

MSA1-Probability -9

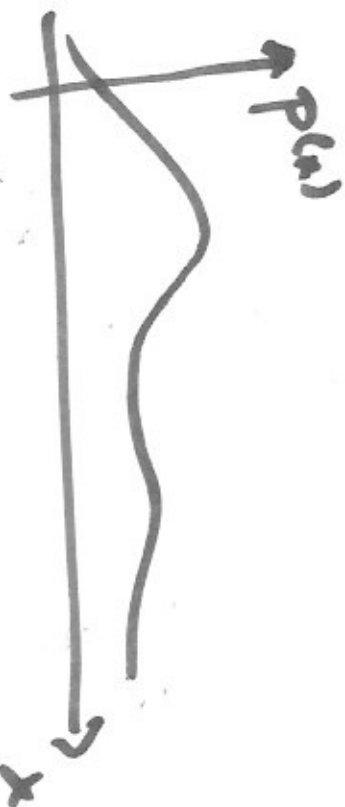
$t \rightarrow it$

$$X \sim P(x)$$

$$M_x(t) = E(e^{tx})$$

$$E(x) \quad E(x^2) \quad E(x^3)$$

$$E(x^2) - (E(x))^2 = \text{Var}(x)$$



$$\frac{d}{dt} E(e^{tx}) = E\left(\frac{d}{dt} e^{tx}\right)$$

$$E(x e^{tx}) \Big|_{t=0}$$

$$E(x)$$

Problem: $X \sim \text{Bin}(n, \tilde{p})$

$$\frac{n/t \quad n/t \quad \dots}{n} \quad \begin{matrix} 0 \leftarrow 1-\tilde{p} \\ 1 \leftarrow \tilde{p} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \epsilon_i \\ \epsilon_i \end{matrix}$$

$$x = \sum_{i=1}^n \epsilon_i$$

$$M_{x|\tilde{p}}(t) = (1 - \tilde{p} + \tilde{p} \cdot e^t)^n$$

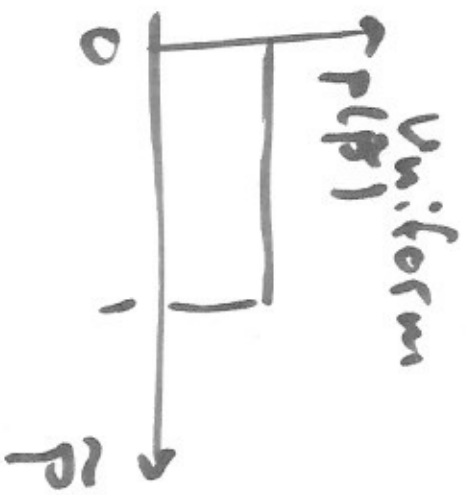
$$\text{Bin}(n, p) = p(x | n, \tilde{p})$$

n -fixed

$$p(x) = ? \quad p(x, \tilde{p}) = p(x | \tilde{p}) p(\tilde{p})$$

$$p(x) = \int p(x | \tilde{p}) I \cdot d\tilde{p}$$

$$M_x(t) = \int_0^1 (1 - \tilde{p} + \tilde{p} e^t)^n d\tilde{p} = \frac{1}{n+1} \frac{e^{t(n+1)} - 1}{e^t - 1}$$



$$M_x(t) = \frac{1}{n+1} \frac{e^{t(n+1)} - 1}{e^t - 1}$$

$$1 + q + q^2 + \dots + q^n = \frac{q^{n+1} - 1}{q - 1}$$

$$\frac{1}{n+1} (1 + e^t + e^{2t} + e^{3t} + \dots + e^{nt})$$

$$E(x) = \frac{1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n}{n+1}$$

$$E(x^2) = \frac{1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2}{n+1}$$

$$X \sim \text{Uni}(1, 0, 1, 2, \dots, 5)$$

~~x_1, \dots, x_n~~
 ~~M_{x_1}~~

$x \sim M_x(t)$ $y \sim M_y(t)$

$P(x, y) =$
 $= P(x)P(y)$
 x, y - indep! ①

$$\frac{z = x + y}{M_z(t) = \mathbb{E}(e^{t(x+y)}) = \mathbb{E}(e^{tx} \cdot e^{ty}) =$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(e^{tx}) \cdot \mathbb{E}(e^{ty}) = M_x(t) \cdot M_y(t)$$

x, y - indep!