

# TubesB\_13519096

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## 1 Tugas Besar B - IF3270 Pembelajaran Mesin

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### 1.1 Install Libraries

```
[ ]: !pip install icecream
      !pip install networkx
      !pip install pandas
      !pip install numpy
      !pip install matplotlib
```

### 1.2 Load libraries

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
      import os, subprocess, sys
      import json, math, typing, copy
      import numpy as np, networkx as nx, matplotlib as plt
      from icecream import ic
```

### 1.3 Enums

```
[3]: class ActivationFunction:
      SIGMOID = "sigmoid"
      RELU = "relu"
      SOFTMAX = "softmax"
      LINEAR = "linear"
```

## 1.4 Utility Functions

```
[4]: class Utils:
    @staticmethod
    def get_activation_func(activation_func: str):
        if activation_func == 'sigmoid':
            return ActivationFunction.SIGMOID
        elif activation_func == 'linear':
            return ActivationFunction.LINEAR
        elif activation_func == 'relu':
            return ActivationFunction.RELU
        elif activation_func == 'softmax':
            return ActivationFunction.SOFTMAX
    @staticmethod
    def install(package):
        subprocess.check_call([sys.executable, "-m", "pip", "install",
        ↪''.join(package)])
```

```
[5]: class Activations:
    @staticmethod
    def sigmoid(x):
        return 1/(1+np.exp(-x))
    @staticmethod
    def relu(x):
        return np.maximum(0, x)
    @staticmethod
    def linear(x):
        return x
    @staticmethod
    def softmax(x):
        e_x = np.exp(x-np.max(x))
        return e_x/e_x.sum(axis=1).reshape(-1,1)
    @staticmethod
    def d_sigmoid(x):
        return Activations.sigmoid(x) * (1 - Activations.sigmoid(x))
    @staticmethod
    def d_linear(x):
        return np.ones(x.shape)
    @staticmethod
    def d_relu(x):
        return (x>=0).astype(int)
    @staticmethod
    def d_softmax(x, y):
        # x itu de_dnet
        x[np.arange(y.flatten().shape[0]), y.flatten()] = -(1-x[np.arange(y.
        ↪flatten().shape[0]), y.flatten()])
        return x*-1
```

## 1.5 Layer Class

```
[6]: class Layer:
    def __init__(self, prev_nodes: int, num_nodes: int, activation_func):
        self.weights = np.random.standard_normal((prev_nodes,
↪num_nodes))
        self.weights = np.r_[np.zeros((1, num_nodes)), self.weights]
        self.num_nodes = num_nodes
        self.activation_func = activation_func
```

## 1.6 Graph Class

```
[7]: class Graph:
    def __init__(self, input_count, n_layers, n_neurons, activation_funcs):
        self.layers = []
        self.n_layer = n_layers
        for i in range(n_layers):
            if (i==0):
                new_layer = Layer(input_count, n_neurons[i],
↪activation_funcs[i])
            else:
                new_layer = Layer(self.layers[i-1].num_nodes,
↪n_neurons[i], activation_funcs[i])
                self.add_layer(new_layer)

        self.output_activation = self.layers[len(self.layers)-1].
↪activation_func

    def add_layer(self, layer: Layer):
        self.layers.append(layer)

    def get_layer_output(self, layer: Layer, inputs: np.array):
        layer.inputs = np.c_[np.ones((inputs.shape[0], 1)), inputs]
        layer.net_value = np.dot(layer.inputs, layer.weights)

        if layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.SIGMOID:
            layer.output = Activations.sigmoid(layer.net_value)
        elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.RELU:
            layer.output = Activations.relu(layer.net_value)
        elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.LINEAR:
            layer.output = Activations.linear(layer.net_value)
        elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.SOFTMAX:
            layer.output = Activations.softmax(layer.net_value)

    def predict(self, x: np.ndarray):
        for i in range(len(self.layers)):
            if i==0:
```

```

        self.get_layer_output(self.layers[i], x)
    else:
        self.get_layer_output(self.layers[i], self.
↳ layers[i-1].output)
        return self.layers[len(self.layers)-1].output

    def get_layer_deriv(self, delta: np.ndarray, lr: float, layer: Layer, y:
↳ np.ndarray = None):
        if y is not None:
            if layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.SIGMOID:
                de_dnet = Activations.d_sigmoid(layer.
↳ net_value) * (y-layer.output)
            elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.RELU:
                de_dnet = Activations.d_relu(layer.net_value) *
↳ (y-layer.output)
            elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.LINEAR:
                de_dnet = Activations.d_linear(layer.net_value)
↳ (y-layer.output)
            elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.
↳ SOFTMAX:
                de_dnet = Activations.d_softmax(layer.output, y)
            else:
                if layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.SIGMOID:
                    de_dnet = delta * Activations.d_sigmoid(layer.
↳ net_value)
                elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.RELU:
                    de_dnet = delta * Activations.d_relu(layer.
↳ net_value)
                elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.LINEAR:
                    de_dnet = delta * Activations.d_linear(layer.
↳ net_value)

            deriv = np.dot(np.transpose(de_dnet), layer.inputs)
            grad = np.dot(de_dnet, np.transpose(layer.weights))[:,1:]
            layer.weights += lr*np.transpose(deriv)
            return grad

    def backpropagate(self, learning_rate, y):
        delta = self.get_layer_deriv(None, learning_rate, self.
↳ layers[len(self.layers)-1], y)
        for i in range(len(self.layers)-2,-1,-1):
            delta = self.get_layer_deriv(delta, learning_rate, self.
↳ layers[i])

    def error(self, yhat: np.ndarray, y: np.ndarray, activation_func:
↳ ActivationFunction):

```

```

        if activation_func == ActivationFunction.SOFTMAX:
            return -np.log(yhat[np.arange(yhat.shape[0]), y.
↪flatten()]).sum()/yhat.shape[0]
        else:
            return np.sum(np.square(y-yhat))/2

    def train(self, x_train: np.ndarray, y_train: np.ndarray, lr,
↪err_thresh, batch_size, max_iter=10000, print_per_iter=1000):
        count_iter = 0
        while True:
            err = 0
            all_batch_x = []
            all_batch_y = []
            n_batches = x_train.shape[0]//batch_size

            for i in range(n_batches):
                mini_batch_x=x_train[i*batch_size:
↪(i+1)*batch_size,:]

                all_batch_x.append(mini_batch_x)

                mini_batch_y=y_train[i*batch_size:
↪(i+1)*batch_size,:]

                all_batch_y.append(mini_batch_y)

            if x_train.shape[0]%batch_size!=0:
                mini_batch_x=x_train[(i+1)*batch_size:,:]
                all_batch_x.append(mini_batch_x)

                mini_batch_y=y_train[(i+1)*batch_size:,:]
                all_batch_y.append(mini_batch_y)

            n_batches+=1

            for i in range(n_batches):
                yhat = self.predict(all_batch_x[i])
                err += self.error(yhat, all_batch_y[i], self.
↪output_activation)

                self.backpropagate(lr, all_batch_y[i])

            count_iter+= 1
            if count_iter % print_per_iter == 0:
                print(f'Iterasi {count_iter}: error {err:.7f}')
            if count_iter >= max_iter:
                print("Iterasi maksimum")
                break
            if err <= err_thresh:
                print("Mencapai nilai error di bawah batas")

```

```

        break
    print(f'Berakhir pada iterasi: {count_iter}')
    print(f'Nilai error final: {err}')

def display_table(self):
    for i, layer in enumerate(self.layers):
        print("~~~~~")
        print(f'Layer {i}:')
        print()
        print("Weights:")
        print(layer.weights)
        print()
        print(f"Activation Function: {layer.activation_func}")
        print("~~~~~")
        print()
    print(f"Jumlah hidden layer: {self.n_layer - 1}")

```

## 1.7 Main Function

Fungsi aktivasi Softmax hanya dipakai untuk layer output. Berikut adalah hasil program untuk fungsi aktivasi sigmoid, linear, dan ReLU beserta perbandingannya dengan hasil sklearn MLPClassifier dengan fungsi aktivasi dan learning rate yang sama.

### 1.7.1 Load Dataset

```

[8]: from sklearn import datasets
    from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
    iris = datasets.load_iris()
    x, y = iris.data, iris.target

```

### 1.7.2 Sigmoid Activation

#### Create Neural Network and Train

```

[25]: grafSigmoid = Graph(len(iris.feature_names), 2, [3, len(iris.target_names)],
    ↪ ['sigmoid', 'softmax'])
    #x, y, learning rate, error threshold, batch size, max iter?, print per iter?
    grafSigmoid.train(x, y.reshape(-1,1), 1e-2, 2e-2, 50)

```

```

Iterasi 1000: error 1.6630800
Iterasi 2000: error 0.2583772
Iterasi 3000: error 0.2131004
Iterasi 4000: error 0.1852525
Iterasi 5000: error 0.1621115
Iterasi 6000: error 0.1559171
Iterasi 7000: error 0.1446728
Iterasi 8000: error 0.1473589
Iterasi 9000: error 0.1370553

```

```
Iterasi 10000: error 0.1375363
Iterasi maksimum
Berakhir pada iterasi: 10000
Nilai error final: 0.1375362946368754
```

### Show Model

```
[26]: grafSigmoid.display_table()
```

```
~~~~~
Layer 0:
```

Weights:

```
[[ 2.74918621  0.15710989 -10.02987639]
 [ -3.59834072  0.15456866 -11.45842846]
 [ 7.70916153 -2.51921782 -1.54086399]
 [ -0.27510784  1.31759582 14.03993498]
 [ -3.47608161 -1.66360663 11.48571861]]
```

Activation Function: sigmoid

```
~~~~~
```

```
~~~~~
```

Layer 1:

Weights:

```
[[ -6.90245537  7.67772312 -0.77526775]
 [ 18.65579164 -1.63012924 -20.47740615]
 [ -1.73111449  1.77378346  0.9413586 ]
 [ -4.98029069 -5.00669068  7.53054733]]
```

Activation Function: softmax

```
~~~~~
```

Jumlah hidden layer: 1

### Hasil Prediksi

```
[27]: yhat_1 = grafSigmoid.predict(x)
      yhat = np.argmax(yhat_1, axis=1)
      print(iris.target_names[yhat])
```

```
['setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor']
```

```

'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'virginica' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'virginica'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica']

```

### MLPClassifier Result

```

[28]: sklearn_sigmoid = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(3,), activation='logistic',
    ↪max_iter=10000, batch_size=50, learning_rate='constant',
    ↪learning_rate_init=1e-2)
sklearn_sigmoid.fit(x,y)
iris.target_names[sklearn_sigmoid.predict(x)]

```

```

[28]: array(['setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa',
    'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa',
    'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa',
    'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa',
    'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa',
    'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa', 'setosa',
    'setosa', 'setosa', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'virginica', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'virginica', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor',
    'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'versicolor', 'virginica', 'virginica',

```



```
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'versicolor', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica',
'virginica', 'virginica', 'virginica'] , dtype='<U10')
```

### 1.7.3 ReLU Activation

#### Create Neural Network and Train

```
[29]: grafRelu = Graph(len(iris.feature_names), 2, [3, len(iris.target_names)],  
↳ ['relu', 'softmax'])  
#x, y, learning rate, error threshold, batch size, max iter?, print per iter?  
grafRelu.train(x, y.reshape(-1,1), 1e-4, 2e-2,50)
```

```
Iterasi 1000: error 1.2127796  
Iterasi 2000: error 0.7749713  
Iterasi 3000: error 0.5844361  
Iterasi 4000: error 0.4820500  
Iterasi 5000: error 0.4171609  
Iterasi 6000: error 0.3726297  
Iterasi 7000: error 0.3409879  
Iterasi 8000: error 0.3170229  
Iterasi 9000: error 0.2982381  
Iterasi 10000: error 0.2830913  
Iterasi maksimum  
Berakhir pada iterasi: 10000  
Nilai error final: 0.28309126071707835
```

#### Show Model

```
[30]: grafRelu.display_table()
```

```
~~~~~
```

Layer 0:

Weights:

```
[[ 1.38452176  0.          0.          ]  
 [ 1.86039067 -0.30034126 -0.92095352]  
 [ 1.8655005   0.74222744  0.32894113]  
 [-2.84158011 -1.66083625 -0.61676459]  
 [-2.32330972 -0.28552651  0.2470814  ]]
```

Activation Function: relu

~~~~~

~~~~~

Layer 1:

Weights:

```
[[-4.54403955  0.91263322  3.63140633]
 [ 2.10624908  1.27707952 -3.03125637]
 [-0.35383836 -0.2110127  -1.05054517]
 [ 1.88911902 -1.11631424 -0.01339836]]
```

Activation Function: softmax

~~~~~

Jumlah hidden layer: 1

### Hasil Prediksi

```
[31]: yhat_1 = grafRelu.predict(x)
      yhat = np.argmax(yhat_1, axis=1)
      print(iris.target_names[yhat])
```

```
['setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
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 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
 'setosa' 'setosa' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
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 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'virginica' 'versicolor' 'virginica' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'virginica'
 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
 'versicolor' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
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 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica']
```

### MLPClassifier Result

```
[32]: sklearn_relu = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(3,), activation='relu',  
    ↪ max_iter=10000, batch_size=50, learning_rate='constant',  
    ↪ learning_rate_init=1e-4)  
sklearn_relu.fit(x,y)  
iris.target_names[sklearn_relu.predict(x)]
```

[illegible]

### 1.7.4 Linear Activation

## Create Neural Network and Train

```
[33]: grafLinear = Graph(len(iris.feature_names), 3, [3, 3, len(iris.target_names)],  
    ↪ ['linear', 'sigmoid', 'softmax'])  
#x, y, learning rate, error threshold, batch size, max iter?, print per iter?  
grafLinear.train(x, y.reshape(-1,1), 1e-4, 2e-2, 50)
```

```
Iterasi 1000: error 1.9378099
Iterasi 2000: error 0.8478677
Iterasi 3000: error 0.5984444
Iterasi 4000: error 0.4753763
Iterasi 5000: error 0.4034580
Iterasi 6000: error 0.3568364
Iterasi 7000: error 0.3244343
Iterasi 8000: error 0.3006924
Iterasi 9000: error 0.2825906
Iterasi 10000: error 0.2683712
Iterasi maksimum
Berakhir pada iterasi: 10000
Nilai error final: 0.2683711525638142
```

### Show Model

```
[34]: grafLinear.display_table()
```

```
~~~~~
Layer 0:

Weights:
[[ 1.37230779  0.1401563  0.29778531]
 [ 1.33262776 -0.00731426 -0.33150972]
 [ 1.26766773  1.1198438 -0.37250186]
 [-1.95858695  0.63673126 -0.68699408]
 [-1.84924861 -0.55419071 -1.04302786]]

Activation Function: linear
~~~~~

~~~~~
Layer 1:

Weights:
[[-3.64659024e-05 -4.93899927e-01  3.18439884e-02]
 [ 3.18984793e-01 -3.50145774e+00  1.55826242e+00]
 [ 1.46588805e-02 -3.99120544e-01 -6.33778232e-01]
 [-1.91885725e+00 -6.62989715e-01  1.07772499e+00]]

Activation Function: sigmoid
~~~~~

~~~~~
Layer 2:

Weights:
[[-0.613368  1.2106436 -0.5972756 ]
```

```
[-0.51619637  1.27655383 -0.80533024]
[-2.89714963 -2.89298769  4.29552799]
[ 4.90591372 -2.59394055 -0.67624181]]
```

Activation Function: softmax

~~~~~

Jumlah hidden layer: 2

### Hasil Prediksi

```
[35]: yhat_1 = grafLinear.predict(x)
      yhat = np.argmax(yhat_1, axis=1)
      print(iris.target_names[yhat])
```

```
['setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa' 'setosa'
'setosa' 'setosa' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'virginica' 'versicolor' 'virginica' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'virginica'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor' 'versicolor'
'versicolor' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica'
'virginica' 'virginica' 'virginica']
```

### MLPClassifier Result

```
[36]: from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
      iris_classifier_sklearn = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(3,),
      ↪activation='identity', max_iter=10000, batch_size=50,
      ↪learning_rate='constant', learning_rate_init=1e-4)
      iris_classifier_sklearn.fit(x,y)
      iris.target_names[iris_classifier_sklearn.predict(x)]
```

[illegible]