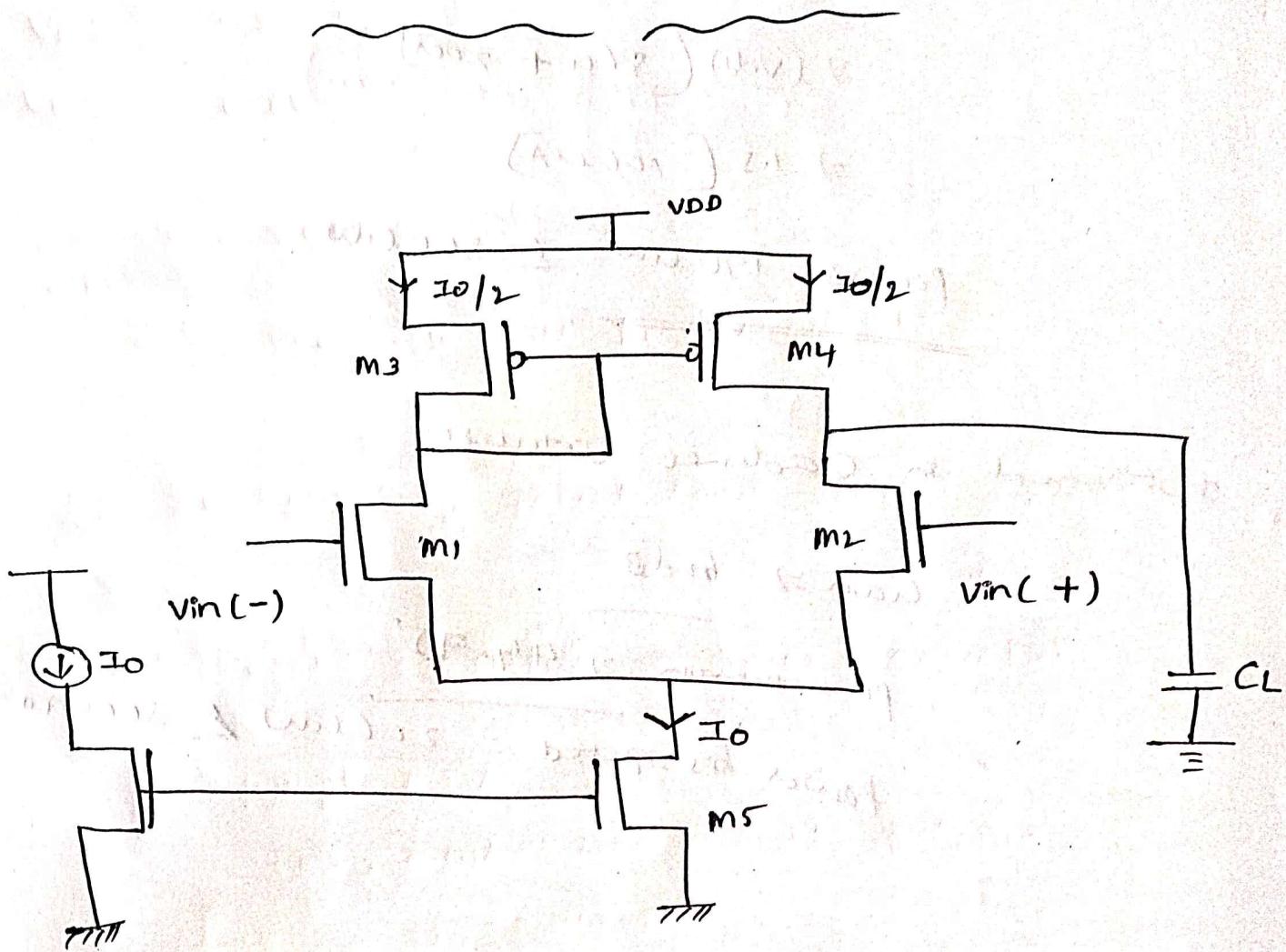


Differential Amplifier



* Specifications *

$$V_{DD} = 1.8V$$

$$A_{PC} = 100 \Rightarrow 20 \log_{10} 100 \Rightarrow 40 \text{ dB}$$

$$C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$$

$$SR = 5V/\mu\text{sec} \quad GBW \approx 5 \text{ MHz.}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} I_{CMR(+)} = 1.6V \\ I_{CMR(-)} = 0.8V \end{array} \right\}$$

such that mosfets does not go into Triode region

from slew rate, $SR = \frac{dV}{dt}$

we know that $\varphi = CV$

$$I = \frac{d\varphi}{dt} = C \frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$\frac{I}{C} = \frac{dV}{dt}$$

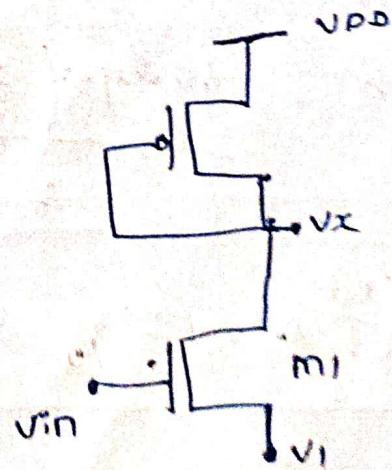
for output $\frac{I_o}{C_L} = \frac{dV}{dt} = \text{slewrate.}$

$$I_o = C_L \left(\frac{dV}{dt} \right)$$

$$I_o = (10 \times 10^{-12}) \left(\frac{5V}{\mu\text{sec}} \right)$$

$I_o \Rightarrow 50 \mu\text{A}$

Let us take a part of circuit



for m_1 to be in saturation

$$V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_{t1}$$

$$V_D > V_g - V_{t1}$$

$$V_x > 1.6 - 0.45$$

$$V_x > 1.15$$

Let
 $V_x = 1.2$

$$V_{DS3} = V_{DD} - V_x$$

$$V_{DS3} = 1.8 - 1.2$$

$$V_{DS3} = 0.6V$$

As $I_0 = 50\text{mA}$

I_3 and I_4 will be 25mA each.

At DC operating point and find μ_{nCOX} & μ_{pCOX} parameters

Let $\mu_{nCOX} = 300\text{mA/V}^2$ & $\mu_{pCOX} = 60\text{mA/V}^2$

$$|V_{THP}| = 0.5V$$

from circuit's analysis.

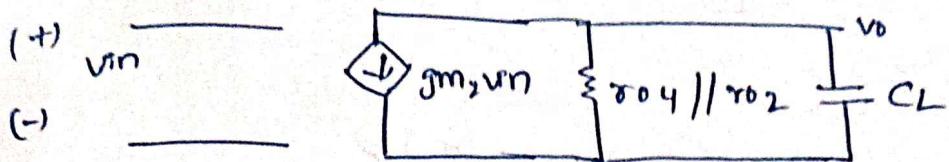
$$V_{THN} = 0.4V$$

$$I_3 = \mu_{pCOX} \left(\frac{\omega}{L} \right) \frac{(V_{GG} - |V_{THP}|)^2}{2}$$

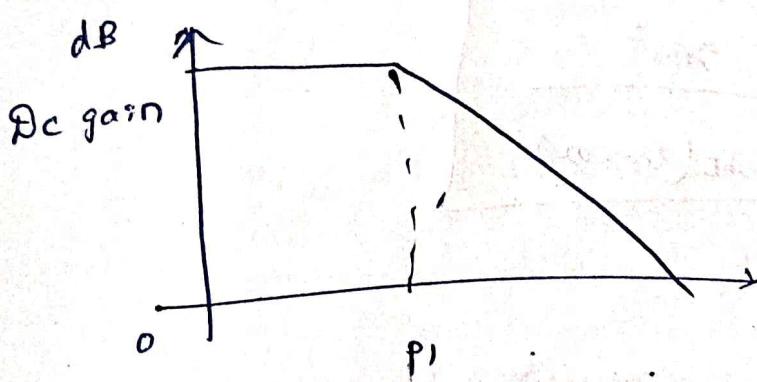
$$25\text{mA} = \frac{60\text{mA/V}^2 \left(\frac{\omega}{L} \right)}{2} [0.6 - 0.5]^2$$

$$\boxed{\left(\frac{\omega}{L} \right)_3 = \left(\frac{\omega}{L} \right)_4 = 84}$$

from small signal parameters of mosfet,



$$\frac{v_o}{r_{o4} \parallel r_{o2}} + \frac{v_o}{\left(\frac{1}{sCL}\right)} \neq g_m v_{in} = 0$$



$$\frac{v_o}{v_{in}} \Rightarrow \frac{-g_m (r_{o2} \parallel r_{o4})}{1 + sCL (r_{o2} \parallel r_{o4})} \Rightarrow \frac{\text{DC gain}}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{P_1}\right)}$$

$$\text{DC gain} \Rightarrow g_m (r_{o2} \parallel r_{o4})$$

$$GBW = \text{DC gain}(P_1)$$

$$GBW = \frac{g_m}{sCL} \downarrow \frac{1}{2\pi CL}$$

$$g_m \Rightarrow 5 \text{ MHz} (2\pi \times 10 \text{ pF})$$

$$g_m = 314 \text{ uA}$$

$$I_D = \text{uncox}(\frac{\omega}{L}) \frac{(v_{gs} - v_t)^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial I_D}{\partial v_{gs}} = gm = \text{uncox}(\frac{\omega}{L}) \frac{(v_{gs} - v_t) \nu}{2}$$

$$gm^2 \Rightarrow 2I_D \text{uncox} \frac{\omega}{L}$$

*

$$\left(\frac{\omega}{L}\right) = \frac{gm^2}{2I_D(\text{uncox})}$$

$$\left(\frac{\omega}{L}\right)_{1,2} \Rightarrow \frac{(314\text{rad})^2}{2(25\mu)(300\mu)} \Rightarrow 7$$

$$\left(\frac{\omega}{L}\right)_1 = \left(\frac{\omega}{L}\right)_2 = 7$$

for M5

$$V_{IN \min} > V_{GS1} + V_{DSAT}$$

$$I_D = \frac{eunior(\frac{\omega}{L})}{2} (V_{GS1} - V_{TH})^2$$

$\downarrow 25\mu A$

$$V_{GS1} = 0.6V$$

$$V_{DSAT} \leq 0.2$$

$$I_D \propto (\frac{\omega}{L})^5$$

$$I_D \Rightarrow \frac{300\mu}{2} (V_{GS} - V_{TH})^2$$

$\downarrow 50\mu A$

$$\boxed{(\frac{\omega}{L})^5 = 9}$$

After simulation

Gain is around $\approx 35.7 \text{ dB}$.

Cut off frequency $= 4.8 \text{ MHz}$.