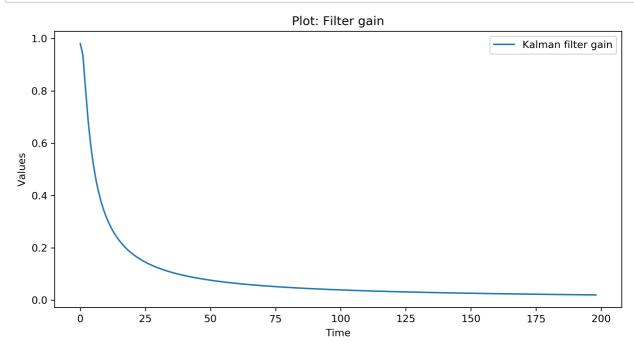
```
In [3]: #Constants
#Size of trajectory
c = 200
#Initial conditions
x1 = 5
v1 = 1
t = 1
#Variance of acceleration noise
sa = 0
s2a = 0
a = np.random.normal(0,sa,c)
sn = 20
s2n = sn**2
n = np.random.normal(0,sn,c)
```

```
In [4]: | X1 = np.matrix((5,1))
        F = np.matrix(((1,t),(0,1)))
        G = np.matrix((t**2/2,t)).T
        H = np.matrix((1,0))
        X = np.zeros([c,2])
        X[0] = X1
        for i in range (1,c):
            frst = np.matmul(F,np.asmatrix(X[i-1]).T)
            scnd = G.dot(a[i-1])
            X[i] = np.add(frst,scnd).T
        Z = np.zeros(c)
        for i in range (c):
            Z[i] = H.dot(X[i])+n[i]
        figure(num=None, figsize=(10, 5), dpi=300, facecolor='w', edgecolor='k')
        plt.title('Plot: Object motion')
        plt.plot(Z, label='Measurements',c='lightgrey')
        plt.plot(X.T[0], label='Motion')
        plt.xlabel('Time')
        plt.ylabel('Values')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```



```
In [5]: #Developing Kalman Filter
        X0 = np.matrix((2,0))
        P00 = np.matrix(((10000,0),(0,10000)))
        #Covariance matrix Q
        Q = np.matmul(G,G.T)*s2a
        R = s2n
        I = np.matrix(((1,0),(0,1)))
        #Kalman filtering
        P = P00
        X_f = np.zeros([c,2])
        K_f = np.zeros([c,2])
        K_f[0] = (1,1)
        P g = np.zeros(c)
        X_f[0] = X0
        for i in range (1,c):
            X_p = F.dot(np.asmatrix(X_f[i-1]).T)
             Pz = np.add(F.dot(P).dot(F.T),Q)
             frst = np.add(H.dot(Pz).dot(H.T),R)
             K = Pz.dot(H.T).dot(np.linalg.inv(frst))
             pre_scnd = np.subtract(Z[i],H.dot(X_p))
             scnd = K.dot(pre_scnd)
             P = np.matmul(np.subtract(I,np.matmul(K,H)),Pz)
            X_f[i] = np.add(X_p, scnd).T
             K_f[i] = K.T
             P_g[i] = np.sqrt(P[0,0])
        #deleting first row
        K_f = \text{np.delete}(K_f, 0, 0)
        P_g = np.delete(P_g, 0, 0)
```

```
In [6]: #6 Plot filter gain K
    figure(num=None, figsize=(10, 5), dpi=300, facecolor='w', edgecolor='k')
    plt.title('Plot: Filter gain')
    plt.plot(K_f.T[0], label='Kalman filter gain')
    plt.xlabel('Time')
    plt.ylabel('Values')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

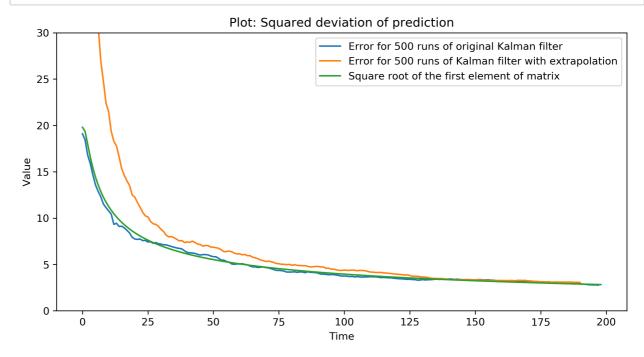


```
In [7]: | def run(n, seven=False, P_init=np.matrix(((10000,0),(0,10000))) ):
             def gen():
                 a = np.random.normal(0,sa,c)
                 n = np.random.normal(0,sn,c)
                 X1 = np.matrix((5,1))
                 F = np.matrix(((1,t),(0,1)))
                 G = np.matrix((t**2/2,t)).T
                 H = np.matrix((1,0))
                 X = np.zeros([c,2])
                 X[0] = X1
                 for i in range (1,c):
                     frst = np.matmul(F,np.asmatrix(X[i-1]).T)
                     scnd = G.dot(a[i-1])
                     X[i] = np.add(frst, scnd).T
                 Z = np.zeros(c)
                 for i in range (c):
                     Z[i] = H.dot(X[i])+n[i]
                 return X.T,Z
             def kalman(z g):
                 P = P_{init}
                 X_f = np.zeros([c,2])
                 X_f7 = np.zeros([c-7,2])
                 X_f[0] = X0
                 F7 = F
                 for i in range (6):
                     F7 = F7.dot(F)
                 for i in range (1,c):
                     X p = F.dot(np.asmatrix(X f[i-1]).T)
                     Pz = np.add(F.dot(P).dot(F.T),Q)
                     frst = np.add(H.dot(Pz).dot(H.T),R)
                     K = Pz.dot(H.T).dot(np.linalg.inv(frst))
                     pre_scnd = np.subtract(z_g[i],H.dot(X_p))
                     scnd = K.dot(pre_scnd)
                     P = np.matmul(np.subtract(I,np.matmul(K,H)),Pz)
                     X_f[i] = np.add(X_p, scnd).T
                     if i < c-7 and seven:
                         X_{f7}[i] = np.matmul(F7, X_f[i])
                 if(seven):
                      return X_f7.T
                 else:
                     return X_f.T
             if seven:
                 co = c-7
             else:
                 co = c
             error = np.zeros(co)
             for i in range (n):
                 cur_x,cur_z = gen()
                 res = kalman(cur z)
                 if seven:
                     for i in range (7):
                         cur_x = np.delete(cur_x, i, 1)
                 s = np.power(np.subtract(cur_x[0],res[0]),2)
                 error = np.add(s,error)
             final = np.zeros(co)
             for k in range (2,co):
                 final[k] = np.sqrt(error[k]/(n-1))
             return final
```

```
In [8]: err_k = run(500)
    err_k7 = run(500, True)
```

```
In [11]: #deleting first row
    err_k = np.delete(err_k7, 0)
    err_k7 = np.delete(err_k7, 0)

figure(num=None, figsize=(10, 5), dpi=300, facecolor='w', edgecolor='k')
    plt.title('Plot: Squared deviation of prediction')
    plt.plot(err_k, label='Error for 500 runs of original Kalman filter')
    plt.plot(err_k7, label='Error for 500 runs of Kalman filter with extrapolation')
    plt.plot(P_g, label='Square root of the first element of matrix')
    plt.xlabel('Time')
    plt.ylabel('Value')
    plt.ylim((0, 30))
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```



In [ ]: