

TubesA_13519096

March 5, 2022

1 Tugas Besar A - IF3270 Pembelajaran Mesin

Authors: 1. 13519096 Girvin Junod 2. 13519116 Jeane Mikha Erwansyah 3. 13519131 Hera Shafira
4. 13519188 Jeremia Axel —

1.1 Install Libraries

```
[ ]: !pip install icecream  
!pip install networkx  
!pip install pandas  
!pip install numpy  
!pip install matplotlib
```

1.2 Load libraries

```
[368]: import pandas as pd  
import os, subprocess, sys  
import json, math, typing, copy  
import numpy as np, networkx as nx, matplotlib as plt  
from icecream import ic
```

1.3 Enums

```
[369]: class LayerType:  
    INPUT = "input"  
    HIDDEN = "hidden"  
    OUTPUT = "output"  
  
class ActivationFunction:  
    SIGMOID = "sigmoid"  
    RELU = "relu"  
    SOFTMAX = "softmax"  
    LINEAR = "linear"
```

1.4 Utility Functions

```
[370]: class Utils:
        @staticmethod
        def matrix_dimension(mat: typing.List[list]) -> typing.Tuple[int, int]:
            return len(mat), len(mat[0])

        @staticmethod
        def get_layer_type(type: str):
            if type == 'input':
                return LayerType.INPUT
            elif type == 'hidden':
                return LayerType.HIDDEN
            elif type == 'output':
                return LayerType.OUTPUT

        @staticmethod
        def get_activation_func(activation_func: str):
            if activation_func == 'sigmoid':
                return ActivationFunction.SIGMOID
            elif activation_func == 'linear':
                return ActivationFunction.LINEAR
            elif activation_func == 'relu':
                return ActivationFunction.RELU
            elif activation_func == 'softmax':
                return ActivationFunction.SOFTMAX

        @staticmethod
        def parse_json(filename):
            with open(filename, 'r') as f:
                data = json.load(f)
            return data

        @staticmethod
        def export_json(filename, data):
            with open(filename, 'w') as f:
                f.write(json.dumps(data, indent=2))

        @staticmethod
        def install(package):
            subprocess.check_call([sys.executable, "-m", "pip", "install",
                                   ↪''.join(package)])
```

1.5 Layer Class

```
[371]: class Layer:
        def __init__(self, weights: typing.List[list],
                      bias_weights: typing.List[float],
                      values: typing.List[list],
                      layer_type: LayerType,
                      label: str,
                      num_nodes: int,
                      activation_func: ActivationFunction):
            self.weights = np.array(weights, dtype=float)
            self.bias_weights = np.array(bias_weights, dtype=float)
            self.values = np.array(values, dtype=float)
            self.label = label
            self.type = layer_type
            self.num_nodes = num_nodes
            self.activation_func = activation_func

        def __str__(self):
            if self.type != LayerType.INPUT:
                res = "{} layer with {} weights".format(self.label,
↳ len(self.weights))
            else:
                res = "{} layer with {} values".format(self.label,
↳ len(self.values))
            return res
```

1.6 Graph Class

```
[372]: class Graph:
        def __init__(self, layers: typing.List[Layer]=None):
            self.layers = []
            if layers is not None:
                self.layers = layers

        def __str__(self):
            return "Graph with {} layers".format(len(self.layers))

        def add_layer(self, layer: Layer):
            self.layers.append(layer)

        def net_value_vector(self, layer_idx: int):
            return np.array(
                [(
                    np.dot(
                        np.transpose(self.layers[layer_idx].
↳ weights),
```

```

                self.layers[layer_idx-1].values[0]
            ) + self.layers[layer_idx].bias_weights
        ).tolist()],
        dtype=float
    )

    def net_value_batch(self, layer_idx):
        return np.dot(
            self.layers[layer_idx - 1].values,
            self.layers[layer_idx].weights) + self.
↳ layers[layer_idx].bias_weights

    def layer_value(self, layer_idx: int):
        layer = self.layers[layer_idx]

        if len(self.layers[layer_idx - 1].values) == 1:
            layer.values = self.net_value_vector(layer_idx)
        else:
            layer.values = self.net_value_batch(layer_idx)

        if layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.LINEAR:
            layer.values = self.linear_activation(layer.values)
        elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.SIGMOID:
            layer.values = self.sigmoid_activation(layer.values)
        elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.RELU:
            layer.values = self.relu_activation(layer.values)
        elif layer.activation_func == ActivationFunction.SOFTMAX:
            layer.values = self.softmax_activation(layer.values)

    def linear_activation(self, net_mat):
        return net_mat

    def sigmoid_activation(self, net_mat):
        dim = Utils.matrix_dimension(net_mat)
        for i in range(dim[0]):
            for j in range(dim[1]):
                net_mat[i][j] = 1 / (1 + math.exp(-1 *
↳ net_mat[i][j]))
        return net_mat

    def relu_activation(self, net_mat):
        dim = Utils.matrix_dimension(net_mat)
        for i in range(dim[0]):
            for j in range(dim[1]):
                net_mat[i][j] = max(0, net_mat[i][j])
        return net_mat

```

```

def softmax_activation(self, net_mat):
    dim = Utils.matrix_dimension(net_mat)
    sum_exp = []
    for i in range(dim[0]):
        sum = 0
        for j in range(dim[1]):
            sum += math.exp(net_mat[i][j])
        sum_exp.append(sum)

    for i in range(dim[0]):
        for j in range(dim[1]):
            net_mat[i][j] = math.exp(net_mat[i][j]) / sum_exp[i]

    return net_mat

def predict(self, input):
    np_input = np.array(input)
    if len(np_input.shape)==1:
        self.layers[0].values = [input]
    else:
        self.layers[0].values = input

    self.layers[0].num_nodes = len(input)
    for i in range(1, len(self.layers)):
        self.layer_value(i)
    res = self.layers[len(self.layers) - 1].values

    if len(res) == 1:
        return res[0]
    else:
        return res

def load_graph(self, filename):
    '''
    load a json file to Graph
    '''
    data = Utils.parse_json(filename) # parse from json
    for layer in data["layers"]:
        type = Utils.get_layer_type(layer["type"])
        if type != LayerType.INPUT:
            act = Utils.  

get_activation_func(layer["activation_func"])

            if type:
                new_layer = Layer(

```

```

        weights=layer["weights"] if type != LayerType.INPUT else None,
        bias_weights=layer["bias_weights"] if type != LayerType.INPUT else None,
        values=[] if type == LayerType.INPUT else layer["values"],
        layer_type=type,
        label=layer["label"],
        num_nodes=layer["num_nodes"] if type != LayerType.INPUT else None,
        activation_func=act if type != LayerType.INPUT else None)

    self.add_layer(new_layer)

    def visualize(self, filename="data/plot.png"):
        visual = nx.DiGraph()

        for i in range(len(self.layers)):
            layer = self.layers[i]
            visual.add_node(layer.label, pos=(0, i))

        nodes = list(visual.nodes)
        for i in range(len(nodes)):
            try:
                visual.add_edge(nodes[i], nodes[i+1])
            except:
                pass

        pos = nx.get_node_attributes(visual, "pos")

        nx.draw(
            visual,
            pos=pos,
            edge_color="black",
            width=1,
            linewidths=1,
            node_size=500,
            node_color="pink",
            with_labels = True)

        edges = list(visual.edges)
        labels = dict()
        for i in range(len(edges)):
            labels[edges[i]] = "w_{0}-{1}".format(list(edges[i])[0], list(edges[i])[1])

```

```

        nx.draw_networkx_edge_labels(
            visual,
            pos,
            edge_labels=labels,
            font_color="red",
            rotate=False)
        # plt.pyplot.show()

    if os.path.exists(filename): os.remove(filename)
    plt.pyplot.savefig(filename)

def display_table(self):
    count = 0
    for index, layer in enumerate(self.layers):
        print("-----")
        print("Layer: {}".format(index))

        print("Layer Type: {}".format(layer.type))
        print("Values:")
        print(layer.values)
        if layer.type != LayerType.INPUT:
            print("Weight: ")
            print(layer.weights)

            print("Bias: ")
            print(layer.bias_weights)

            print("Activation Function: {}".format(layer.
↪activation_func))

        if (layer.type == LayerType.HIDDEN):
            count+=1

    print("-----")
    print("Output: ")
    if (len(self.layers[0].values) != 0):
        print(self.predict(self.layers[0].values))
    else:
        print("No input")
    print("Number of hidden layers: {}".format(count))

```

1.7 Main Function

1.7.1 XOR Sigmoid Model

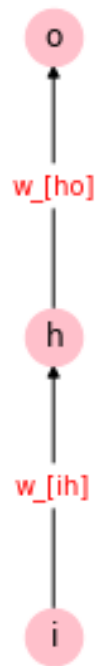
```
[373]: np.set_printoptions(suppress=True)
graphSigmoid = Graph()
graphSigmoid.load_graph('data/xor_sigmoid.json')
```

1.7.2 Visualisasi Model

```
[374]: graphSigmoid.display_table()
```

```
-----
Layer: 0
Layer Type: input
Values:
[]
-----
Layer: 1
Layer Type: hidden
Values:
[0. 0.]
Weight:
[[ 20. -20.]
 [ 20. -20.]]
Bias:
[-10.  30.]
Activation Function: sigmoid
-----
Layer: 2
Layer Type: output
Values:
[0.]
Weight:
[[20.]
 [20.]]
Bias:
[-30.]
Activation Function: sigmoid
-----
Output:
No input
Number of hidden layers: 1
```

```
[375]: graphSigmoid.visualize()
```

Input 1 Instance

```
[376]: graphSigmoid.predict([0,0])
graphSigmoid.display_table()
```

```

-----
Layer: 0
Layer Type: input
Values:
[[0, 0]]
-----
Layer: 1
Layer Type: hidden
Values:
[[0.0000454 1.      ]]
Weight:
[[ 20. -20.]
 [ 20. -20.]]
Bias:
[-10.  30.]
Activation Function: sigmoid
-----
Layer: 2
Layer Type: output

```

Values:
[[0.00004544]]
Weight:
[[20.]
[20.]]
Bias:
[-30.]
Activation Function: sigmoid

Output:
[0.00004544]
Number of hidden layers: 1

Input batch

```
[377]: graphSigmoid.predict([[0,0],[0,1],[1,0],[1,1]])  
graphSigmoid.display_table()
```

Layer: 0
Layer Type: input
Values:
[[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]]

Layer: 1
Layer Type: hidden
Values:
[[0.0000454 1.]
[0.9999546 0.9999546]
[0.9999546 0.9999546]
[1. 0.0000454]]

Weight:
[[20. -20.]
[20. -20.]]
Bias:
[-10. 30.]
Activation Function: sigmoid

Layer: 2
Layer Type: output
Values:
[[0.00004544]
[0.99995452]
[0.99995452]
[0.00004544]]

Weight:
[[20.]
[20.]]

```
Bias:
[-30.]
Activation Function: sigmoid
-----
```

```
Output:
[[0.00004544]
 [0.99995452]
 [0.99995452]
 [0.00004544]]
```

```
Number of hidden layers: 1
```

1.7.3 XOR Relu-Linear Model

```
[378]: graphRelu = Graph()
graphRelu.load_graph('data/xor_relu_linear.json')
```

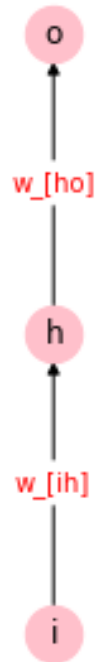
Visualisasi Model

```
[379]: graphRelu.display_table()
```

```
-----
Layer: 0
Layer Type: input
Values:
[]
-----
Layer: 1
Layer Type: hidden
Values:
[0. 0.]
Weight:
[[1. 1.]
 [1. 1.]]
Bias:
[ 0. -1.]
Activation Function: relu
-----
Layer: 2
Layer Type: output
Values:
[0.]
Weight:
[[ 1.]
 [-2.]]
Bias:
[0.]
Activation Function: linear
-----
```

Output:
No input
Number of hidden layers: 1

```
[380]: graphRelu.visualize()
```



Input 1 Instance

```
[381]: graphRelu.predict([0,0])  
graphRelu.display_table()
```

```
-----  
Layer: 0  
Layer Type: input  
Values:  
[[0, 0]]  
-----
```

```
Layer: 1  
Layer Type: hidden  
Values:  
[[0. 0.]]  
Weight:  
[[1. 1.]  
 [1. 1.]]
```

```

Bias:
[ 0. -1.]
Activation Function: relu
-----
Layer: 2
Layer Type: output
Values:
[[0.]]
Weight:
[[ 1.]
 [-2.]]
Bias:
[0.]
Activation Function: linear
-----
Output:
[0.]
Number of hidden layers: 1

```

Input Batch

```
[382]: graphRelu.predict([[0,0],[0,1],[1,0],[1,1]])
graphRelu.display_table()
```

```

-----
Layer: 0
Layer Type: input
Values:
[[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]]
-----
Layer: 1
Layer Type: hidden
Values:
[[0. 0.]
 [1. 0.]
 [1. 0.]
 [2. 1.]]
Weight:
[[1. 1.]
 [1. 1.]]
Bias:
[ 0. -1.]
Activation Function: relu
-----
Layer: 2
Layer Type: output
Values:
[[0.]]

```

```
[1.]
[1.]
[0.]
Weight:
[[ 1.]
 [-2.]]
Bias:
[0.]
Activation Function: linear
-----
Output:
[[0.]
 [1.]
 [1.]
 [0.]]
Number of hidden layers: 1
```