Python

# Project Report

# ScreenTime Analysis



**CLASS: D6ADB** 

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#### **Foreword:**

Screen Time Analysis lets you know how much time you spend on what kind of applications and websites using your device and gives a visual report of the same. It is the task of analyzing and creating a report on which applications and websites are used by the user for how much time. Analyzing the screen time of a user helps smartphone companies give a review of all the activities of the user on their smartphone. It helps users understand if they were productive, creative, or wasted their time.

#### **Dataset Details:**

For the task of screen time analysis, We found a dataset that contains data about:

- Date: Date of the record
- <u>Usage</u>: Number of times the user used the smartphone in a day
- Notifications: Number of notifications the user received in a day
- <u>Times Opened</u>: Number of times the app was opened by the user
- App: The app that was opened by the user

#### **GitHub Repository Link:**

https://github.com/girGitter/ScreenTime-Analysis

#### **Softwares and Libraries Used:**

Editor: Visual Studio Code

Python Libraries: Pandas, Numpy, Plotly

#### Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph objects as go
data=pd.read csv("Screentime-App-Details.csv")
print(data.head())
data.isnull().sum()
print(data.describe())
figure=px.bar(data frame=data,
              x="Date",
              y="Usage",
              color="App",
              title="Usage")
figure.show()
figure = px.bar(data frame=data,
```

```
x = "Date",
                y = "Notifications",
                color="App",
                title="Notifications")
figure.show()
figure = px.bar(data frame=data,
                x = "Date",
                y = "Times opened",
                color="App",
                title="Times Opened")
figure.show()
figure = px.scatter(data frame = data,
                    x="Notifications",
                    y="Usage",
                    size="Notifications",
                    trendline="ols",
                    title = "Relationship Between Number of
Notifications and Usage")
figure.show()
```

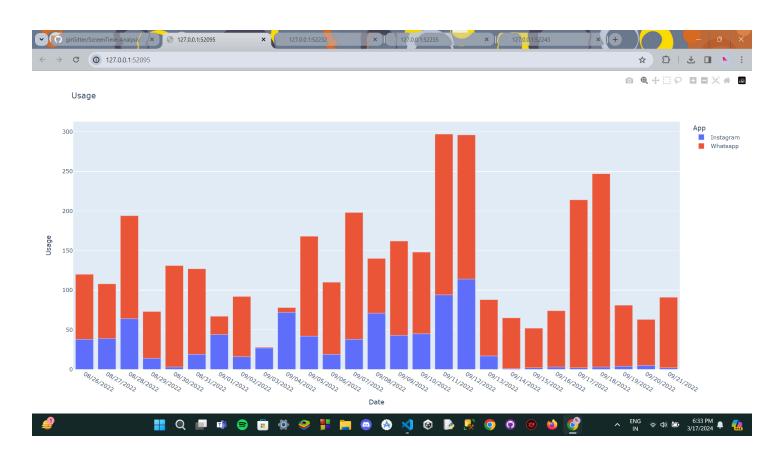
#### **Output:**

```
TERMINAL
PS D:\dev\screentime analysis> & 'd:\dev\screentime analysis\myenv\Scripts\python.exe' 'c:\Users\Lenovo\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debu
        Date Usage Notifications Times opened
 08/26/2022
1 08/27/2022
                39
                             43
                                           48 Instagram
  08/28/2022
                64
                                           55 Instagram
  08/29/2022
                                           23 Instagram
4 08/30/2022
                                           5 Instagram
          Usage Notifications Times opened
count 54.000000
                   54.000000
                                 54.000000
       65.037037
                    117.703704
                                 61.481481
       58.317272
                    97.017530
                                 43.836635
std
       1.000000
                     8.000000
                                  2.000000
       17.500000
                    25.750000
                                 23.500000
       58.500000
                    99.000000
50%
                                 62.500000
       90.500000
                    188.250000
                                 90.000000
      244.000000
                    405.000000
                                 192.000000
max
PS D:\dev\screentime analysis> d:; cd 'd:\dev\screentime analysis'; & 'd:\dev\screentime analysis\myenv\Scripts\python.exe' 'c:\Users\Len
```

This is the output as seen on the python debug console terminal

As we used the python plotly library, it generates 4 graphs to analyse our data in a graphical format:

# 1 - Usage:



### 2 - Notifications:



# 3 - Times Opened:



# 4 - Relationship bw Number of Notifications and Usage :



#### Overview of the Code:

We start the task of screen time analysis by importing the necessary Python libraries and the dataset.

Then we take a look at the descriptive statistics of the data.

Then we start analyzing the screen time of the user. We first look at the amount of usage of the apps, then the number of notifications from the apps then the number of times the apps opened.

We generally use our smartphones when we get notified by any app. So we take a look at the relationship between the number of notifications and the amount of usage.

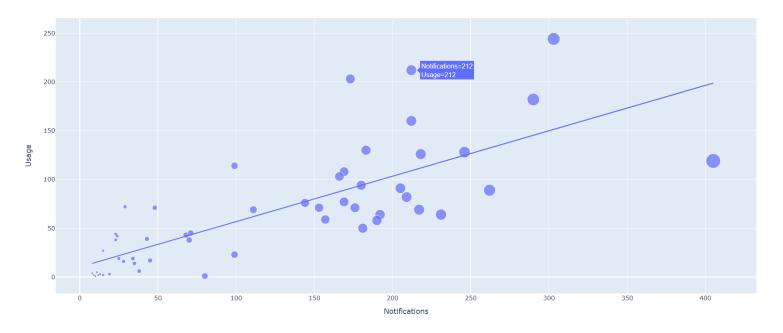
We can see that there's a linear relationship between the number of notifications and the amount of usage. It means that more notifications

result in more use of smartphones.





Relationship Between Number of Notifications and Usage



## **Conclusion:**

So this is how we can analyze the screen time of a user using the Python programming language. Screen Time Analysis is the task of analyzing and creating a report on which applications and websites are used by the user for how much time.

