

Workflow With Git

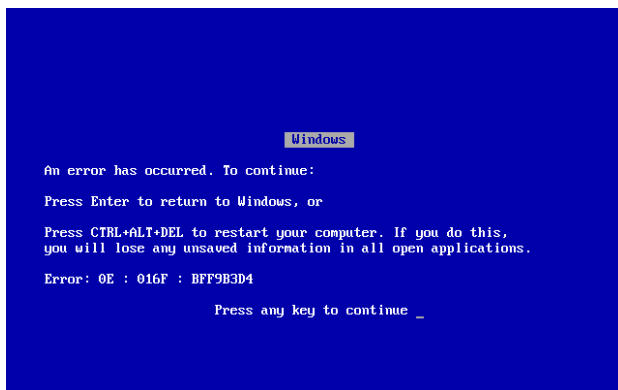
Kevin W. Gisi

ECRuby Meeting—April 8, 2010

Summary

Regardless of what language you prefer, version-control is an essential tool for getting things done - especially when collaborating with others. Git, an open-source tool, has quickly become one of the most widely-used versioning systems, mainly thanks to the ability to branch and merge with relative ease. We'll take a look at how you can begin to integrate Git into your current workflow.

Remember Windows 95?



Archives



Diff

```
*** /path/to/original
''timestamp''
--- /path/to/new
''timestamp''
*****
*** 1,3 ****
--- 1,9 ----
+ This is an important
+ notice! It should
+ therefore be located at
+ the beginning of this
+ document!
...
```

Primitive Version Control

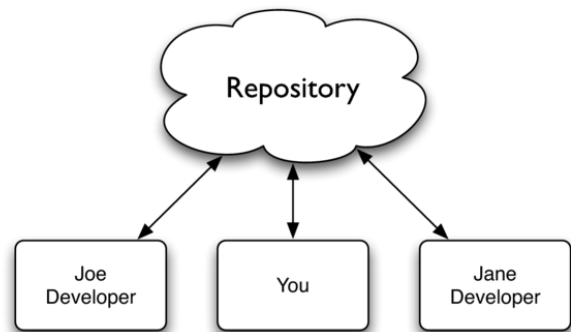
- BitKeeper
- CVS
- Subversion

Beginnings of Git

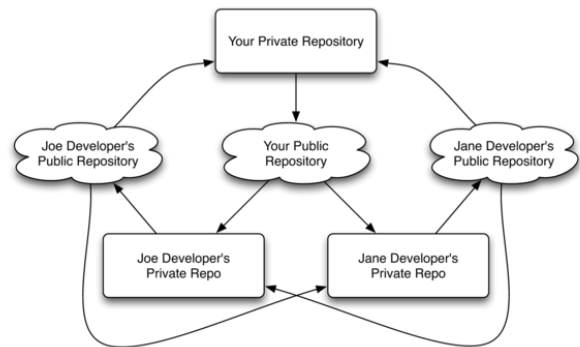


- Linus Torvalds
- 1.0 release on December 21, 2005
- Managed Linux kernel

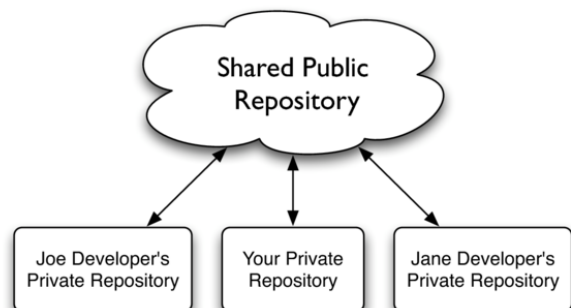
Centralized Versioning



Decentralized Versioning



Git in Practice



Let's Create a Repository!

```
:$> ls
about.html  contact.html
index.html  style.css

:$> git init
Initialized empty Git
repository in /home/gisikw/
project
```

Adding initial files

```
:$> git add .

:$> git commit -m "Initial
Commit"
Created initial commit ed3ec5b:
Initial commit
 0 files changed, 0
insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
 create mode 100644 about.html
 create mode 100644 contact.html
 create mode 100644 index.html
 create mode 100644 style.css
```

Git Add

Git add doesn't do what you think it does!

```
:$> echo "<p>Hello, world</p>"
> index.html
:$> git commit -m "Added
initial text to index page"
# On branch master
# Changed but not updated:
#   (use "git add <file>..." to
update what will be committed)
#
#       modified:   index.html
#
no changes added to commit (use
"git add" and/or "git commit
-a")
```

Git Add and Commit

Automatically add changes to files that are currently tracked:

```
:$> git commit -a -m "Added
initial text to index page"
Created commit 94bc6d3: Added
initial text to index page
 1 files changed, 1
insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
```

Ignoring files

```
:$> ls
about.html ~about.html
contact.html index.html
style.css test.html
```

.gitignore

```
~*.html
test.html
```

Git Revisions

Revision names:

- HEAD - the latest commit
- HEAD~ - the second-to-last-commit
- HEAD~2 - you get the idea

Explicit Git Revisions

```
:$> git log
commit
fa8db86872c83fa62efa420548d8afe36bbb5fc6
Author: Kevin W. Gisi <=>
Date:   Thu Apr 8 04:35:06 2010
-0500
```

Adjusted index to display
standards-compliant headers

```
commit
c4e43f114f9c441ae20d51bf5277044d3ed1ca83
Author: Kevin W. Gisi <=>
Date:   Thu Apr 8 04:34:26 2010
-0500
```

Added help.html file to
display usage and FAQ
information

Reverting a Commit

```
:$> git revert HEAD
```

Create a new commit which undoes the
changes most recently made.

Tagging a Release

It's release time!

```
:$> git tag 1.0
```

Show current tags

```
:$> git tag
1.0
```

Feature Branches

```
:$> git branch html5
:$> git checkout html5
Switched to branch "html5"
:$> git mv index.html start.html
:$> git commit -am "Moved
index.html to start.html"
Created commit 9c56488: Moved
index.html to start.html
1 files changed, 0
insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
rename index.html =>
start.html (100%)
```

Master Stays Un- touched

```
:$> git checkout master
Switched to branch "master"
:$> ls
about.html  contact.html
help.html  index.html  style.css
```

Merging Branches

Navigate to the branch you want to work on

```
:$> git merge html5
```

Merge the other branch into the current
branch.

Remote Repositories

Often, we want to push our commits to another repository. We need to register the repository first.

```
:$> git remote add origin  
git@github.com:gisikw/  
sample-application.git
```

We tell Git a local name to call the remote, and the url where it can be accessed.

Pushing and Pulling from Remotes

Push any new commits in our master branch to the remote origin

```
:$> git push origin master
```

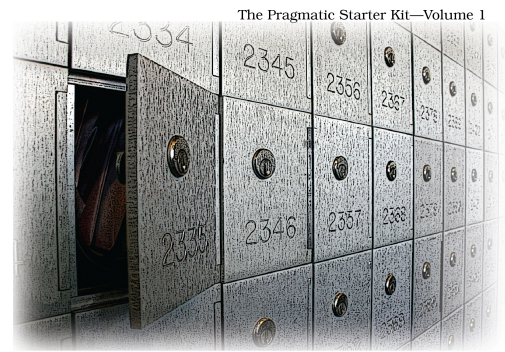
Pull any new commits on the remote origin into our master branch

```
:$> git pull origin master
```

Additional Resources

The
Pragmatic
Programmers

Pragmatic Version Control *Using Git*



Travis Swicegood

Edited by Susannah Davidson Pfalzer

- Pragmatic Version Control Using Git by Travis Swicegood
- <http://help.github.com>
- GitCasts

Thanks!

Kevin W. Gisi
<kevin@kevingisi.com>