#### **ARLAS**

The ARLAS API makes the ARLAS catalog available for exploration and browsing. The catalog contains collections of geo-referenced products. Every product has a geometry, a centroid, a timestamp and a set of fields specific to the collection.

### **URL Schema**

The table below lists the URL endpoints and their optional "parts". A part is composed of optional parameters. The parameters are seperated with the character &.

PATH Template	Description
/arlas/_describe	List the collections configured in ARLAS
/arlas/{collection}/ <b>_describe</b> ?form	Describe the structure and the content of the given collection
/arlas/{collections}/ <b>_count</b> ?filter & form	Count the number of products found in the collection(s), given the filters
/arlas/{collections}/_ <b>search</b> ?filter & form & format & projection & size & sort	Search and return the products found in the collection(s), given the filters
/arlas/{collections}/_ <b>aggregate</b> ?aggregation &filter & form & format & size & sort	Aggregate the products in the collection(s), given the filters and the aggregation parameters
/arlas/{collections}/_ <b>suggest</b> ?filter & form & size & suggest	Suggest the the n (n=size) most relevant terms given the filters

When multiple collections are permited ({collections}), the comma is used for seperating the collection names.

#### Examples

https://api.gisaia.com/demo/arlas/\_describe

https://api.gisaia.com/demo/arlas/city,state,country/\_describe

 $https://api.gisaia.com/demo/arlas/city, state, country/\_count?q=bord*\&f=country: France\&pretty=true\&human=true. The properties of the country of the count$ 

https://api.gisaia.com/demo/arlas/election/\_search?f=country:France&after=1490613808&format=geojson&

pretty=true&human=true&size=1000&include=id,name

https://api.gisaia.com/demo/arlas/election/\_aggregate?f=country:France&after=1490613808&format=geojson&

pretty=true&human=true&size=1000&include=id,name&agg=geohash&agg\_interval=4

## **URL Parts**

## **Part:** aggregation

The [aggregation] url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

Parameter	Defaul value	t Values	Description	Multiple
agg	None	datehistogram,geohash,histogram	Type of aggregation	false
agg_field	None	{field}	Aggregates on the {field}.	true
agg_interva	<b> </b> None	interval	Size of the intervals.	true
agg_format	None	<u>Date format (https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-aggregations-bucket-daterange-aggregation.html#date-format-pattern)</u> for key aggregation	Size of the intervals.	true

Each aggregation has its own type of interval. The table below lists the semantic of the interval.

Aggregation	Interval	Description
datehistogran	{size}  (year,quarter,month,week,day,hour,minute,second	Size of a time interval with the given unit (no space between number and ) unit)
geohash	{length}	The geohash length: lower the length, greater is the surface of aggregation. See table below.
numeric	{size}	The interval size of the numeric aggregation

The table below shows the metric dimensions for cells covered by various string lengths of geohash. Cell dimensions vary with latitude and so the table is for the worst-case scenario at the equator.

#### GeoHash length Area width x height

```
5,009.4km x 4,992.6km
1
2
              1,252.3km x 624.1km
              156.5km x 156km
3
              39.1km x 19.5km
4
              4.9km x 4.9km
5
              1.2km x 609.4m
6
              152.9m x 152.4m
7
              38.2m x 19m
8
              4.8m x 4.8m
9
              1.2m x 59.5cm
10
11
              14.9cm x 14.9cm
12
              3.7cm x 1.9cm
```

Example: agg=datehistogram&agg\_field=date&agg\_interval=10d&agg\_format=yyyyMMdd

### Part: filter

The filter url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

Parameter	Default value	Values	Description	Multiple
f		{onerator}	A triplet for filtering the result. Multiple filter can be provided. The order does not matter. A triplet is composed of a field name, a comparison operator and a value. The <b>AND</b> operator is applied between filters having different fieldNames. The <b>OR</b> operator is applied on filters having the same fieldName. If the fieldName starts with – then a <b>must not</b> filter is used	true
q	None	text	A full text search	false
before	None	timestamp	Any element having its point in time reference before the given timestamp	false
after	None	timestamp	Any element having its point in time reference after the given timestamp	false
pwithin	None	geometry	Any element having its centroid contained within the given geometry	false

```
Any element having its geometry contained within the given geometry
gwithin
          None
                                                                                                                                 false
                  geometry
gintersect None
                              Any element having its geometry intersecting the given geometry (WKT)
                                                                                                                                 false
                  geometry
                                                          Value type
Operator
                          Description
         {fieldName} equals {value}
                                                       numeric or strings
         {fieldName} is greater than or equal to {value} numeric
:>=
         {fieldName} is greater than {value}
                                                       numeric
:>
         {fieldName} is less than or equal to {value}
                                                       numeric
:<=
         {fieldName} is less than {value}
:<
                                                       numeric
       Example: f=city:Toulouse&f=city:Bordeaux&after=1490613808&
```

#### Part: form

The form url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

```
Parameter Default valueValuesDescriptionMultipleprettyfalsetrue, false Pretty printfalsehumanfalsetrue, false Human readable print false
```

Example: pretty=true&human=true

#### Part: format

The format url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

Parameter Default valueValuesDescriptionMultipleformatfalsejson,geojson JSON or GeoJSON format false

Example: format=geojson

# Part: projection

The projection url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

Paramete	value	Values	Description	Multiple
include	*		List the name patterns of the field to be included in the result. Seperate patterns with a comma.	true
exclude	*	{fieldNamePattern}	List the name patterns of the field to be excluded in the result. Seperate patterns with a comma.	true
Ex	cample: inclu	ude=*&exclude=citv.:	state	

## Part: suggest

The suggest url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

```
Parameter Default value Values Description Multiple

field _all {fieldName} Name of the field to be used for retrieving the most relevant terms false

Example: field=recommended
```

Part: size

The size url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

>0

Parameter Default value Values

Description

Multiple

Multiple

size 10 The maximum number of entries or sub-entries to be returned, true

Example: size=1000

#### Part: sort

The sort url part allows the following parameters to be specified:

Parameter Default Values Description value

{fieldName}: Sort the result on a given field, ascending or descending. The parameter can be provided several times. None sort

true The order matters. For aggregation, provide the agg keyword as the {fieldName}. (ASC,DESC)

Example: sort=country:ASC&sort=city:ASC