# GitHub "Basic"

Total slides – 25

# History and Document control

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- Create a new repository.
- Start and manage a new branch.
- Add files and push them to GitHub as commits.
- Open and merge a pull request.

\*Note: "lab experience included"

## What is it?

- GitHub is a code hosting platform for version control and collaboration.
- It lets you and others work together on projects from anywhere.

# Requirement for creating a new repository.

- You need a GitHub.com account.
- You need internet access.

#### Create a new repository

- A repository is usually used to organize a single project.
- Repositories can contain
  - folders
  - ☐ files,
  - □ images,
  - □ videos,
  - □ spreadsheets,
  - ☐ data sets
  - etc

## Steps for creating a new repository.

- In the upper right corner, next to your avatar or identicon, click "+" and then select New repository.
- Name your repository "cloud-computing".
- Write a short description.
- Select Initialize this repository with a README.

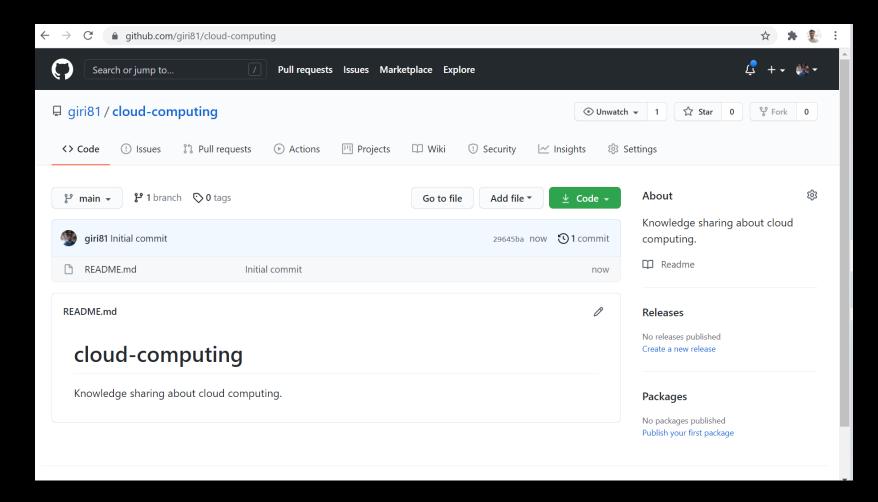
\* Note: Lab experience included in this slide.

## Note!

• Recommendation from seniors.

Please include a README or a file with information about your project.

## artifacts for you on repository.



#### Create a Branch.

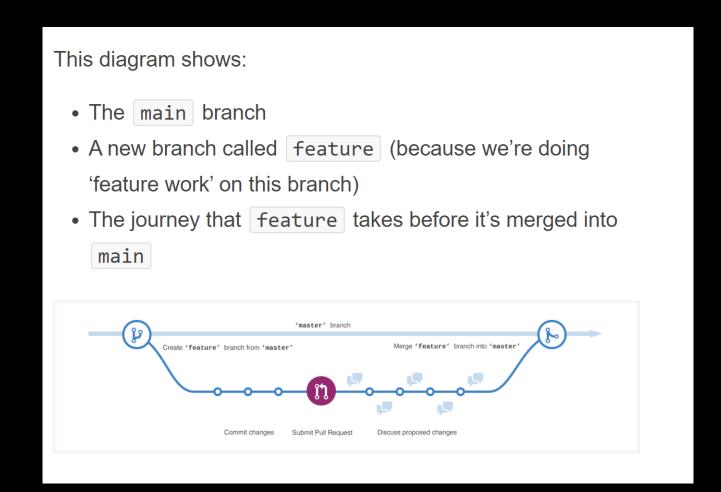
- Branching is the way to work on different versions of a repository at one time.
- By default your repository has one branch named main.
- main is considered to be the definitive branch.
- We use branches to experiment and make edits before committing them to main.

# Create a Branch. Intense!

- When you create a branch off the main branch, you're making a copy, or snapshot, of main as it was at that point in time.
- If someone else made changes to the main branch while you were working on your branch, you could pull in those updates.

## Create a Branch.

#### Intense!



#### Create a Branch.

Easy now!

Have you ever saved different versions of a file? Something like:

- story.txt
- story-joe-edit.txt
- story-joe-edit-reviewed.txt

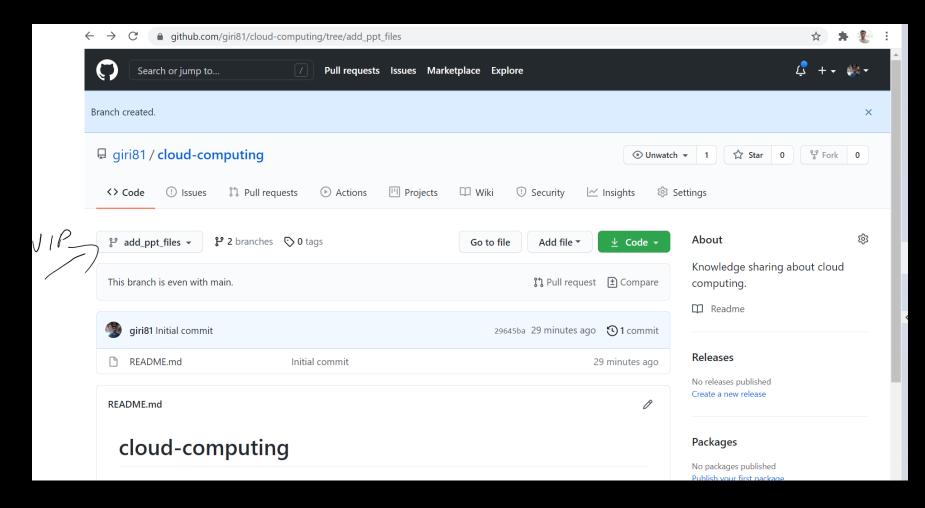
Branches accomplish similar goals in GitHub repositories.

Here at GitHub, our developers, writers, and designers use branches for keeping bug fixes and feature work separate from our main (production) branch. When a change is ready, they merge their branch into main.

#### To create a new branch.

- Go to your new repository cloud-computing.
- Click the drop down at the top of the file list that says branch: main.
- Type a branch name, add\_ppt\_files, into the new branch text box.
- Select the blue Create branch box or hit "Enter" on your keyboard.

# Artifacts for you on branch creation.



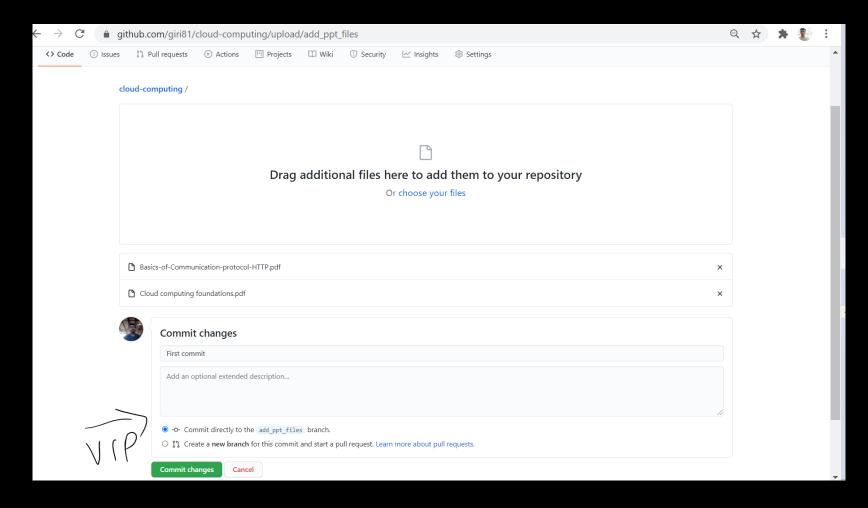
## Where do we stand on branch?

We have two branches.

- main.
- add\_ppt\_files.

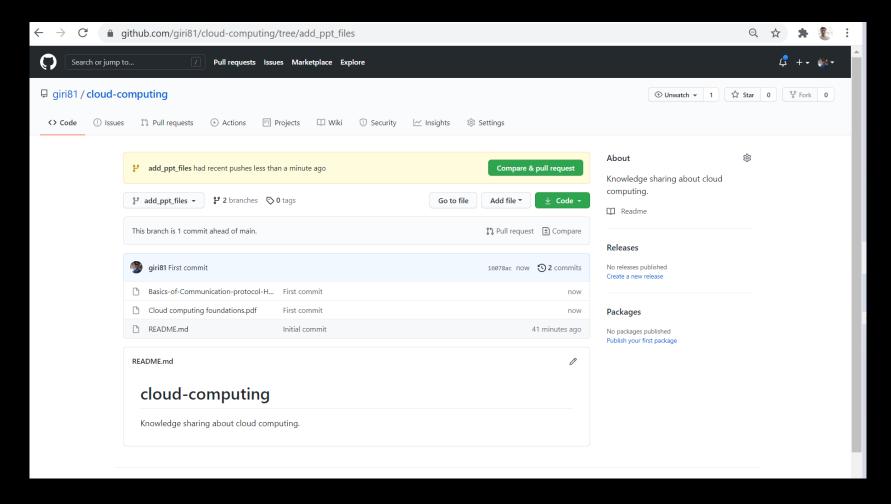
# Add the ppt files to branch.

Artifacts for you!



# Add the ppt files to branch.

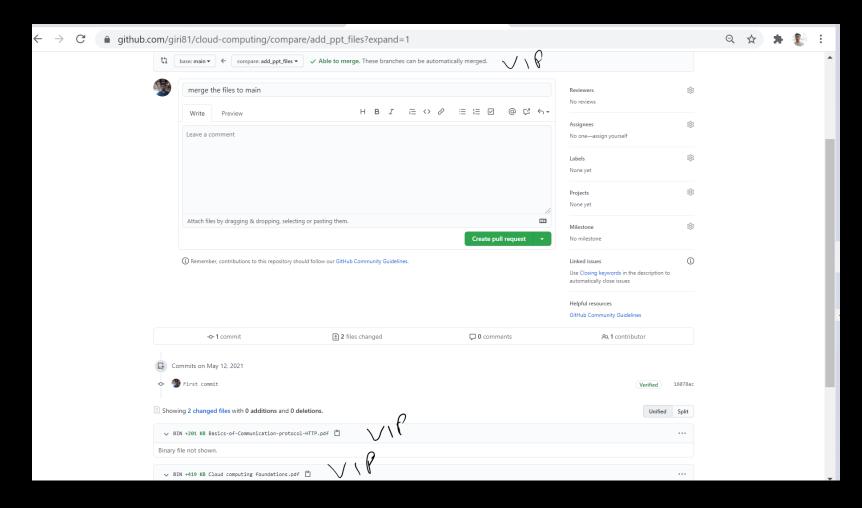
Artifacts for you!



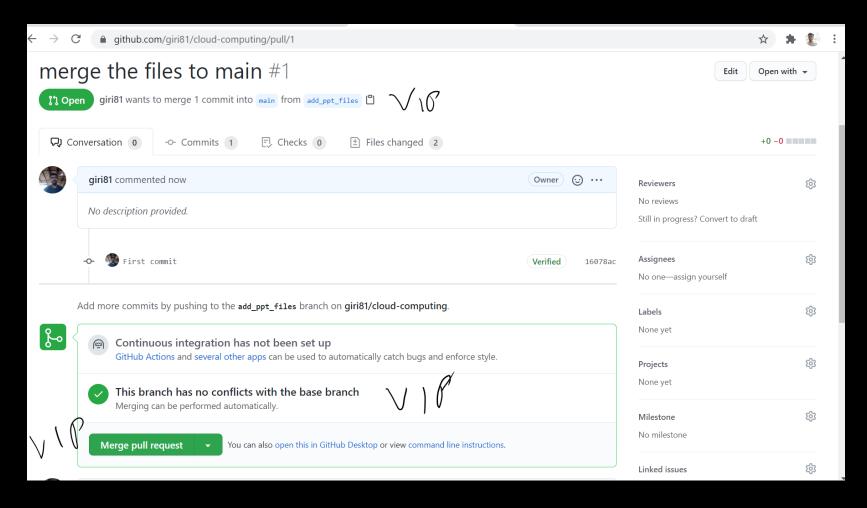
## Open a Pull Request.

- you have changes in a branch off of main, you can open a pull request.
- Pull Requests are the heart of collaboration on GitHub.
- When you open a pull request, you're proposing your changes.
- Pull requests show diffs, or differences, of the content from both branches.

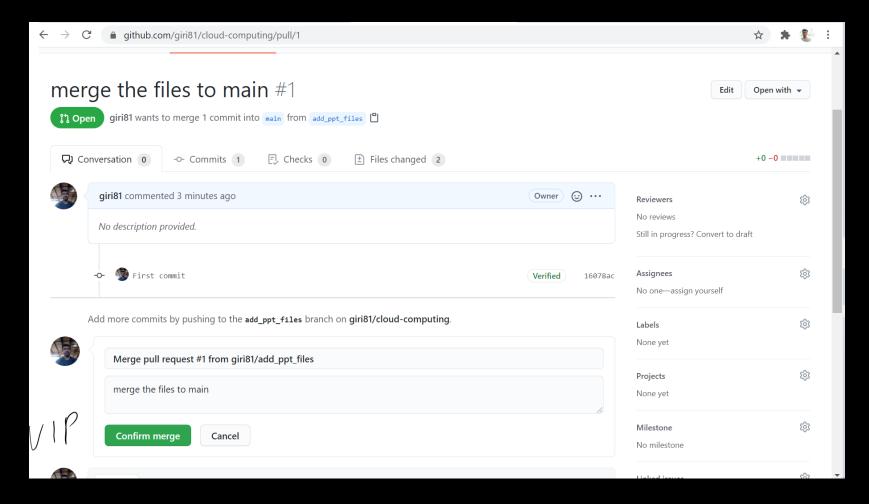
# Artifacts for you on create pull request!



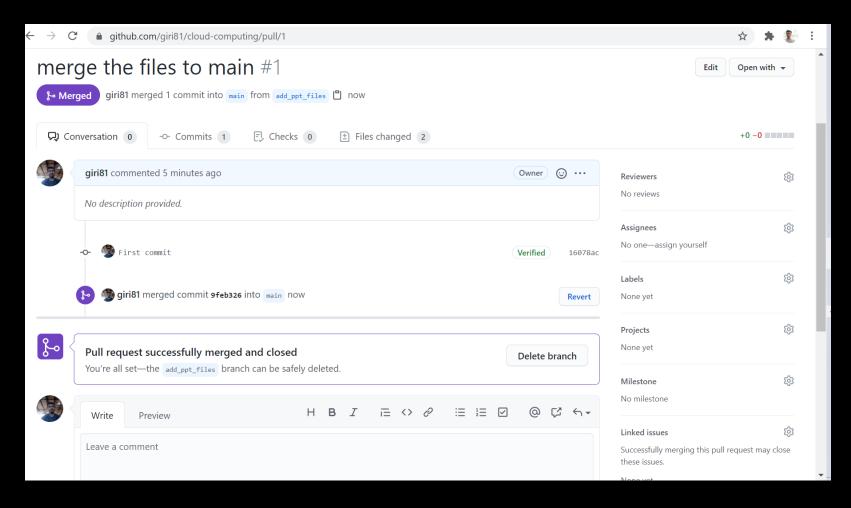
# Artifacts for you on merge pull request!



# Artifacts for you on confirm merge!



# Artifacts for you on merge status!



## What I did in summary!

- Logged into github account.
- Created repository cloud-computing.
- Created a branch add\_ppt\_files.
- Added files "Basics-of-Communication-protocol-HTTP.pdf", "Cloud computing foundations.pdf" using upload.
- Created a pull request.
- Merged successfully to main branch.

# Cheers!

Girish May 12 2021