# **Esophageal Cancer Treatment**

## Lymphadenectomy

Retrospective data from Japan in the 1980's suggested superior survival after extended lymphadenectomy for gastric cancer.

Extent of lympadenectomy can be categorized:

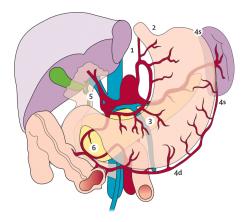
D1: Perigastric D2: Central nodes + splenic hilum D2 $\alpha$ : Central nodes D3: Extended nodes

## D1 Perigastric nodes

Lymph node stations immediately adjacent to the stomach

- 1:
- 2:
- 3: Lesser curvature
- 4: Greater curvature
- 5: Suprapyloric
- 6: Infrapyloric

# **D1** Perigastric Nodes



#### N1 Lymph nodes (perigastric)

- 1 Right cardiac nodes
- 2 Left cardiac nodes
- 3 Nodes along the lesser curvature
- 4d Lymph nodes along the short gastric and the left gastroepiploic vessels
- 4s Lymph nodes along the right gastroepiploic vessels
- 5 Suprapyloric nodes
- 6 Infrapyloric nodes

## D2 Central Nodes + splenic hilum

Lymph nodes adjacent to celiac axis:

- 12a: Left side of porta hepatis
- 8: Common hepatic artery
- 7: Left gastric artery
- 9: Celiac axis
- 11: Proximal splenic artery
- 10: Splenic hilum

## $\mathbf{D}\mathbf{1}\alpha$ Central Nodes

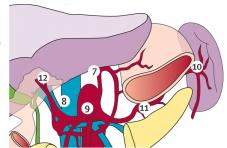
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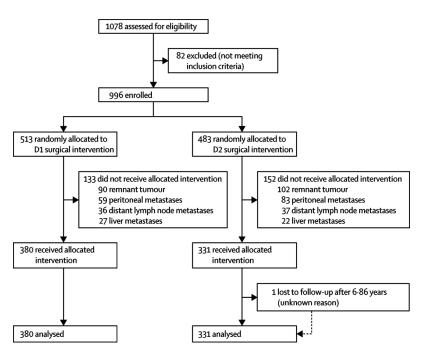
#### **D2 Central Nodes**

#### N2 Lymph nodes (branches coeliac axis)

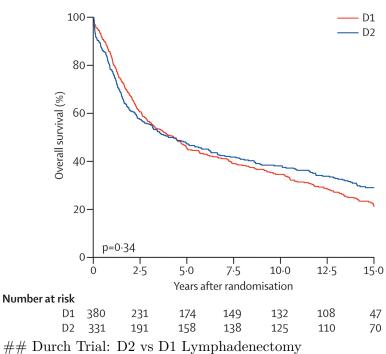
- 7 Nodes along root left gastric artery
- 8 Nodes along common hepatic artery 9 Nodes around coeliac axis
- 10 Nodes at splenic hilum
- 11 Nodes along splenic artery

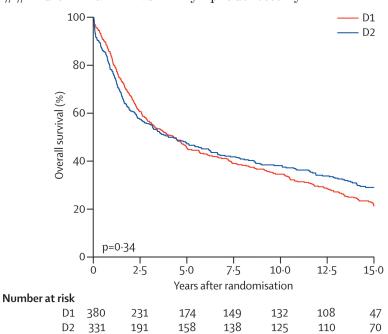


# Durch Trial: D2 vs D1 Lymphadenectomy

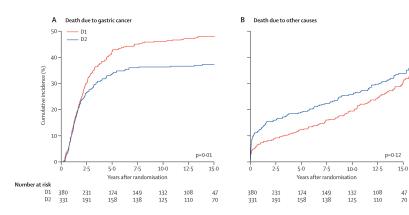


# **Dutch Trial: Overall Survival**

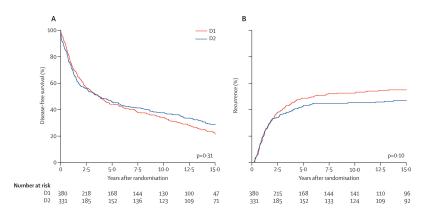




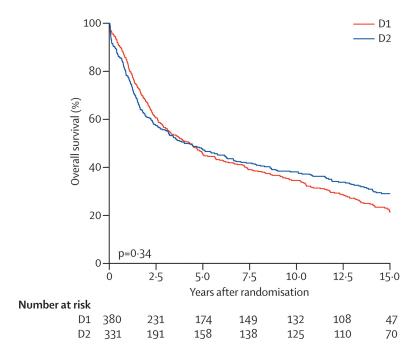
## **Durch Trial: Cause of Death**



## **Durch Trial: Disease-free Survival**



# Durch Trial: D2 vs D1 Lymphadenectomy



#### Dutch Trial: D2 vs D1

Operative mortality higher with D2 (10% vs 4%)

More complications with D2 (43% vs 25%)

More reoperations with D2 (18% vs 8%)

## **Dutch Trial: Total vs Subtotal gastrectomy**

Protocol did not dictate extend of gastric resection, but did require a proximal margin of 5cm if a subtotal gastrectomy performed.

No difference in survival between total vs subtotal gastrectomy

#### **Dutch Trial: Conclusions**

D2 lymphadenectomy is associated with better local control of gastric cancer than D1 node dissection, but at an increased risk of mortality and complications.

Can the toxicity of extended lymphadenectomy be reduced?

- Elimination of splenectomy  $(D1\alpha)$
- Mininally-invasive techniques

#### **MAGIC Trial - Perioperative Chemotherapy**

503 gastric cancer stage II adenocarcinoma of stomach, GE junction or lower esophagus

 $ECF Chemo \rightarrow Surgery \rightarrow ECF Chemot vs Surgery alone$ 

Chemotherapy: Epirubicin, ciplatin, 5FU

Surgery 3-6 weeks after last dose of chemo Chemo 6-12 weeks after surgery

## **MAGIC** - Perioperative Chemotherapy

Tumor Location

- Gastric 74%
- GE junction 11%
- Distal esophagus 15%

#### **MAGIC-** Perioperative Chemotheray

Curative radical resection 79% with chemo vs. 70\$ (p=0.03)

Longer 5-year survival with chemo (36% vs 23%). p=0.0009

Complete chemotherapy regimen (6 doses) in only 42%

Of patients who completed preop chemotherapy and surgery, only 34% received postoperative chemotherapy.

## FLOT - Perioperative Chemotherapy

7616 patients with adenocarcinoma of GE junction or stomach randomized:

 $ECF \rightarrow Surgery \rightarrow ECF \text{ vs } FLOT \rightarrow Surgery \rightarrow$ 

Longer survival with FLOT (median 50 months vs 35 months)

#### **TOPGEAR**

ECF  $\rightarrow$  Surgery  $\rightarrow$  ECF  $\rightarrow$  ChemoRT vs ECF  $\rightarrow$  Surgery  $\rightarrow$  ECF

#### **HIPEC** - Ongoing Trials

#### GASTRICHIP:

Patients with peritoneal diseae ftrom gastro cancer.

Chemo  $\to$  Surgery with cytoreduction  $\to$  Chemo vs Chemo  $\to$  Surgery with cytoreduction + HIPEC  $\to$  Chemo

(glehen1?)

#### **GASTRICHIP**

 $105~\mathrm{patients}$  randomized 2014 - 2018. Trial closed due to slow accrual

55 patient treatment stopped prior to cytoreductive surgery due to disease progression

HIPEC with mitomycin and ciplatin for 60min at 42<sup>a</sup>C.

Median survival 15 months in both groups (without a difference).

(glehen 1?)

## PERISCCOPE-II

Comparison of cytoreductive surgery + HIPIC to systemic chemotherapy in patients with gastric cancer and peritoneal metastasis.

(koemans1?)

# **CHIMERA** Trial

 ${\rm FLOT} + {\rm HIPIC}$  vs  ${\rm FLOT} + {\rm Surgery}$  in advanced gastric cancer 78

## **PREVENT**

Diffuse-type gastric and GE junction adenocarcnoma:

FLOT  $\rightarrow$  Gastrectomy + HIPIC  $\rightarrow$  vs FLOT  $\rightarrow$  Gastrectomy  $\rightarrow$ 

(gotze1?)