

Node JS

What is Node.js?

- JavaScript runtime built on Chrome V8 JavaScript Engine
- Uses an event-driven, non-blocking I/O model
 - Makes it lightweight and efficient
- At this moment, we will only talk about node's use as a JavaScript runtime
 - More on server-side use in a later course

Node Architecture

Node Core / Standard Library (JS)

Node Bindings (C++)

Chrome V8 (C++)

libuv (C)

Node.js Use Cases

- Utilities written in JavaScript for web development:
 - Bower, Grunt, Gulp, Yeoman etc.
- Server-side Development
 - Web server, Business logic, Database access

Node Package Manager

- Node package manager (NPM): manages ecosystem of node modules / packages
- A package contains:
 - JS files
 - package.json (manifest)

package.json

- A package.json file affords you a lot of great things:
 - It serves as documentation for what packages your project depends on.
 - It allows you to specify the versions of a package that your project can use using [semantic versioning rules](https://docs.npmjs.com/getting-started/using-a-package.json).
 - Makes your build reproducible, which means that its *way* easier to share with other developers.

Source: <https://docs.npmjs.com/getting-started/using-a-package.json>

Initializing package.json

- To initialize a package.json file for your project, type at the prompt in your project directory:
npm init
 - follow along and answer the prompts to initialize