Manipulation of Variables

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December 11, 2018

```
library(tidyverse)
library(data.table)
library(lme4)
```

Importing STATA Exported .csvs and selecting variables of interest

```
setwd("PME_stata/")#set directory to where the STATA csv files are
listOfCsv = list.files()# get a list of all files
# create data frame with one of the files (Selecting for the variables of interest)
stataCsv = fread(file = listOfCsv[[1]]) %>%
  select(v035, v040, v050, v070, v075, v203, v409, v4191, v208,
         v301, v307, v234, idind)
# runs for loop that reads one file and appends rows of columns of interest to previous df
for (fileCsv in listOfCsv[-1]){
  currentFile = fread(file = fileCsv) %>%
   select(v035, v040, v050, v070, v075, v203, v409, v4191, v208,
          v301, v307, v234, idind)
  stataCsv = bind_rows(stataCsv, currentFile)
fwrite(stataCsv, "finalPME.csv")
finalPME = fread("finalPME.csv")
# Sample 10% of households and select important columns
hhSample = sample(finalPME$idind, length(unique(finalPME$idind))/20, replace = F)
reducedPME = finalPME %>% filter(idind %in% hhSample)
fwrite(reducedPME, file = "reducedPME.csv")
reducedPME = fread("reducedPME.csv") %>%
  mutate(v035 = as.factor(v035))
original_reducedPME = reducedPME
```

Merging Dataset with Macro Data

```
macro.df = fread("macrodata.csv") %>%
  mutate(Region = as.factor(Region))
metropolitanVectorNames = list(26, 29, 31, 33, 35, 43)
names(metropolitanVectorNames) = unique(macro.df$Region)[unique(macro.df$Region)!="Brasil"]
levels(reducedPME$v035) = names(metropolitanVectorNames)
reducedPME = left_join(reducedPME, macro.df, by=c("v035"="Region", "v070"="Month", "v075"="Year"))
```

Flagging low income people

Working with income variable

Checking issues with not enough observations

```
numberIdind = reducedPME %>%
  group_by(idind) %>%
  summarise(n = n())
numberIdind %>% group_by(n) %>% summarise(n()/nrow(numberIdind))
numberIdind_full = original_reducedPME %>%
  filter(!is.na(v4191)) %>%
  group_by(idind) %>%
  summarise(n = n(), maxWage = max(v4191, na.rm = T))
wagesPropr_numberObs = numberIdind_full %>% group_by(n) %>% summarise(prop=n()/nrow(numberIdind_full),
                                               meanMaxWage = mean(maxWage, na.rm = T))
# check if mean income varies by different number of observations
ggplot(data=wagesPropr_numberObs,aes(x=n)) +
  geom_col(aes(y=meanMaxWage)) +
  theme minimal()
ggplot(data=wagesPropr_numberObs,aes(x=n)) +
  geom_col(aes(y=prop)) +
  theme minimal()
```

Runs the regression

```
# should plot a sample of 100, maybe 150 people with their logWage vs inflationTax points
lm1 = lm(data=reducedPME, pctChangeWage ~ Inflation + lagInflation + ChangeInGDP + v035)
summary(lm1)
lm2 = update(lm1, realWage ~.)
summary(lm2)
lm3 = update(lm1, log(realWage) ~ .)
summary(1m3)
lm4 = lm(data=reducedPME, log(realWage) ~ inflationTax + lagInflationTax + ChangeInGDP + v035)
summary(lm4)
plot(lm4)
plot(cooks.distance(lm4) ~ reducedPME$realWage)
# Trying to fit LMER models
lmer1 <- lmer(log(realWage) ~ v035 + lagInflation + ChangeInGDP + (lagInflation | idind), data = reduce</pre>
summary(lmer1)
# check if I need random slopes!!!
# what happens if there are lots of individual observations?
```

Writing full dataset

```
fwrite(reducedPME, "complete.csv")
```